"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, warmer today; fair tomorrow; fresh southwest winds.
For full weather report see page 12.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,576. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 26, 1914.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

MORGAN ADMITS OUSTING MELLEN; DEFENDS FATHER

Accepts Full Responsibility for His Own Act and Upholds the Acts of J. P. Morgan, Sr.

OFFERS HIS FIRM'S BOOKS

And Denies That Morgan, Sr., Kept from Mellen Facts He Should Have Known.

MAY BE CALLED TO TESTIFY

Commerce Commission Expected to Accept Financier's Testimony on New Haven Deals.

MELLEN STICKS TO STORY

"He Doesn't Know," His Reply to Statement—Says Other Directors Can Bear Him Out.

J. P. Morgan, who returned to this city yesterday from a yachting trip on which he started before Charles S. Mellen began his testimony before the Interstate Commerce Commission, said last night that he accepted full responsibility for having asked Mr. Mellen to resign as President of the New Haven Railroad; that Mr. Mellen's statements that the late J. P. Morgan kept him in ignorance of matters he should have known and practically ran the New Haven himself were untrue; that the records of his firm and the personal records of his father were available, and that all evidence bearing on the New Haven's affairs, not on one but on all sides of the question, should be made public.

"I returned to New York this morning," said Mr. Morgan at the Morgan Library, in Thirty-sixth Street, "and have examined as carefully as the time would permit the stenographic report of Mr. Mellen's testimony, consisting of several hundred typewritten pages.

"I became a Director of the New Haven Railroad in April, 1913, and resigned Dec. 31 of the same year. The only reference to me personally which I have found in Mr. Mellen's testimony has to do with the fact that I, as a Director of the company, called upon him and told him that a change in the Presidency was desirable. For any blame that attaches to that act, whether it be accorded me as a member of the Board of Directors or as an individual, I accept full and complete responsibility.

"There is, however, in Mr. Mellen's testimony something more important to me than any possible criticism of myself. Mr. Mellen, in substance, charges my father with having concealed from him, the President of the company, facts which the President of the company should have known. Every one who knew my father knows this to be untrue. During the last ten years of my father's life he was abroad more than one-third of the time. During the last three years of his life he was abroad one-half of the time. As the world knows, he was actively connected during this whole period with many different affairs. That he would have had the time, even if he had had the desire, to interfere actively in the management of the New Haven Railroad is impossible.

"Mr. Mellen is right in describing my father as a forceful man. He is right also in picturing my father's deep interest in New Haven affairs. My father was born in New England, and he believed in the New Haven Railroad. He recognized, as others have recognized, that with the shifting of the centre of population in this country, and the changing economic conditions, the commercial position of New England was threatened, and that a change in this commercial position would, unless an effort were made to counteract it, result in an unfavorable effect upon New England's leading railroad.

His Opinion of the New Haven.

"He undoubtedly believed that a railroad peculiarly situated as is the New Haven, with a growing passenger traffic at very low rates and with expensive improvements required all along its line, must make every effort to increase its traffic and maintain its position. He believed, moreover, that the New Haven and the Boston & Maine, which were not, in his opinion, in any sense competing lines, could be operated to the benefit of New England more advantageously together than apart, and that no harm could come to the public from this amalgamation by reason of the full measure of State and national regulation which the laws afforded.

"I am quite ready to believe also that he agreed with Mr. Mellen that the entrance of the Grand Trunk Railway into Providence would have involved the unnecessary duplication of facilities for which the New England public sooner or later would have had to pay. But the imputation that my father in any sense took the management of the railroad or any part of its affairs out of the hands of the President is untrue.

"On the 9th day of March, of this year our firm made public a letter showing in detail the total net profits from every source to the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., or to any of its members, growing out of transactions of any kind whatever, connected with the New Haven lines, for a period of twenty years. Those total net profits amounted to approximately $350,000, which in-

Continued on Page 3.

GIVE HAMEL UP FOR LOST.

Mackay Edgar Won't Back Another Aviator for Transatlantic Flight.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 25.—Hope of Gustav Hamel's safety has been abandoned by his most optimistic friends. Mackay Edgar, the Canadian financier who was backing Hamel's project for a transatlantic flight, said today that he would not ask any other aviator to take Hamel's place. Mr. Edgar is convinced that Hamel met death in mid-channel.

"The transatlantic flight is off," he said, "so far as we are concerned. We are convinced that Hamel is no longer among the living. He was a close personal friend of mine, and I am more deeply affected and shocked by the news of his disappearance than I can say. We haven't asked any other aviator to make the proposed transatlantic flight, and we are not going to ask any one to take Hamel's place. We wouldn't back anybody but Hamel."

AUTO TRUCK KILLS BOY.

Laborers Released the Brake and Three Men Are Arrested.

Patrick Burke, 13 years old, of 548 West Thirty-sixth Street, was crushed to death and Edward McAdams, aged 10, was painfully injured when a five-ton auto truck got out of control opposite 527 West Thirty-sixth Street yesterday afternoon. Policeman Torpey arrested George Reuch, 26 years old, of 591 Madison Street, West New York, the driver; Charles Shumptz, 18 years old, of 518 West Forty-ninth Street, and Daniel Schebler, 19 years old, of 528 West Forty-ninth Street, laborers, charged with criminal negligence.

The truck, according to the police, was standing on the north side of the street, facing east, where there is an incline. The two laborers climbed into the seat and one of them released the brake with his foot. The two boys were swinging from a rope fastened to the crossbar of a lampost behind the truck. Before they could escape, the truck crushed the Burke boy against the iron post and struck young McAdams, throwing him fifteen feet.

Jacob Koch, driver of another truck owned by the same company, with the help of several men released young Burke, and with Policeman Torpey on the running-board, a dash was made in an automobile for the French Hospital, on Thirty-fourth Street, near Tenth Avenue. Dr. McRae said the boy had been killed instantly. The other boy was placed in a ward. He is not seriously injured.

The three prisoners were arraigned before Coroner Hellenstein, who paroled them in the custody of their counsel until the inquest.

THREATENED HYDES' LIVES.

Discharged Servant, Arrested with Revolver, Believed to be Insane.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 25.—Whether Joseph Deutsch, a middle-aged Austrian, formerly employed as second man by Seymour L. Hyde of New York, at his Summer home here, is insane is to be determined tomorrow by a medical commission appointed today by Judge Jeremiah Tierney in the Probate Court. He had been threatening the lives of Mr. Hyde and Mrs. Hyde for four years, and was arrested by Special Constable Cofone Sunday afternoon as, armed with a revolver, he was entering the Hyde estate with the avowed purpose of killing the Hyde family.

"Deutsch," said Mr. Hyde tonight, "came into my employ four years ago from a New York employment agency. After working for four months he began to act strangely and threatened a maid's life. I interfered and sent him back to New York. For two years he wrote me scathing letters demanding money and threatening to kill me. More than once he attempted to see me in my office in New York. My wife also received threatening and accusing letters. I put the matter in Anthony Comstock's hands, and by means of a registered letter Deutsch was captured and confined, I do not know where. Recently he obtained his liberty and wrote again. He seemed to have a great grudge against me, I don't know why. So I have had my Greenwich home closely guarded during my absence. I believe Deutsch would kill my wife and me if he had a chance."

Deutsch sent for a lawyer tonight, and said he would make interesting disclosures in court. Physicians will determine his sanity first.

WON'T SING WITHOUT PAY

And Mrs. G. W. Vanderbilt Has Cut Off Choir's Salaries.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 25.—All Souls' Church, erected and maintained by the late George W. Vanderbilt, faces the problem of obtaining a choir to render the weekly song service after next month. Mrs. Vanderbilt, upon whom the care of the church devolved at the death of Mr. Vanderbilt, has announced that she will not be responsible for the salaries of the choir, except that paid to the director, F. Flaxington Harker.

Members of the choir were asked to volunteer their services. They refused, although most of them had obtained their musical educations through the generosity of Mr. Vanderbilt. They did, however, consent to remain a month.

AFTER ROCKEFELLER TAXES.

Cleveland to Assess on $300,000,000 in Absence of Oil Man's Return.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, May 25.—John D. Rockefeller failed today to make the required return describing his personal property in this State for the purpose of taxation. Mr. Rockefeller's attorneys offered a schedule last week, but it was refused because it did not bear his signature. He had until 10 A. M. to-day to sign the return.

The Tax Assessors will now make up a list of Mr. Rockefeller's personal holdings, which are valued at upward of $300,000,000.

County Auditor Zangerie prepared today to certify back taxes for three years on "The Disputed Boundary," a painting valued at $75,000. Taxes on this alone will amount to $3,202.50.

JACOB A. RIIS DYING.

Marked Turn for the Worse—May Live a Few Days at Most.

BARRE, Mass., May 25.—A marked turn for the worse was reported in the condition of Jacob A. Riis. Dr. W. S. Bates, the attending physician, said that Mr. Riis might not survive the night, and could live only a few days at the most.

Mr. Riis was much weaker, partook of little nourishment, and was in a semi-conscious condition most of the day.

ATLANTIC CITY, 1:20 P. M., MAY 29. Pennsylvania Railroad, through train.—Adv.

ROOSEVELT TO JUMP INTO FIGHT AT ONCE

Statement Attacking Wilson Policies Expected Before He Sails for Spain.

AT WHITE HOUSE TODAY

Will See the President Socially, Deliver a Lecture, and Then Join a Big Progressive Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., May 25.—Col. Roosevelt has satisfied himself that the time has come to strike a blow at the policies inaugurated by the Wilson Administration. Developments here all point to that conclusion, and unless something unforseen occurs to make him change his mind, the broadside will be fired before he leaves for Spain on Saturday next to attend the wedding of his son Kermit.

The attack will probably be in the form of a statement because there is little time to arrange for an address. The Colonel feels that the public has been waiting for some such word from him ever since he emerged from the wilds of South America.

Many things have happened to influence Col. Roosevelt concerning the course he should take. Since his return here he has seen Progressive leaders from many parts of the country. A score of them have been named in the news dispatches. They not only talked over the status of the Progressive Party and the chance of holding it together in anticipation of whatever may develop by 1916, but the Colonel asked them about the attitude of the people in these States to the Wilson Administration. He sounded them particularly about the new tariff law, the currency legislation, Panama Canal tolls, the proposed payment of $25,000,000 to Colombia, and the Mexican situation.

The Colonel, it is said, became convinced that he had ample subject matter for one of his characteristically vigorous assaults upon the Wilson policies. He has been told, for instance, that the tariff law has worked hardship in some communities and, whether for lack of time or some other reason, has not proved a great boon to the country. Judge Ben B. Lindsey of Denver, one of the Progressive leaders, called here today filled to overflowing with the trouble in the Colorado mining districts. He was in a position to supply the Colonel with much inside information for his statement. In regard to the tariff Judge Lindsey had much to say. He told the newspaper men this much:

"The Democrats are in bad shape in Colorado. You know Colorado is a beet-sugar State, and the tariff law has hurt the sugar industry. The Republicans show some signs of coming to life, but they are not as strong as some people think. The Progressives are getting stronger all the time, and I think we will have no trouble in carrying the State."

Thinks Tariff Law a Failure.

That the tariff will play an important part in any statement which the Colonel may make is assured. He has been told that the new law has done nothing to solve the high cost of living problem or help the business interests. He contended in the 1912 campaign that the tariff revision proposed by the Democratic Party would prove a failure. The Colonel feels that this is the opportunity for him to riddle the Wilson policy and again place before the people the plan of the Progressive Party for the scientific revision of the tariff by a non-partisan commission.

Just what attitude Col. Roosevelt will take on the Colorado mine troubles he has not made known, but Judge Lindsey told the correspondents today that he (Lindsey) was satisfied the trouble in Colorado could have been cleared up in a very short time by proper action on the part of the Federal Government. He carried that report to the Colonel with a lot of details about conditions.

The Colonel at first, upon his return from South America, said he would try to avoid jumping into a fight before his return from Spain, but after all he has heard he is finding his hardest task that of keeping himself in restraint. He is afraid also that too long a delay will give some of his bitterest enemies in the Republican Party, like Senator Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania, the opportunity to gather a measure of popularity by attacking policies which they feel are unpopular. The Colonel wants to strike his blow before the wind is taken out of his sails.

Some definite decision as to the Colonel's statement will be reached probably at the conference which the Colonel is to hold with the Progressive leaders tomorrow in Washington, when he goes there to make his address before the National Geographic Society. It is possible, but not at all probable, that he may be induced to delay his attack on the Wilson policies. As to the report that he would meet several of the Republican leaders in Washington, Col. Roosevelt said he knew nothing of such an arrangement. The Colonel isn't discussing his plans for 1916, and won't talk about his hopes of capturing the Republican Party then.

With all this revolving in his mind, Col. Roosevelt will call upon President Wilson at the White House to-morrow. He was invited to take luncheon with the President, but his train will not reach Washington until 3:20 P. M.

Will Criticise Mexican Policy.

One of the points on which the Colonel is obtaining all available information, in view of his proposed statement, is the Mexican situation. It is understood that he will get many of the details from the Progressive Congressmen in Washington to-morrow, when they render their reports to him on how things have been going on at the National capital. The Colonel's friend, Callan O'Loughlin, a Chicago newspaper man, who served for a time as an Assistant Secretary of State under Roosevelt, dropped in at Sagamore Hill to-day fresh from the peace conference at Niagara Falls, and the situation was talked over.

Ex-Senator Alfred J. Beveridge of Indiana was another guest at Sagamore Hill, who talked over the Wilson policies with the Colonel. Others were Herbert Knox Smith of Hartford, Conn., Commissioner of Corporations under Roosevelt; Joseph Alsop, Progressive leader in Connecticut, and John Shafer, publisher of The Chicago Evening Post and other Western dailies. His other visitors, the Colonel said, were five naturalists.

Judge Lindsey was accompanied by his wife. The Colonel was in South America when the Judge was married and had not heard of the wedding until Judge Lindsey came here.

Col. Roosevelt said he expected to testify in the Wales-Mitchell suit on Wednesday at The Outlook office.

"Yes," said the Colonel, "that's the suit of a lawyer named Wales who thought he settled the coal strike in

Continued on Page 3.

"The Religion of the Future Will Be a Religion of Service."

So says Dr. C. R. Brown, Dean of the Yale School of Religions, in an interesting discussion of the place of the church in the life of today.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

MINER THREATENS THE ROCKEFELLERS

Will "Go After Them if the Militia Wolves Are Turned Back Among Us."

SPEECH AT LINDSEY MEETING

Colorado Judge Says He Still Hopes to Interview John D., Jr.—Letter Went Astray.

James Lord, a mine worker from Colorado, who at present is head of the mining department of the American Federation of Labor, told an audience in Beethoven Hall at a meeting held in behalf of the Colorado strikers last night, that if President Wilson takes away the Federal troops "and turns the militia wolves back among us, we will go after the Rockefellers themselves."

The miners' organizer said he spoke as a man who had spent all of his life below ground and came from people who had been in the mines for generations back. He said he spoke for all the Colorado miners who had gone out on strike.

"And what I want to tell you here plainly, so that you may have full warning," he said, "is that our present policies in Colorado are worn to a frazzle, and will never be resorted to again if President Wilson takes away the troops and turns the militia wolves back among us.

"We have sued for peace and have appealed to an imbecile Governor in vain, just as we prayed to President Wilson in vain for months before he finally sent the troops when at last we were in a position to fight back.

"We do not know why he sent the troops, but if it was to drive us back to the old slavery he won't be able to do it. If he tries, or if he surrenders us to the militia, then it stands to reason that we will not again try to fight the hired gunmen of John D. Rockefeller. Instead, we will go after the Rockefellers themselves.

Can Get 50,000 Fighters.

"And, God being my witness, we will send them back to the hell from which they came. We had forty guns in camp when they trained the machine guns on the women and babies at Ludlow. But in a week we had 2,000 guns and men were pouring in from all directions. Let the militia come back among us and harm so much as the hair of a single mother's head and we will send forth a trumpet call to labor which will bring us 50,000 fighters.

"We are desperate and are driven to the weapons of desperation. We have heard of investigations until the very word 'investigate' has become a hiss and a by-word among us. We know this without more investigation that we have gone as far as it is honorable for men to go in permitting fiends in the name of law and order to murder our babies and our women. We would not be men if we allowed that kind of thing to go on forever.

"No; we have not made the Rockefellers feel what we feel. The only way we could do that would be to capture the wife of the elder Rockefeller and burn here alive slowly before his eyes. And the only way we could make the younger Rockefeller see would be to capture his babies and burn them slowly before himself and their mother.

"Then and then only would the Rockefellers see. They are the greatest criminals in the world, and the only decent thing they have left to do would be to go out in humility and shame and drown or hang themselves.

"Friends, over every tent they fired, over every tent beneath which a baby was burned to death, flew an American flag when they turned on their machine guns.

Women Weep for Dead Children.

"We have women who were reared in religious families and who have said their prayers each night for years. Yet today they weep for their children who are not and cry out that the very God Himself is a 'scab,' he treats them so badly.

"If the worst comes to the worst and we go in for the job we may have to do, we will neither ask for mercy nor give mercy. If we pass the limit of decency which we have reached it will be an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth. Like Rockefeller, we will apply a Bible lesson. We do not consider President Wilson a friend of labor, but in this matter we pray that he may prove himself big enough to do the right thing."

Of six men and women speakers who addressed the meeting all but Judge Ben B. Lindsey of Denver assailed President Wilson as a man without a heart for labor's problem. Judge Lindsey said he had hopes that President Wilson not only would force arbitration upon the mine operators and the miners, but that he also would take account of the fact that in this country there are two governments, and that he would "bring the head of the industrial government in New York to his feet crying for mercy."

Hopes Still to See John D., Jr.

Judge Lindsey brought out a fact which somewhat surprised his hearers. It was that he still had some faint hope that he would be able to hold an interview with John D. Rockefeller, Jr., before leaving for Colorado. He explained that some of his correspondence seeking an interview had been answered by John D. Rockefeller instead of by Mr. Rockefeller, Jr.

"I have received a letter from John D. Rockefeller, Jr.," he said, "which told me he did not receive any request for a hearing from me, and so had not refused any such request. In this letter the younger Rockefeller told me that my telegram had been delivered to his father, and had been answered by his father in the negative.

"Oh, very well, I can stand it not to see him, but I have answered, making a plain request to John D. Rockefeller, Jr.,

Continued on Page 2.

HOME RULE PASSES AND ULSTER IS QUIET

Commons Send Bill for Last Time to Lords, Who Are Now Powerless to Stop It.

TROOPS ARE IN READINESS

Elaborate Precautions Against Outbreak—Opposition in Parliament Bitter Toward Premier.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 26.—The Irish Home Rule bill passed its third reading in the House of Commons yesterday by a majority of 77 in a full and excited House. The vote was 351 to 274.

Under the provisions of the Parliament act the bill will now become law, even if the House of Lords rejects or modifies it, the measure having been passed twice previously by the Commons in separate sessions.

Elaborate precautions have been taken to preserve peace in Ulster. One thousand armed police have been moved north, and Gen. Macready at Belfast has instructed the railway authorities to be ready with troop trains should the civil authorities call for military aid.

Belfast received the news of the passage of the bill with dead quiet. By 11 P. M. last night the city was like a churchyard.

Dublin was calm. Limerick rejoiced with fireworks and bands.

John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, in a signed statement in The Freeman's Journal, says:

"The division marks the death, after an inglorious history of 114 years, of the Union of Pitt and Castlereagh. That Union, the cause of Ireland's poverty, misery, depopulation, and demoralization, the cause of famine, insurrection, and bloodshed, and of the disloyalty of the Irish people throughout the whole world, is dead, and its place is to be taken by a new union founded on mutual respect and goodwill between the two islands, and to be followed, I firmly believe, by a history of peace, prosperity, and loyalty.

"I am not quite sure that everybody quite understands that today's (Monday's) division is equivalent to the passage of the Home Rule bill into law, yet this is strictly true. There are only two eventualities, and both of them are impossible, which could possibly prevent the Home Rule bill from actually becoming a statute in a few weeks' time. The first is that the present session of Parliament should come to an abrupt end before one month from this date—an utterly unthinkable proposition — and the other is that the House of Commons should suddenly go mad and pass a resolution to the effect that the bill should not be presented for the royal assent.

"The Lords have no power to stop it, and even the Government has no power to prevent it from going in the ordinary course for the royal assent to the throne.

"At one time there were people idiotic and irresponsible enough to suggest that the King could or would withhold the royal assent, but every one now admits that this is an absolutely absurd and impossible suggestion."

Asks Conciliatory Attitude.

In regard to the Ulster question, Mr. Redmond says:

"All recognize that it is worth paying a great price to insure that home rule will come into operation amid universal good-will. I hope that now, when every one in Ulster, as elsewhere in Ireland, has to face the indisputable facts of home rule and a home rule Parliament, those of our fellow-countrymen who are genuinely nervous as to their position will abandon unreasonable demands and enter into a conciliatory discussion with their fellow-countrymen upon the points of the bill upon which they would desire further safeguards.

"I say on behalf of the Nationalists of Ireland that we desire their co-operation and friendship, and I appeal to them in all parts of Ireland to join hands with us in making the home rule settlement one that will insure the prosperity and freedom of all classes of the country.

"I see no likelihood whatever," concludes Mr. Redmond, "of an early general election, but general election or no general election, the return once more of the Liberal Party to power, or the return, which is most unlikely, of the Tory Party to power, the assembling of the Irish Parliament is as certain as the rising of tomorrow's sun."

Mr. Redmond's prediction is echoed without reservation by the Liberal press, while the Unionist papers find comfort in the words of Mr. Bonar Law in Parliament yesterday: "Ring down the curtain on the contemptible farce!"

"Those are the right words," says The Daily Telegraph. "The curtain has been rung down, but though the

Continued on Page 3.

AGREEMENT AT NIAGARA THIS WEEK; WILL ASK REBELS TO ACCEPT ITS TERMS

Huerta Will Quit June 1 and Leave Mexico; So Refugees From Capital Say in Vera Cruz

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 25.—That Gen. Huerta intends to give up the Presidency and leave the country is the report brought here tonight by refugees from Mexico City.

It is stated definitely that Gen. Huerta will ask a leave of absence for six weeks on June 1 to take care of his health, and that Congress intends to grant the leave, whereupon Huerta will leave the capital incognito, passing through Vera Cruz and going aboard some warship bound for Europe.

It is stated that Huerta expects that either the rebels under Villa or American troops will be in possession of Mexico City before his leave runs out.

According to the same refugees Huerta's purpose is to rebuild the Mexican railway line so that he can get away easily and also that American troops can reach the capital without difficulty when they receive reports of the expected rebel depredations.

It is said that Huerta does not believe that the mediation proposals will be successful and has decided to quit because he really cares nothing about what happens to Mexico City or its inhabitants.

FINDS IN THE BIBLE AN ODE TO CARNEGIE

Musical Director at Dunfermline Wrings His Hymn of Praise from the 1611 Version.

PRAISE OF FAME AND RICHES

"Some There Be Which Have No Memorial," but Not Carnegie, for the Ode Goes with His Statue.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 25.—The statue which the citizens of Dunfermline have erected to Andrew Carnegie will be unveiled on June 27.

The musical director of the Carnegie Dunfermline Trust has composed for the occasion an ode which is a paraphrase of the portion of the Book of Ecclesiasticus beginning: "Let us now praise famous men." The ode will be sung by a massed choir of 500 voices, and musical interludes will be provided by a band and a body of trumpeters.

The part of Ecclesiasticus paraphrased in the ode to Mr. Carnegie is found in the Forty-fourth Chapter, which bears the sub-title: "The praise of certaine holy men: Of Enoch, Noah, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob." The first nine verses, as published in the Apocrypha included in the Bible of 1611, follow:

1. Let us now praise famous men, and our fathers that begat us.
2. The Lord hath wrought great glory by them, through his great power from the beginning.
3. Such as did bear rule in their Kingdoms, men renowned for their power, giving counsel by their understanding, and declaring prophecies.
4. Leaders of the people by their counsels, and by their knowledge of learning meet for the people, wise and eloquent in their instructions.
5. Such as found out musical tunes and rejected verses in writing.
6. Rich men furnished with ability, living peaceably in their habitations.
7. All these were honored in their generations, and were the glory of their times.
8. There be of them, that have left a name behind them, that their praises might be reported.
9. And some there be which have no memorial, who are perished as though they had never been, and are become as though they had never been born, and their children after them.

The remaining verses of the chapter celebrate Enoch, Noah, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.

$1,000,000 CLEVELAND FIRE.

Two Lumber Yards Destroyed and Central Viaduct Damaged.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 25.—Fire in lumber yards on the flats tonight caused a loss estimated at $1,000,000 and destroyed a large part of the Central viaduct, which connected the south side with the business part of the east side.

The yards destroyed were those of the Fisher & Wilson Lumber Company and the Martin Barris Lumber Company. The yard of the Saginaw Bay Lumber Company and Elevator A3 of the Cleveland Grain Company were badly damaged.

A strong west wind was blowing and sparks were blown over a large part of the city. A circus was giving a performance about half a mile away, but the fire caused little excitement among the spectators.

BIG SAILING SHIP ASHORE.

Full-Rigged Craft Reported Stranded at Cape Holland, Cuba.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Capt. Hayden of the Naval Station at Key West, Fla., has reported to the Navy Department the receipt of a radiogram from the steamship Parismina, in latitude 22.03, longitude 85.05, saying that a large full-rigged ship was sighted, apparently stranded, on the west end of Cape Holland, 10 miles east of Cape San Antonio.

Cape San Antonio is the most westerly point of Cuba.

Harvard or Oxford—the latest gold or shell round eyeglasses. SPENCER'S, 7 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

PAYS $1,400,000 FOR WORKS OF ART

Jacques Seligmann, Paris Dealer, Buys Collection of Late Sir John Murray Scott.

SOLD BY LADY SACKVILLE

Figured in Suit to Break Will Which Caused a Sensation in London Society.

Information was received by cable in this city yesterday from Paris that the famous Scott collection of works of art, tapestries, and French furniture of the eighteenth century had been purchased by Jacques Seligmann, the Paris art dealer, for $1,400,000.

The collection, which was kept in the late Sir John E. A. Murray Scott's house in the Rue Laffitte, Paris, was part of the estate of $3,642,170 he bequeathed to Lady Sackville. His will was contested by relatives, and was decided in her favor in the London courts on July 7 last year.

Very little appears to be known generally in art circles concerning the collection in the Rue Laffitte except that it is said to include a Louis XIV. enamelled silver chandelier supposed to have belonged to Marie Antoinette, and of the estimated value of $50,000, and a bust of Sophie Arnold, the actress, by Houdon, estimated to be worth from $150,000 to $250,000. There are a few paintings, art objects, articles of historic interest, and plates, which, with the rest of the collection, were estimated at the time of the lawsuit to be worth $1,750,000.

When Sir John Scott died last year he left his entire estate to Lady Sackville. His brothers and sisters brought suit to break the will, declaring "undue influence" and possible hynotism. The jury found that there was no undue influence exercised by the Sackvilles over Sir John Murray Scott and no fraud on the part of Lady Sackville.

Jacques Seligmann is well known in New York, as he makes frequent visits here. At one time he proposed that an institution should be organized in New York to educate American buyers to detect impostures. Part of his plan was to have a museum of fakes to show examples of forgeries, which had been offered to Americans as old masters. He acted for the J. P. Morgan in the purchase for $70,000 of three tapestries of the Charles VII. period.

WEDS IN DEATH HOUSE.

Longa, Who Goes to Chair To-day, Married in Jersey State Prison.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 25.—With less than twenty-four hours to elapse before going to his death in the electric chair at the State Prison here, Raffael Longa of Elizabeth was married in the death house this afternoon to Maria Maranca, also of Elizabeth. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Polombi, assistant pastor of St. Jachim's Church of this city.

Longa is to pay the death penalty for having killed Antonio Nygliare in Elizabeth in 1912. In 1899 Longa and Maria Maranca were married in Italy by a religious ceremony, but there was no civil wedding, and therefore the marriage was not valid. They have several children, and Longa wished to leave his property to the woman and their offspring.

MOTOR BOAT PARTY MISSING

Four Men Went Fishing on Sunday —Last Seen in Rough Water.

ELIZABETH, N. J., May 25.—The relatives and friends of Raymond Ludwig, 50 years old, of Filbert Street; Thomas Bertucilli, 30, of Westfield Avenue; Robert Martin, 25, of Westfield Avenue, and Stephen Dubrosky, 21, of Gordon Street, Roselle, are greatly worried over their failure to return from a fishing trip. The party left Elizabethport in a motor boat owned by Ludwig and Bertucilli about 4 o'clock yesterday morning, and went to Rockaway for a day's fishing. Another party from this place, including Frank Derilla of Westfield Avenue, Roselle Park, started to return with them late yesterday afternoon.

On their way to Elizabethport the boat containing Derilla lost sight of the other party. Derilla reported the water particularly rough. Chief of Police Birmingham has communicated with all the life-saving stations along this part of the coast, and also with the various Police Departments which might have heard of the missing men. No trace of men or boat has been obtained.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH NOW IN NON-REFILLABLE BOTTLES. ANDREW USHER & CO., Edinburgh.—Adv.

American and Mexican Delegates Won't Wait for Carranza.

HIS ENVOY NOT WANTED

And No Attention Will Be Paid to Him, Pending Agreement Now Being Framed.

HUERTA TO GO VOLUNTARILY

Members of a Provisional Government Will Be Named in Formal Document.

DECLARATION ABOUT LAND

Necessity for Close Study and Reform by New Rulers Will Be Pointed Out.

FRIENDLY SPIRIT PREVAILS

American Demand for a Salute Virtually Lost in the Larger Issues Presented.

Special to The New York Times.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., May 25.—Such progress has been made within twenty-four hours in the negotiations to bring peace in Mexico as to give grounds for the belief that an agreement between the American and the Mexican delegates will be reached by the end of this week.

This agreement will include an adjustment of the difficulties between the Huerta Administration and the United States, and will also contain a declaration on the land question and provide for the organization of a Provisional Government of Mexico to succeed that of Gen. Huerta, who will voluntarily retire from office. The persons to compose the Provisional Government will be named in the agreement.

A conspicuous development of this important twenty-four hour period is that notice has been served on the Constitutionalists by the Washington Government that if they send a representative to the mediation conference he will not be received. The evident purpose of the United States and the Mexican delegates is to enter into an agreement to bring peace to Mexico and ask the Constitutionalists to conform to its conditions.

The land question has not been disposed of, but it is likely that it will be adjusted by means of a stipulation in the agreement that the new Government of Mexico shall take up this problem for detailed study in preparation for remedial legislation.

Two "conversations" today between the A B C envoys and the Mexican delegates strengthened the growing conviction that the mediation plan was bound to succeed, and that an agreement would soon be concluded. The Mexicans were in accord with the principals of the settlement proposed, and, as far as they are concerned, no obstacle to a harmonious arrangement remains. The envoys are understood to favor the plan of disposing of the land question through a declaration. To make the settlement complete only the acquiesence of the Washington government is necessary.

Last night the American delegates, Justice Lamar and Mr. Lehmann, discussed the land question at length with the envoys. Certain suggestions on this problem had been submitted to the Americans by the envoys on Saturday, and the conversation last night was based on proposals by Secretary Bryan for modifications of the ideas of the mediators.

The conversations between the mediators and the Mexican delegates this morning and late to-night were spent in discussing the suggestions of Mr. Bryan. Tomorrow the American delegates will meet the mediators, and it is likely that a basis for complete agreement on the land question will then be reached.

Envoys Won't Pick Commission.

No decision has been reached as to the character of the proposed provisional government for Mexico which would serve until an election was held and a constitutional government put in control. Present indications point to the installation of a commission government of some sort, but the mediators will not agree to that part of the Bryan plan which places on them the selection of one of three Commissioners. It cannot be emphasized too strongly that the South American diplomats will not put themselves in the position of making the ultimate selection of the men who will rule Mexico in the twilight period after the elimination of Gen. Huerta and prior to the inauguration of a President chosen in accordance with the Constitution. They will aid the Mexican and the American delegates in their efforts to reach a decision on this important phase of the conference, but hold that the actual choice of individuals must be made by agreement between the parties to the controversy.

A curious feature of the negotiations thus far is that the matter which led the A B C envoys to offer their good offices for an amicable settlement of the differences between the Huerta Administration and the United States has looked very small in the discussions. This is the demand of the United States that the Huerta Government fire a

national salute to the American flag and punish the subordinate officer of the Federal army who arrested Assistant Paymaster Copp and enlisted men of the Dolphin at Tampico. Practically no attention has been paid to what was regarded at the time of the A B C offer as one of the most pressing questions to be discussed.

In the opinion of all concerned the present negotiations have gone beyond the Tampico incident, and the expectation is that it will be adjusted by a simple protocol in which the Huerta government will express regret for the affair that disturbed relations between the Mexican and the United States Governments. If the present negotiations here result in elimination of Huerta and the installation of a provisional administration, which is likely to bring years of peace to the Mexican people, the United States Government, it is believed, will be willing to withdraw its demand for a salute to the flag.

There seems to be no foundation for reports that the land problem is likely to prove a serious obstacle to a satisfactory completion of the negotiations. This subject has been discussed in a conciliatory spirit. The Mexican delegates have felt that latitude should be left to any government established in their country to deal with the question. They are anxious that President Wilson shall not commit himself through his representatives here to a method of settlement that will restrict a new Mexican President and Congress to any fixed programme of land legislation. Nothing has occurred to indicate that President Wilson intends to make demands of such a definite character as to make the task of the Mexican delegates difficult or threaten the success of the conference.

Feeling Over Wilson Interview.

According to one report current here the strong statement of President Wilson on the subject of agrarian reform for Mexico, as published in an interview last week, aroused a good deal of feeling, and for two or three days threatened a disastrous outcome of the whole effort at peace.

The Mexican delegates asserted that it was untrue that the feudal system of Mexico was the single, or, indeed, the chief, cause of their oft-recurring revolutions. They said that personal ambition had played a much more important part, and insisted that in the present condition of Mexico it was idle to talk of a subdivision of estates for the benefit of an ignorant class, lacking energy and thrift, to profit by such a humanitarian scheme. Finally, they held that the whole land question lay outside the field of mediation, and belonged to the Mexican Legislature to settle.

The American delegates on the other hand maintained that the land question had been a fundamental cause of unrest, breeding revolution after revolution, and that some programme should be suggested with a view to bringing about a gradual settlement of the question. The purpose of the American delegates, it is said, was to put the problem so conspicuously before the world as an obligation of the future Provisional Government that no new Administration could ignore it.

The Mexican delegates are preparing a statement expressive of their views on the land question and will issue it tomorrow.

HOPEFUL IN MEXICO CITY.

Esteva Ruiz Indicates That Conditions Are Favorable.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 25.—Señor Esteva Ruiz, the Acting Secretary of Foreign Relations, told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent this evening that the day had brought forth no new developments in the international situation, as it was being discussed at Niagara Falls. He said that he understood that the representatives of the mediating powers had been alternately in conference with the delegates of the United States and Mexico, seeking a common ground on which they might be brought together.

He thought the negotiations were following their normal course, and said that he had received no unfavorable reports in regard to them.

General sentiment here remains hopeful.

By The Associated Press.

MEXICO CITY, May 25.—Some newspapers of the capital continue to publish all sorts of false reports.

El Imparcial printed a report to-day alleged to have come from Washington, that President Wilson had ordered his delegates at Niagara Falls to notify the Mexican representatives that if the peace negotiations failed Mexico would be invaded by the American Army and that the army would remain until the country was completely pacified.

OPTIMISM AT WHITE HOUSE.

Progress at Niagara Falls Reflected in Buoyant Spirit.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Satisfactory reports from the mediation conference at Niagara Falls today increased the hopes of the Administration that international warfare could be averted and ultimate peace brought to Mexico.

Although the interchanges between the American delegates at the conference and President Wilson were not disclosed, there was a feeling of buoyancy at the White House and State Department, despite the disquieting rumors that had been in circulation concerning the prospects for the success of mediation.

That a satisfactory basis for working out the dispute between the Huerta Government and the United States had been reached was declared to be a fact. Moreover, it was asserted in official circles that the prospect of smothering the revolution within Mexican borders within a reasonable time was not discouraging.

Men close to the revolutionary party in Mexico asserted that Carranza was watching the mediation developments carefully, and was giving serious thought to some plans that had been suggested.

The point is made in some quarters that even if Carranza's force completes its campaign by capturing Mexico City, this would not pacify Mexico, and there still would be need for mediation. With the cause of revolution triumphant over Huerta many believe that the strong men in revolt against Huerta would realize that constitutional government must be established in the wake of military conquest, and that such could be accomplished only through the good offices of the powers which have undertaken to compose the Mexican situation.

AGAINST ADMITTING REBELS.

Huerta Delegates Will Withdraw, It Is Said, if Foes Come In.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 25.—It was definitely stated here today by persons who are in close touch with Gen. Huerta that his delegates would refuse to participate further in the peace conference at Niagara should rebel delegates be admitted. It was added that certainly José Vescoccelos would not be admitted because he was regarded as a man of slight ability and an intriguer, so that the Huerta delegates could not meet him socially or otherwise.

Discussing the report that Gen. Felix Diaz was sending delegates to Niagara, the same persons said that the Huerta delegates would withdraw should these representatives be allowed to be present as anything more than onlookers.

CALLS LAND REFORM ILLUSION.

Long-Time Resident of Mexico Offers Practical Man's View.

Special to The New York Times.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ontario, May 25.—"In this Mexican question the Americans deal too much with shadows instead of facts," was a statement made today apropos of the land reforms advocated by President Wilson, by a man who has lived long in Mexico, knows the Mexican attitude, and is well acquainted with the Mexican delegates to the peace conference.

"My point of view is practical, not idealistic," he said. "I am speaking of Mexico as it is and not as it ought to be. One of the main troubles with many Americans just now is that they have many unpractical ideas and the Constitutionalist agents in this country have been very clever in bringing about their state of mind.

"There are much more urgent matters to solve than the land question. That will take many years, and to expect that it can be solved by the Niagara Falls peace conference is an illusion. For years Mexico has been trying to solve it. Agricultural schools have been established where the peons have been taught advanced methods. And what has happened? They go back to their homes and till the soil just as their forefathers have done for centuries.

"Americans don't know what many Mexicans of the lower class really are. They think them an educated people, oppressed by the upper class, whose emancipation would be an easy matter. This is not so. In Mexico there are actually three million Indians who do not even speak Spanish. They speak no less than fifty-two dialects. There is much to be done before any uniform land law can be introduced in such a community.

"Then, again, what happened when the Mexican Indians owned their land, as they did fifty years ago? As soon as they got it they would sell it in most cases and revert to the condition of peons.

"If President Wilson tries to force on Mexico a Socialistic system or, rather, an anarchistic system—for that is what this distribution of land amounts to—he will find that he has a much bigger task on his hands than he thinks now. Mexicans are already inquiring why the United States, instead of proposing such Utopian reforms for Mexico, does not apply the time and money she is spending to solve her own capital and labor problems."

When asked what he thought would be the most practical method for solving Mexico's troubles, he said that it would be a provisional government decided upon by the Niagara Falls peace conference, though he felt grave doubts that any such thing would result. He spoke emphatically against the Constitutionalists.

"Americans do not realize that they have hurt the Constitutionalist revolution vitally by their support of it," he said. "Already Villa and Carranza are looked upon as protégés of the Yankees, and if they enter Mexico City there will be revolution after revolution against them. The leaders of these will easily rally men to their standards by denouncing them as the enemies of the Yankees and of those brought into power by Yankee aid."

SAYS SALTILLO IS SAFE.

Blanquet Won't Admit Its Capture by Constitutionalists.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 25.—Gen. Blanquet said tonight that he was without direct news from Saltillo, owing to the interruption of telegraphic communication, but he was quite sure the Federal garrison there was holding its own. He says there has been no new rebel attack upon San Luis Potosi, and that the forces of the rebel chieftain, Carrera Torres, have fallen back along the Tampico division of the National Lines and toward the north.

Although the Government is informed that Gen. Pablo Gonzales has left Tampico with men and artillery to reinforce the rebels and renew the attack upon San Luis Potosi, it is confident that the Federal garrison in that city will prove equal to any emergency. Gen. Joaquin Beltran, Governor of the State of Mexico, reports that the situation is much improved there, that business is picking up, and that the rebel activity is abating.

The Interior Department has received a telegram from Gen. Miguel Rodriguez, commanding at Mazatlan, saying that the Federal outposts are every day sniped by the rebels, but that the latter have been repulsed in every attempt they have made to approach the city.

Gen. Blanquet's optimism about Saltillo is the more remarkable in that the rest of the world has known of its occupation by the rebels for nearly a week.

HUERTA HAS MUTINEERS SHOT

Students Who Saw Execution Promptly Resign from Service.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 25.—Refugees from Mexico City arriving here report that eleven soldiers and two officers within the city limits mutinied against Huerta on Saturday.

Both officers refused to return at Huerta's command, whereupon he had them executed in the presence of the students of the agricultural school. The commandant of the school, who had refused to allow the students to witness the barbaric execution, tendered his resignation, and Gen. Ignacio Bravo, the post commander, took charge.

All the students immediately tendered their resignations, which were accepted by the sub-Director, who also resigned. It is expected that the school will be closed, as the students refuse to return.

FLYING CORPS REINFORCED.

Two Machines Added to Vera Cruz Aviation Camp.

VERA CRUZ, May 25.—An important addition was made to the aviation camp today by the arrival of a hydro-aeroplane and a convertible machine for use on either land or water. There are now four flying machines in the camp.

The additional machines had been with Rear Admiral Mayo's squadron, off Tampico, where they could not be used. They were sent on the scout cruiser Birmingham, so that the aviators might have an opportunity for practice flights. Lieut. B. L. Smith, an aviator of the marine section, made a short flight today to sea, passing over the fleet.

With Lieut. Smith's machine here, the expeditionary force in Vera Cruz has available a machine for land work and extensive scouting in the interior. The hydro-aeroplanes of the navy corps cannot be used for this purpose, but must remain within easy reach of the beach, so that the pilot can volplane to the water in case of motor trouble. Smith's biplane can be fitted with wheels for land work, and used in any emergency.

Brig. Gen. Funston laid no stress on the reported firing upon American aeroplanes yesterday in reporting the incident to Washington, and is disinclined to take the matter seriously.

"If we were looking for an excuse to make reprisals on the Mexican outposts," he said today, "we could find one twice or thrice weekly. Nothing but an assault which was clearly a serious attempt at driving in our outposts, and which was started by the orders of some high official would lead us to return the fire. It is always possible that some of these irregular State rural guards holding the line to the north of us may get full of liquor and fire at our outposts. Under our orders we could not consider that a justification for replying to the fire."

Gen. Funston has no intention of making any protest to the Mexican commander about the firing at the hydro-aeroplane.

The naval aviators here are not under Gen. Funston's command, and he is unaware what their orders are as to restricting their flights within the American lines.

Only One "BROMO QUININE."
To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. Grove. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.—Adv.

HUERTA AGENT SAYS CHIEF GAINS DAILY

Refugees Also Report That He Has the Capital Well in Hand.

GETS MONEY AND ARMS

Latter Believed to Have Come from Japan—Americans in the Capital Undecided.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 25.—Eugenio Cabanas, who has commanded all the trains carrying American refugees to Puerto Mexico, arrived here this morning, bringing the Chilean Vice Consul in Mexico City, who came to consult with Consul General Arnold Shanklin regarding affairs in the capital.

The train carrying the Vice Consul was wrecked between Puebla and Mexico City by running into a washout. The train from Puerto Mexico picked up the passengers and brought them here.

Señor Cabanas, who is an ardent Huerta partisan, said the dictator was growing stronger every day, and better able to dominate the situation. He added, however, that every confidence was expressed in Mexico City that peace would be concluded. He discredited the reports that the railway line would be repaired, saying this could not happen while the Americans remained in Vera Cruz, as conditions forbade its restoration, though passengers might be allowed to go from one train to another.

Señor Cabanas expressed great satisfaction with the maner in which he had been treated here, and great surprise at the evident complacency with which the Vera Cruzanos had taken the American occupation. On leaving the city, he said he had already conducted more than 2,000 foreign refugees to Puerto Mexico, and expected to conduct more, and that the courtesy he had received here would add to the pleasure he would have in treating them in the best possible manner. He said he had received every consideration here, even when he had expected to be in danger of his lif very minute.

The Chilean Vice Consul, Mr. Mattheson, returned to the capital today. On account of the shortness of his stay he was unable to discuss the political situation, although he said that everything in Mexico City was quiet and that business was being conducted the same as ever.

Rerugees who arrived from Puerto Mexico this morning reported that conditions in the interior of Mexico are not so bad as they had been painted; that Huerta was holding his own better than had been expected and had the situation in the capital well in hand. They say he still holds several towns in the interior and has retaken some which were captured by Villa's forces. They report that he has recently obtained considerable funds from some unknown source, as well as a large supply of ammunition and rifles. It is believed that these last came from Japan.

An American who arrived from Mexico City to-day said that Americans there were wavering between warnings to leave and the protestations of the Washington Government that it did not intend to declare war. These Americans argue that if there is to be no war, there is no reason why they should leave; yet they feel that the continued warnings tend to disprove this theory. Therefore they are waiting for some definite event to decide them whether to leave or not.

DOUBTS REBEL LANDING.

Badger Questions Report of an Advance Toward Vera Cruz.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Admiral Badger made a special report to the Navy Department today on the reported movements of Constitutionalist troops in the State of Vera Cruz. Señor Riano, the Spanish Ambassador, who is looking after the Mexican Government's affairs in Washington, notified Secretary Bryan last night that he had received word from the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs that 3,000 Constitutionalists had entered the State of Vera Cruz, but he gave no details as to the location or identity of the rebel forces.

The Navy Department gave out this bulletin after hearing from the naval commander at Vera Cruz:

"Admiral Badger has received no definite information regarding movement of Mexican troops, but reports rumors, which he says are very unreliable, to the effect that the Constitutionalists have landed to the northward of Vera Cruz and will operate against the Federals outside of Vera Cruz, and also that a large force of Constitutionalists are marching southward from Tuxpam."

KEEN FOREIGN INTEREST.

British and German Governments Hope Mediation Is Coming.

LONDON, May 25.—The proceedings of the mediation conference at Niagara Falls are being followed closely by the British Government, as it is hoped here they will result not only in the renewal of friendly relations between the United States and Mexico, but will bring peace to a country in which British financiers have great interests.

The inauguration of the mediation idea among the American republics is also a matter of deep interest here since it is felt it will help to prevent future difficulties in the Western Hemisphere.

The British Foreign Office is using all its influence, as it has done from the beginning, to bring about a peaceful settlement of the Mexican afair, and it was stated today that the recent conversations between Sir Lionel Carden, British Minister to Mexico, and President Huerta must not be taken as an indication of any change in British policy.

Nothing officially has been heard to confirm reports that the Constitutionalists have seized Lord Cowdray's property at Tampico.

BERLIN, May 25.—The German Foreign Office, while watching with great interest the progress of the Mexican mediation conference at Niagara Falls and hoping that it will be successful in averting war, says it has no positive information which would enable it to foreshadow the result of the meetings.

An impression, it was stated, had been created in German official circles by the latest news from Mexico that the Government of President Huerta would hardly be able to maintain its existence much longer.

VILLA NOW READY TO MOVE SOUTHWARD

Announces He Will Begin His Advance Toward Mexico City on Saturday.

FEDERALS ROUTED AT TEPIC

Rebel Agents in Washington Deny That the Army's Supply of Ammunition Is Short.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, May 25.—Saturday is the day set for the beginning of the advance toward Mexico City by Gen. Villa and his force of 20,000 men. Villa is now at Saltillo, where he went from Torreon to straighten out the tangle resulting from the transfer of the Government to the Constitutionalists there. As soon as he returns to Torreon he will start his southward movement.

This explains his withdrawal of all troops from Saltillo and Paredon to Torreon, where the rolling stock is being repaired, the engines overhauled, and all of the artillery repaired and readjusted for the final dash to the Capital, which is expected to bring victory to Villa's banner and the possession of the machinery of government to his party.

To close friends on Sunday Villa outlined his general plans for the Southern campaign. He told his friends how he expected to conquer the Southern part of the country, as he had done the Northern. From Torreon the trains will be preceded by a pioneer train to Zacatecas, where Panfel Natera is in command with a force of 5,000 rebels, who are holding the town for the coming of Villa. Once Zacatecas is taken, the march southward will continue, and San Luis Potosi will be captured if it does not capitulate in the meantime. That is the last opposition that Gen. Villa will encounter until he reaches Queretaro, where he expects Gen. Huerta to make his final stand.

No Battle in Capital.

Villa has been advised by his agents in Mexico City that there will be no battle in the national capital. Pressure by the foreign Governments will prevent this, his agents say, and Huerta will make his last desperate stand at historic old Queretaro. Neither will there be a Constitutionalist outbreak in Mexico City, according to Villa, for he has notified his agents there to obtain the names of all leaders of mobs or movements that they may be sent to death as traitors for attempting to bring about a condition that will necessitate foreign interference. Gen. Villa has set July as the month for his entry into Mexico City. He expects the garrison to fall before his columns as they march southward.

The Federals from Saltillo have moved southward to Catorce, where the desert halted them. It is thought that they are in a trap and will be surrounded by Eulalio Guiterrez and his brother Luis.

Revolutionary officials in Juarez received information from Tepic today that Lucio Blanco and Rafael Buelna had taken the city of Tepic after killing 200 Federals under Romero and Velasquez. The report says they took 500 prisoners. The Federals under Romero and Velasquez were surrounded by the rebel forces and cut to pieces. The rebel losses were only 150 killed and 200 wounded. Col. Cato was among the rebels killed. Six hundred horses and a quantity of ammunition together with two machine guns, were captured.

May Fire Across Border.

"Colorados," or red flaggers, are reported at Cuatro Cienegas, Coahuila, en route to the border with the purpose of firing across the Texas border and bringing about intervention. They are deserters from the Monclova garrison and their lives are forfeited by Villa, who has ordered all red flaggers executed. This report was received at rebel headquarters here today.

CALLS CARRANZA TRAITOR.

El Independiente Says He Plotted Rebellion Against Madero.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 25.—El Independiente publishes with great circumstantiality of detail a story which has previously appeared in another form, to the effect that Gen. Carranza, at the time of Madero's downfall, had made every preparation to start a revolution against the Maderista régime. El Independiente says in part:

"Many Mexicans entertain the erroneous belief that Carranza's uprising in February of last year originated in a desire to re-establish constitutional order and avenge Madero's death, as Carranza himself said; but such is not the case. Carranza's uprising had been decided upon long before Madero fell before the impact of public opinion, weary of the incessant blunders of the Maderista régime."

The editor adds that Carranza had taken umbrage at Madero because the latter demanded of him an accounting for the 250,000 pesos which he had been receiving every month as Governor of Coahuila for the maintenance of irregular forces, and because the Finance Minister, Ernesto Madero, had informed Carranza that in view of the precarious condition of the exchequer it would be impossible to continue this subsidy.

El Independiente adds that Dr. Rafael Cepeda, then Governor of San Luis Potosi, and Alberto Fuentes, then Governor of Aguascallientes, were privy to Carranza's plans, and that the three Governors had agreed upon a rendezvous in the Sierra de Arteaga, ostensibly for a hunting expedition, but in reality to start an uprising against Madero.

The registration of Americans intending to remain in Mexico continues on a reduced scale at the Brazilian Legation. The following are recent additions to the list: Mrs. Kittie C. Arthur, John West Thompson, wife, and four children; L. Rasmussen, wife, and one child; Mrs. Maria Ide Mackey, widow, and one child; Giles Gray, wife, and daughter; Frank T. Dickinson and wife, and Daniel G. Gillies, all residing in Mexico City.

The Brazilian Minister has received a cablegram from Secretary Bryan informing him that the Americans in Puerto Mexico had advised the State Department how highly they appreciated the splendid services rendered them and the watchful care exercised in their behalf by the Minister.

EXPLAIN VILLA'S MOVE.

Rebel Agents in Washington Deny Ammunition Is Short.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—A story was current in Washington tonight that Gen. Villa's sudden return from Saltillo to Torreon after the battle of Saltillo was due to a shortage of ammunition, and that probably would mean a cessation of the Constitutionalist campaign except for desultory skirmishes for three months.

According to the story, the Carranza agents made a contract in New York today for ammunition, but could not obtain delivery for three months, and until this ammunition could be delivered through the port of Tampico they would be compelled to mark time, and hold back their general movement upon Mexico City. Gen. Carranza's confidential agents in Washington to-night ridiculed the story that they were short of ammunition, and denied it in its entirety. One of the agents said:

"There is no foundation for the statement that the army of Gen. Villa is without ammunition. The assertion that our campaign will have to be held back, except for desultory skirmishes, for three months is ridiculous.

"There is plenty of ammunition on hand, and there will be no cessation of Constitutionalist hostilities. A contract for ammunition was signed by the Constitutionalists in New York City to-day. A contract for ammunition was recently signed and that ammunition is being delivered. Another contract will be made in the near future. All of our ammunition will now be delivered through the port of Tampico.

Gen. Villa's return to Toreon had no political significance. He went there for military reasons, taking 10,000 men with him. If he was out of ammunition why should he cart 10,000 men all the way from Saltillo to Torreon, a distance of about 150 miles by rail. They would have been just as safe, without ammunition, at Saltillo as at Torreon. You will probably soon learn that Gen. Villa's return to Torreon was a strategic military move, and that instead of tarrying there he proceeded southward by railroad toward Zacatecas, which will soon be in our hands. We are expecting to receive word almost any time now of the capture of Zacatecas."

In spite of these statements it was recalled here that in a plea for the modification of the embargo on arms at the time of his advance on Saltillo Villa stated that he had then only ammunition for a week.

Today the agents asserted that it would soon develop that Gen. Villa, who left a sufficient force at Saltillo to garrison that place, had taken two of his brigades to Torreon to make a quick trip southward to aid Gen. Natera in an attack on Zacatecas. Torreon is 157 miles west of Saltillo, and Zacatecas is 267 miles south of Torreon by rail.

If these statements are correct, Gen. Villa is traveling with 10,000 men a distance of 424 miles by railroad to carry out Gen. Carranza's arrangements for the capture of Zacatecas at the earliest possible moment. Carranza himself went from Durango last week for a conference with Gen. Natera at Sombrerete, a short distance northwest of Zacatecas, to arrange for the attack on the latter place.

TWO BOATS FOR REFUGEES.

Government Offers Transportation on Patuxent and Jason.

VERA CRUZ, May 25.—Refugee Americans are to have two more chances to leave Vera Cruz for the United States at the expense of the Government, according to an announcement made today. Rear Admiral Badger has given permission for twenty persons to be accommodated on board the naval tug Patuxent, which was to have sailed for Key West tonight, but whose destination has been changed to New Orleans in order to land passengers.

The other vessel is the collier Jason, which will depart for Hampton Roads tomorrow. She has accommodation for only six or eight women, but can carry a hundred or more men, who will have to sleep on the deck.

Notice has been issued to those taking advantage of this transportation that they will be obliged to pay for their subsistence on board, and that the Government will make no provision for their transportation beyond the ship's destination.

The Patuxent sailed tonight with thirty-two refugees.

ZAPATA FOR CARRANZA.

Constitutionalists Deny That He Is Allied with Huerta.

EL PASO, Texas, May 25.—Emiliano Zapatá, long in the field as a rebel chief of Southern Mexico, has made no alliance with the Huerta Government, according to a report from Gen. Carranza which was given out today by the Constitutionalist Department of Information at Juarez. The message came from Gen. Lucio Blanco and Rafael Buelna, who recently took Tepic City, on the west coast.

"Advices from our agents at Mexico City deny absolutely that Gen. Zapata has united with Huerta," the message said. "Instead, he has reiterated his adhesion to Gen. Venustiano Carranza. Also, we have information confirming the report of the capture of Cuernavaca by Gen. Zapata."

The west coast leaders today divulged details of the capture of Tepic City last Friday. They said that the Federals lost 200 killed, while the Constitutionalists lost 120 killed, including Col. Soto of Buelna's brigade. The victors took 500 prisoners and captured 1,000 rifles and large quantities of supplies.

MAY BE HUERTA'S MILLION.

Spaniard Brings Six Suit Cases Full of Cash to Vera Cruz.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, May 25. — Six suitcases containing $1,000,000 in Mexican $5 notes of issue of the Mercantile Bank of Vera Cruz arrived at the American outposts this afternoon. The money was packed on burros hired from natives at Tejeria, at the break in the railway.

When the burro train arrived at the Fourth Infantry outposts a Spaniard, well dressed and speaking good English, told the outpost commander that he wished to speak to Col. Van Vliet. The Colonel was notified, and ordered the suitcases brought to his headquarters at Los Cocos. There they were opened and the money was counted by Col. Van Vliet and Capt. Coleman, his Adjutant.

Three men brought the money from Mexico City. They traveled in a special car attached to the regular train, and said that the money was to be deposited in banks in Vera Cruz. They denied that it was part of Gen. Huerta's fortune.

It is rumored tonight—but the rumor has not been verified—that the money is on the Hamburg-American liner Ypiranga, which will sail for Puerto Mexico at 3 A. M. tomorrow.

MENTIONED FOR BANK BOARD

G. E. Roberts, Mint Director, and E. C. Simmons Being Considered.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—George E. Roberts, Director of the Mint, was proposed again today for appointment to the Federal Reserve Board by Senator Kenyon, who conferred with President Wilson on the subject. Mr. Roberts was one of those originally under consideration.

E. C. Simmons of St. Louis is being considered for the place on the board declined by Harry A. Wheeler. It is said in official circles that the position has been offered to Mr. Simmons and that he is expected to accept.

Supporters of W. P. G. Harding of Birmingham, Ala., for Governor of the board, have been informed, it is understood, that he will have one of the long-term appointments, and that the Governor will get a short term.

TRAINMAN A FIRE HERO.

Sees Farmhouse Ablaze, Stops Train, and Saves Aged Paralytic.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., May 25.—While his train was speeding toward Detroit on the Père Marquette road this morning Conductor Dwyer saw a farmhouse in flames. He stopped the train, rushed to the burning structure, and saved an aged man, a helpless paralytic, from being burned to death.

A bucket brigade was formed from the train to the house, water being taken from the locomotive and passed from man to man until the fire was extinguished.

THOUGHT SALUTE WAS BOMBARDMENT

Rebels Opened Fire in Response to Our Guns, Honoring Japan's Dead Empress.

NO CLASH AT MAZATLAN

Admiral Howard Explains the Incident — Denials of Many False Reports.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Rear Admiral Thomas B. Howard is busy these days denying rumors and correcting exaggerations. Not long ago he was called upon to deny the report that his warships had bombarded Manzanillo. Today he exploded the story that marines had been landed on the west coast. After that he denied the report which had been spread up and down the west coast and widely circulated by Mexican newspapers to the effect that he had been entertaining Gen. Alvaro Obregon and other Constitutionalist Generals on board his flagship.

Today the Admiral felt called upon to put the stamp of falsehood upon the tale that he had landed marines at La Paz, on the coast of Lower California, and to explain the firing of guns in honor of the Empress Dowager of Japan. Admiral Howard's report on this incident said:

"Owing to the presence of the Japanese cruiser Idzumo at Mazatlan, all the men of war in the harbor, as well as the shore forces, fired minute-guns in honor of the Dowager Empress of Japan."

The Navy Department, in announcing this message, explained:

"This is reported by Admiral Howard to anticipate possible rumors of a bombardment arising from the firing of these guns. Admiral Howard makes a most emphatic denial of the sensational stories that marines have been landed with the American flag in the vicinity of La Paz, and adds that the relations in that vicinity are not strained in any way, and that everything is quiet."

The Federals who are besieged at Mazatlan and Guaymas, on the Mexican west coast, Admiral Howard reports, have received supplies. These were greatly needed, and will aid the Federals in holding out against the Constitutionalists of Gen. Obregon's army. Meanwhile Gen. Obregon is leading the advance of the Constitutionalists from Tepic toward Guadalajara.

The senior German naval officer on the Mexican west coast has extended thanks to Admiral Howard for the kindness shown to Germans at San Blas by Commander Bradshaw of the American Navy.

ZARAGOZA'S ARMY ESCAPES.

Rebel Pursuers Fail to Catch Fleeing Tampico Garrison.

TAMPICO, May 25.—Almost all hope of forcing the Federal troops, retreating from Tampico, into a fight at Ozuluama, about sixty miles south of here, or any other point near the coast disappeared when reports were received laet Saturday from Col. Rafarrate, commanding the pursuing Constitutionalists. He said the best information he could obtain was that Gen. Zaragoza, the Federal commander, and the remnants of his army were disappearing into the mountains to the west.

A detachment of twenty-five Federal soldiers under Col. Clemente Vergara surrendered Saturday morning to a rebel outpost near Panuco. The men were disarmed and most of them offered to join the Constitutionalists.

GUESTS OF THE VATERLAND.

Five Hundred Take Luncheon and Inspect the Big Ship.

Five hundred guests accepted the invitation of the Hamburg-American Line yesterday to take luncheon on board and afterward to inspect the new liner Vaterland at Hoboken.

In welcoming them, Dr. Karl Buenz, General Director of the company in the United States, said that the Hamburg-American Line, in putting this latest type of ship into the New York-Hamburg service, wanted to give expression to its feelings that no ship is too good for this port, and wanted New York to understand that the company had unbounded confidence in the future of the city.

Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, said that commerce was a better promoter of peace than diplomacy, and that the Vaterland, with her sister ship the Imperator, should be potent factors in increasing the good feeling between Germany and the United States.

Controller Prendergast, on behalf of Mayor Mitchel, said that the City Government had decided to take steps that would prevent delay through tugs or lighters getting in the Vaterland's way by the next time she reached New York. He alluded to the Vaterland and Imperator as makers of commerce, and added that anything that Germany undertook in a commercial line involved the commercial success of America.

Speeches were made by Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port, and others.

The Vaterland was visited while in port by 17,000 persons, who paid 50 cents each. She will sail at 10 o'clock today for Cherbourg, Southampton, and Hamburg with 506 first, and 310 second cabin passengers, including Earl and Countess Grey, Lady Sybil Grey, Lady Evelyn Jones, and other prominent people.

VACATES TAYLOR'S ARREST.

Protests of Defendant in $50,000 Alienation Suit Sustained.

Supreme Court Justice Philbin vacated yesterday the order of arrest upon which William R. Taylor of Philadelphia was taken into custody on May 8. The order was signed when Albert A. Nimis brought suit for $50,000 damages against Mr. Taylor, whom he accused of having alienated the affections of Mrs. Daisy Nimis, his wife.

Mr. Taylor was arrested on the order and was admitted to bail in $4,000. He pleaded that he had been arrested on hearsay evidence, and that this was insufficient in law. Justice Philbin sustained Mr. Taylor in this, and said that efforts should have been made to obtain affidavits in the case.

5th Avenue Restaurant
FIFTH AV. BUILDING.
Entrance on 24th St.
SITE OF FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.
6 to 9 P. M. THE Large Orchestra
"DOLLAR DINNER"
BANQUETS A SPECIALTY.

OSBORN COMPANY TO QUIT.

Business Has Fallen Off Since Noted Dress Designer's Death.

Edward S. Clinch, as referee, filed a report in the Supreme Court yesterday in which he recommended that the Mrs. Osbern Company, once noted for the gowns it made for actresses and women prominent in society, should be allowed to dissolve. The Mrs. Osborn Company asked permission to go out of business because no one could be found after Mrs. Osborn's death to fill her place as a designer.

William B. Cardozo and Samuel Sloan of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Mrs. Osborn's trustee, and John C. Tomlinson and Millard F. Tompkins, counsel for Mrs. Osborn's estate, were the petitioners. They said that the company was unable to collect many claims which it held against theatrical and other persons.

The corporation was capitalized at $145,000, but since Nov. 11, 1908, when Mrs. Osborn died, the business had fallen off. These are among the accounts said to be due the Mrs. Osborn Company: Fritzi Scheff, $732; Lina Abarbanell, $483; Henrietta Crosman, $1,284, on a judgment; the late Mrs. H. B. Warner, $187; Countess Czaki, $150; Mrs. James Cunningham Bishop, $50, and Mrs. T. L. Watt, $18.

MINER THREATENS THE ROCKEFELLERS

Continued from Page 1.

and I will wait over here for a reasonable time, in order that I may receive an answer. Some folks say I am foolish to do this, but I am going to take the chance."

Red Cross Badges as Targets.

Before Judge Lindsey spoke Pearl Jolley, a Red Cross nurse, told how her Red Cross badges were made the targets of militia fire, and Mrs. M. H. Thomas told how she helped to get the women and children away from Ludlow while their tents were burning down.

Judge Lindsey laid great emphasis upon the stories of the two women, which were replete with intimate details of the battle, and then he held aloft a big package of papers.

"They will tell you the militia did not do this," he said, "but from what you have heard here you can stand up and tell all who say that that they lie. I tell you hate begets hate and force begets force.

"The Rockefellers have been more careless than any other miners in America in allowing coal dust to accumulate in the mines. And so the killings in the Colorado mines have been larger than in other mines from coal dust explosions.

"I tell you now the Rockefellers are spreading coal dust through the air of all industrial America. I came to ask John D. Rockefeller, Jr., to help in our movement to sprinkle down this coal dust.

"He wouldn't help with the sprinkling. Well, then, as a very fundamental law of nature, it must follow that the match will soon be struck and the coal dust will go off over all of us.

"Rockefeller, Jr., is not himself a bad man. They are around him, who have built up the system, give him a few toys to play with while they operate the system in his name. They let him fuss with a Sunday School or two, they let him try to abolish white slavery in a city, they let him make donations to college professors.

"But they don't let him tackle the problem of solving our industrial ills. The whole miserable situation is ridiculous, and the most amazing thing about it is the stupidity of the men higher up who are riding so blindly under State Governments they have corrupted, to the terrible fall that awaits them."

Many I. W. W. men and Anarchists were in the audience. A number of detectives also were present.

THREAT TO RECALL LINDSEY.

Judge Says He's Ready for Another Fight for His Judgeship.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., May 25.—The Law and Order League of Denver to-day started a petition for the recall of Judge Ben B. Lindsey because of his attitude in the strike situation. An interview he is said to have given in Chicago and his representations to President Wilson form the basis of the proposed recall.

Judge Lindsey, when told last night of steps for his recall in Denver, said:

"It doesn't disturb me a bit. It's the same old gang I've been fighting in Denver for fifteen years, and I'm not afraid of them. I came East as the result of a general mass meeting in the State Capitol, where a committee was appointed to try to make some arrangements for settling the mining situation.

"I don't know what was meant by the Chicago interview. My recommendations to the President were that a commission should be appointed to offer to settle the question by arbitration, and that in case arbitration were refused the mines be held by military force until a settlement could be made.

"But the Rockefeller crowd is opposed to all arbitration, and this is only one more move in their campaign against me. This merely means another attempt for a recall. But let them come; I'm not afraid of them. I've beaten them before and I'll do it again."

TRESCA REDS GOING TO WAR.

I. W. W. Leader Promises Men for Colorado Battle Ground.

Carlo Tresca, a leader of the Industrial Workers of the World, announced yesterday that as soon as the Federal troops were withdrawn from Colorado and the militia returned to that territory an army of "Reds" would be on the spot to protect the striking miners and to take part in the war. He also said that he would send a telegram today to Mr. Rockefeller on the situation. He added:

MRS. GRENFELL TELLS WILSON OF STRIKE

Mine Workers, Not Militia, Responsible for Ludlow Horror, She Declares.

OFFSETS LINDSEY'S STORY

Denver Law and Order League Starts Petition for Recall of Judge —Court-Martial Halts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Mrs. Helen M. Grenfell of Denver, Vice President of the Colorado Law and Order League, was received by President Wilson today so that she might lay before him facts in regard to the Colorado coal strike. Mrs. Grenfell is one of the foremost women of Colorado, having been for many years State Superintendent of Education.

She laid before the President a mass of evidence to offset the representations being made in the East by Judge Ben B. Lindsay of Denver, and others who sympathize with the strikers. Mrs. Grenfell said that the Law and Order League was organized mainly of women, who were indignant at the tone of the Denver press, which took wholly the side of the strikers, and in the judgment of the women, vilified Gov. Ammons, Gen. Chase, and the State militia.

The league now has a membership of more than 1,200, and many men have joined, as it is open to all citizens of the State. The league sent Mrs. Grenfell to Washington to present to the President the fact as found after inquiry.

Mrs. Grenfell gave the President a graphic account of the "Battle of Ludlow." She declared that the strikers were first to open fire, and that they were 500 strong, while there were, all told, only thirty-two militiamen on the ground. The strikers were mainly foreigners, many of whom had seen service in the Balkan war. They were living in a village of tents. Under each tent was a pit or cellar, and in those occupied by the leaders were large stores of ammunition.

The finding of two women and eleven children dead in one of these pits, she said, had been viciously misrepresented in order to cast blame on the militia.

TWO SLEUTHS SHOT BY NEGRO PRISONER

Detectives Were Searching Two Men Who Terrorized Tenement Dwellers, When One Fired.

ONE POLICEMAN MAY DIE

Negro Who Police Say Admits the Shooting Caught After Firing at Another Detective.

The police of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station were informed over the telephone at 9 o'clock last night that two negroes, firing revolvers at random, had thrown those living in the neighborhood of Second Avenue and Seventy-third Street into a panic. First Grade Detective Peter Carmody and Second Grade Detective Emil Panevino were sent to arrest the disturbers.

The negroes had disappeared when the detectives arrived, but they traced them to a small flat on the ground floor of a four-story negro tenement at 227 East Seventy-third Street. In this flat the detectives found two negro men and a negro woman, apparently intoxicated. The detectives took the two men into the front room of the apartment and began to search them. Carmody was standing with his prisoner at the front window, and Panevino was questioning the other negro on the opposite side of the room, near a door leading to the rear rooms.

Carmody's back was turned to Panevino. Suddenly he was almost deafened by three revolver shots in the small room. As he turned, he saw Panevino reel and fire at the negro whom he had been searching as this man fled through the door. Carmody drew his revolver and fired several shots at the negro as Panevino fell to the floor. Panevino's assailant escaped through the kitchen, into the hall, up the stairway, and across the roof of the house.

While Carmody was bending over his wounded companion the other negro escaped by climbing through the window.

Coroner's Physician Lehane was at the police station when the first report of the shooting was received, and with Detective Skeily he ran to the tenement where it had occurred. Carmody had carried Panevino to the sidewalk and Dr. Lehane commandeered an automobile and in it carried the wounded man to Flower Hospital.

At the hospital it was found that the detective had been shot twice in the chest. He was bleeding from the mouth, and his condition was so serious that his mother, father, and two sisters, with whom he lived at 2,543 Decatur Avenue, the Bronx, were sent for. The physicians fear that he will die.

The third shot fired by the negro had wounded Detective Carmondy in the fleshy part of the right arm above the elbow, but in the excitement of the fight he had failed to notice it. When his wound was dressed at the hospital he reported back to the station and was sent to his home, at 23 Horatio Street.

Police Commissioner Woods and his Secretary, Guy H. Scull, were attending a dance at Flower Hospital when the wounded detectives were taken there, and they were told of the shooting. Both left the dance to go to the bedside of Panevino. Deputy Commissioner Rubin was at a meeting of the Police Lieutenants at Terrace Garden and he heard of the shooting soon after it happened. He went at once to the police station.

While the Deputy Commissioner was at the station, detectives of the precinct, most of whom were sent out in search of the two negro fugitives, returned with a negro woman. She said she was the wife of James Alexander, who rented the flat in which the shooting occurred. She gave the police the name Nicholas Hollingsworth, a negro, who, she said, had run out of the room with a revolver in his hand after the shooting. Just as more detectives were being sent out to search for this man others entered the station with a negro who said he was John Alexander, a brother of James Alexander, and another, who said he was William Jefferson, 27 years old, of 227 East Seventy-third Street.

John Alexander was held as a material witness last night, and so was Mrs. James Alexander.

The detectives under Lieut. Gloster who took up the search for Hollingsworth heard he was hiding in the basement of 234 East Seventy-fourth Street, and went there just before 2 o'clock this morning. Detective Birmingham went into the cellar first with a revolver in one hand and a flash lamp in the other. He had scarcely entered when three shots were fired at him. One of them smashed the lamp and another went through the left sleeve of the detective's coat, but he was not hurt. Other policemen seized Hollingsworth and subdued him after a struggle, in which he was cut about the head.

At the police station the prisoner seemed to be dazed, as if from the effects of a drug. The police said he admitted shooting Detectives Panevino and Carmody.

Oriental Art Objects on View.

A collection of porcelains, jades, bronzes, and other objects of Oriental art, assembled by the former Viceroy of Wuchang and purchased from him by William L. Richard of New York, auditor of the Standard Oil Company at Shanghai, is now on view at the Anderson Galleries, where it will be dispersed at the last sale of the season, beginning Wednesday evening. The catalogue contains about 800 lots. The porcelains, jades, crystals, lacquers, bronzes, and embroideries will be sold on Wednesday, the snuff bottles, carved brasses, and temple bells on Thursday, and on Friday the remaining objects, which include a large number of incense burners, a porcelain blue-and-white garden seat, and several tapestry panels. The collection contains many white porcelain figures, some of them of unusual size.

READY TO ARREST AGENT OF KAROLYI

Hungarians Who Are For the Government at Home Seek to Stop Opposition Collections.

WILL SAY HE'S A DUELIST

Excuse to Have Him Deported—Will Hold Up Count, Too—Letter from Vice President.

Sigismund Farkashazy, agent for Count Karolyi, leader of the Opposition in the Hungarian Parliament, is to be arrested when the Kaiser Wilhelm II. docks late to-day and sent to Ellis Island to await deportation unless the plans of A. S. Glenn, American agent for the Az Ujsag, the leading daily newspaper of Budapest, miscarry. It is alleged that Farkashazy has served a term in jail for dueling in Hungary and that he is therefore unfit to land here.

"He is an inveterate duelist," said Mr. Glenn last night, "and this will allow us to prevent his landing. Our real reason is that he is coming over here to collect money for political uses in Hungary. Count Michael Karolyi was over here in April to look the ground over, and he is sending his agent ahead of him this time to prepare the way so that he can collect money from the Hungarians in this country. He is going to ask every Hungarian to contribute $1.75 to his fund, and expects to get $300,000.

"This is a very outrageous business, and we are doing everything we can to prevent him getting this money. I have sent letters to many prominent people in this country asking them about this. I asked them two questions. First, if they thought that it was right for the minority party of a country friendly to the United States to solicit money in this country for a political campaign in that country; and, second, what would be their stand if these minority representatives from Hungary should go through this country soliciting funds. I received many answers.

"Vice President Marshall answered me as follows:

The Vice President's Chamber,
Washington, May 23, 1914.

My Dear Sir: In answer to your letter of May 20 I have no hesitation in saying to you that my principal objection to immigration is that foreigners come here ostensibly to be American citizens, but in reality think more of the old home than they do of the new. I believe a man who comes here and becomes a citizen should be an American, not, as the President puts it—a hyphenated American. If there are Hungarians who have neither declared their intentions to become citizens now nor are citizens of the United States, then, I think, it would be perfectly proper for them to contribute to a purely political party. But American citizens ought not to be interested in any foreign Government, financially at least, unless it be an effort upon the part of the people to change an oligarchy into a democracy. Respectfully,

THOMAS R. MARSHALL.

"I also received an answer from Mr. Edison, the inventor. He is thoroughly versed in politics and yet he does not seem to take quite the same view of this matter as Mr. Marshall. Mr. Edison said:

"'In reply to the question submitted in your favor of the 20th instant, I should say that there would probably be no objection by most Americans if the Hungarians in this country should contribute money to aid their brothers in the Motherland to better their conditions—especially if any such sums, gathered in America, were honestly administered.'

"James E. Martine, Chairman of the Committee on Industrial Expositions of the United States Senate wrote me: 'Your letter of the 20th instant is at hand. I would not answer your first question by saying that this would not be right. I will say, however, that I deem such action as unwise. Answering your second question, there is nothing, to my knowledge, could be done if the leaders of the Hungarian minority party should make a tour of this country on a collection campaign. I merely feel that it would be injudicious and unwise.'

"Count Karolyi will be over here in about ten days and we will have him arrested also for dueling. He fought a duel with Count Tisza, his opponent in Parliament, a few weeks ago and ought not to be allowed to come into this country.

"Karolyi has planned to make collections in all the big cities where there are Hungarians. He will start here, and then go to Newark and afterward visit Chicago, Pittsburgh and the West."

BABIES IN AUTO SMASH.

Four Women Hurt When Nettler's New Car Hits Curbstone.

H. Lester Nettler, a musician, of 320 Wyona Street, East New York, took his wife and a party of neighbors in the same apartment house—three women and three small children—for an automobile ride to Brighton Beach yesterday in a new car he bought a week ago. The car skidded, and, striking a curbstone at Van Sicklen and Belmont Avenues, turned over on its side.

The injured were: Mrs. Dorothy Nettler, 22 years old, abrased wound of the shoulder, and shock; Mrs. William Westereich and her three-year-old daughter Rose, bruises and shock; Mrs. Albert Bergman, 22 years old, lacerated wound of the cheek, contusions and shock; Mrs. Albert Weinstein, 20 years old, slight bruises.

Mrs. Weinstein and Mrs. Nettler managed to save their babies—nine-months-old Jesse Weinstein and ten-months-old Gynne Nettler—from injury. Nettler received a fracture of the right knee, severe contusions, and a cut hand. The automobile was wrecked. The injured were taken to their homes after being treated by Ambulance Surgeons Kinnard and Dunham of Bradford Street Hospital. They were called by Police Sergeants Kaiser and Ratsky of the Liberty Avenue Station, who witnessed the accident.

WILL INVESTIGATE TWO MORE ROADS

Rock Island and Pere Marquette Next on Interstate Commerce Board's Schedule.

ASKS AUTHORITY OF HOUSE

But Will Go Ahead, Anyhow, as Soon as New Haven Inquiry Is Disposed Of.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The Interstate Commerce Commission wants authority from the House before taking up its investigation into the affairs of the Pere Marquette and the Rock Island Railroad system, which it plans to commence as soon as the New Haven inquiry has been concluded. Chairman James M. Harlan of the commission, wrote a letter to this effect today to Representative W. C. Adamson of Georgia, Chairman of the House Interstate Commerce Committee, and suggested the advisability of the House adopting a resolution directing such action.

In his letter, however, Chairman Harlan gave notice that the inquiry would go ahead regardless of any legislation by the House as a body. The Interstate Commerce Committee, through Chairman Adamson, has already asked that the searchlight be turned in the direction of the two railroads mentioned, and the commission regards this as authorization sufficient.

Chairman Harlan's letter follows:

The commission, either upon the request of your committee or under any resolutions adopted by the House, will undertake an investigation of the Pere Marquette and the Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Companies, and carry the work to completion as rapidly as possible. From what was said in our conference this morning, I gathered the impression that my colleagues would prefer to act under resolutions by the House, but, as I have stated, we shall be glad, upon the request of your committee, to undertake the work.

In either event, it will be our endeavor, in order to avoid additional expense and duplication of work, to arrange to have our division of valuation conduct these examinations so far as practicable supplementing the work of that division, as may be required, but we hope to make arrangements to enter upon the work in the near future. To do this it may be necessary, in case the civil service lists do not meet our requirements, to ask Executive aid in the matter of appointment, without civil service examination, of a number of accountants. Should this prove to be necessary, the commission will make the request of the President in the usual manner, or we may ask your committee to make some expression to him in that connection.

The New Haven investigation is proceeding under a resolution adopted by the Senate. Resolutions calling for investigations of the Pere Marquette and the Rock Island, introduced in the House earlier in the present session, were referred to the Interstate Commerce Committee. This committee has taken no action with reference to the measures beyond that of suggesting to the Interstate Commerce Commission that the matter be taken up in connection with work already started by the commission.

W. ROCKEFELLER SILENT.

Announced That He Will Not Testify in New Haven Matter.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, May 25.—It was announced positively that William Rockefeller would not take the stand in the New Haven Railroad investigation.

While Mr. Rockefeller is in fair health, he has no power to speak. All his telephoning is done by clerks. When Mr. Rockefeller wants to talk he uses a pad and paper except on rare occasions.

He made the statement two years ago that the New Haven road was likely to go into bankruptcy because of the demands made on railroads by the public. He said that while the trolley lines and steamships might have been costly when bought by the New Haven, fifty years from now they would be of great value. It was on the future development of the New Haven that Mr. Morgan and Mr. Rockefeller were banking, Mr. Rockefeller said.

Although today was the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding, neither Mr. Rockefeller nor Mrs. Rockefeller was here to observe it. It is believed that the celebration was postponed because Mr. Rockefeller regrets the attitude toward him and other Directors taken by the New Haven railway investigation.

NEGRO SHOT DOWN IN CHASE

Crowd of 3,000 Menaces Policemen After a Pistol Fight.

As the result of a clash with two detectives, Alexander Thomas of 165 West 133d Street, a negro valet, is in Harlem Hospital with a bullet wound in his left side and is not expected to live. While Detectives Thomas Lawlor and Paul Schubert of Inspector Ryan's staff were walking on Lenox Avenue, near 134th Street, yesterday afternoon, the negro ran up to them excitedly and questioned them about having sent a friend of his to prison. He left them and, they alleged, returned in a few minutes waving a revolver in one hand and a bottle in the other.

As the detectives drew their revolvers a bullet whizzed by Lawlor's head. The negro fled under a volley of shots from the detectives and dodged into a saloon. As they entered after him he fired at them, they said, and ran out another door. A crowd of nearly 3,000 negroes had been attracted by the shots and menaced the detectives as they continued the pursuit. Patrolman Corley of the Lenox Avenue Station, joined them and the two fired more shots. Suddenly Thomas dropped to the sidewalk.

The crowd was so excited that Capt. Kuhne and reserves were called from the Lenox Station. Sidney Clarke, 109 West 132d Street, was seen on a roof with a piece of iron, which, the police said, he was about to throw at one of them. He was arrested on suspicion.

Fire in Wm. H. Moore's Library.

William H. Moore, a frequent exhibitor at the New York and London Horse Shows, was not at home last night when some rubbish and papers were being burned in the library grate on the second floor of his house, 4 East Fifty-fourth Street. A back draft down the chimney caused the room to fill with smoke. The windows were thrown up and a maid rushed out of the house and sent in an alarm of fire. When the firemen appeared they were not permitted to enter the house.

ROOSEVELT TO JUMP INTO FIGHT AT ONCE

Continued from Page 1.

Pennsylvania in 1903. Perhaps he would say that he dug the Panama Canal, too."

Col. Roosevelt will motor into New York tomorrow morning to catch the 10 o'clock Pennsylvania train for Washington. On his return from Washington he will be at Sagamore Hill until Saturday, when he will sail for Spain accompanied by his cousin, Philip Roosevelt, a son of W. Emlen Roosevelt.

CONFERENCE IN WASHINGTON.

Progressive Congressmen Will Tell Colonel the Situation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Col. Roosevelt's visit to Washington tomorrow, when he will be here ten hours, is expected in large degree to determine the course of the Congressional campaign this Summer and to have important bearing on the Presidential campaign of 1916. Col. Roosevelt's trip will be in fulfillment of an old promise to lecture upon his South American experiences before the National Geographic Society, that also got the first personal account of his adventures in Africa.

But interest here centres in a meeting between the Colonel and all the members of his party in Congress at the Progressive headquarters, following his address to the Geographic Society.

At that meeting the Colonel is expected to assume the unaccustomed rôle of listener. He will hear from every district and State represented by Progressives in either house and get a definite impression as to the attitude of his associates toward the coming campaign. With this information before him he will choose between centring Progressive attacks in the coming Congressional campaign on the Democrats in power, thus letting old wounds in the divided Republican party heal slowly, or to wage war on both, throwing his whole political fortune into the Progressive scales.

Whatever that decision may be, enough is known of his plans here to make it certain that he will be an aggressive factor this Summer. The feeling is growing in all quarters here that the ex-President must realize that his only hope of re-election as President in 1916 lies in the support not only of the Bull Moose faction, but of the old party from which it sprang. Recent by-elections have shown the Progressives dwindling all over the country, and dwindling to the vanishing point in many sections.

The schedule mapped out for Col. Roosevelt tomorrow is proof positive that his followers here do not think his fever up the Rio Teodoro seriously impaired his vitality. He is expected to reach Washington at 3:20 P. M., when he will be met at the Union Station by Gilbert H. Grosvenor, Director and Editor of the National Geographic Society; Dr. C. Hart Merriam, and others. They will escort him at once to the Smithsonian Institution, where the Colonel will view the mounted specimens obtained by his party in Africa.

Col. Roosevelt will then visit his rooms at the Willard Hotel before hurrying to a reception given in the Diplomatic Corps by Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, a regular Republican, but Col. Roosevelt's warm personal friend. Besides his host, who has collaborated with Col. Roosevelt in important literary work and who has been his friend for twenty years, the Colonel is particularly anxious to renew acquaintance with Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, who was best man at his wedding in London. Before that Col. Roosevelt had known Sir Cecil when he was attached to what was then the British Legation in Washington.

Big Ticket Sale for Lecture.

From the reception, if there is time, the Colonel may make a dash into the National Press Club, where he has many friends. At 6:30 he will be guest of honor at a dinner given by Mr. Grosvenor at the Willard. The lecture will begin promptly at 8:15 in the Convention Hall, the largest auditorium in Washington. To prevent disturbance, the doors will be closed for the evening at that hour. The capacity of the hall will be crowded to the utmost, a line having formed at the ticket office at 5 o'clock this morning that at 8 o'clock had extended almost two blocks.

The conference with all Progressive Congressmen and O. K. Davis, Secretary of the Progressive National Committee, will begin at headquarters as soon after the lecture as possible. That conference will in fact begin at Philadelphia on the Colonel's way South, as a committee of his political sympathizers will meet him there. The committee will consist of Senator Poindexter of Washington, the only Progressive in the upper house; Senator Clapp of Minnesota, a progressive Republican who reluctantly failed to follow Col. Roosevelt's open revolt two years ago, and Representative Hinebaugh of Illinois, Chairman of the Progressive Congressional Committee. Representative Murdock, leader of the Progressive Party in the House, has already conferred with the Colonel.

There is a good deal of excited gossip about the possibility of Col. Roosevelt having heart-to-heart talks with Republican leaders looking to an ultimate amalgamation of the two parties two years hence. But aside from Mr. Clapp, who is scarcely a Republican at all, and Mr. Lodge, who will be his host at a gay and crowded gathering where serious conversation will be impossible, it is difficult to see how time could be found for such conferences, even if the Colonel desired them.

Your socks are smooth if you wear this New Garter

No rubber in the leg band, and just tension enough in front to make them fit.
No drag on the leg, but constant lift on the socks.
Weighs less than half an ounce.
25 cents at any furnisher.

NEVERBIND Boston Garter
PATENTED 1913
George Frost Company
Makers of Boston Garters

Now is the Saksological moment

¶ Today, Tuesday, May the 26th, Saks clothes are better than they ever have been—more liberal in assortment—more diversified in selections—more exclusive in fabrics—choicer clean through in models, materials and making—designed on more distinctive lines—cut with a finer eye—tailored with a subtler hand—finished with greater precision—more individual from collar to heel—and in a score-and-one ways superior to anything we have ever done in a lifetime of tailoring to critical men.

¶ And today above all days, now, in the early Summer of your choosing—*now is the saksological moment* to desert the mediocre average for the charm, the style, and the individuality of Saks-made cloths.

Suits..... $17.50 to $45
Overcoats..... $15.00 to $38

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Get a Saks Mendel Wardrobe Trunk

¶ This Summer you are going away on a vacation—you know what happened last year—you reached your destination with all your belongings creased and generally rendered unfit for immediate wear—also, you forgot several things which it was most annoying to be without—don't let it happen again—get a Saks Mendel Wardrobe Trunk.

And get it today!

¶ This wonderful trunk is a bureau and a wardrobe rolled into one—it has hangers for 18 to 20 gowns, or 8 to 12 men's suits—it has half a dozen drawers—it has small compartments for the little bits of things that are so easy to lose—and the woman's model has a special compartment for millinery—and thus, besides keeping your entire apparel in perfect condition, it also obviates the danger of your forgetting things, for every drawer and every hanger suggests some item of apparel which you might otherwise forget.

$25 to $150
but specializing at
$35, $50 & $65

Saks & Company
Broadway, at 34th Street

HOME RULE PASSES AND ULSTER IS QUIET

Continued from Page 1.

end of an act has been reached it is not the end of the play, and the final act will take place in the country, where the play will no longer be a farce."

The Morning Post likewise declares that though the Home Rule bill will now go on the statute book, its operation cannot be enforced without a general election.

Acclaim Ireland's Victory.

The Liberal papers hail the passage of the bill as the penultimate stage of Ireland's struggle for autonomy.

The Daily Chronicle says: "Only a few weeks of formality now stand between Ireland and the setting up of a new Union founded on mutual respect and good will. Ireland has at last won her freedom. The stone has been rolled away from her tomb, and no power on earth can now prevent the resurrection of her long pent-up spirit."

The Daily News says: "In all quarters it is agreed that the bill will shortly receive the royal assent. Mr. Bonar Law's admissions dispose of the idea either that the veto of the Crown will be revived or that the Peers by some technical flaw in the Parliamentary act will still be able to hold up the measure."

As the bill was carried to the House of Lords yesterday Nationalist Members of Parliament trooped behind the clerk carrying it, in a jubilant procession. One member came back to the Commons shouting, "It's all right, boys. We've seen the bill safely there."

Refused to Debate the Bill.

LONDON, May 25.—In the House of Lords an effort will be made, by means of an amending bill, to bring the Home Rule measure into a shape which will obtain for it the good will of all classes of Irishmen.

The end of the struggle came quite suddenly, the Unionists refusing to debate the bill without further information as to the Government's intentions in regard to the proposed amending measure.

Premier Asquith lifted a corner of the veil, but though Andrew Bonar Law, the leader of the opposition, admitted that the Premier's words were as conciliatory as usual, he hastened to add that Mr. Asquith had not really said anything. To discuss the third reading under the circumstances would, Mr. Bonar Law declared, be futile and ridiculous.

The House was seething with excitement from the moment the Speaker took the chair. Members of the various parties indulged in loud outbursts of cheering when their respective champions entered the Chamber, while at the same time mocking banter was shouted from the opposite benches.

Mr. Gonzoni, the Unionist who on Saturday defeated C. F. G. Masterman, the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, in the bye-election at Ipswich, this being the second time Mr. Masterman had been defeated in a bye-election since his appointment, met with such an uproarious welcome on his introduction that he appeared glad to escape from the limelight.

The Right Hon. James Lowther, the Speaker, took an early opportunity to apply balm to the sores left by the violent incidents of last Thursday. He frankly admitted that he should not have used the expression he did when he asked Mr. Bonar Law whether he approved of the disorderly demonstration by the Unionist members.

The Speaker then appealed to the Premier to give the House some information regarding the bill to be introduced after the passage of the Irish Home Rule bill for the amendment of that measure, so as to meet some of the objections of the people of Ulster.

In response to the Speaker's plea, Premier Asquith announced that the amending bill would give effect to any agreement which the Government was still hopeful might be reached. He said that if at the time of the introduction of the Irish Home Rule bill to the House of Lords no such agreement had been reached, the amending bill would embody the substance of the proposals outlined by him on March 9 in the hope that after discussion an agreement might be secured.

On March 9 Premier Asquith told the House of Commons that before the bill became operative a poll would be taken of the Parliamentary electors of each county of Ulster to decide whether those counties should be excluded from the provisions of the Irish Home Rule bill for a period of six years from the first meeting of the new Irish Parliament. If the majority of the voters were in favor of the scheme the county would automatically be excluded for the prescribed period.

Mr. Asquith defended the Government against the charge of ignoring the rights of the minority, and explained that he was introducing an amending bill not because he thought that the Irish home rule measure was bad or imperfect, but because he was anxious for peace.

Mr. Bonar Law said in his reply:

"Let the curtain ring down on this contemptible farce. It is only the end of an act, and not of the play. The Government can carry the bill through Parliament, but the concluding act of the drama will be in the country, where an appeal to the people will not end in a farce."

Mr. Bonar Law then remarked that when the Government was unable to obtain a seat in Parliament for a member of the Cabinet (meaning Mr. Masterman) an appeal to the country was not far off.

The vote was then taken, and the announcement of the figures, showing a majority of seventy-seven for the bill, brought out a great demonstration by the Nationalists and Liberals. As one man they rose from their seats, cheering and waving hats and handkerchiefs.

Division On Party Lines.

The division was taken strictly on party lines. The followers of William O'Brien abstained from voting, Mr. O'Brien expressing the view that "the Premier's action was not straight dealing either with England or Ireland."

The Home Rule bill was subsequently sent up to the House of Lords. It was accompanied by a group of jubilant Nationalists, who escorted the official bearer of the bill and sang "God Save Ireland."

The House of Lords afterward formally read the bill a first time. The real fight on the measure in that chamber will begin in the middle of June, after the Whitsuntide holiday.

Members and spectators filled the House of Commons to its utmost capacity today. All the seats in the peers' and strangers' galleries were occupied. Many members of the foreign Diplomatic Corps were present.

Outside the House great crowds gathered to await the result of the debate.

PROVISIONS OF THE BILL.

Irish Parliament's Disabilities—42 Members to Westminster.

The Irish Home Rule bill, which passed the House of Commons for the third time yesterday, and which will now become law whether the House of Lords assents to it or not, contains the following provisions:

The creation of a Senate of forty members and a House of Commons of 164 members.

The Irish Parliament cannot legislate on peace or war, the navy, the army, or any naval or military force; on foreign relations, on trade outside Ireland, (except certain defined taxation,) on the coinage, or on legal tender.

The Parliament cannot make any law either directly or indirectly establishing or endowing any religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or give preference, privilege, or advantage or impose any disability or disadvantage on account of religious belief or religious or ecclesiastical status, or make any religious belief or religious ceremony a condition of the validity of any marriage.

Temporary restrictions are placed on legislation as to land purchase, old-age pensions, national insurance, labor exchanges, the Royal Irish Constabulary, Post Office and other savings banks, and friendly societies.

The Executive remains invested in the sovereign or in his representative.

Forty-two members will be sent from Ireland to the Imperial House of Commons. One hundred and three are now sent to Westminster.

The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council is to give the final decision as to the constitutional validity of any act of the Irish Parliament.

The Irish Exchequer is to defray the cost of the Irish Administration, except for reserved services mentioned in the foregoing.

The Imperial Exchequer is to pay an annual sum to the Irish Exchequer, starting with $2,500,000 and eventually, after six years, becoming a permanent payment of $1,000,000 annually.

SEND WOMEN TO CURRAGH.

Dependents of Regiment at Newry Moved—No Rioting So Far.

NEWRY, Ireland, May 25.—Col. Turner, commanding the infantry regiment stationed here, on receipt of urgent orders to-night sent all the women and children of the regiment to the Curragh Camp.

It was Brig. Gen. Gough, in command of the Curragh Camp, who refused to take command in Ulster last March, and who finally received written guarantees from Colonel Seely, the Secretary of State for War, which finally resulted in the resignation of that Minister.

BELFAST, May 25.—Up to a late hour tonight everything was quiet here. There was no demonstration of any kind.

DUBLIN, May 25.—There was no demonstration here tonight on the passage of the Home Rule bill.

Bonfires and other patriotic demonstrations were reported from various towns. All were of an orderly character.

CORK, May 25.—Great enthusiasm was aroused here tonight when the news arrived that the Home Rule bill had passed the House of Commons.

Bands paraded and the streets were illuminated with torches and blazing barrels.

There was no disorder.

LONDONDERRY, May 25.—No demonstration occurred here over the passage of the Home Rule Bill.

Tonight the streets are absolutely quiet.

M. J. RYAN HOPEFUL.

News Delights President of United Irish League of America.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25.—City Solicitor Michael J. Ryan, President of the United Irish League of America, who has long been in the forefront of the battle for Home Rule, waged largely with American money, was overjoyed at the news from London today. He said:

"I have been battling for Home Rule for a generation, and mere words fail to express my joy.

"I believe that self-government will mean not only peace, prosperity, and happiness for Ireland, but will be of advantage to all the world."

IRISH IN CHICAGO JUBILANT.

Large Delegation Will Attend Opening of Dublin Parliament.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 25.—Irishmen of this city were jubilant tonight when they received the news that the House of Commons had passed the Home Rule bill.

"That is fine news," said Michael Flynn, City Treasurer. "All liberty-loving Englishmen should rejoice at the patriotic spirit displayed by the members of the British Parliament."

Capt. Charles Ffrench, ex-President of the Irish Fellowship Club, said: "Irishmen all over the world will rejoice over the news. In Chicago, probably more than in any other city in the United States, the fight has been enthusiastically followed, and the victory is sure of a tremendous welcome here."

Dr. J. J. Killeen said: "As a proof of the optimism of the Irish, the old Parliament House, where 118 years ago the last Parliament sat, today stands ready for the new Parliament. Not a chair has been removed, not a decoration on the walls has been changed."

Judge Joseph E. Ryan, Vice President of the United Irish Societies, said: "In the past our society has sent $11,000 to aid in the great work, and we are arranging to send a large delegation of Chicago Irishmen to Ireland in the Spring of 1915, when the new Parliament will open in Dublin."

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THE J. & M. SHOE
NEW HAVEN, CONN.
OPP VANDERBILT HALL.

WHY Trust Companies advertise the risk of selecting a friend executor of your will on the basis of his good intentions and sterling character.

This applies to women as well as men.

The Answer On Request.

Thos. P. Spencer
149 Broadway New York

Note: IT MUST BE IMPORTANT

This message, printed last Fall, was retained by business men and answered months later.

MORGAN ADMITS OUSTING MELLEN

Continued from Page 1.

cluded their compensation for handling, alone or in connection with others, securities of the par value of $333,000,000.

"The records of my firm and the personal records of my father are still intact; they are available and ready for production before any proper tribunal at any time.

"In the present state of the New Haven's affairs the shareholders are entitled to have made public every obtainable bit of evidence bearing not on one but on all sides of the question. Meanwhile, the honest and capable man now managing the railroad should have the active co-operation not only of all shareholders, but of all public bodies as well, to the end that this great property may be restored to the position to which it is entitled."

The principal matter in respect of which Mr. Mellen testified that Mr. Morgan kept him in the dark was the expenditure of $11,000,000 of the New Haven Railroad's money in the acquisition of the New York, Westchester & Boston electric road. Mr. Mellen said he protested to Mr. Morgan that a more detailed report should be made on this transaction, and that he was brusquely snubbed for doing so. The Directors, he said, meekly approved the brief report and the expenditure, and then went to him for explanations he could not furnish, which humiliated him greatly.

As to his leaving the road, Mr. Mellen testified that he was "practically fired" by the present J. P. Morgan.

The deal with the Grand Trunk was the one for which Mr. Mellen, E. J. Chamberlain, President of the Grand Trunk, and A. W. Smithers, its Chairman, were indicted. In his testimony Mr. Mellen said he "took the indictment that belonged to Mr. Morgan," and quoted the present Mr. Morgan as saying that in his father's condition of health at the time an indictment undoubtedly would have killed him."

"He Doesn't Know," Mellen Replies

The gist of Mr. Morgan's statement was read over the telephone to Mr. Mellen in New Haven. He said there could be no controversy between one man testifying under oath to what took place at meetings of the New Haven board and an "indefinite statement" by a man who was not present.

"One of them," Mr. Mellen said, "swears to certain things and the other says in effect that he doesn't know of them. Everybody knows that the elder Morgan spent much time in Europe, but the minutes of the Directors' meetings will show when he was present. It is easy enough to look at the vote by which the Westchester deal was approved, to call the Directors who were present and ascertain what they knew about the transaction. Which is better, to take the word of the Directors who were present or that of a man who was not?"

"Nobody knows," it was suggested, "what the other Directors will say about the affair."

"I do," said Mr. Mellen. "They will tell the truth. The younger Morgan doesn't know himself nor does anybody else know what the Westchester Road cost or where the money went. To this day the Directors do not know.

"Compare Mr. Morgan's statement with my testimony; remember that mine was under oath—and I'm old enough to know what an oath means—and that I named witnesses, and I believe that with the people of the country my testimony will hold water against an indefinite statement like his. I will leave it to the decent people of the country, and I think I know what inference will be drawn."

Regarding Mr. Morgan's statement that his father did not "interfere actively in the management of the New Haven," Mr. Mellen said he had never said Mr. Morgan did.

COMMISSION MAY ACCEPT.

Mr. Morgan Likely to be Asked to Submit Firm's Records.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Former Gov. Joseph Folk of Missouri, chief counsel for the Interstate Commerce Commission, who is conducting the investigation into the affairs of the New Haven system, tonight refused to comment on the statements of J. Pierpont Morgan about the recent testimony of Charles S. Mellen.

There is every reason to expect Mr. Morgan's offer of the books and records of his firm will be eagerly accepted by the commission. Tonight there seems less eagerness to meet Mr. Morgan's willingness to tell all he knows by inviting him as a witness, but his suggested offer may be accepted if his statement suggests that he can throw light on the investigation, which will be renewed at the Willard Hotel tomorrow.

While no definite limit has been set, the understanding of the Commissioners was that the inquiry would come down only to when Mr. Mellen retired from the Presidency of the road. That was before young Mr. Morgan entered the directorate. If it should appear likely that Mr. Morgan knew from his father events prior to his entering the directorate he probably would be summoned. An official closely in touch with the commission said tonight that Mr. Morgan's offer of the firm's books and records was extremely interesting. He seemed to think that without his offer the commission might not be able to reach the books.

The failure of the Massachusetts Legislature to act on the amicable agreement reached by Attorney General McReynolds and Howard Elliott, the New Haven road's new head, is seriously worrying the Administration, which has regarded the agreement as one of its great peaceful victories. Today the subject was discussed thoroughly at the White House by President Wilson and Mr. McReynolds.

Following their conference it was announced that the Attorney General had wired to Gov. Walsh of Massachusetts inviting him to come to Washington Wednesday to discuss the situation. The Governor will be told that unless the Legislature enacts the necessary bill to make the agreement effective the Federal Government will have to proceed with its delayed suit in equity. It is understood that such a move would be widely regretted in New England.

It is said to be unlikely that Charles W. Morse will testify in the investigation. Mr. Morse has written the commission suggesting that the opportunity to afforded him, but the commission is said to feel that Mr. Morse could throw no important light on the subjects of the investigation.

An attorney and physician, representing Morton F. Plant, one of the New Haven Directors, informed the commission to-day that Mr. Plant was ill at his home in Groton, Conn. Mr. Plant is under subpoena and his testimony may be taken later.

An agent of the commission investigating the physical condition of William Rockefeller, whose testimony also is desired, reported today that he had made an appointment to see Mr. Rockefeller and would report as soon as practicable.

No definite arrangements have been made for the hearing to be resumed tomorrow, but Chief Counsel Folk says he will have witnesses prepared to testify.

BOSTON, May 25.—Press of duties may prevent Gov. Walsh going to Washington for a conference with President Wilson regarding the legislation to be sought in this State to make the New Haven dissolution plan effective, his secretary, John F. Meaney, said tonight. Should Gov. Walsh be unable to make the trip he plans to learn the President's wishes by correspondence before he frames his message to the Legislature asking for the enabling legislation.

Indisputable Travel Money

When traveling in Europe you cannot stop to argue over the acceptance of your funds. Be on the safe side and use American Express Travelers Cheques. No argument is necessary.

For 24 years American Express Travelers Cheques have been cashed throughout the world by banks and accepted generally by leading hotels, merchants and transportation companies. Experienced travelers know that they mean immediate money.

Issued in convenient denominations from $10 to $200. Apply for information at the nearest American or National Express office, or at your bank.

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Eccentric Originality In Lieu of Style

OPERATIC stars and artists have a license in dress which no one questions.

* *

They may invent their own collars, their own lapels—and still be excused.

* *

The fashionable custom tailor has no such license. He sticks close to the path of authenticated style.

The venturesome cutter of ready-made clothes, however, frequently permits his imagination to cut capers.

* *

He CRAVES "originality."

* *

Weber and Heilbroner ready-to-wear clothes are distinguished for their faithful following of the really fashionable custom tailor's product.

* *

They are unobtrusively in style—quiet and dignified, without a single eccentric line or pocket flap.

Suits, $20 to $45.

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A simple rule—simply followed also in our haberdashery and hats.

Largest Distributors of Manhattan Shirts.

Weber and Heilbroner
Eleven Stores
241 Broadway 369 Broadway 757 Broadway 1185 Broadway 44th and Broadway
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Clothes at 27 New, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th & Broadway, 42d & 5th Av.

CIGARETTES
There is no Substitute
20 for 25¢

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
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On April 24, 1799, public subscription books for the stock of the Manhattan Company were opened, and by May 15 the entire $2,000,000 had been subscribed.

The Company began with several thousand shareholders and the wide distribution of its stock has always made for the stability and independence which have characterized its management.

Capital $2,050,000
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NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

over

Decoration Day

Niagara Falls
$10 via West Shore R. R.
$11.25 via New York Central
Tickets on sale May 28 for trains at 6.00 p. m. and thereafter; 29, and morning trains of May 30. Returning to June 1.

Catskill Mountains
One way fare for round trip via West Shore R. R. Tickets on sale May 29 and 30, good returning until June 1.

West Shore R. R.
One way fare, plus 10 cents, for round trip to all points between New York and Albany. Good going May 30, good returning until June 1; also Sunday May 24, and every Sunday and Holiday during this summer.

Adirondack and Green Mts. 1000 Islands
One way fare plus $2.00 for round trip. Tickets on sale May 29 to June 13, good returning within 30 days.

Harlem Division
Summer Home Seekers' tickets are on sale at one way fare, plus 10 cents, for round trip to Pleasantville and points north on May 30. Returning to June 1.

Special Fare Bulletins
giving full particulars of Holiday Excursions, may be obtained of New York Central ticket agents, or address: Travel Bureau, Grand Central Terminal, New York.
New York 'Phone, 6310 Madison
Brooklyn 'Phone, 167 Main

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PIANOS
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IT is now necessary to act on an important matter in connection with your piano to conform with certain new regulations in New York.

Full particulars on post-card request to Room 301, No. 505 Fifth Avenue, New York.

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Correct for Summer 1914
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Oldest Brand in America
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N.Y.

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PERHAPS YOU'RE LOADED?

Many of us carry around three days' old food in our system and then wonder why we have headaches, dizziness, and dull, stupid languor. An occasional flushing out of the entire system is more necessary than brushing the teeth, washing the face or taking a bath. If you are loaded with food, take Hercules Water—it does just as it says—it lifts the load. It's nature's boon from across the seas. Infallible, mild, the perfect aperient. At your druggist or Eisner-Mendelson, New York.

TRANSATLANTIC CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

ALFONSO WOULD PLAY POLO HERE

Tells Panama Fair Envoy He'd Like Nothing Better, "But They Won't Let Me."

SPAIN WILL SEND TEAMS

France to be Represented Also—Wimborne, Westminster and Buckmaster Fours Likely to Join.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 25.—Barring accident, Walter Buckmaster's famous polo team, Lord Wimborne's internationals and a quartet led by the Duke of Westminster are almost certain to be seen in action in the course of the international polo tournament at the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco next year, according to J. Cheever Cowdin, one of two Polo Commissioners of the fair, who came over here for the purpose of obtaining foreign representation in polo.

Mr. Cowdin, who has just returned from Madrid, where he had a successful flying visit, including an interview with King Alfonso, said:

"Spain will be represented at San Francisco by certainly one, and probably two or more polo teams. I found the Spanish poloists, including King Alfonso and the Duke of Alva, most enthusiastic about the Panama-Pacific tournament, and they promised to lend their support.

"Among the Spanish representation in Paris, too, I found much interest in the tournament. French poloists are enthusiastic, and France is going to be represented by several teams. Our work in England has been gratifying and successful. Mr. Buckmaster has been telling his friends he is going to take his team to San Francisco. Lord Wimborne also said he was coming, while the Duke of Westminster confided to friends that he was going to take a team to the international tournament.

"The Duke de Penaranda, who sailed with Lord Wimborne's team on the Carmania and who is the best polo player in Spain, promised to take out one or two teams. I had a most interesting experience at Madrid. I ran over to have an interview with King Alfonso to enlist his co-operation, but could stay there only two days. Everybody told me I would have to stick around a month before I could hope to get to the King through the regular channels. I am sailing for America in a couple of days, so I got busy and pulled about seventeen different wires. The result was I saw King Alfonso the next morning, twenty-four hours after my arrival. I caught him on the polo field just as he finished playing nine periods in round robin fashion with three different teams.

"The King impressed me as an excellent polo player and curiously enough the side he was on won every time, but the other players all treated him the same as one of themselves, showed him no favors because he was the King, pressed him hard, and never pulled up. Alfonso showed the keenest interest when I explained my mission, and said he would talk with the Duke of Alva, and if the latter thought well of it he thought they could get together and send over a couple of Spanish teams. I told him I had already seen the Duke of Alva, who thought well of the idea. That settled it. The King promptly became a patron of the international tournament. I asked the King if he would not come over and play polo at San Francisco. Alfonso replied heartily: 'I'd like nothing better,' then added whimsically, 'but you see they won't let me.'"

Mr. Cowdin sails for America on the new steamship Aquitania on Saturday.

HOPE TO IMPROVE SERUMS.

Scientists Expect Great Benefits from the Analysis of Alexin.

PARIS, May 25.—A discovery which in the opinion of scientists may lead to the preparation of serums conferring immunity from many of the contagious diseases was communicated to the Academy of Sciences tonight by Prof. A. d'Arsonval, member of the Institute and of the Academy of Medicine. It is the result of several years' experimenting by Dr. J. Tissot of the Natural History Museum on the constituents of serums.

For many years the unknown substance in serums, which has been named alexin and which has the property of destroying pathogenic germs or neutralizing their effects, has been the object of minute investigation, but its nature was never determined until Dr. Tissot succeeded in analyzing the substance and ascertaining the exact effect of each element contained in it.

The knowledge thus attained, it is believed, will make possible the preparation of more effective serums for use in diphtheria and tetanus and will open the way for further research into immunity against other contagious diseases for the treatment of which no adequate serums have yet been devised.

EUROPE MAY CURB ALBANIA.

Intervention as in Boxer Rebellion Considered by Italy.

ROME, May 25.—Intervention by all the European powers in Albania has been under discussion by the Italian Government on the same basis as intervention in China at the time of the Boxer rising, when Count von Waldersee was Commander in Chief of the European forces in that country.

Italy has always opposed the idea of intervention in Albania being limited to Austria and Italy, while the Triple Entente, comprising Great Britain, France, and Russia, was opposed to intervention by the whole of Europe. Russia has come over to the Italian view and the opinion is held here in official quarters that possibly Great Britain and France may agree.

Howard Gould Takes Dunkeld House

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 25.—Howard Gould has again taken Dunkeld House, one of the Duke of Atholl's places in Perthshire, for the shooting season.

"EL MOCHO" VANISHES.

Hernandez Believed to be on Way to Venezuela from Trinidad.

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, May 25.—Gen. José Manuel Hernandez, the Venezuelan revolutionary leader, who is known as "El Mocho," has disapeared from here and is understood to have gone to Venezuela. It is assumed that in order to carry out his daring enterprise he took advantage of the temporary absence of the Venezuelan war vessels, which had been detailed to watch the coast since the discovery of the presence of Gen. Cipriano Castro.

The avowed purpose of Gen. Hernandez is to start a revolution against the Government controlled by Juan Vicente Gomez, who recently temporarily retired from the Presidency so as to qualify for re-election for another term of four years.

Hernandez, who is regarded as leader of the National Liberal Party in Venezuela, issued a manifesto from Venezuelan waters urging his countrymen to take up arms against the Government. There was much excitement among the Venezuela refugee colony here on the news of the departure of Hernandez becoming known, and the opinion was expressed that important developments might be expected soon. Gen. Hernandez had been here since April 22, when he arrived from New York with the intention of proceeding to Venezuela.

ICEBERG GRAZES A LINER.

The Royal Edward Said in One Dispatch to be Slightly Damaged.

LONDON, May 25.—The liner Royal Edward of the Canadian Northern Steamship Company collided with an iceberg 110 miles to the east of Cape Race while on her voyage from Montreal to Avonmouth.

The Captain, in a wireless message to the owners today, described the iceberg as a very large one and said that the steamer struck it end on while going dead slow in a dense fog.

The Royal Edward's stem, it was added, was twisted by the blow, and she was making a little water in the forespeak. The Captain declared that the damage was not serious, and that it would be necessary only to dock her on her arrival in England.

A later message says the Royal Edward is making no water, but that she has been brought to a stop in the fog.

Neither of the messages is dated.

MUSICA AGENT ARRESTED.

L. H. Chapira Held in Paris, Charged with Misappropriating $225,000.

PARIS, May 25.—Leon Hanz Chapira, who was the Paris representative of A. Musica & Son, a New York hair importing house, was arrested to-day on the complaint of the assignee of the Musica firm, charged with the misappropriation of $225,000.

For some time Ezra P. Prentice, receiver for the Musica firm, has had a representative in Paris working to straighten out the tangled affairs of the concern. Mr. Chapira was one of its French agents, but information as to his exact connection with its affairs was refused last night. Assistant District Attorney William Dean Embree, who is in charge of the criminal proceedings connected with the failure, stated that he had nothing to do with the arrest and had not been informed that it had taken place.

DIVORCES IRVING SELIGER.

Ray Beveridge, American Actress, Obtains Decree in England.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 25.—A decree of absolute divorce was granted today to Mrs. Irving Seliger, formerly Ray Beveridge, an American actress, sister of Kuhne Beveridge, the sculptor. The couple have no children, and the petition was for the annulment of the marriage.

Medical evidence for the defense was admitted, but the Divorce Court granted the annulment, Mr. Justice Henry Bargrave Deane pronouncing the decree absolute.

ARRESTED CLEMENT-BAYARD

Cologne Police Accused Him and Companions of Being Spies.

PARIS, May 25.—Clement-Bayard, the well-known manufacturer and patron of aviation meets, made a formal complaint to the Government today with regard to the arrest last Thursday of himself and three friends at Cologne.

The German police accused the four men of being spies, and after detaining them for thirty-four hours, it is asserted, released them without any explanation or apology.

The Foreign Office promised to investigate the incident and to ask redress of the German Government.

PROF. HAZARD TO VISIT US.

To Lecture at Columbia—Prof. Angell's Appointment Approved.

PARIS, May 25.—The Council of the University of Paris today designated Prof. Paul Hazard to occupy the Chair of French Literature at Columbia University.

It formally approved the nomination of Prof. James R. Angell of the University of Chicago as lecturer at the Sorbonne in 1915.

POPE SEES DANGER IN DEMAGOGUES

Says Social Peace Now Is in Hands of the People Instead of Their Rulers.

CREATES 13 CARDINALS

Rt. Rev. F. A. Gasquet, Head of English Benedictines, and Mgr. Begin of Quebec Promoted.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 25.—The consistory held at the Vatican today, when thirteen Cardinals were created, was one of the most imposing that have marked the pontificate of Pius X.

In his allocution he referred to "men of distinction and force planning schemes for preventing the calamities of revolutions and the slaughter of war and for insuring the blessings of peace," and this, coupled with the fact that he spoke at length with Cardinals Gibbons, Farley, and O'Connell, was interpreted as referring to the efforts of President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan to avert war.

Notwithstanding the fatiguing ceremony, the Pope appeared bright and alert.

By The Associated Press.

ROME, May 25.—At a secret consistory held at the Vatican this morning Pope Pius created thirteen new Cardinals. A number of Archbishops and Bishops from various countries also were confirmed in their Sees.

At the same time official announcement was made of the creation of Mgr. Bello, Patriarch of Lisbon, as Cardinal. His name had been reserved "in pectore" at the consistory of 1911.

The ceremony, which was accompanied by all the brilliance usual on such occasions at the Vatican, was preceded by a short allocution, after which the names of the new Cardinals were announced, as follows:

Mgr. Louis Nazaire Begin, Archbishop of Quebec, Canada.
Mgr. V. Guisasola y Menendez, Archbishop of Toledo, Spain.
Mgr. Domenico Serafini, Assessor of the Congregation of the Holy Office.
Mgr. della Chiesa, Archbishop of Bologna, Italy.
Mgr. John Csernock, Archbishop of Esztergon, Hungary.
Mgr. Hector Irenee Sevin, Archbishop of Lyons, France.
Mgr. Francis von Bettinger, Archbishop of Munich, Bavaria.
Mgr. Felix von Hartmann, Archbishop of Cologne, Germany.
Mgr. F. G. Piffl, Archbishop of Vienna, Austria.
Mgr. Philipp Giustini, Secretary of the Congregation of the Sacraments.
Mgr. Michael Lega, Dean of the Tribunal of the Rota.
Mgr. Scipio Tecchi, Assessor of the Consistorial Congregation.
The Right Rev. Francis Aidan Gasquet, President of the English Benedictines.

Cardinal Francis della Volpe was appointed to the office of Chamberlain, in which position he will direct the affairs of the Church during the conclave. Cardinal Diomede Falconio, formerly Apostolic Delegate in the United States, also was raised to the rank of Chamberlain.

Among the Archbishops and Bishops preconized were Mgr. Henry Althoff, nominated Bishop of Belleville, Ill.; Mgr. Edward Koziowski, Auxiliary Bishop of Milwaukee; the Right Rev. Michael J. Curley, Bishop of St. Augustine, and the Right Rev. J. M. Koudelka, Bishop of Superior, Wis.

The Pontiff was surrounded by all the members of the Sacred College living in Rome and by those who are now here, including Cardinals Gibbons, Farley, and O'Connell. His allocution was a strong appeal for political and social peace through the restoration of religion and the influence of the Church. He recalled the Constantinian Jubilee when he said:

"The whole world seems to lift up the Cross of Christ as the sole source of peace and salvation for struggling humanity. Now especially men desire peace when class is against class, nations against nations, and peoples against peoples, and war may break out as the result of rivalries daily becoming more bitter.

"Men of distinction and force are planning for their nations and for humanity schemes for preventing the calamities of revolutions and the slaughter of war and for insuring the blessings of peace. This is a noble project, but their schemes will bear little fruit unless they insure that the precepts of justice and Christian charity take deep root in the hearts of men.

"Today the question whether the State or civil society shall be at peace or in turbulence is in the hands of the peoples instead of those of the rulers. If the peoples' minds be robbed of the truth imparted by Divine revelation, and if their will be unaccustomed to the restraint and discipline of Christian law, what wonder if, consumed by blind passion, they rush headlong to the common ruin to which they are driven by cunning demagogues seeking only their own profit?

"The assistance of the Church as the guardian of justice and charity and the mistress of truth is therefore the most efficacious for the common weal. It is regrettable that the opposite often occurs, but the Church, like Christ, does good and receives injuries in return. The Divine help will never fail us. We have Christ for a pledge and history for a witness."

The allocution ended by recalling that one hundred years ago Pius VII. triumphantly returned to Rome from contumelies and captivity and was received with the applause of the world.

Immediately after the conclusion of the secret consistory, the Pontifical master of ceremonies, accompanied by the Secretary of Cardinal Merry del Val and the Secretary of the Apostolic Chancellery, visited each of the new Cardinals and handed him his formal notice of appointment.

Each of the newly created Princes of the Church was surrounded by a crowd of friends.

Cardinal Gasquet, the English Benedictine, delivered an address, in which he said he regarded himself as representing in Rome not only England, but Ireland, Wales and Scotland, and "if not altogether too ambitious I can claim, after my recent visit to the United States, to be partly American, as I can count upon the true and affectionate regard of many people in that great republic."

MILITANTS HISS THE KING.

Cry "Shoot Him!" at Meeting of Women's Union in London.

LONDON, May 25.—Shouts of "Shoot the King"! filled the hall in which a meeting of the Women's Social and Political Union, the militant suffragette organization, was held this afternoon. Every mention of King George's name was greeted with angry derision and prolonged hissing.

Mrs. Mildred Ella Mansel, who served a term of imprisonment for breaking windows at the War Office, presided at the gathering. She alluded to the scenes at Buckingham Palace on Thursday when fifty-seven suffragists, including Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, were arrested at the park gate, and declared that both the royal name and the royal office had been disgraced.

The speaker announced that quite a number of contributions had been received following the recent activities of the militants. One Glasgow woman sent $5,000.

"Some day an exasperated crowd will break into a procession of militants. What will then happen to you women nobody knows at present. You have to thank the police for being alive; you owe them a debt of gratitude."

Magistrate Hopkins of the Bow Street Police Court thus addressed a suffragette who had applied for a summons against an unknown man who, she declared, had struck her in the face when the crowd rushed the suffragette meeting in Hyde Park Sunday afternoon and the police came to the women's rescue.

The Magistrate's warning is well founded, for public exasperation against the militants was never before so high. Their attacks on the King have done more to intensify it than their acts of incendiarism and vandalism, for the English are an intensely loyal people. Were it not for the protection afforded them by the police they would be unable to hold public meetings anywhere without the risk of being badly hurt. Apparently all that is needed, in the opinion of some observers, for the suppression of militarism is the withdrawal of police protection from the militants.

It is certain that the closing of the public art galleries because of a renewal of the suffragettes' outrages has increased the resentment against them. The National Gallery, the Tate Gallery and other important art collections are now closed. At the British Museum women are admitted only by ticket, while in several of the big provincial cities the authorities have followed the example of London and closed galleries and museums.

Miss May Richardson, who was sentenced to six months' imprisonment last March for slashing the "Rokeby Venus" and who was released and then rearrested on May 20 after undergoing an operation for appendicitis, was released tonight from Holloway Jail. She had been on a hunger and thirst "strike" and was in a serious condition.

PLANT TO WED IN AUGUST.

Mrs. Manwaring Announces Her Engagement to the Yachtsman.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 25.—Mrs. Mae Cadwell Manwaring consented today to the publication of an announcement of her engagement to Mr. Morton F. Plant, formerly Commodore of the New York Yacht Club. She said she had agreed with Mr. Plant that an immediate announcement was the best answer to rumors and inquiries caused by their appearance at several places in New York City last week.

Mrs. Manwaring is living with her mother, Mrs. Rowena Cadwell, in this city, and she said the marriage would take place on or about Aug. 12 at her mother's home, and would be very quiet. She said she had been opposed to an early announcement of the engagement, but that while she was in New York she was seen with Mr. Plant and his son Henry so many times that Mr. Plant decided the best way to answer all rumors concerning an approaching marriage was to make a formal announcement.

The honeymoon will be spent in Europe or aboard Mr. Plant's yacht, the Theima, which will be brought up the Connecticut River and anchored off Hartford.

Mr. Plant met Mrs. Manwaring while she was the wife of Selden Manwaring, proprietor of a Summer hotel near New London. She obtained a divorce here last month.

APPEAL FOR FRANK RE-TRIAL

Up Before Georgia Supreme Court To-day—Burns License Revoked.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 25.—An appeal to the Supreme Court of Georgia for a new trial for Leo M. Frank, on the charge of having murdered 14-year-old Mary Phagan, is expected to be made here to-morrow, the last day on which the action, based upon the Superior Court's recent denial of the extraordinary motion for a new hearing, can be taken.

Further investigation by the Fulton County Grand Jury of charges of bribery, coercion, and perjury in connection with efforts to obtain a new trial for the convicted factory Superintendent was indefinitely postponed late today. State officials announced that the action was taken on account of pressure of other work in connection with the case.

The City Council revoked today the license to operate in Atlanta of C. E. Sears, local representative of the Burns Detective Agency, which has been connected prominently with efforts to obtain a new trial for Frank. It was alleged that the Burns operative had violated the rules governing outside detectives.

NO BRITISH EXHIBIT FOR PANAMA FAIR

Cabinet Adheres to Its Original Decision Not to Participate, Asquith Announces.

PREOCCUPIED BY ULSTER

Movement Under Way to Send an Unofficial Exhibit—Many M. P.'s Resent Decision.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 26.—Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons yesterday that the British Government would adhere to its decision not to participate in the Panama-Pacific Exhibition at San Francisco. Though not unexpected, in view of recent events, the Government's determination is deeply regretted, and, indeed, resented by many members of Parliament and business men who have endeavored to obtain a reversal of what they were convinced was a mistaken policy entered upon in the first instance on the advice of short-sighted departmental officials.

A leading member of the committee which agitated for official British representation at the exposition told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that the Cabinet's preoccupation over Ulster had undoubtedly prevented a proper consideration of the Panama Exhibition question. British dissatisfaction was increased by reports received from Berlin of steps taken by Germany to make a representative, though an unofficial, showing at the fair.

"Our Government," says The Chronicle, "should consider seriously how best to retrieve a lost opportunity and efface an unfortunate impression. The Premier's suggestion that it can be done by sending warships to the opening of the canal is not really adequate. Warships will go and be welcomed; but they would go and be welcomed anyhow.

"A more real opportunity presents itself in connection with the celebration next year of the centenary of the Treaty of Ghent. The Government should make up its mind betimes to support this project handsomely, both by a contribution to the fund and in all other possible ways."

Meanwhile an appeal is being made to British manufacturers to do their best by private enterprise, with the assistance of the committee formed to obtain help from the Government, to organize an adequate unofficial exhibit.

The idea is prevalent that German business men have stolen a march on British competitors.

LONDON, May 25.—The British Government's adherence to its decision not to exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition is contrary to the hopes held out by Premier Asquith to a deputation, representing more than half the members of the House of Commons, which he received on May 5, when he said that the Government would take the question under further consideration.

Premier Asquith, in informing the House today of the Government's decision, evidenced an anxiety to show that no question of unfriendliness toward the Exposition was involved, and laid stress on the acceptance by the British Government of the invitation sent by the United States Government to participate in the opening of the Panama Canal, and also on Great Britain's intention of sending a contingent of warships. "showing the importance we attach to the occasion and to the good will of the United States."

RACE AROUND WORLD.

Dallas Enters Capt. Worden for the Exposition Flight.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25.—The first city to enter a contestant in the Panama-Pacific Exposition's round-the-world aviation race in 1915 is Dallas, Texas. The exposition's bureau of aeronautics announced today that the Dallas Chamber of Commerce had sent word that the city would be represented by Capt. J. H. Worden with a monoplane. The city, it is announced, will build Worden's machine and finace his flight.

Capt. Worden is attached to the Mexican Federal army. He is a Cherokee Indian and a former student at Carlisle. He was graduated from a French school of aviation.

French Honor for Prof. Loeb.

PARIS, May 25.—Prof. Jacques Loeb, formerly of the Universities of Chicago and California and now of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research in New York, was elected today almost unanimously correspondent of the French Academy of Sciences in the Section of Anatomy and Zoology, in succession to the late Lord Avebury.

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Women's Fine French Lingerie

A very complete assortment of Paris-made Undergarments is now being shown, embodying the latest ideas as to design and decoration, and combining the daintiest fabrics with the most exquisite hand needlework. Included in the selection are especially attractive Nightrobes, Chemises, Petticoats of dotted Swiss with colored embroidery, and Boudoir and Breakfast Jackets; also some exclusive novelties in Jupons dansant and Cache Gowns.

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Why not the Far West this summer for you? Visit Yosemite, and, en route, that titan of chasms, the Grand Canyon of Arizona. Get away from the beaten path, and pioneer a little.

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Are Closing Out in their Clearance Sales—

$55 to $150 Tailleur Suits at $25 to $75

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Evening Gowns—Dinner Gowns—Dance Frocks
Afternoon Gowns—and Smart Tailleur Styles

$35 to $75 Sports Coats at $18 to $35

$45 to $95 Capes & Cape Coats at $25 to $55
Of serge, broadcloth and smart novelty materials.

$45 to $95 Fashionable Silk Capes $35, $48
Luxurious styles of soft, rich charmeuse, in black and smart shades.

$38 to $75 Silk Coatees at $18, $25

$15 to $45 Millinery at $5, $10, $15

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ADVERTISEMENT.

New York Office of
THE ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA
7 P. M., May 25th.

AN APOLOGY

The post office at 8:30 a. m. today delivered to us nine bags of mail, and it was found necessary to assign 35 persons to deal with their contents.

Some of the letters contained inquiries for the new Encyclopaedia Britannica, but many of them contained orders. It was impossible to handle all of this mail during the course of the day, but at the time this notice was written it was evident that to-day's orders for the new Britannica will reach 1,000.

Owing to this tremendous increase in our business, we cannot, in many cases, send out receipts. But those who have sent checks and money orders need not worry because they do not get a receipt promptly. Receipts to all subscribers will be mailed as soon as possible, and no check or money order will be deposited until a receipt has been issued.

On page 7 of this newspaper you will find one of our final announcements regarding the end of the opportunity to buy the new Encyclopaedia Britannica at exceptionally low prices.

If after reading this advertisement you decide to subscribe, you should cut out the order form —*now*, before you forget it—and by mailing it at once you will be sure that the number of your order will be several thousands ahead of orders sent on Thursday. You will receive your set so much the more quickly than if you wait until Thursday to buy, and you will save yourself the possibility of deferring the matter until it is too late to save the difference between the prices as they stand today, and the higher prices which will have to be asked for the work after Thursday next.

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It is called "The Price of Love." It tells a who-stole-the-money story in a new way, and tells it at lightning speed. The reader is brought face to face with an extraordinary situation. The interest which the six characters find in all the details of life is intense—Bennett's own contagious interest. Youthful love, youthful intolerance, youthful oblivion of all but self and the moment, are embodied in the heroine. So feminine is she in her strength and ignorance, in her insight into her husband's weakness, and in her love which must spend itself, be the object worthy or not. "The Price of Love" is just ready.

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PUTS TITANIC SUITS UNDER LIMITED LAW

Supreme Court Rules That American Statute Applies to Actions Brought Here.

LIMIT MAY BE $91,000

But Questions of Fact Now to be Decided May Increase the Liability of Owners.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The Supreme Court of the United States decided to-day that suits against the company which owned the steamship Titanic, sunk by an iceberg, might be instituted in the United States, regardless of the nationality of the claimants, but that the total liability of the company should not exceed $91,000. This is a severe blow to the claimants, because actions for damages already have been filed in this country alone, it is understood, demanding damages of $13,000,000.

The court's decision simply asserts that the American law on the subject must be applied in American courts to all claims presented in the United States. The limit of $91,000 is reached by adding together the value of the ship after the accident, the amount of passenger fares for the voyage, and the amount of the freight money received.

In the case of the Titanic "the value of the ship after the accident" was simply the value of the lifeboats brought into New York harbor by the Carpathia.

There is nothing in the decision to indicate that this limit will be set aside should it be proved that the disaster was the fault of the ship's owners.

Today's decision was rendered in the case of the Oceanic Steam Navigation Company vs. Mellor and Anderson.

The steamship company attempted by petition in the United States Court to set up a limitation of its liability for claims arising from the disaster. The opinion of the Supreme Court in the case was recited by Mr. Justice Holmes as follows:

The general proposition that a foreign ship may resort to the courts of the United States for a limitation of liability is established. It is true that the act of Congress does not control the conduct of a British ship on the high seas. It is true that the foundation for a recovery upon a British tort is an obligation created by British law. But it is also true that the laws of the forum may decline altogether to enforce that obligation on the ground that it is contrary to the domestic policy or may decline to enforce it except within such limits as it may impose. It is competent, therefore, to Congress to enact that in certain matters belonging to Admiralty jurisdiction parties resorting to our courts shall recover only to such extent or in such way as it may mark out.

The question is not whether the owner of the Titanic by this proceeding can require all claimants to come in and can cut down rights vested under English law, as against, for instance, Englishmen living in England who do not appear. It is only whether those who do not see fit to sue in this country are limited in their recovery, irrespective of the English law. That they are so limited results in our opinion from the decisions of this court.

A law that limits a right in one case may limit a remedy in another. That statute might well be held to announce a general policy governing both obligations that arise within the jurisdiction and suits that are brought in the courts of the United States. It clearly limits one remedy, as we have shown, in cases where it has nothing to say about the rights. With the explanation that we have made we may repeat here Justice Bradley's words: "The rule of limited responsibility is now our maritime rule. It is the rule by which through the act of Congress we have announced that we propose to administer justice in maritime cases."

We see no absurdity in supposing that if the owner of the Titanic were sued in different countries, each having a different rule affecting the remedy there, the local rules should be applied in each case. It can be imagined that in consequence of such diverse proceedings the owner might not be able to comply with the local requirements for limitation, as it is also conceivable that if it sought the advantage of an alien law it might as a condition have to pay more than its liability under the law of its flag in some cases.

But the imagining of such possible differences is not sufficient reason for not applying the statute as it has been construed; on the whole, it would seem, with good effect. It follows from what we have said that the first two questions must be answered in the affirmative, and the third, the law of the United States.

WILL SETTLE NEGLIGENCE NOW

Courts Must Pass on Questions of Fact Raised by Litigants.

The Supreme Court's decision in the Titanic case was regarded by legal and business representatives of the White Star Line here as a signal victory. On the other hand, counsel representing various claimants said that the decision merely disposed of a legal question, leaving two issues of fact to be settled by the courts, namely, the question of negligence on the part of the White Star Line's agents in control of the Titanic, and the question of privity of the company's officers and general director.

Frederick M. Brown of 54 Wall Street, representing Hunt, Hill & Betts of 15 Broadway, counsel for William J. Mellor and Harry Anderson argued the case before the Supreme Court. In discussing the decision he said:

"The decision has disposed of a legal issue. We will now proceed to a settlement of two issues of fact, and these are, whether there was negligence on the part of the Captain and crew of the Titanic, that caused the disaster, and if so, whether the officers and general director of the company were privy to it.

"I was in conference this afternoon with Mr. Betts, and we decided to bring the case to a hearing upon its merits. We hope to establish that there was negligence, and again we hope to establish that there was privity. If we can prove only that there was negligence, then we will have to be content to share in a sum of about $1,000, the limitation of liability provided by the United States statute, but if we succeed in proving that there was privity, then there will be unlimited recovery for our clients."

A. L. Brougham, representing about 200 persons who have brought suits against the White Star Line as a result of the disaster, said:

"The Supreme Court's decision does not go further than to hold that the case is to be judged in accordance with the provisions of the American statute.

"The claimants will still contend that, even under the American law, the steamship company is not entitled to this limitation, because the accident was due largely to the fault of the steamship company itself, both in the designing and equipment of the ship, especially in the failure to furnish sufficient lifeboats. The English courts have already held that the steamship company was responsible for the disaster, and we are confident that the American courts, after hearing the testimony, will decide likewise."

Burlingham, Montgomery & Beecher, 27 William Street, counsel for the Ocean Steam Navigation Company, (the White Star Line,) said yesterday:

"Under the American statute the liability of a shipowner for any loss or damage occurring without his privity or knowledge can in no case exceed the value of the vessel after the disaster and the freight and passage moneys for the voyage. The British act fixes the liability of a shipowner in cases where personal injuries or loss of life have occurred at $75 a ton. The liability on the Titanic under the British act is $3,500,000.)

"The result of the Supreme Court decision is that the White Star Line may now continue its limitation proceeding under and in accordance with the provisions of the United States statutes. In that proceeding two questions will now be tried and determined in the United States courts—first, whether the accident was due to negligence, and second, if there was negligence, whether the company itself was at fault as well as the ship's officers."

WOOD DEFENDS HIS RECORD.

Lived in the Bronx All His Life, Says New P. S. Commissioner.

Robert Colgate Wood, who has been appointed a Public Service Commissioner to succeed John E. Eustis, issued a statement yesterday in reply to allegations in The World that he did not live in the Bronx, and that the organization of the New York City Interborough Railway Company showed that he was a close ally of the Interborough interests.

Mr. Wood's statement was drawn up with the advice of ex-Attorney General Wickersham, who was counsel for the New York City Interborough Company at the time of its formation.

"I have lived in the Bronx all my life," said Mr. Wood. "During the last few Winters, being a bachelor, I have spent much of the winter months with my mother, a lady advancing years, at her residence in Thirty-sixth Street."

Mr. Wood states that he owned the Grove Hotel for a long time until he turned it over last January to his brother. He then takes up the part he played in the organization of the trolley line, and points out that every matter concerning the organization and franchise advanced by the newspaper was gone into by the Appellate Division and approved by the majority of the court.

"I represented a firm indicate which was prepared to construct the railroad when it was determined to sell out to the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, and the resultant profits after meeting all the expenses referred to were divided among the members of that syndicate," the statement says. Mr. Wood denies absolutely any knowledge of the allegation that 10,000 shares of the new company were handed over to some person whose name has always been concealed, and he asserts that he never received any larger amount than that to which he was legitimately entitled.

JAIL ANNAPOLIS GRADUATE.

Husband of Woman Roosevelt Aided Charged with Theft.

Joseph E. Young, who said he was a graduate of Annapolis and a son of Dr. Clement C. Young of 101 West Eighty-fifth Street, where he lived also, was arrested last night by Detectives Burgess, Flaherty, and Dugan of the West Forty-seventh Street Station, charged with grand larceny. He is said to have taken clothing worth $70 from a lodger in a house at 339 West Forty-fifth Street, Mrs. Louise Milligan, the landlady of the lodging house, made the complaint.

The detectives charged their prisoner also with passing worthless checks.

It was said that the name of Young's wife before her marriage was Mabel Shaw. She was one of the two young women, the detective asserted, whom Col. Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt sent back to the United States last November from Brazil. The young women discovered that marriage is not valid in Brazil with which they had signed contracts here were not reputable places. Young told his wife a week ago that he was going to Washington and she has been with her mother since that time. Last night he telephoned her to meet him at Broadway and Forty-second Street, and she went there, accompanied by her mother and the detectives, who arrested the husband.

SLOANE'S BARN BURNED.

Stock Building and Dairy on Lenox Estate Destroyed.

LENOX, Mass., May 25.—William Douglas Sloane's stock barn and dairy at Highlawn Farm, which was built in 1903 at a cost of $150,000, was burned tonight.

Flames were first seen in the large hay structure, and, although a tank of 15,000 gallons of water was poured into the building, the fire spread, consuming the barn and its four large wings.

The cattle and sheep were in pastures and the work horses were saved, as were some of the harvesting machines.

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BROKAW BROTHERS
MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

It may be your clothes requirements are peculiar—or you may harbor radical ideas on quality, fit and finish. Such preferences have been our main consideration for 58 years. Our clothes fit right, affording ample comfort—are made from the best quality woolens and are produced and finished by skillful tailors.

Cool straw hats—all the new shapes and weaves, including the unbreakable

"Seiki Crusher"

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY — SUBWAY AT DOOR

TAP LINES ADJUDGED COMMON CARRIERS

Not Mere Rebate Schemes, Supreme Court Rules, Upholding Reversal of Commerce Board.

WILL AID RATE INCREASES

Industries Regain $15,000,000 by Decision—State Eight-Hour Law Invalid—Other Decisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The Supreme Court of the United States today held that tap lines were common carriers, and, because of their character, entitled to enjoy divisions of joint through rates. The decision is far-reaching, not only providing for a division of revenues which trunk lines have retained during the pendency of the tap line investigation, but, by analogy, compelling the Interstate Commerce Commission to retrace the steps its recently took in breaking up the division of joint rates between industrial lines and conecting through lines of road.

Respecting the latter class of cases, the opinion, which was delivered by Associate Justice William R. Day, appears to have an important bearing on the 5 per cent. advance rate cases, as it will compel Eastern roads interested in the application for advanced rates to surrender to industrial lines a sum approximating $15,000,000, which, under the recent order of the Interstate Commerce Commission, would have been added to the revenues of the railroads.

The decision was made in the case of the Louisiana & Pacific Railway Company and others. The Commerce Court, now abolished, had held that the Interstate Commerce Commission had erred in condemning the tap lines as mere evasions of law and institutions to obtain rebates and discriminations and that the tap lines were common carriers, entitled to the privileges and bearing the responsibilities of carriers of that character. The decision of the Supreme Court to-day is an affirmance of the decision of the Commerce Court.

While the Supreme Court holds that the tap lines are common carriers, Justice Day points to the fact that the division of rates is under the control of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and that it is its duty to supervise the division in such manner that unlawful favoritism and discrimination shall not exist. However, the Interstate Commerce Commission, burdened with the responsibility of determining the justice of the division of rates, must, it appears, proceed under the Interstate Commerce act and prove to the satisfaction of a court that the divisions of which it may disapprove constitute in fact rebates and discriminations.

Commerce Court Had Jurisdiction.

Justice Day, in his opinion, devoted only one paragraph to a discussion of the jurisdictional question that was raised. He said he had no reason to differ from the decision reached in the Procter & Gamble case, and that the Commerce Court had jurisdiction in these tap-line cases.

Most of the decision is devoted to a discussion of the question, "Are the tap lines plant facilities only or common carriers, with rights and obligations as such?" Justice Day said that it was insisted that these roads were not common carriers because most of their traffic was in their own logs and lumber, and that only a small part of the traffic carried was the property of others.

"But," says the opinion, "this conclusion loses sight of the principle that the extent to which a railroad is in fact used does not determine the fact whether it is or is not a common carrier. It is the right of the public to use the road's facilities and to demand use of it, rather than the extent of its business, which is the real criterion determinative of its character. This principle has frequently been recognized in the decisions of the courts. We need not cite the many State cases in which it has been so held in view of the fact that the same principle was laid down in the late case of Union Lime Company vs. Chicago & Northwestern."

"We think the commission exceeded its authority when it condemned these roads as a mere attempt to evade the law and secure rebates and preferences for themselves," says the Court. "It is doubtless true, as the commission amply shows in its full report and supplemental report in these cases, that abuses exist in the conduct and practice of these lines and in their dealings with the carriers, which have resulted in unfair advantages to the owners of some tap lines, and to discrimination against the owners of others.

"Because we reach the conclusion that the tap lines involved in the appeals are common carriers and as such entitled to participation in joint rates with other common carriers, that determination falls far short of deciding, indeed, does not at all decide, that the divisions of such joint rates may be made at the will of the carriers involved and without any authority of the commission to control them. That body has the authority and it is its duty to reach all unlawful discriminatory practices resulting in favoritism and unfair advantages to particular shippers or carriers. It is not only within its power, but the law makes it the duty, of the commission to make orders which shall nullify such practices resulting in rebating or preferences in whatsoever form they take, and in whatsoever guise they may appear. If the divisions of joint rates are such as to amount to rebates or discriminations in favor of the owners of the tap lines because of their disproportionate amount in view of the service rendered, it is within the province of the commission to reduce the amount so that the tap line shall receive just compensation only for what it actually does."

In the Butler County Railroad case, another of the tap line cases, Justice Day said:

"We think the Commerce Court correctly held that the fact that the same ownership controlled the freight offered and the railroad would not justify the different rate imposed upon the same kind of traffic. Under the commodities clause of the act to regulate commerce, as amended, the right of a carrier, as we have said in the former opinion in these cases, to carry this class of freight, although owned by it, is recognized as lawful. This being so, such carrier, until the law otherwise provides, has the right to treat such freight in such manner as it does like freight independently owned. Of course, if the division of the rate is a mere cover for rebates or discrimination, such practices may be controlled by the commission under the authority given to it in the act to regulate commerce."

Effect on Rate Increases.

The tap line and industrial road cases, when before the Interstate Commerce Commission, offered to that tribunal opportunities to point out to railroads methods of increasing their revenues without raising classification or commodity rates. It has been assumed that the findings of the commission in the two cases, in each of which the revenues of railroads would have been fattened many millions of dollars, would have a bearing upon the decision respecting the needs of the railroads for further increased revenues from increased freight rates.

If that assumption, which has been generally indulged, has been well founded, the decision of the Supreme Court will perhaps have an important bearing not only upon the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission as to the amount of increase to which the Eastern railroads are entitled, but upon the further delay intervening between the decision of the Supreme Court and the final decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

If the Interstate Commerce Commission wished to withhold from railroads increased rates by pointing out to them other methods of increasing revenues, the Supreme Court today wrote failure across the efforts of the commission in this particular direction. The chances for the commission grating the 5 per cent. increase would seem, to that extent, improved.

If, as interpreted by lawyers familiar with the tap line cases, the decision affects the relation of trunk lines and industrial roads, the opinion means that the Interstate Commerce Commission must revise its decision respecting the division of through route and joint rates between the trunk lines and the short railroads owned by the United States Steel Corporation, the Lackawanna Steel Company, the International Harvester Company, the Terminal system at St. Louis established by large brewing interests there, and the New York & Susquehanna Railroad in Southern New York and Central Pennsylvania, which is owned by a large tanning corporation.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW ANNULLED.

New York Statute Conflicts with Federal Act, Supreme Court Holds.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The New York State hours of service law was today annulled by the United States Supreme Court as in conflict with the Federal hours of service law. Because the New York law limits the hours of service of a telegrapher to eight in twenty-four and the Federal law places the limitation at nine the Supreme Court annulled the State law as unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court held that inasmuch as Congress had passed a law regulating the hours of service it excluded all States from legislating in regard to the service of those engaged in interstate commerce. It held that the New York law sought to regulate the hours of service of those engaged in interstate ecommerce, and, therefore, was invalid.

The New York statute requiring railroad corporations to pay employes semimonthly in cash was upheld as constitutional by the Supreme Court.

FIRE TIES UP ELEVATED.

Blaze at 110th Street Station Caused by Cigarette Stump.

Much excitement and a half hour's halt in traffic on the Sixth and Ninth Avenue elevated lines between Sixty-sixth and 155th Streets were caused yesterday morning by a fire at the 110th Street Station. The fire began shortly after 9 o'clock in a tarpaulin stretched two feet below the track structure, at the south end of the station, on the southbound side. It is thought that a cigarette stump dropped from the station platform ignited the oil-soaked tarpaulin.

From the tarpaulin the blaze jumped to the crosaties of the track and the station platform. For a few minutes the situation seemed serious, and the firemen who responded to an alarm had difficulty in getting the water on the blaze. Then some one threw a pail of water on a feed cable carrying 650 volts of electricity, from which the insulation had been burned, and the almost instantaneous vaporization was accompanied with reports as loud as pistol shots.

When the fire started several hundred persons were waiting for trains in the station, and a northbound train with more than 100 aboard was just taking the curve at Columbus Avenue and 109th Street. Those on the platform made a rush for the elevators, which go to the street, and some of those on the train attempted to leave it and jump to the tracks. The guards, however, succeeded in quieting the excitement before it reached the stage of a panic. The police reserves also from the West 125th Street and West 100th Street stations assisted in managing the crowd. The fire damage was not great.

Minister Egan Seriously Ill.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Dr. Maurice Francis Egan, Minister to Denmark, is seriously ill in this city. Dr. Egan came from Copenhagen recently for a vacation and to lecture through the South and West. He was to be the guest of the Scandinavian-American Society in New York on Thursday. All of his engagements have been cancelled on account of his condition.

$4 to $5

Regal
A Smart Style for Every Occasion

BOULEVARD $5.00
Brocade Quarter.
Elastic Instep-Band.
Patent Leather Vamp.

PROMENADE $4.00
Cuban Heel.
Silver-Finished Buckle.
Black Calf and Patent Leather.

REGAL SHOE COMPANY

MANHATTAN
178 Broadway
Broadway at 10th Street
Broadway at 27th Street
Broadway at 57th Street
6th Ave. at 21st Street
145th Street at 3rd Ave.
125th St. at 7th Ave.
40 West 34th Street

BROOKLYN
801 Broadway
1049 Broadway
1375 Broadway
512 Fulton Street
466 Fifth Avenue

NEWARK
825 Broad Street

JERSEY CITY
108 Newark Avenue

Shoes Sent Parcel Post on Receipt of Price.

GIRL LEAPS OFF ROOF.

Drops at Sweetheart's Feet in Street After Five-Story Plunge.

Josephine Hepburn, 17 years old, leaving her sweetheart in the midst of a conversation they were holding on the stoop of her home at 1,910 Third Avenue last night, rushed to the roof of the five-story house and plunged to the sidewalk. She was picked up almost at his feet and taken to the Reception Hospital, where it was said she had no chance of recovery.

For some time the girl has been engaged to young Jerome Coleman of 161 East 128th Street. They have been happy together, and all went well until he lost his position a short time ago on account of the cutting down of the force in the establishment where he was employed. With youthful optimism he did not attach much importance to that. But that was before yesterday.

Last evening he was waiting for her at the foot of the 106th Street elevated station in Third Avenue when she came home from her work. They walked the short distance to her home together and stood talking on the stoop for a while. They had been there about ten minutes when the girl's mother came along. She motioned her daughter to come inside, and the girl excused herself. Shortly afterward, as Coleman tells the story, the girl came out, sobbing so bitterly that she could not speak to him. He asked her what was the matter, and finally she recovered her composure enough to tell him to wait there; that she would return to him.

So he stood on the sidewalk, moodily reflecting on what would be the outcome of the scolding he was sure had been administered. Then he heard a scream from above, and the next moment the girl lay in the stret in front of him.

She was removed to the Reception Hospital. When she was examined it was found she had sustained internal injuries, with a fractured leg and shoulder, and a fractured skull.

Coleman told the police afterward that he was sure the girl's mother had told her she must not be seen with him any more. He said that he had formerly been well received by her family, but that his losing his position had made a difference.

Mrs. Hepburn denied that she had scolded her daughter or had objected to her sweetheart, and said she could give no reason why her daughter had sought to die.

SMALL LOANS
Netting 4½% Guaranteed.
ARE HARD TO OBTAIN
We offer, subject to prior sale

1 Mortgage	$2,400
2 Mortgages	$2,600
2 Mortgages	$2,700
3 Mortgages	$2,800
3 Mortgages	$3,500

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus $8,750,000
59 Liberty Street

Who Looks After Your Property?

¶ The successful management of real estate means the ability to rent and the experience to operate buildings economically.

¶ The combination produces satisfactory net results for the owner.

¶ We have become expert in the management of real estate through long years of experience.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
SIXTY-TWO CEDAR STREET
Telephone 3700 John

STORE YOUR FURS IN BROOKLYN

Balch Price Fur Storage

INCLUDING INSURANCE **Costs 2%** FOR THE SEASON

TELEPHONE 5900 MAIN

376 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.
Only 15 Minutes by Subway from Grand Central to Borough Hall Station

GIMBELS

365 Men's New Blue Suits In Serge and Unfinished Worsted

Just Added to the Group of $22 and $25 Grades at

$16.50

Made in the most approved summer style, from the double point of view of looks and comfort.

Hand tailored soft rolling lapels, no padding, quarter lining, patch pockets; cool and airy as a June zephyr.

Never by any chance made to sell for less than $22, and in many cases at $25, but here to-day for $16.50, because we were able to buy the suits that way.

Hundreds of other fine Suits in the Sale for men who do not care for blue.

Many a man with a summer wardrobe which he considered ample has bought one of these suits because he couldn't resist getting an extra suit of such high quality for so little as $16.50.

Fourth Floor.

Furniture of Unusual Merit Now Selling For a Third Less

$45,000 Worth of Bedroom, Dining Room, Living Room and Hall, and Fancy Furniture for $30,000

Bedroom Suite, $315 from $475
Four pieces in mahogany Sheraton design, handsomely inlaid, and dust-proof construction throughout.

This is a stock-condensing event, pure and simple.

All of the fine pieces—715 of them when the selling began yesterday morning—are from the GIMBEL stock.

One of a kind, mostly—an incentive to come early for best choosing.

There are magnificent Period Suites and simple little Colonial pieces in mahogany and every conceivable style between.

We can only list a few of the pieces at a time, but here are suggestions for today providing they remain unsold. (If the June bride-to-be wishes furniture among her wedding gifts, this is your rare opportunity).

	Now.	Regularly.
Four piece Enamel Bedroom Suite	$180	$270
Four piece Mahogany Bedroom Suite	275	388
Ten piece Prima Vera Suite Bedroom Suite	415	625
Circassian Walnut Dresser	42.50	65
Mahogany Chiffonier	80	120
Four piece Mahogany Dining Room Suite	375	498
Mahogany Sideboard	125	185
Mahogany China Cabinet, all glass	$75	$100
Mahogany Buffet	30	55
Two piece Oak Library Suite covered with tapestry	90	125
Mahogany Chair, Adam model	27.50	38
Mahogany Kidney Table	64	85
Early English Library Table	27.50	38
Early English Hall Stand	20	30
Mahogany Card Table	22.50	35

Seventh Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

She Saved $14 On Shoes

THE neighbor of one of our salesmen had a family shoe expense of $49 for a year.

The salesman pointed out the mistake of buying shoes without knowing the maker's reputation for shoe wear.

This last year the neighbor's wife bought only Rice & Hutchins Shoes for herself and children. She finds she has saved $14.

Last week her husband began wearing Rice & Hutchins "All Americas."

It is safe to say any family can save from $6 to $15 a year by wearing Rice & Hutchins Shoes and no others.

R. & H. Shoes for men, women and children: Educators, All Americas, Signets, Mayfairs.

SIGNET SHOE CO

Bronx Store: 3d Ave. & 149th St.
Harlem: 112 W. 125th St.
Brooklyn: 557 Fulton St.

N. Y. F. D. Demands Reliability. Fifty Mack Trucks purchased within three years are supplying it.

Mack & Saurer Trucks

are built for hard work. International service keeps them working regularly.

INTERNATIONAL MOTOR COMPANY
GENERAL OFFICES, WEST END AVE. & 64th ST., N.Y.

To Manufacturers With a Problem to Solve:

There seems to be a "National screw loose."

While Washington is trying to locate the screw, take advantage of the unapplied for vacation.

Visit Chattanooga; our wonderfully favorable conditions must appeal to you strongly.

Meet OUR busy manufacturers. You may also meet the man who is now filling the orders that you once upon a time filled, and that you might be filling now if your manufacturing costs and distributing facilities were as good as those of your successful rival.

If you want to know why, write—

C. W. HOWARD,
Chattanooga, Tennessee.

KWICK-KONFORM
PATENT PENDING

Maternity Dresses

to conform quickly to desired size
"Just Pull the Tape"
ELIMINATES OLD METHODS.
No clumsy elastic.
No hidden plaits.
French Salon Models and Original Creations,
All Popular Materials,
$2.00 to $30.00.
Ready to Wear and Made-to-Measure.
Send for Catalogue T. M., or call at Factory Show-room.
Competent Saleswomen in attendance.
AMERICAN WOMEN'S WEAR CO.,
119-121 W. 25th St., New York City

$795 Electric Starter and Lights
Completely Equipped.

Regular Price $1,050.
4-Cyl. 3½x4¾ Motor. 1914 Model.
5-Passenger Touring Car. Standard Make.
Donnelly and Company,
Direct Factory Agents,
245 West 55th St., near B'way, N. Y. C.

OFFICE MAHOGANY OAK PARTITIONS

MOUNT & ROBERTSON
49 Broad St, Telephone 1957 Broad

CHINESE REPUBLIC'S NEW MINISTER DINED

Kai Fu Shah Hears Compliments and Praises "Open Door" and "Hands Off" Policies.

OIL TRUST CHINA'S FRIEND

Minister Tells of Development Work and of the Humanity of the Red Cross.

Kai Fu Shah, the first Minister to the United States from the Chinese Republic, was welcomed at a public dinner at Delmonico's last night by the China Society of America. A large assemblage and a distinguished list of speakers joined in congratulating the oldest nation upon becoming a republic.

Kai Fu Shah, on the other hand, had a great many complimentary things to say to this country, which, he declared, had conferred great benefits on China. For one thing, he commended the course of President Wilson in causing the withdrawal of American financiers from the six power loan. He thanked the American Red Cross Society for its recent work in China during the famine following the flood of the Hwai River.

He also had a good word to say for the Standard Oil Company for undertaking the development of the oil fields in Northern and Western China. He quoted Dr. Louis Livingston Seaman, President of the society and toastmaster at the dinner, who had said that the United States would have immeasurably increased its prestige by proclaiming the "hands off" and "open door" policies. The Chinese Minister continued:

The "open door" policy was inaugurated by the late Secretary of State John Hay. The "hands off" policy found a most distinguished advocate in President Wilson, when he announced his attitude in regard to the six power loan to China. This does not mean that this great Republic does not take an interest in the affairs of her younger sister republic, but it does mean that the withdrawal of the American financiers from the six power group has left the United States in a better position and with freer hands to assist China.

I cannot forbear mentioning the work of the American Red Cross in relation to the destructive floods of the Hwai River, which twice within a few years played havoc over an extensive territory populated by millions of people. The American Red Cross has now taken up the matter with a view to preventing floods in these districts.

Having long cherished with gratitude this humane work done for our people the Chinese Government has given the Red Cross an option to secure funds for the reclaiming of the whole district affected by the Hwai River floods. Just imagine what a great blessing you will have conferred on untold millions when this work is completed.

To give another illustration of how Americans can assist in the development of China, I am taking the case of the Standard Oil Company. As you know, we have in China vast oil fields scattered over the northern and western parts of the country. With the cooperation of Dr. Reinsch, the American Minister at Peking, my Government proposed to the Standard Oil Company the formation of a joint stock company for the development of these fields. Realizing the importance of the concession, the company accepted the Government's terms, and we have made a preliminary agreement. I have no doubt that this agreement will work out satisfactorily to both parties.

We have vast fields for your commercial activities. The door stands open to you. If you have any doubt about the financial credit of China, I am glad to refer you to Dr. Seaman's statement that "China's credit is good," and that "she never repudiated her financial obligations."

John Bassett Moore, who recently resigned as Counsellor to the Department of State, spoke next and said that this last statement was strictly true; that China had never repudiated an obligation.

Dr. Moore then said there had been a startling development within the last few minutes and advised the reporters present that they had a "story." From the letter of regret of Ambassador da Gama of Brazil, one of the A B C mediators at Niagara Falls, Dr. Moore quoted this sentence:

"I intend to leave for Canada on the 16th, and do not expect to return before the end of the month."

The remarkable thing, Mr. Moore pointed out, was that Ambassador da Gama seemed to expect to return by the end of the month. But Mr. Moore had no speculations or comments to make. He left the audience with the impression, however, that he regarded Ambassador da Gama as an optimist.

Dr. Hamilton Wright Mable said that China was, indeed, "a sleeping giant," as Napoleon had named it, but that there was nothing to be feared from the giant by nations that treated it justly.

"The only Yellow Peril," he said, "is the peril of the yellow newspapers in this country and in the Orient."

Others at the speakers' table were Y. Y. Young, Chinese Consul General in this city; Wen-Pin Wei, a post-graduate student at Columbia; Dr. Talcott Williams, Andrew P. Humphrey, Miss Mabel T. Boardman of the National Red Cross, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mme. Shah, Admiral Chadwick, Minister Pezet from Peru, Robert Bacon, George W. Wickersham, Dr. Jeremiah W. Jenks, John Barrett, Henry Clews, Lindsay Russell, Dr. Sidney L. Gulick, and the Rev. Mr. Hui Kim.

WOULD OUST COACH WARNER

Federal Report Makes Charges Against the Carlisle Instructor.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25.—A dispatch from Washington says the Carlisle Indian School scandal is about to result in arrests. The name of Glenn S. Warner, the football coach, has been brought into the case by Inspector Linnen in his report, and there are indications that Warner may be removed and also involved in action proposed by the Department of Justice.

Warner is accused in the Inspector's report of a "dominating influence" over the students and with having used foul language and cursed the Indians in the presence of the student body. Intimations of graft are made in the report, which charges that Warner as director of a canning goods company bought all the canned goods for the school from that company. Attention is drawn to "extravagant expense bills, amounting in some instances to more than $1,500 for a single trip."

Hugh Miller and J. L. Martin, newspaper correspondents, also are named by Inspector Linnen as having received hundreds of dollars from the athletic fund for sending out reports favorable to Moses Friedman, school Superintendent.

In the findings of Inspector Linnen this recommendation respecting Warner is made:

"I submit that the evidence herewith transmitted shows that the athletic coach, Mr. Glenn S. Warner, is not a proper person to longer be associated with said student body by reason of his domination over the athletic boys, his foul language, and cursing of the athletic boys in the presence of the student body and outsiders who happen to be present on such occasions.

"His influence at said school is demoralizing, and it is the concensus of opinion of the heads of the industrial departments of said school, the Principal and the majority of the teachers, that football and athletics have dominated."

Speaking further of Warner's connection with the athletic fund, the report says:

"The Springfield Canning Company received various large checks for canned goods. This is a company in which Warner is interested. Note the extravagant expense bills paid to Glenn S. Warner, amounting in some instances to over $1,500 for a single trip."

Interviewed at Carlisle to-night, Warner denied the charges made by Inspector Linnen in his report. He said he bought canned goods from his company because he got them at jobbers' prices. As to foul language, he said he might have said "Damn" in football practice.

HELD AS CHECK SWINDLER.

Automobile Salesman Alleged to Have Bought with Bogus Paper.

John H. Graham, an automobile salesman, who has an office in the Lincoln Square Building, was arrested yesterday by Detectives McGann and Moore on complaint of Hayes & Miller, auto supply dealers, of 518 West Fifty-seventh Street, who charge that on May 19 he gave them a worthless check for $35.

The police say Graham's method was to order supplies by telephone, drive to the seller in a taxicab, tell the driver he was too exhausted to walk upstairs and get the chauffeur to deliver the worthless check for him.

Firms who complained that he defrauded them by this method are the Cresent Tire Company, of 1,777 Broadway and the J. M. Shock Absorber Company of 318 West Eighty-fourth Street.

When Coffee Gets You—

The experience will be like that of thousands who have ignored the fact that coffee contains a habit-forming drug, caffeine—about 2½ grains to the ordinary cup.

Some say, "Coffee don't hurt **me,**" and **seem** to get on with it for a time. But there are few persons who can use coffee as a routine daily beverage and not sometime feel its effect—headache, nervousness, indigestion, biliousness, sleeplessness, heart trouble, or some other discomfort.

Thousands have found relief by stopping coffee and using

POSTUM

A delicious table beverage made only from whole wheat and a small per cent. of molasses. POSTUM contains the nourishment of the grain, including the essential mineral salts (phosphate of potash, etc.), but is positively free from the drug, caffeine, or any other harmful substance.

Postum now comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled—15c and 25c pkgs.

Instant Postum—a soluble form—requires no boiling—30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

There's a mighty army of POSTUM users—the number is steadily growing—and

"There's a Reason"

Grocers everywhere sell POSTUM.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Have arranged for this day, Tuesday

A special sale of

Auto Dust Coats

For Men & Women at $4.75

Reduced from $6.50 & $7.00

The Men's Dusters, are of gray mohair and natural linen in double or single breasted, plain or belted models.

Dust Coats for Women, of natural linen, mohair & tan pongee in the latest models. Plain or Balmacaan sleeves.

Motor Apparel Dept.—6th floor.

Revillon Frères
ESTABLISHED 1723

Safe Fur Storage

Store furs only with a responsible house. In case of fire, you are sure that the entire loss is covered by the insurance. Our Storage Receipt and Insurance Memorandum is absolute protection against loss of any kind.

Midsummer Prices on Remodeling

19 West 34th St., New York
PARIS MONTREAL LONDON

Arnold Constable & Co.

ANNOUNCE ON TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY THEIR

Advance Midsummer Sale

of 5,000 of the Latest Styles and Better Grade

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

10 Distinct and Entirely Different Styles, All With Soft Cuffs, Each Lot Complete in Assortment of Colors and Sizes. All Entirely New and Reserved Expressly for This Sale.

Shirts That Usually Sell at $2.00 and $2.50 Each

The assortment comprising the following:

PIN STRIPED POPLIN SHIRTS.
TAFFETA ZEPHYR FLANNEL SHIRTS.
WHITE CHEVIOT TENNIS SHIRTS.
MUSHROOM TUCK DRESS SHIRTS.
FANCY MERCERIZED CREPE SHIRTS.
SILK MIXED SOFT SHIRTS.
CRINKLED STRIPED CREPE SHIRTS.
FANCY SOFT OUTING SHIRTS.
COLORED MUSHROOM TUCK SHIRTS.
FINE PLEATED FRONT SHIRTS.

Choice at One Price
1.35 Each
3 for 4.00
Regularly $2.00 & $2.50 Values

Owing to the magnitude and importance of this offering the sale will be held in our 18th Street Annex, 1st floor, where ample room has been provided.

Also will be held a very important

Sale of Men's Silk Shirts

in Our Regular Men's Furnishing Goods Section—First Floor.

$4.00 to $4.50 Values	*$5.50 to $6.50 Values*	*$7.00 to $7.50 Values*
SILK SHIRTS.	**SILK SHIRTS.**	**SILK SHIRTS.**
All Tub pure silk, non-transparent and finely made, soft French cuffs, coat style, neat fancy stripes.	Entirely new pure silk shirtings of the highest quality. Novelty satin stripes and novelty mushroom tucks.	Crepe de Chine pure silk shirtings, made in the finest custom manner, novelty satin and neat stripes.
Sizes 13½ *to* 18.	*Sizes* 14 *to* 18.	*Sizes* 14 *to* 18.
2.50	**3.95**	**4.85**

Broadway & 19th Street

Visitors in New York

Mark Twain said that when a man goes to buy a collar he comes back with a collar and perhaps a necktie; but when a woman goes to buy a collar she returns with a new silk waist, a pair of gloves, ten yards of dress goods, several toilet articles, some window curtains, and a refrigerator.

This is the kind of contagion which attacks all visitors to New York, men and women alike. The money they spend or the particular articles they buy or the shops they visit are not figured out in advance. The spending is largely impulsive and voluntary, dependent upon the attractions of the moment. Advertising is not hampered by traditions, or by made-in-advance plans, or by conservative attachment for this or that shop. The morning newspaper is the most generally accepted guide; and the newspaper which is most frequently asked for by visitors is The New York Times.

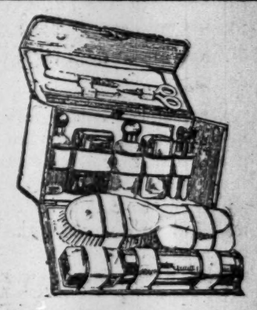
New York City has the most beautiful shops in the world. It has more theatres, more kinds of amusement, more attractive places to dine, more entertainment for visitors than London or Paris. It is the greatest resort city in the United States.

It is estimated that there are over 200,000 strangers in New York every day. An examination of hotel registers will show that practically every State and a score or more of foreign countries are continuously represented. Thousands come to New York from other cities solely to do their shopping; thousands of others are here on business; all are here in a greater or less degree for pleasure.

The New York Times is the New York newspaper best known by the traveling public. It is the newspaper most frequently asked for at the hotel newsstands. The figures from twenty-five centrally located hotels show that The New York Times sells 50 per cent. more than the newspaper which stands second, and two and one-half times the newspaper which stands third; which facts go to show that the advertiser can reach more people who travel and who stay at the best hotels by using The New York Times than by using any other newspaper.

Loeser's

The Brooklyn Store



This $20 Overnight Case for $9.98.

Like the illustration and the best value we have known for the money. Of English Morocco, with 16 fittings, all in compact form, which unfolds conveniently, as shown.

This is a disposal of an importer's overstock of handsome leather fitted Traveling and Overnight Bags, Manicure Cases, Medicine Cases and other toilet pieces.

$2 to $17.50 Travel Bags, $1 to $8.75

Leathers include Seal Grain, Genuine Seal, Cowhide and English Morocco. Styles for both men and women.

These are most unusual values and fully up to the best standards of material and workmanship in leather toilet pieces.

One-of-a-Kind Suits and Wraps Half-Price Sale

Which comes but once a year. Fine silk and cloth Suits and Wraps—copies of Paris models. Suits have been priced $25 to $150, they are now exactly half. Wraps which have been $33 to $69 are now $15.50 to $34.50.

Any one of them will present all the distinction of the imported model it copies at abou a third or a fourth what such an imported model would cost.

None sent C. O. D. None cash or charge credit. None on approval.

Five Paris Leaders of Fashion Feature Ribbon on Gowns

Poiret, Cheruit, Callot, Preme and Paquin as well as many lesser strugglers in the fashion maelstrom are using Ribbon wherever a sash may flutter or a bow may poise.

The Loeser Ribbon Store is noted throughout New York for variety, splendid taste in selection and moderate cost of its Ribbons.

Taffeta Ribbons in widths from 5½ inches up are priced 29c a yard up. Soft satin rich moires in all the new colors.

Roman Ribbons, Scotch Plaid Ribbons, gay floral prints and brocades from 33c up.

Black Velvet Ribbons, in for a new lease of favor, 68c up in widths from 5 inches.

$2 Chiffon Taffeta Silks, $1.29

Soft yet with body; full of the impressive wearing quality of silks at nearly double their price. Full yard wide, usable to the last verge of the selvage, and in a splendid range of over thirty colors.

Also shower-proof and shed-water Foulard Silks, 79c and $1 qualities of white Habutai at 69c.

New Single Flower Tube Vases

Perhaps an idea borrowed from the Japanese. These tall pencil-shaped Vases, holding a single flower lend a decorative note to dining table or dresser that is especially likable.

There are many sorts but the very finest are probably these new ones specially made for the Loeser Store.

Fine, clear, glass hand engraved in a serpentine wreath of leaves which winds from the base to the mouth. Hard to tip over.

Heights from 6 to 18 inches; 75c to $2.98.

$1 Milanese 16-Button Silk Gloves, 69c

Ideal for summer and economical as well. Of fine Milanese silk in sixteen-button, elbow length; finished with Paris point embroidery.

White or black; with double tipped fingers, 69c pair.

Frederick Loeser & Co.
BROOKLYN—NEW YORK
Subway to Hoyt Street—17 Minutes from Grand Central Station.

A&F

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

The Field Day of Spring

On the links, on the banks of a stream, motoring, on the tennis court, in your canoe—

Wherever you spend Memorial Day, it is *Chapter One* of the glorious story of Summer sports.

City streets are fading into the unfolding fields.

The annual remaking of men and women by Nature's outdoor process.

Let Abercrombie & Fitch fittingly clothe you—place the proper implements of sport in your hand.

Men's Sporting Suits of Palm Beach Cloth

Easily the smartest country clothes of the season—particularly good for golf.

Have a much cooler appearance—and are cooler—than either silk or linen.

Fit better and do not wrinkle.

Plain color or with neat pin stripe.

New Elwood model, belted back coat with stretching plaits—long trousers; price $15.

Holland linen suits, $10 up.

Linen crash suits, $15 up.

Sussex outing suit, of homespun; regular trousers or knickerbockers; $22 and $25.

A. & F. white flannel trousers straight English model; $6.50.

Men's Sporting Shirts, Hats and Shoes

Those things that mark the difference between the thoroughbred sportsman and the novice.

A. & F. Olympic Outing Shirt, of white Oxford, with adjustable open or closed collar, $2.50.

Short sleeve white Oxford shirts, $2—for tennis and golf.

French Algerian straw helmets—smart and practical for all sports; imported—exclusive here—50 cents.

Soft crush helmets of Madagascar grass $4.

Indestructible Panama sporting hats, $4.

White duck hats, 75 cents; helmets, $1.75.

New white buckskin tennis shoes with white felt soles—lace to toes, $7.50.

Tennis and golf shoes of every approved kind—moccasins for camping and canoeing.

Abercrombie & Fitch Women's Sport Apparel

As correct to the last detail as our men's sporting clothes.

Suits, skirts, shirts and hats distinguished for their practical usefulness and smartness of model.

Crash Outing Suit, as illustrated, $22.50.

Variety of colors.

Smart camping suits, $10 up.

Innsbrouck knitcloth suits, $34.

Sport hats from $1 up.

Women's sport shirts of Oxford, flannel and silk, tailored exactly like men's shirts.

A. & F. Golf and Tennis Goods, Canoes and Supplies, Fishing Tackle, Camp Outfits, Luncheon Kits—most complete assortments in America.

Write for our new Booklet "Summer Sporting and Country Clothes for Women."

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

Ezra H. Fitch, President.

53-57 West 36th St., New York

BECKER TO ATTACK WITNESS MARSHALL

Alleged Animus of Former Negro Stool Pigeon to be Used by Lawyers in Appeal.

HOW DETECTIVES GOT HIM

Thirteen Legal Steps to be Taken Before Highest Court Decides Becker's Fate.

James Marshall, the negro whose testimony was a great aid to District Attorney Whitman in the second Becker trial, will bear the brunt of the attack to be made by Becker's lawyers against their client's conviction in their appeal. Marshall was brought forward to corroborate the informers' story of the "Harlem conference."

Marshall's credibility as a witness, his identification of Jack Rose as the man he saw talking to Becker at 124th Street and Seventh Avenue on the night of June 27, 1912, and possible animus on the negro's part against Becker probably will be the lines along which the lawyers for the defense will proceed.

Regarding the negro's motive for testifying, it was recalled yesterday that his cross-examination may have supplied a theory for the defense to work upon. When Mr. Manton asked Marshall if he had not been a stool pigeon, Marshall replied that he had done the work of a stool pigeon for Becker, but that he had been forced to do it and had received no compensation.

The production of Marshall as a witness was due, it is said, to the work of Whitman's detectives. As soon as the Court of Appeals set aside the first Becker verdict, Mr. Whitman began to strengthen the "Harlem conference" link. The chauffeur, Harry Cohen, otherwise known as "Moe Levy," who was alleged to have driven "Bridgie" Webber and Sam Schepps to the conference, was at best a doubtful witness. He had already made an affidavit favoring the defense, and this, Mr. Whitman feared, would weaken his testimony.

At the first trial Harry Vallon had mentioned an unidentified negro with whom he had seen Becker talking. Inquiry established the fact that this negro had been Becker's stool pigeon. It was then decided that he was the witness Mr. Whitman needed.

Detectives Thomas Maxwell and Al Thomas combed the negro colony of Harlem and learned that James Marshall had once worked for Becker, and that he was "on the road" in vaudeville. After following a false clue to Boston, Detective Maxwell went to Philadelphia. He visited every theatre in the city at which the negro could be playing and finally found a team of colored comedians advertised as "Marshall and Allen." Representing himself as a theatrical producer, Maxwell enticed Marshall to New York, where he gave him a subpoena. Marshall then acknowledged his identity and consented to testify.

Thirteen legal steps must be taken by the lawyers in the Becker case and by the courts before the final decision of the appeal can be acted upon. First, Becker will be sentenced by Justice Seabury next Friday to die in the electric chair. Mr. Manton will then file a notice of appeal, and will present to the court the record of the case on appeal. Justice Seabury will then approve this record as correct and order it printed. The record in due time will be filed with the Court of Appeals; and, seventh step, the motion for an argument on the appeal will be filed. After this the case will be put upon the calendar of the Court of Appeals. Lawyers for the defense will then file their brief with the court and the District Attorney. The District Attorney will file his answer and the appellants will submit a reply. Actual argument before the Court of Appeals will be next in order, after which will come the final step—the decision by the court.

How long all this will take is largely a matter of conjecture, but, according to indications, the time periods will be: Becker's sentence to die in the week of July 10, six weeks after the passing of sentence; the automatic stay of the execution by the appeal followed by the hearing of the argument before the Court of Appeals sometime next October; the decision of the Court of Appeals the following January or February, and, finally, if the verdict is sustained, the execution six weeks later. This gives Becker at least until March or April 1915 to live, and perhaps longer.

It appeared yesterday that Martin T. Manton and his associates who defended Becker will continue in the case until the Court of Appeals decision is handed down. The confidence of Becker and his friends in Mr. Manton has not suffered by the verdict, according to members of the Becker family.

Mrs. Becker had recovered yesterday from the nervous collapse she suffered on Friday when the verdict was announced. She spent more than two hours with Becker in the Tombs. She appeared at the prison at 10 o'clock in the morning looking well and bright. After she had talked with Becker she said that both she and her husband were full of hope. Both are building on the appeal.

Becker continued as unmoved and tranquil as ever. He arose yesterday morning after sleeping more than eight hours, and spent the day talking to members of his family and going over the records of his two trials. He has expressed satisfaction, according to reports, with the prison fare, which under a recent order he is forced to accept.

Mr. Whitman, who has been in Newport since the trial, will be in his office this morning. What action he intends to take regarding "Jack Sullivan," who is still under indictment for the murder of Rosenthal, was not learned yesterday. It is believed, however, that Mr. Whitman will not press the indictment to trial at once, principally because he has so many important cases on hand. Siegel and Vogel, the indicted merchants, will probably be brought to trial next.

$550 FOR BALZAC EDITION.

Other Rare Volumes and Interesting Autographs Sold at Auction.

The sale by the Anderson Auction Company yesterday of books and autographs from the collections of Mrs. Henry P. Quincy of Boston, T. Maus Schermerhorn of this city, and others brought a total of $4,872.75.

The highest price was $550 for an undated edition of Balzac's "La Comédie Humaine," translated into English and published in Philadelphia. The issue was limited to seven copies. William H. Ainsworth's "Historical Romances," special copy on Japan paper, Philadelphia, no date, brought $185.

The Macmillan company's edition de luxe of "Works of Matthew Arnold" sold for $105 to Johnson. Gabriel Weis gave $112.50 for the first octavo edition of John Audubon's "Birds of America," some of the plates stained and foxed. He also gave $105 for John Payne's English translation of Boccaccio's Decameron," a Philadelphia undated edition limited to twelve copies.

T. Lawson paid $95 for an extra illustrated copy of "Story of Nell Gwyn," and $162 for "The Masterpieces of Paul de Kock," an edition printed in Philadelphia and limited to twelve copies. C. A. Jameson obtained for $260 a copy of the large paper edition of "Writings of Charles Dickens," edited by E. P. Whipple, Boston, 1894. A set of Alexandre Dumas's "Celebrated Crimes," translated by I. G. Burnham, went to M. J. White for $107.50.

Mr. Weis paid $90 for an album containing drawings in pencil by John Leech, George Meadland, John Tenniel, and others, and autographs of William Pitt, Wellington, Lord Byron, and others. Mr. Johnson gave $100 for Macmillan's Wessex edition of the "Works of Thomas Hardy in Prose and Verse." An edition of Victor Hugo's "Novels, Dramas, and Selected Poems" went to Mr. Weis for $300. W. Lowe gave $350 for a copy of the Joseph Jefferson autograph edition of "The Complete Works of Washington Irving."

A letter signed but not written by St. Charles Borromeo, Dec. 3, 1572, went to Dr. Joseph Martin for $13. The extremely rare signature of Philip Comminges to a letter addressed to Ludovic Sforza, Duke of Milan, brought $20. A holograph letter of Benjamin Franklin, dated Passy, Jan. 2, 1780, sold for $51, and E. H. Wendel gave $10.50 for a holograph letter of George III. A letter written by U. S. Grant, immediately after the surrender at Appomattox, fetched $37.50.

Chauncey M. Depew was among the bidders, but the only item he obtained was John Bigelow's "Retrospections of an Active Life," for which he paid $4.

The sale will be concluded today.

POST FORTUNE $20,000,000.

Bulk of It Bequeathed to Cereal Man's Widow and Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—An estate valued at $20,000,000 is to be disposed of by the will of Charles W. Post, the cereal magnate of Battle Creek, Mich., which was filed here today for probate. Mr. Post died May 8 at Santa Barbara, Cal. He claimed residence in the District of Columbia, and so recites in his will, which was executed at Battle Creek on Nov. 3, 1913. Letters testamentary were issued to Carroll L. Post, Marshall K. Howe, Henry C. Hawk, Harry E. Burt, Samuel H. Small, Edward L. Branson, Frank C. Grandin, and Arthur W. Williams. The executors, who were business associates of Mr. Post, gave bond in the sum of $2,300,000.

The will leaves to the testator's daughter Marjorie Post Close, all property owned by him in Rock Ridge, Conn., and the personal property used there. She is also to have half of all land in his Texas estate, also the Marjorie Block and Enquirer Buildings at Battle Creek. Mrs. Close is also to have 25 per cent. of all the personal property of her father, aside from his holdings of common stock of the Postum Cereal Company. One-half of this stock is given to his daughter.

To Mrs. Leila Y. Post, the widow, is given all real estate owned by her husband at Battle Creek, except the two properties reserved for the daughter; all his realty holdings in Santa Barbara, Cal., and half of the realty in Texas. Mrs. Post is also to have 25 per cent. of the personal estate, excluding the common stock of the Postum Cereal Company. Of this stock she is to have one-half of the shares which Mr. Post owned.

Bequests also are made to his granddaughters, Adelaide and Eleanor Close; the executors; A. A. Post, his brother; John H. Post, a foster son, and E. B. Close, his son-in-law.

ANNOUNCE CALHOUN INQUIRY

California Commissioners Will Try to Trace the Missing $1,096,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25.—It was announced from the offices of the California Railroad Commission today that an investigation would be begun this week to determine what disposition actually was made of $1,096,000 withdrawn by Patrick Calhoun from the funds of the United Railroads of San Francisco, ostensibly for investment in the Solano Irrigated Farms project. The commission announced that the investigation would be extended to other financial operations of the company during the Presidency of Calhoun.

Jesse W. Lilienthal, now President of the United Railroads, said today that he had made futile search for the books of the company prior to 1913, and that he believed they had been destroyed. The books were shipped East some time after the conclusion of the San Francisco graft trials, involving Patrick Calhoun and other officials of the United Railroads. When Lilienthal succeeded Calhoun as President he went East to trace them, but failed.

Only TWO DAYS More

You Must Act Now

The prices must be advanced by

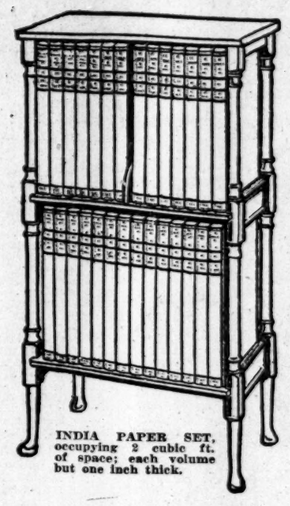
$29 to $50 a Set

(According to the Bindings)

From and after

THURSDAY

The Day After Tomorrow



INDIA PAPER SET, occupying 2 cubic ft. of space; each volume but one inch thick.

No More Sets

of the New

ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA

will be offered for sale at *present low prices* beyond those to be called for by new subscribers down to and including

May 28th

The New Encyclopaedia Britannica

is the only book in the world in which is gathered the best knowledge of our day, sifted and elucidated by authorities on all subjects, concerning which an intelligent man or woman may need information.

It is the only work of general reference that is written at first hand by leaders in every field of practical activity and learning,—1,500 specialist contributors from 21 countries. It consists of 28 volumes of text, 44,000,000 words in 41,000 articles (the equivalent of the contents of a large library), and an index volume containing 500,000 separate references, a feature found in this encyclopaedia only.

By its help the answer to any reasonable question may be found without loss of time. There are 14,689 illustrations, 450 full-page plates in black and white and in color, and 300 maps with 125,000 indexed places, covering all lands. Printed on light, thin, but strong and opaque India paper, the Britannica is the ideal encyclopaedia.

A Positive Book Bargain—Therefore Act at Once

In the first place, you get a work whose contents are guaranteed for **authority** by the University of Cambridge, England.

In the next place, you pay far less for it than it is worth, judging by ordinary book values, less than previous editions cost, and less than you would have to pay if it were not for the large savings in the cost of its production which have been made possible by extensive printing, paper and binding contracts.

You pay about 40 per cent. less than you would pay if this work had been issued in the old way—that is, volume by volume during the course of years.

The Book You Need

You must have heard enough about the new Britannica to know it is a book you ought to use, and to give your children a chance to use. And very likely you have for some time had it in your mind that you would buy the book some day. But what a man can do any time, he is pretty likely to put off doing all his life.

The plain fact is that anybody who wants to buy the Encyclopaedia Britannica at the cheapest price, and on the easiest terms of payment, must act at once—signing and sending in *now* the order form (on the lower corner of this advertisement), with only $5.

Cut out the order form NOW—before you forget it.

Why You Must Hurry

The first sale of the Britannica, which is just ending, is at very low prices, in order to popularize the book as rapidly as possible.

You will realize very quickly how low these prices are, when we tell you that **$1,500,000** was paid for contributions and for the eight years of editorial work, before a single sheet of paper was printed. And **$2,500,000** was spent in manufacturing the first batch of sets. So that there was **$4,000,000 locked up in the Britannica before the publishers began to get any of their money back.**

Such a large sum of money cannot be left outstanding indefinitely. And the price is now being raised so that **people who buy the book after May 28th will pay for it more in accordance with ordinary prices in the book trade.**

In Value Received You Get More Than You Pay For

No bargain in books of which you have ever heard could approach in value received for money paid the offer of the new Encyclopaedia Britannica at the prices which will obtain for only two days more.

To buy a library that should be the equivalent of the 44,000,000 words of the Britannica, merely in amount of reading matter provided, to say nothing of its high intrinsic value, would cost you about **Six Times** as much as you need to pay for the new Encyclopaedia Britannica, if you order before Thursday next.

The time to act has come—the quicker you act, the sooner you will get your set.

$5.00 Down

Brings You the Whole 29 Volumes

The 29 magnificent volumes will be delivered to you at the earliest possible moment after the receipt of your first payment of **ONLY $5.00.**

It will be quite easy for you to complete the purchase by making a few small monthly payments while you are using the Britannica.

And every day you will be getting out of it direct, practical information that will greatly add to your **earning capacity** or to the **economies that wide knowledge enables a man to make.**

No Time Left to Ask Questions

We cannot adequately describe the **contents** of the new Britannica in this small space, but you must already have heard it praised by people who are using it. The **facts** are all here.

You can pay for your Britannica in almost any way you wish—choosing, for example, the **system of 12 or 17 or 20 monthly payments**—*or paying as little as $5.00 a month.*

"Make Hay While the Sun Shines!"

is a good saying. If you do not order your set of the Britannica **now**, at the low price, it is **absolutely certain** that you will have to pay more, for on Thursday ends the sale at the temporary prices.

The Britannica in its various beautiful bindings may be seen in the display room on the ground floor of

120 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET

half a block west of Broadway. Open evenings until eight. (Telephone 8530 Madison.)

It is also shown at Brentano's, Fifth Avenue at 27th Street; Charles Scribner's Sons, 597 Fifth Avenue; Malkan's, 42 Broadway.

The One Great Book of Sound Knowledge

is **the** book for your children to read. Reason with yourself and you'll not be satisfied that your children should read poorly written, misleading books, put together by compilers whose names aren't given you. You would not take your child, if he was sick, to a young medical student with no reputation or experience; nor send your child to a school where every teacher was unknown to you and had no qualifications and no certificate of training.

The Encyclopaedia Britannica is **the** book for children at home and in school, because it is

a Book to be Relied On. The child who reads it will not have to outgrow the wrong or confused ideas he might get from untrustworthy books. It is easier and more economical to start right than to go back and start again.

A Well-Written Book. It is so interesting that children are tempted to read it. The style is so clear and good that it helps teach children to write and speak good English.

It Is Written by Great Men and Women, so that it brings into the lives of children the influence of the best teachers,—big, human, successful people, who have succeeded because they kept, after they were grown up, so many childlike qualities—imagination, faith, eagerness to know and understand.

Let your children form themselves and their taste for books on the Britannica—just as you give them the best of other things at home and school.

Order Form at Present Low Prices—Not Good After May 28th

☞ *NO ORDER AT THESE PRICES WILL BE ACCEPTED UNLESS SENT US IN A LETTER POSTMARKED ON OR BEFORE MAY 28th, 1914* ☜

ANYONE who fills in this blank and sends it to us with a first payment of $5.00, will receive a set of the Encyclopaedia Britannica, in the style of binding ordered.

¶ But any time after delivery, a subscriber may change the method of payment, paying the balance due in full, or in twelve months, eight months or four months, at a considerable saving.

For the **CLOTH BINDING** the subscriber sends $5.00 with the order, and $5.00 each month for thirty months.

For the **FLEXIBLE SHEEPSKIN FULL LEATHER** the subscriber sends $5.00 with the order and $5.00 each month for thirty-six months.

For the **LIMP SUEDE FULL LEATHER** (including a bookcase) the subscriber sends $5.00 with the order and $5.00 each month for forty-five months.

For the **GENUINE RED MOROCCO FULL LEATHER** the subscriber sends $5.00 with the order and $5.00 each month for forty-six months.

Cash Payment in Full

If the subscriber prefers to make full payment now, he should send check as follows:

For the set in **CLOTH BINDING $137.75** (after May 28th, $29.00 more).

For the set in **GREEN SHEEPSKIN FULL LEATHER** $166.75 (after May 28th, $36.50 more).

For the set in **SUEDE FULL LEATHER** $210.25 including bookcase (after May 28th, $45.00 more).

For the set in **RED MOROCCO FULL LEATHER** $217.50 (after May 28th, $50.00 more).

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Published by the Press of Cambridge University, England

Date

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Please send me the new (11th) Edition of the *Encyclopaedia Britannica*, 29 volumes, printed on India paper, bound in _____, for which I enclose $5.00 and agree to pay you $5.00 each consecutive month for _____ months.*

It is agreed that I shall keep the books, but the title does not pass to me until the total amount has been paid.

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*The subscriber should fill in the style of binding and the number of monthly payments, according to the binding which he selects.

Something New

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Dental Cream

Prepared by a Doctor of Dental Surgery

Has the same cleansing efficiency, antiseptic and antacid properties as Dr. Lyon's Perfect Tooth Powder—the *standard* dentifrice for half a century.

Dr. Lyon's Perfect Dental Cream is a decided advance in dental cream formulæ. Quickly soluble. Deposits no sticky masses between the teeth to encourage decay. Rinses thoroughly, leaving the mouth *completely* cleansed.

Write today sending 2 cents postage for free sample—week's supply—of either Dr. Lyon's Perfect Tooth Powder or Dr. Lyon's Perfect Dental Cream. I. W. Lyon & Sons, 520 W. 27th St., Dept. I, New York City.

Sold Everywhere

Look for the coupon in each package that entitles you to a tooth brush free.

DE PINNA

FIFTH AVENUE
AT THIRTY-SIXTH ST.
NEW YORK

Children's Decoration Day

Peeping across the threshold into June.

De Pinna outfits for the country—for the hot days just ahead.

Clothes with airy distinction—cool, smart and durable.

Things you see at the watering places abroad.

Palm Beach Suits

The newest and most fashionable hot weather Suits, Norfolk style.

For boys of 7 to 15 years; plain tans, tan stripes and grays; $8.

This is the first season Palm Beach cloth has been made in boys' suits.

Summer Underwear and Pajamas for Boys

Athletic shirts and knee drawers—all the different desirable fabrics.

Union suits of light Summer materials.

New single-piece soisette pajamas, introduced by De Pinna for Summer wear; for boys of 3 to 16; short sleeves and knee length; white, light blue and pink.

Specially priced at $1.50.

Boys' Negligee Blouses

A very extensive line in all desirable colors; of imported madras; long and short sleeves; with and without collars. $1 to $3.

New athletic negligee shirt of white cheviot, with roll collar.

Boys' Summer neckwear in all fashionable shades and shapes.

DE PINNA

Summer Dresses

A special assortment of dresses in plaids, stripes and plain colors, of imported linens, ginghams and voiles, for girls of 4 to 14.

Specially priced at $5—and most excellent values.

Girls' Spring Coats for Immediate Wear

A special Decoration Day assortment, in a variety of fashionable fabrics—in dark blue, black and white checks, tans and grays. All this season's coats.

Reduced to $6.50 and $12.50. Former Prices up to $25.

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The balance of the stock of De Pinna Trimmed Straw Hats for girls and misses—formerly priced up to $25; to close, $5.

NOTE—De Pinna is showing new and exclusive models in Girls' and Misses' Capes, Riding Habits, Tennis Dresses and Golf Skirts.

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Exclusive Outfitters for Young People

Fifth Ave. at Thirty-sixth St.

GIRLS IN A PANIC IN FALLEN ELEVATOR

Thirty Fight to Escape After Overcrowded Car Drops in the McCall Building.

2,000 OTHERS UNNERVED

Screams and Struggles of Imprisoned Workers Prostrate Women Employes of Pattern Concern.

Because thirty young girls insisted, notwithstanding the warning of the operator, on crowding into an elevator on the ground floor of the McCall Pattern building, at 236 West Thirty-seventh Street, at noon yesterday, the elevator was wrecked and the screams of those imprisoned in it and their frantic efforts to escape, with the crash of the counter weights of the car as they fell to the basement, caused a panic among 2,000 other girls employed in the building.

Men who ran to the elevator car on hearing the screams, found the girls packed tightly in it and fighting madly to get out. The elevator man, jammed firmly against the side of the car, pleaded with the panic-stricken passengers to make way for him so that he could open the door, but the girls were crazed by fear, and clawed at each other in a frenzy, many of the most hysterical biting and scratching those in front of them.

Those who had come to the rescue of the girls were unable to open the door because the latch was on the inside. They shouted through the grating to the girls that there was no danger, and begged them to stop their struggles, but they might as well have tried to calm a herd of stampeded steers by arguing with it. The girls in the front rank were wedged so tightly against the gate by the fighting crowd behind them that they could not press the catch, and finally those in the corridor, fearing that unless the passengers were released speedily many would be killed, seized the door, and by main force tore it from its fastenings.

As the door fell away the girls who had been in the car rushed into the hall, still screaming and fighting in hysteria. When they had been calmed somewhat it was found that twenty out of the thirty were hurt so badly as to require the services of an ambulance surgeon. They were attended by a doctor from the New York Hospital, and after their injuries had been dressed were sent to their homes.

Among the girls who were most seriously injured were: Helen May of 411 West Forty-seventh Street, Frances Crowe of Riverdale, N. Y.; Bertha Veit of 241 East Ninety-fourth Street, Emma Herbearn of 211 Eleventh Avenue, Grace Lecout of 517 West 159th Street, Ruth Dempster of 361 West Eighty-sixth Street, Ethel Scott of 359 West Thirty-sixth Street, Della Woods of 403 West Thirty-eighth Street, Helen Griffith of 405 West Fiftieth Street, Catherine Kearns of 450 West Forty-first Street, and Louise Fundt of 443 Court Street, Brooklyn.

HAMMERSTEIN SUES SINGER.

Alleges That Maria Barriantes Became Silent After Getting $8,000.

Maria Barrientes, the opera singer, was at luncheon in the Hotel Seville yesterday when Samuel Ginsberg, a Deputy Sheriff, served an attachment signed by Justice Blanchard in an action brought by Oscar Hammerstein, who alleged breach of contract, and asked for $8,000.

Maria Barrientes was employed for forty performances at $1,300 each, according to Mr. Hammerstein. She refused to sign a contract, Hammerstein says, but $8,000 was deposited to the singer's credit in a Paris bank. Maria Barrientes refused to sing any more after she had withdrawn the $8,000, the complaint alleged.

SCHOOLGIRL ENDS LIFE.

Sarah Fabrick Feared That She Would Be Expelled.

Mrs. Max Fabrick smelled gas last night when she returned from shopping to her home at 221 Tompkins Avenue, Brooklyn. She traced it to the room of her sister-in-law, Sarah Fabrick, an orphan, 15 years old. In the room she found the girl lying unconscious upon the bed, while fumes were flowing from an open jet.

Mrs. Fabrick carried the girl to another room for fresh air and sent a call to the Swedish Hospital. Dr. Nylan applied the pulmotor and worked over her for three-quarters of an hour, but was unable to revive her.

On a table in the room was the following note in the girl's handwriting:

"Forgive me. Ask Mrs. Rothenberg why I did it."

Mrs. Fabrick telephoned to Mrs. Rothernberg at 680 Gates Avenue, who said that on Sunday the girl, who was a member of the graduating class of Public School 25, Lafayette and Sumner Avenues, had called on her and told her that she feared she would be expelled from school. She said that she had had trouble with her German teacher, and that the Principal of the school, Irving A. Hazen, had told her he wished to see her sister-in-law yesterday morning. The girl said she was sure she was going to be expelled and that she was afraid to tell her sister-in-law. She begged Mrs. Rothenberg to take the place of her sister-in-law, and Mrs. Rothernberg consented to call on the Principal.

Mr. Hazen told Mrs. Rothenberg that the girl was stubborn and would not do her German lessons. He said there was no intention to expel her, but asked Mrs. Rothenberg to urge the girl to do better.

The girl attended school yesterday, but ended her life last night without learning the outcome of Mrs. Rothenberg's interview with the Principal.

FEVER IN WOMEN'S PRISON.

Three Cases Reported at Auburn—Albany Hears There Are 75.

Special to The New York Times.

AUBURN, May 25.—Three cases of scarlet fever in Auburn prison for women has caused a strict quarantine to be established. The cases were discovered a week ago, at which time the patients were isolated. This is easily accomplished because the prison formerly was a hospital and is equipped with a large number of rooms.

Health Officer Sawyer said there was no danger of a general epidemic because the prison physicians had the situation well in hand. All visitors have been barred. The officials said there was no reason for alarm and denied exaggeraterd reports of an epidemic.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 25.—Reports reached here today that seventy-five out of a population of 110 in the Women's State Prison at Auburn had scarlet fever, and John B. Riley, Superintendent of State Prisons, called on Dr. Hermann Biggs, State Health Officer, for a detail of one or more physicians for service in the prison. He also informed Dr. Biggs that, because of the close proximity of the men's prison, with its 1,500 inmates, and the fact that the prison was in the City of Auburn proper, no time should be lost in furnishing such medical aid as he could command.

RACES WITH DYING CHILD.

Motorist Tries in Vain to Save Boy His Car Runs Down.

While romping in the street with playmates, Alfred Scott, 9 years old, of 418 East Eighty-ninth Street, was run over by an automobile, which was proceeding slowly in First Avenue at Eighty-ninth Street last night.

John Hoffman of 1,118 Havemeyer Avenue, the Bronx, the owner of the machine, was driving. He placed the unconscious lad in his car and raced to the Reception Hospital. The boy was then removed to the Metropolitan Hospital, where he died an hour later. The wheels had fractured his skull and broken his neck.

Patrolman Platt of the East Eighty-eighth Street Station said Hoffman could not have avoided the accident, and that the boy ran into the machine suddenly from the sidewalk. The police made no arrests.

Stevens Alumni Day.

The annual alumni day celebration of Stevens Institute of Technology will be held at Castle Point, Hoboken, N. J., on Saturday, June 6. There will be a parade of the alumni, a lawn fête and concert, and a lacrosse game will be played between Stevens and Swarthmore at Castle Point Field.

PUZZLED BY RICHES OF CRAZED WOMAN

Trustees Seek Ruling on the Will of Henry Dexter, Who Left $1,390,409.

$15,000 A YEAR TO HEIRESS

Incompetent's "Every Wish Shall Be Respected," After Which Other Bequests May Be Paid.

Miss Clarissa Treadwell Dexter, the incompetent daughter of Henry Dexter, who died on July 11, 1910, is living in her home at 42 West Fifty-sixth Street, with servants and nurses at an expense of $15,000 to $20,000 a year. This is in accordance with the will of her father, which provides that only after all the expenses of her establishment are paid shall any of the income from his estate be used to meet any of the obligations imposed upon it by the will.

Mr. Dexter was once the President of the American News Company. He left an estate valued at $1,390,409. Two of the Trustees, Everett L. Crawford and S. Clinton Sherwood, began proceedings in the Supreme Court yesterday to have their accounts judicially examined and the will construed. In their application they said that under the will no less than $5,000 a year should be spent for the maintenance of Miss Dexter, who was now 58 years old and whose mental condition was said to be incurable. From the date of Mr. Dexter's death until Dec. 24, 1912, the expense of her establishment was $40,246.

During this period the income from the estate collected by the trustees was $143,390. From Sept. 15, 1912, to Sept. 15, 1913, the trustees collected from the estate $83,222, and from Dec. 24, 1912, paid out for the maintenance of Miss Dexter $15,408. At the latter date the trustees reported that they had $170,957 and had paid out to individual legatees $39,000 and to corporations, which were beneficiaries under the will, $1,200. There was still on hand a total of $130,757.

The trustees now want the court to give instructions for the disposal of this surplus, as well as to make an examination of the accounts. Among the beneficiaries under the will are many charitable organizations, and the trustees want the will construed because of its peremptory order that Miss Dexter shall be amply provided for before any of these bequests are paid. One of the paragraphs in the will reads in part:

"Her (Miss Dexter's) every wish shall be respected—with regard to her pleasure and whether she shall remain at home or travel."

If Miss Dexter desires to travel, and the trustees deem her capable of standing the strain, she must have her way.

One of the codicils of Mr. Dexter's will provided for setting aside $10,000 as a reward to any person who would cause the arrest and conviction of the man who shot and killed his son, Orlando P. Dexter, in the Adirondacks on Sept. 19, 1903.

NO STRIKE ON VATERLAND.

Stewards Present Demands, but Compromise Is Reported.

Following a meeting on board the ship Sunday night a delegation representing the 300 stewards employed on the Hamburg-American liner Vaterland waited upon the Chief Steward yesterday with grievances, and asked for increased pay. They complained that their wage of $15 a month was 25 per cent. below the pay on the British steamships of the Cunard and White Star Lines; also, they wanted better food and living conditions. After working for fourteen hours on Friday, with a luncheon to serve for 600 guests next day and the ship to clean, the stewards said one of the Staff Captains wanted them out for lifeboat drill at 5 o'clock in the morning.

Julius P. Meyer, Assistant General Manager of the Hamburg-American Line and Vice Resident Director, who was on board the Vaterland all yesterday until late last night, said he would give out a statement at 5 o'clock, but later changed his mind and said there would be nothing given out by the company.

It was understood later that a compromise of some kind was arrived at by giving the stewards an extra allowance for the luncheons served on Saturday and yesterday to 600 and 500 guests of the company, respectively.

Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has received $1 from "H. B." to aid Mrs. Mary McDonald, who, ill, deserted by her husband, and penniless, attempted to throw herself and her two children before a Subway train at Fourteenth Street.

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At Moderate Rates

Remodeling and Repairing at Special Summer Prices.

HEARST ENTERTAINS GLYNN.

Editor Gives Reception at His Home to the Governor.

Gov. Martin H. Glynn and Mrs. Glynn were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst last night at their home, 137 Riverside Drive, where a dinner and reception was given in their honor.

Other guests at the dinner were Mr. and Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood Aldrich, Mr. and Mrs. Preston Satterwhite, Mr. and Mrs. Anson B. Burchard, Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Hare, Mr. and Mrs. Horst Weber, Mr. and Mrs. Julian M. Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wayne Irwin, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence J. Shearn, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Hamilton Fish, Jr., Justice Edward J. Gavegan and Mrs. Gavegan, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis L. Clark, Frank A. Munsey, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Douglas Robinson, Arthur Brisbane, and the Misses Nanna Sigourney and Hazel Bliss.

At the reception and dance following the dinner more than 100 others were present and met the Governor and Mrs. Glynn. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. John G. A. Leishman, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lewisohn, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hartley Manners, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Sargeant, Allison Cammack, Stephen B. Elkins, William A. Larned, Harry O'Donohue, William Rhinelander Stewart, Jr., Walbridge Taft, Creighton Webb, and Capt. Reginald Townsend.

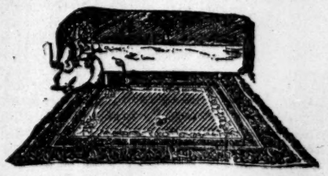
The Governor and his party, who were registered at the Vanderbilt, will return to Albany this afternoon.

Store Opens at 9 A. M.

Brooklyn's Store of Confidence

MATTHEWS

Fulton St., Brooklyn. 16 minutes from Grand Central Subway Express Station.



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An Opportunity of a Lifetime!!

An exigency of business forces a prominent New York importer of rare Oriental Rugs to dispose of his entire collection. Knowing the unequaled outlet of the House of Matthews, he has turned his stock over to us to be sold for him

At Public Auction!

The sale begins to-day, Tuesday morning, at 10:30, and will be continued throughout the week, each day at 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

Never before has such a Rug-buying chance been known in Brooklyn.

The House of Matthews guarantees satisfaction or your money back.

In the event that you are not perfectly satisfied with any Rug purchased in this sale, return it promptly and your money will be refunded without question.

Auction Will Be Conducted by P. H. McMahon.

Catalogues Free Upon Application.

Rug and Carpet Sections Third Floor.

Matthews

B. ALTMAN & CO. announce that the following schedule of business hours will take effect June 15th:

June 15th to June 30th: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Saturdays 12 Noon

July and August: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. On Saturdays the Store will be closed all day

September 1st to September 15th: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Saturdays 12 Noon

B. Altman & Co.

Another Extraordinary Sale of Men's Furnishings

has been prepared for this day (Tuesday) and to-morrow (Wednesday), during which Men's Negligee Shirts, Pajamas, Nightshirts, Underwear, Bathrobes, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Belts and Umbrellas will be offered at about one-third to one-half less than the regular prices.

Men's Silk Negligee Shirts, of superior quality heavy-weight imported Habutai at $4.85

Men's Silk Negligee Shirts (plain or plaited), of medium-weight imported Habutai, $3.75

Men's Negligee Shirts (with soft cuffs) of silk-and-cotton mixtures . at $1.85

Men's Negligee Shirts of madras, with stiff cuffs; or of mercerized materials, with soft cuffs . . . . . at $1.10

Men's Pajamas, of madras and mercerized materials . . . . per suit $1.35

Men's Cambric Nightshirts . at 55c.

Men's Sleeveless Coat Shirts and Knee-length Drawers, of madras, per garment 45c.

Men's Sleeveless, Knee-length Union Suits, of plaid madras . . . per suit 75c.

Men's Imported Bathrobes, of double-faced toweling, in fancy designs . at $3.75

Men's Silk Half-hose, in black or colors, per pair . . . . . 65c.

Men's Black Silk Half-hose, per pair $1.10

Men's Lisle Thread Half-hose per half dozen pairs . $1.25 & 1.50

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs Initialed . . per dozen $1.90 & 2.25

Plain, hemstitched, per dozen . . $2.50, 3.25 & 3.75

Men's One-clasp Gray Silk Gloves, per pair . . . . . 78c.

Men's Leather Belts, in black or tan, at 55c.

Men's Twilled Silk Umbrellas, with natural or mission wood handles . at $2.00

Thirty-fourth Street **Fifth Avenue, New York** Thirty-fifth Street

NEXT SUNDAY

The special features arranged for publication in The New York Times next Sunday have a wide range of appeal and in importance of topic and popularity of interest they compare favorably with the best articles offered by the leading magazines.

The third article by ex-President Taft on the Trusts takes up a feature of this discussion which will command the widest reading by business men.

George Brandes, the well known Danish literary critic, is visiting the United States. Some of his most interesting philosophy will be found in an entertaining interview which he has given The New York Times. The articles on Russia and the Russians, by Kurt Aram, are meeting with an enthusiastic audience. The third article will be published next Sunday.

Read what Professor Blakeslee of Clark University says about the Monroe Doctrine. He has a Pan-American basis for extending its usefulness.

Dean Brown of Yale School of Religion talks about church attendance and the religion of service. What he has to say will have much encouragement for religious workers.

Murray Hill is to be a battle field between aggressive business on the one hand and defensive residents on the other. Read the history, up to date, of this long standing feud.

The New York Times is supreme in pictures. It leads all newspapers and magazines in the publication of photographs of affairs of public interest and people in the public eye. Some exceptional pictures are already in hand for next Sunday.

THE NEW YORK TIMES

Order from your newsdealer today

Sunday Excursion $3 to WASHINGTON

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Sundays, May 31 and June 14.

Leave W. 23d St., 11:30 P. M.; Liberty St., 12:01 Midnight Saturdays. Returning, leave Washington, 4 P. M.

Tickets on sale one week prior to excursion at Liberty St., W. 23d St. and Jersey City Terminals, 345, 879, 1276, 1440, 2081 Broadway, 1 Cortlandt St., N. Y.; 4 and 24 Court St., Brooklyn. Sale limited for each date.

Studebaker SIX $1575

The Studebaker SIX is economical in fuel because it has the best motor construction.

Its small-bore, long-stroke motor, with 3½ x 5-inch cylinders, uses less gasoline than larger "Four" engines.

Economy of tires is equally pronounced, owing to lightness and even balance.

Only the most accurate manufacturing processes can produce that balance.

Studebaker SIX embodies 6,000 manufacturing operations; the combined results of 5,000 separate machines.

Our special steels receive two to four heat treatments--the most possible.

They must withstand pressure up to 150,000 pounds per square inch.

We use 247 drop forgings in the Studebaker SIX. More than in any other car.

It is completely Timken equipped—even to the wheel hubs.

To the best values of the others, it adds many that no other can give—at any price.

These are only a few of the reasons why the Studebaker SIX outsells all other "Sixes."

They tell why Studebaker SIX owners everywhere are enthusiasts.

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FOUR Touring Car	$1050
SIX Touring Car	1575
SIX Landau Roadster	1800
SIX Sedan	2250
Model "35" Touring Car	1290
Model "35" Coupe	1850
Six-Passenger SIX	1550

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Spicer Universal Joints
Gemmer Steering Gear
Detroit Steel Products Springs
Hydraulic Pressed Steel Frames
Stromberg Carburetor
Janney-Steinmetz Gas Tank
Firestone Demountable Rims and
Stewart Vacuum Gravity Gasolene Feed

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Four	Four	Six
$1665	$1925	$2600

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KEEP ABREAST with the world's doings. Before leaving town, inform your newsdealer where to send The New York Times, or telephone Bryant 1000. Daily and Sunday, 75 cents per month. Daily alone, 50 cents per month.—Adv.

37 ENGLISH PONIES HERE FOR CUP MATCH

Mounts Will Be Taken to Piping Rock Quarters To-day—All in Good Shape.

Thirty-seven ponies to be used by the English polo team in the matches for the International Cup at the Meadowbrook field on June 9 and 13 arrived on the steamer Minneapolis of the Atlantic Transport Line yesterday. They were in charge of James Faulkner, Lord Wimborne's stud groom, with twenty-eight attendants and a mascot in the shape of a fox-terrier, the latter presented by Capt. E. D. Miller, who is to be the manager of the polo tournament at the Panama-Pacific Exposition next year.

A special train brought the string from Putney to Tilbury, where they were put aboard the Minneapolis. Lord Wimborne and the members of the England team, as it is called on the other side of the water, being on hand to give them a send-off and see that they were safely ensconsed in the specially built stalls amidships on the main cattle deck, where they were exercised daily. Most of the ponies are the personal property of Lord Wimborne, who has picked them up in England, Ireland, France, and Spain, or wherever he could get track of a fine bit of horse flesh.

The star of the lot is the well-known Energy, the property of the Duke of Westminster, a well put together chestnut, called by experts one of the most beautiful and handiest ponies in the British Isles. This is her third trip to this country, she being the only internationalist in the string. Capt. Leslie St. C. Cheape sent over Milltown, a chestnut mare, 8 years old, and Peppercorn, a gray mare of the same age, and J. D. Gouldsmith, a brother-in-law of F. M. Freake, loaned his smart gelding, Felicity, 6 years old, and one of the best ponies playing at Hurlingham.

The animals of Lord Wimborne's string are: Annie Laurie, chestnut mare, 7 years; Bella, bay mare, 8 years; Countess, brown mare, aged; Christine, bay mare, 6 years; Cottesmere, gray gelding, aged; Dolly, skewbald mare, 9 years; Enoch, bay gelding, 8 years; Esmay, chestnut mare, 8 years; Grayling, gray mare, aged; Guineas, bay mare, aged; Halloween, bay mare, aged; Hurry Up, brown gelding, 9 years; Kitty, brown mare, 7 years; Ladybird, chestnut mare, 8 years; Loughreagh, chestnut gelding, aged; Mars, bay gelding, aged; Medina, brown mare, 9 years; Milady, bay mare, 8 years; Minnie, chestnut mare, 7 years; Mocassin, bay mare, 8 years; Marksman, bay gelding, 8 years; Nibilck, bay gelding, 7 years; Paddy, black gelding, 8 years; Quicksilver, bay gelding, aged; Roulette, chestnut mare, 7 years; Star, brown gelding, 9 years; Stratton, bay gelding, aged; Satinella, black mare, 7 years; Tertulia, black gelding, aged; Twenty-seven, dark chestnut gelding, 9 years, and so named from the brand on his shoulder; Vigilance, bay gelding, aged; Warrior, chestnut gelding, 8 years, and Zephyr, chestnut mare, 7 years.

Those in Lord Wimborne's string are the best left of the seventy-three he took with him to try out at Madrid. These survivors, after three months in Spain went back to Hurlingham where they had three weeks of additional work, previous to shipment.

Such inspection as could be had of the lot in the dim light amidships revealed a bunch of high class ponies, and Faulkner, who has had their training from the time they came into Lord Wimborne's possession, says sagely:

"If speed will win the cup the men have got it in this lot, for they are faster than the ponies they usually play at Hurlingham or Ranelagh, and I've seen the whole lot there. It was because they had not got off their sea legs that they did not show so well at Hurlingham, but with a week on land here they will answer the question all right. They stood the trip in fine shape, not one of them showing the least signs of sickness. They had two hours walking exercise every day except last Saturday, when it was a bit too rough to have them out, and not one of them has missed a feed, or failed to clean up all we gave them. They are fit as they can be without actual work on the field, and it will surprise me if they do not show up faster than the string the Duke of Westminster had over here. If we are beaten it will not be the fault of the ponies."

"We never had a better behaved lot on boardship," said Capt. Hasker, "and while I don't pretend to be an expert on polo, take it from me that that bunch of ponies and the men who ride them are going to bring that cup back to England. The team is a good deal stronger than you people over here have been led to believe, in my opinion, for I have seen both lots play, and England has a first rate team. If your team can beat them then yours is a cracker jack and no mistake."

Grayling, a flea-bitten gray mare is a Californian by birth and the one in the lot that caused most admiration among the passengers. She is splendidly mannered, knows all the tricks of polo, and is so well schooled that she can be played in a halter. Ladybird, a chestnut mare seems full of power, a trifle on the big side just now, but looks worth the $3,500 Lord Wimborne paid for her. Loughreagh, a fine upstanding chestnut of Irish breeding was bought from Count de Quinsonas in France, where he was considered one of the best of their polo mounts. Bella and Mocassin were both bought in Spain, but were bred and played in Ireland before being played in Madrid by a Spanish lover of the sport. The big gelding Paddy won the first prize at the Dublin Horse Show in 1912, and is a horse that would catch the eye anywhere—a perfect type of a thoroughbred, though a trifle small. But he is all muscle with clean legs and intelligent eyes. Quicksilver was formerly the property of the Duke of Penaranda, who accompanies the team to this country. Hurry Up, once the property of John Drage and Twenty-seven, bought out of the Royal Horse Guards stable are said to be the two fastest in the string.

The ponies will be taken off the Minneapolis this morning to the steamer Sagamore, which will take them to Glen Cove, from which point they will be walked over to Piping Rock, where they will be stabled.

POLO FOR VISITORS CUP.

Great Neck Grasshoppers and Meadow Brook Magpies Win Games.

Two matches were played in the opening of the polo tournament for the Visitors' Cup on the field of the Piping Rock Club yesterday. The Visitors' Cup is the trophy presented by the English polo ists here last year. It is now held by the Great Neck Grasshoppers. Teams of not more than 17 nor less than 8 goals handicap are permitted to play for it, and the team that wins it three times or two consecutive years becomes the permanent owner of the cup.

The present cup-holders were pitted against the Great Neck First four in the opening game yesterday, and they retained their advantage, the final score being Great Neck Grasshoppers, 6; Great Neck First, 4 goals.

In the second match the Meadowbrook Magpies lined up against Point Judith and won, 6¾ goals to 5½. The line-ups:

GREAT NECK GRASSHOPPERS.	H'c'p.
1—J. S. Phipps	5
2—J. C. Cooley	3
3—J. P. Grace	3
Back—C. L. Bibbs	2
Total	18

GREAT NECK FIRST.	H'c'p.
1—Elliot Bacon	1
2—F. Ambrose Clark	8
3—J. H. Markham	6
Back—J. G. Milburn, Jr.	5
Total	15

MEADOW BROOK MAGPIES.	H'c'p.
1—H. C. Phipps	2
2—C. L. Appleton	2
3—David Dows	2
Back—E. G. Loew	4
Total	10

POINT JUDITH.	H'c'p.
1—Philip Boyer	2
2—B. K. Gatips	2
3—A. C. Schwartz	2
Back—N. L. Tilney	3
Total	9

TROOPERS OUT FOR POLO.

Twenty Men Report for Elimination Match at Van Cortlandt Park.

Seven periods of hard tryouts, in a sort of elimination practice, with the result that the Reds of Squadron A beat the Whites by a score of 3 goals to 2, was the result of yesterday's polo playing at Van Cortlandt Park. Word had been sent to the players that eight men would be selected after yesterday's game, and this team would go into thorough preparation to meet the West Point four. Every one of the squadron's polo ists expressed eagerness to be "called," so upward of twenty men reported with their ponies at Van Cortlandt Park, and thereupon the task of Manager Boulton assumed strenuous proportions. At length a team of Reds, consisting of F. Johnson, W. Boulton, D. Runkel, and A. C. Smith, and a quartet of Whites, comprising L. Hunt, J. J. Downey, L. Spencer, and C. Colby, took the field. They played two very hard periods of 7½ minutes each. No goal resulted in the first session, but in the second the Reds drove the ball through the posts for a goal, which was scored by Boulton, assisted by Runkel. Again the Whites were blanked.

Then the teams were shifted in position and two changes were made in the make-up. For the Reds, T. Strong went to number one and Holt took Runkel's place. The Whites were represented by Milburn, Pratt, Downey, and L. Spencer. These two teams indulged in two periods of the most dashing character. Riding off and venturesome support of their fellows became the style adopted by these teams, and they made a hard struggle of it in both offensive and defensive tactics, all of which told heavily on the ponies.

For the next two periods changes were again made in the teams, the Reds showing Metcalf, Holt, Strong, and Downey, and the Whites having Hunt, Barrett, Colby, and Smith. At the expiration of these two periods one final seven-minute session was played with the respective teams made up practically as in the first formation, and the close of play showed the Reds winners by one goal.

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THE ANTI-TRUST CAR

Every one knows the Ford. It has that clean-cut, dependable look—lightness and strength in every line. It's the one car sold in numbers the world over. It's popular—because it's a better car sold at a lower price.

Five hundred dollars is the price of the *Ford* runabout; the touring car is five fifty; the town car seven fifty—f. o. b. Detroit, complete with equipment. Get catalog and particulars from Ford Motor Company, 1728 Broadway; also Jackson Avenue and Honeywell Street, Long Island City.

OLD CROW RYE

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OHIO BUILDING PERMANENT ROADS

Laying Concrete and Brick Types Now—Canadian Road Work—A. C. A. Club Run.

More than one-third of the 578 miles of State roads built and contracted for during the last seven years in the State of Ohio has been of brick or concrete construction, according to a bulletin of the highway department of that commonwealth just issued. During each of the last two fiscal years 62 miles of each of these permanent types have been construced. The city of Bellefontaine, Ohio, laid the first concrete roadway in the country twenty-wo years ago, and it is still giving excellent service. Most of the concrete road in the State constructed in 1912 was given a bituminous wearing surface, such as has been adopted for the 'runk line system in California, but the result was not satisfactory in Ohio climate, and the highway department now is building plain, single course concrete roads. Altogether Ohio has 78 miles of concrete roads, 440 miles of brick roads, 12,000 of macadam, and 15,000 of gravel.

***

Canada is preparing for a systematic campaign for the improvement of all her roads, especially those joining the Dominion with the United States, according to I. S. Pennybacker of the American Highway Association, who has returned from the first Canadian Road Congress. A permanent organization in Canada was formed, designed to bring together all factions and to unite the Provinces into a centralized movement for the betterment of roads.

***

The club run to Lake Ronkonkoma over the Long Island Motor Parkway held by the Automobile Club of America on Saturday was highly successful, some fifty persons taking part. The first car to reach the finish was that driven by John F. Plummer.

***

At the A. C. A. tonight motion pictures devoted to flying will be shown under the joint auspices of the Automobile Club and the Aero Club of America. Among the films shown will be flying over Pau, flying over Lucerne, Switzerland, from an airship, Paris as seen from a height of 2,000 feet, the military airship, Ville de Paris, making balloons, and military kite-flying at Rheims. Members may introduce a guest by securing tickets from either club.

***

Dr. Charles G. Percival of Teaneck, N. J., President of the Cyclecar Club of New Jersey, has been appointed Chairman of the National Touring Committee of the Cyclecar Association of America by its President, Charles P. Root. Dr. Percival has been in every State in the Union in an automobile, and has also driven completely around the border of the United States. He will select his own associates on the Cyclecar Touring Committee.

CORNELL ON THE CHARLES.

'Varsity and Freshman Crews Polish Up for Race with Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 25.—The two Cornell crews which will meet the Harvard 'Varsity and freshmen on the Charles River tomorrow put in a busy day today, going out for both morning and afternoon spins. The afternoon session was a hard one, and the Ithaca 'Varsity looked specially fast and in good shape after the hard race it rowed against Yale and Princeton eights on Saturday.

The Cascadilla School crew also is here for a race with the Stone School eight of Boston, this race being scheduled for the morning. John Hoyle, the assistant coach at Cornell, is representing Charles Courtney, who did not make the trip with the oarsmen. The work of the Cornellians was watched by the Harvard men, who were much impressed with their work over the one and seven-eighths miles course.

VANITIE AT NEW LONDON.

Cochran Cup Defender's Trial Pleases Old Skippers.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., May 25.—At 7:30 o'clock this morning the Boston built sloop yacht cup defender Vanitie arrived in port in tow of the tug Pallas. The racer's arrival was unexpected, but it was not long before her presence was known about the city, and scores of spectators were on hand during the day to get a line on the trim craft, which anchored off the New York Yacht Club's station. The steamer City of Stamford, which has comfortable quarters specially fitted up for the Vanitie's crew, also arrived in port with the sloop.

The auxiliary brigantine rigged yacht Mohican, owned by Alexander S. Cochran, who built the Vanitie, arrived with Mr. Cochran and family on board Sunday afternoon, and is also anchored a short distance off the club station.

Shortly after noon the Vanitie broke anchor, and Capt. Dennis gave the sloop a three-hour trial spin off the mouth of the harbor. The wind was blowing about eight knots from the southwest, and the sloop was manoeuvred across Long Island Sound and well up into Fishers Island Sound before making the homeward tack.

The huge mainsail appeared to set well and, with a working topsail, main topsail, jib, and forestaysail spread, the craft made a very creditable showing, according to opinions expressed by veteran sailing masters who were on hand.

If weather conditions are favorable the Vanitie and her consorts will sail to City Island tomorrow.

RESOLUTE OUT IN BREEZE.

Yacht Stands Up Stiffly After Alterations Are Made in Sails.

BRISTOL, R. I., May 25.—The flag officers' cup sloop Resolute came in from Newport today and made alterations in the jib and top sails, which had become stretched in the recent tuning-up spins. At the same time an aluminum gaff was rigged on her for the first time on any yacht of her class. The sail is laced instead of being attached by rings, and the saving in weight over the old wood gaff and attached gear amounts to several hundred pounds.

The Resolute had a few turns about the bay after the changes had been made and stood up stiffly in a good breeze. She returned to Newport later in the day, but will come back for an overhauling before sailing for Glen Cove the latter part of the week to meet the Defiance and the Vanitie, her rivals for international honors.

Defiance Gets a Cleaning Up.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 25.—The cup defender Defiance remained at anchor all day today alongside Commodore George Lauder, Jr.'s, yacht Endymion, both Mr. Lauder and Mr. Pynchon giving personal attention to a general clean-up of the yacht. Her crew has been busy varnishing and scraping, adjusting the rigging, setting up shrouds, &c. Mr. Pynchon said tonight that there were things below deck which must be brought out and straightened up after her rough passage on the Sound Saturday, and the next trial spin would be taken Wednesday afternoon. He said there would be no change made in her sails yet a while, as they must get seasoned.

Xavier Charges to be Heard June 9.

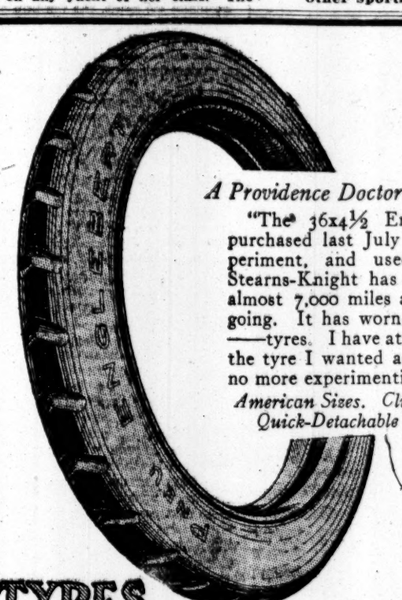
The special committee appointed by James E. Sullivan, President of the Metropolitan Association, A. A. U., to investigate the charges made by the Xavier A. A. against the Millrose A. A., yesterday set June 9 as the date when the hearing will take place. Th meeting will be held at the Hotel Imperial.

President J. A. Turley of the Xaviers and F. Schaertz, Secretary of the Millrose A. A., represented their respective clubs at the meeting, which was presided over by Chairman F. W. Rubin. Other members of the committee at the session were Andrew F. Tulley, J. J. Walsh, R. A. Byrne, H. Oberlubesser, J. V. Hoole, H. J. Dibbiee, and W. J. Lee.

Ahearn and Savage Win Bouts.

LONDON, May 25.—"Young" Ahearn of Brooklyn, N. Y., knocked out "Private" Braddock in the eighth round before the National Sporting Club tonight. At the Blackfriars ring Jim Savage, an American pugilist, defeated Patrick Curran, an English heavyweight, on points in a twenty-round bout.

Other Sports on Page 12.



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"The 36x4½ Englebert I purchased last July as an experiment, and used on my Stearns-Knight has now done almost 7,000 miles and is still going. It has worn out three ——tyres. I have at last found the tyre I wanted and will do no more experimenting."

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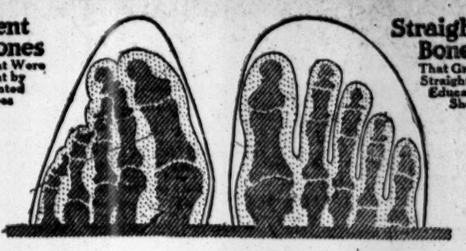

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A New York orthopaedic surgeon said, "Only yesterday a young man consulted me, who had passed all examinations at West Point; but he had *falling arches*, and for that reason was rejected."

Tight-fitting pointed shoes made those flat feet, and ruined that young man's bright future.

Will pointed shoes wreck the future of *your* boy? Not if he grows up in roomy, good-looking Educator Shoes.

Get him and the whole family into Educators *today*. $1.35 to $5.50. See that EDUCATOR is branded on the sole. That name guarantees you the correct orthopaedic shape which lets the feet grow as nature intended.

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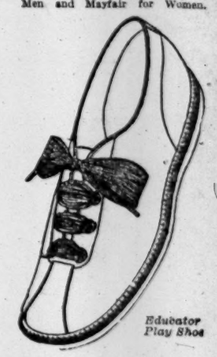

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When your throat feels dry as a lime-burner's hat, let it be Clicquot Club Ginger Ale that revivifies you. The pure Jamaica ginger is good for you, the juices of lemons and limes add zest to the beverage and the high carbonation of the Clicquot spring water sweetened with cane sugar gives the final touch of life and sparkle.

The water is slightly laxative. Absolutely no adulterants are used. None of the saccharin, coal-tar dyes and flavors, soapy foam producers and preservatives that are the main constituents of cheap ginger ales find their way into Clicquot.

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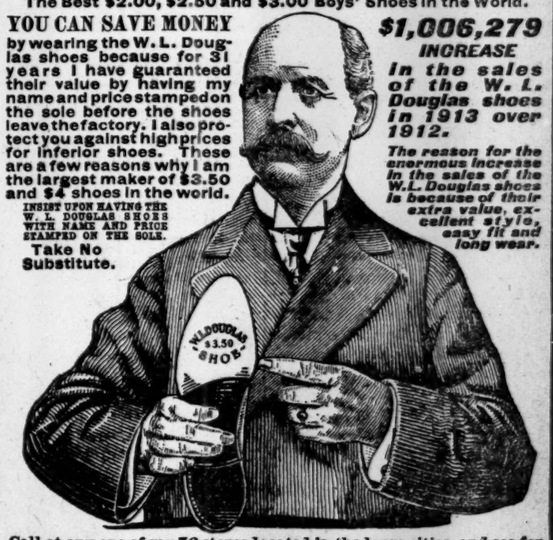
YOU CAN SAVE MONEY by wearing the W. L. Douglas shoes because for 31 years I have guaranteed their value by having my name and price stamped on the sole before the shoes leave the factory. I also protect you against high prices for inferior shoes. These are a few reasons why I am the largest maker of $3.50 and $4 shoes in the world.

INSIST UPON HAVING THE W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES WITH NAME AND PRICE STAMPED ON THE SOLE. Take No Substitute.

$1,006,279 INCREASE
In the sales of the W. L. Douglas shoes in 1913 over 1912.

The reason for the enormous increase in the sales of the W. L. Douglas shoes is because of their extra value, excellent style, easy fit and long wear.



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I am confident that after a careful examination you will be convinced that it is not economy to pay from $5.00 to $7.00 for shoes any longer.

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 26, 1914.

ANOTHER LAST EFFORT.

The Irish Home Rule bill was passed by the Commons yesterday in comparative quiet, the riotous behavior of the opposition at the session of Thursday seeming to have exhausted their angry impulse. Mr. BONAR LAW, it is true, denounced the whole proceeding as a farce, and worked the metaphor for all it was worth and a little more. It may be the prelude to a tragedy, but there is nothing farcical in the action of the Commons or in the long struggle that has culminated in the abolition of the veto of the House of Lords and the serious recasting of the British Constitution. On the contrary, the work of yesterday may yet lead to civil war, and if that catastrophe be avoided, there still remains the radical democratization of the whole political fabric, the consequences of which it is impossible to predict.

Mr. ASQUITH announced yesterday, at the special solicitation of the Speaker, who was intensely anxious that hot temper should not again turn the Chamber into a bear garden, the general terms of the amending bill he will introduce, if no compromise is reached before the bill receives the royal assent. They were only the terms of last March. That is to say, he will give to each of the Ulster counties a chance to vote itself out of home rule for six years—a species of suspension of sentence, or reprieve. This in no way placated the opposition, and they flatly refused to debate it. When the vote was taken, the Government got its full majority, a triumph for Mr. ASQUITH as a parliamentary leader. How far it is a triumph of statesmanship remains to be seen. The course of events in Ulster will test that. At present the situation is still full of doubt and even of danger. If Mr. ASQUITH can set up the Dublin Parliament without serious fighting in Ulster, he will deserve the highest credit. If anything like civil war ensues, he will be written down in history as a failure. Despite the current confusion, we still incline to the opinion that a working compromise will be reached.

"PRACTICABLE" COMPETITION.

President MCANENY of the Board of Aldermen explains in another column the plan of the Board of Estimate as to the classification of the six appointments of committee secretaries whom the Board requires. There are two points in this matter which seem to us to be conclusive. One is that the provision of the Constitution that appointments should be competitive when practicable does not apply to these cases because the duties of the appointees are such as impose important responsibilities upon them and upon the Board of Estimate in their selection. The secretaries have to do work which without them would necessarily be done by the committees; they are really in effect deputies; they act for the appointing officers. It is proper that they should be chosen by the committees who are directly accountable for them. It does not seem to us to be practicable by any mode of competition in use to make selections to preserve for the appointing officers the degree of discretion that this accountability entitles them to have.

The second point which is brought out clearly by President MCANENY is that the form of competition proposed as a substitute for that usually heretofore practiced is in effect a form of appointment by the examiners of the Civil Service Commissioners. That is not to say that the appointments might not be very good, and fairly reflecting the information acquired by the examiners as to qualifications. But it is obviously not the entirely impartial and independent sifting of applicants that is contemplated by the law. It destroys the discretion of the appointing committees, which they ought to have, and it creates a certain degree of discretion in the examiners, which they ought not to have.

Of course, one very important aim of the merit system is to secure the service against favoritism, political or personal. This can be promoted, under the plan urged by the Board of Estimate, by the frank and full statement of the grounds of selection. This has already been made in the cases where selections have been made by the Board, and would be made in the remaining cases. It might be made imperative by a rule of the Commission to advantage. With this requirement, the classification of the new positions in the manner recommended by the Board, that is, without competition, seems to us to be not only in entire accord with the spirit of the merit system, but much more closely in accord with that spirit than the plan proposed as a substitute.

BOUCK WHITE'S CHURCHMEN.

A good reason why the men and women members of the Rev. BOUCK WHITE'S Church of the Social Revolution may hesitate to accept UPTON SINCLAIR'S invitation to invade in a mass the Calvary Baptist Church at its Sunday and week-day meetings, while SINCLAIR is safely absent in Colorado, is that they know what to expect from the police and the courts. Fortunately, their leader's punishment is deterrent. They know that upon such of the disturbers as resist them the police will use such force as is necessary. They know, too, that the public is profoundly disgusted with the exhibitions of the "silent mourners" and that severe jail sentences would win them little sympathy. Without reference to its blasphemies, the intent to break up the church's meetings is boldly avowed in this passage of SINCLAIR'S letter:

> If all of you were to repair to the temple clad in black it would be extremely difficult for the Chief Priest, the Scribes and the Pharisees to deny you admission, and, on the other hand, it would be almost impossible for the most hardened hypocrite to carry on a religious service in the face of such a tremendous protest.

Entering a church with such incitement, not to worship, but to insult the congregation and put the pastor out of countenance, is unlawful even if done in silence. The law would look to the heralded intent to break the peace.

WHAT WILL COME OF IT?

It would be interesting to know what will be the result of the New Haven inquiry. Mr. FOLK throws this light upon the subject:

> The corruption and reckless profligacy in the management of the New Haven have been made plain and, in the light of the revelations, legislative remedies may be devised to prevent in the future such plundering of the public under the guise of corporate charters.

Nobody could or would urge anything against such virtuous and patriotic proposals. But the ways and means will be difficult. How would Mr. FOLK draft his statute against profligacy and corruption? It is clear that he cannot draw an indictment, at least not yet, or it would be his duty to do so, and then there would be no need of his statute. The difficulty is not with the pleading so much as with the proof. Almost any lawyer can allege indictable acts of profligacy and corruption, in more lawyer-like phrase of course, but when the case gets into court more must be shown than Mr. FOLK even alleges. Delusions of grandeur in business ventures are not punishable except as the New Haven mirage already has been punished, and in a manner more severe than any laws could accomplish. Except the famous fine against the Standard Oil Trust, and which was never collected, no pecuniary penalty ever approached that inflicted upon the unhappy owners of the New Haven.

Nothing is so searching and pitiless as the market, not even Mr. FOLK. The market fits the punishment to the crime with a precision and certainty which beats all the lawyers, and from the market there is no appeal. It is true that in a sense the innocent and the guilty are punished together. Only the details of the New Haven scandal are new. The broad facts have been matters of record for years. If investors had had the imagination to see the meaning of what they knew, or might have known, they had also the opportunity to change the management, or to save themselves from loss. If they shared delusions of wealth with their managers, then they were blind followers of the blind, and are deserving of pity rather than more punishment.

It is not clear what Mr. FOLK means by "plundering the public under the guise of corporate charters." The public has got out of the New Haven more than it has paid for, and it never got so much as at the time that the punishment of those associated with the New Haven was at the worst. It is true that the reckless waste and unwise investment in connection with the New Haven would have provided the public with more railway accommodations than they are receiving. But those wasted resources were private resources. They never belonged to the public, and the public cannot be plundered of what it never had. The public had no right to demand those resources for its use except upon lawful terms of dedication to public use, and there is no reason to believe that any such terms have been violated. Mr. FOLK admits as much when he proposes new laws. There can be no indictments or punishments for violations of laws yet to be passed.

It is worth while to consider the question so much in detail because it was announced yesterday that the President approved, or does not disapprove, similar inquiries into the cases of several other railways. It would seem that the country faces another series of investigations by politicians for purposes of politics. If the proposal were to learn every hidden thing which could be proved to a jury, and then to put the facts before juries, it would not be suitable to object. But inquiries like the New Haven's are only for purposes of scandal or of politics, and lead to no good public end. To propose more laws because existing laws are not sufficient is only to emphasize the fact that what has occurred is in spite of all the laws which the country has been assured were sufficient. Investors may well take notice how little the lawmakers and the politicians really do for them, and take care of themselves. If they fail to do so they are accomplices in their own undoing. In finance and in politics alike and equally there is no substitute for personal attention. Eternal vigilance is the price of solvency. Laws based upon miscarriage of business discretion will certainly be poor laws. Politics based upon muckraking is the sworn enemy of profit, except for politicians and muckrakers.

THE VERB "TO FILM."

The verb "to film" having gained currency, it must be graciously admitted to the language. It will soon be in the "advanced" dictionaries and it must be recognized. The old idea of protecting the English language from invasion is extinct. To "film" means to make a picture for a "movie" show. "Movie" is a tolerably new word, too, but all the élite use it. The moving pictures are doing much more than revolutionize the language. They are broadening the public knowledge, making globe trotters of the stay-at-homes, showing us the wonders of the growth of plants and the development of animal life. As for their influence on the drama, they have none in any true sense. Moving pictures, even when they are accompanied by talking machines of the best quality, must always be a feeble substitute for histrionism. The actor's art is not to suffer. Whenever it is manifested it will get its reward.

But the theatrical stage has long survived without much real histrionism to brag of and the moving pictures outdo its best shows. They give you real ocean with towering waves instead of painted canvas, they present the story in motion, and sometimes in color, with such a variety of changing scene as to satisfy the eye. Dr. JOHNSON would doubtless have found that moving pictures interested him more than SHAKESPEARE'S "Antony and Cleopatra" on account of their frequent changes of scene. When the villain throws the heroine off a cliff into a boiling torrent there is a real cliff and the torrent is authentic. No doubt, the present enormous popularity of the moving picture will abate in time, but some of the current picture shows are really marvels of selection, patience, and skill, and they will always survive as illustrations of travel, as aids to the understanding of natural history. As a substitute for the theatre they will do well enough until there is a revival of real histrionism, until great actors come again to exercise their "sway o'er hearts." Meanwhile, whether 16,000,000 persons daily attend the moving pictures in this country, according to the evidence placed before the House Committee on Education at Washington, or only 6,000,000, which seems a more reasonable number, the vogue of the moving picture is surely at its height.

SCOPE OF THE CONFERENCE.

The discussions in the Niagara Falls conference of the much-needed land reforms in Mexico cannot be altogether in vain. In fact, they may be productive of the best possible results. It is said to be President WILSON'S determination not to recognize any Mexican Government which does not undertake to carry out these reforms, to provide for such a redistribution of the lands as will give the millions of poor Mexicans a chance to get their living out of the soil. This agrarian question has all along been one of the causes of rebellion in Mexico, not the only one by any means, but one of the most important, and it is one that could be quickly settled. The President's right to withhold recognition from any Mexican Government is not to be doubted. His right to administer the internal affairs of a foreign country, however, is another matter. The Mexicans of all parties declare that they will never submit to such dictation.

While the conference is in session is the time for the Government of the United States to make its position in regard to the pacification of Mexico perfectly plain to the Mexicans, the South American envoys, and the people of all the other nations which have Mexican interests. If the conference fails of the desired effect it will not be the fault of the Government at Washington. In that case, our present peaceful attitude toward the sister Republic will be changed. But the conference has not failed yet, and the chances are that it will be successful. In the circumstances it may be expected that the President and the Secretary of State will insist that the settlement of the land question shall not be lost sight of in the deliberations and will continue their efforts to induce the Constitutionalist leaders to consent to representation in the proceedings.

This is the time and Niagara Falls is the place for the preliminaries to the pacification of Mexico. The civil war will not last much longer in the present conditions. HUERTA'S rule grows weaker daily. He cannot much longer keep up the fight. If the conquerors take possession of the whole country, after such an understanding with the United States as to justify their recognition, they will find the work of establishing a permanent Government much easier. The understanding between the two nations will enable them to secure loans, to arrange terms for the payment of their huge bill for damages, to hold the elections, and satisfy all Mexico that a new era of peace and prosperity has dawned. These are matters, however, which they must manage for themselves. We cannot manage them or undertake to dictate the way to manage them from without. If we intend to go that far, we must occupy the country, which the President, as we understand his policy, has no intention of doing.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Does War Pay Sometimes?

So nearly unanimous is all articulate opinion, nowadays, in condemning war that it takes courage to recall what not a few people still believe, which is that, while war is always bad, some things are worse, and that "peace at any price" is a policy that might lead a nation exactly where it now and then leads individuals to whom we apply the harshest of all epithets. Still more venturesome is he who attacks the contention that from the economic point of view war is never profitable, yet that is what Capt. A. L. CONGER, the Instructor in Military History at the Army Service School, Leavenworth, Kan., does in an article contributed to the current issue of The Annalist.

To make his point, the Captain admits, moral questions must be eliminated from consideration, just as in discussing the economic side of a railway merger no attention can be given to the question whether the group in control of the road had a right to "squeeze out" some other group. This is, of course, a large concession, and the thoroughgoing foes of war may well answer that morals and economics are so intimately related that neither can with propriety be considered alone.

Capt. CONGER does not deny that war always involves sacrifice, or that sometimes the effects are disastrous to a country or a people. He only insists that sometimes the sacrifice is small enough to be more than counterbalanced by the rewards for it. He compares the incidental losses incurred in victorious war to those of a family in moderate circumstances which sinks capital in sending the children through college. This often brings real hardships on the parents, but they do not chafe under the economies they practice for such a purpose or view the money as wasted.

To prove that victorious war sometimes pays, Capt. CONGER cites the case of Germany and its wonderful industrial growth since the conflict with France. His critics, and he is sure to have them, will have an excuse for reminding him of the difference between post hoc and propter hoc, and another statement of his—that "no education can be compared with that gained in war"—will surely seem to them of more than dubious accuracy. They will have to admit, however, that a period of wonderful progress followed both our Revolutionary and our civil war.

Detective Stories Criticised.

There is nothing surprising in the news that since the Public Library began the practice of keeping small collections of frequently changed books in our police stations the policemen have done in their leisure hours a lot of what is called "good reading." Many of them are intelligent men, fairly well educated, and their work is of a kind to create interest in several domains of literature.

Possibly their selection of standard and classic books has been somewhat influenced by the opinion of the library authorities as to what they ought to read, that being an inclination of librarians everywhere. But the policemen, one is glad to see, have not been deprived of fiction, and they have waded through the old standbys, presumably with as much pleasure as any of us have felt—which is saying a good deal if only one gets at the orthodox masterpieces betimes.

According to report, these particular readers find little of interest and nothing of profit in the "detective stories" which have such a wide sale with the ununiformed public. The policemen say that "real" detective work is not done after the fashion of the sagacious heroes of CONAN DOYLE and his predecessors, and therefore they scorn romantic crime-hunting. This condemnation involves the assumption that the methods of "practical" men cannot be bettered—an assumption wildly fallacious, but entirely natural. The police antagonism to detective novels may be due in some part to the fact that in almost every such book it is the scientific amateur who works all the miracles, while the "headquarters man" is usually a comic character who laboriously follows a false clue while the other fellow gets the results.

In reading a detective story, too, the policeman would be apt to forget that the object of fiction is to be plausible, rather than to be accurate as to petty details, and that a "mistake" may be intentionally made by an author for the sake of attaining some higher end of emphasis or excitement. As a matter of fact, all the great advances in the task of crime detection have been made, not by policemen, but by scientists. This is true, however, of so many professions and trades that "the force" need not be humiliated by it, and if the policemen would show a little more of the romancer's willingness to understand and utilize the suggestions coming from the psychological laboratories, considerably less of their work would probably be unsuccessful.

Military Aviators Hampered.

Discussing military aviation, a writer in The Army and Navy Weekly declares that the too numerous fatalities among the Government's flyers are due, not to any lack of needed skill on their part, but to the refusal of Congress to provide them with machines of the newest and therefore best types.

According to this authority, the military aviator is required to do only the simplest sort of aerial navigation, and he would waste his time if he tried to learn to fly upside down, to "loop the loop," and all the other dangerous feats of the civilians who live by giving thrilling exhibitions.

There is, of course, much truth in such statements, but it can also be said, and has been, that the ability to do the so-called fancy flying has its very practical utility in cases of accident while aloft, and that many a life has been lost because the power of recovery after an upset was not possessed. According to this theory, not only should the army flyer have the best sort of a machine, but he should have command of all its resources and possibilities.

Most of the responsibility does get back, however, to Congress and its inappreciation of the aeroplane as an instrument of war. The army aviators would be willing enough to perfect themselves in all the branches of their art if they had the means to do so, and there is no question of their competency to accomplish anything that others do.

CITY STREET TREES.

If Official Neglect Continues They Will Soon Disappear.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When I was endeavoring to pass the Tree Planting bill in 1899 I had occasion to consult Richard Croker, then Chief of Tammany Hall. He expressed great interest in the measure, and remarked: "They say trees cannot grow in the streets of New York, but that is not true, for I can remember when the streets of the city were full of thrifty trees; the truth is they won't let them grow."

It requires a walk of but a block or two in any direction to prove the truth of this assertion. Either no trees will be found on the street, or there may be a few stunted, deformed trunks supporting heavy iron guards from falling to the ground, or if there are many trees most of them have been fatally injured by horses or the hubs of passing carts. There is no more pathetic sight in this city than the thousands of these dying objects, without which human life would be impossible, standing by the wayside and silently, with uplifted arms, imploring protection from the passer-by.

Today the conservation of street trees and other forms of vegetation by public officials seems to be retrograding rather than advancing. A large number of streets and public places have recently been transferred from the jurisdiction of the Park Board to that of the President of the Borough of Manhattan by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. On inquiry as to the reason of this transfer we are informed that the Park Board has no funds to care for the trees and grass plots in these streets. The President of the borough is considering the proposition of destroying the plots by asphalting the grounds as the least expensive method of exercising his jurisdiction. If he adopts this plan West End Avenue, at present and prospectively one of the very desirable residential streets of the city, will be deprived of a most attractive feature. In many streets, instead of planting new trees where the dead ones have been removed, the cheap process of asphalting the places cut in the pavement has been adopted and is now in active progress.

The future of the trees in the streets of Greater New York, exclusive of the parks and parkways, under present management is apparent from the following facts: During the four years 1908-1911 9,000 trees were removed and 584 were planted. Taken in connection with a reported recent statement of the President of the Park Board that the parks are in a sadly dilapidated state, the outlook is that at no distant day New York will be without the leaf of a tree or even a spire of grass to conceal the unsightly nakedness of its streets, avenues, and public places.

STEPHEN SMITH.

New York, May 25, 1914.

Mr. Gordon on Industrial Relations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The report in THE SUNDAY TIMES of my statement before the United States Commission on Industrial Relations is incorrect. I denounced the Socialist Party and the I. W. W. as misleading the working class. I proved that socialistic enterprises wherever tried and the I. W. W. form of organization wherever tried had both been a failure, and I pointed out that the A. F. of L. was the only logical economic labor movement for the working class, i. e., the wage working class. I called attention to the fact that there was only one kind of socialism possible, namely, State socialism, which all Socialists agree would be State slavery. I called attention to the fact that the industrial reports of every nation prove that the tools of production were owned by a relatively larger number of people, and a larger percentage of people right now than at any other time in the history of so-called "capitalism." I did not attack the American Federation of Labor, as your report has it, but defended that organization, of which I am a general organizer. F. G. R. GORDON.

Haverhill, Mass., May 24, 1914.

Painful Magazine Topics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I ask the opinion of your readers regarding the crusade now being carried on by various periodicals devoted to women and the home on the subject of "better babies," marriage, and kindred subjects? Do the editors of these magazines ever stop to consider that a large proportion of their readers, both male and female, shrink from opening one of these alluring-covered periodicals for the reason that they find therein constant and harrowing reminders of sorrows and disappointments so vital to them that it has required almost superhuman effort to overcome the memory sufficiently to carry on their lifework with any degree of success?

Could not this work be carried on with less publicity, with more thoughtful consideration for those who are striving to condone the mistakes of others, rectify their own, and overcome their heartaches? C. B.

Montvale, N. J., May 24, 1914.

Becker's Prison Meals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Kindly permit me to call your attention to this fact, that for ten days prior to the day whereon Commissioner Davis's order as to the Tombs fare went into effect Mr. Becker had his meals prepared by the prison caterer, and hence it is not true that for the first time yesterday he was served by the prison caterer, as you assert in your issue of today. Nor is it true that during his trial he fared luxuriously in a private room near the District Attorney's office; he had just one meal sent in, his dinner, by the caterer opposite the Court House entrance on Centre Street, and, believe me, that meal might have been found on any poor man's table. I've been there. FATHER CURRY.

New York, May 25, 1914.

Pronunciation of "Huerta."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I presume to make an amendment to THE TIMES'S answer to "G. E. R.'s" query concerning the correct pronunciation of the incorrigible Mexican's name? "Werta," slightly aspirated, is quite correct, except that it might be well to add that the "er" should be pronounced like the word "air" rather than the "er" in fern. If one desires to be exact, one should give the "r" a sonorous roll. R. B. F.

New York, May 23, 1914.

An Unregarded Immortal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You once were good enough to publish a communication from me wherein I offered to appear before any literary tribunal and prove in one hour's recital that a poet of the highest rank now is living. Again I cast before triumphant mediocrity that disregarded gage, calling my denial one of the crimes of the ages, and warning the clerical authorities of Manhattan City that if finally I die rejected, every humanitarian sentiment that ever they uttered will be but a subject for jeers. THE AMERICAN POET.

New York, May 25, 1914.

EXEMPT SECRETARIES.

Really Executive Heads, Not Classified in Civil Service.

CITY OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN, CITY HALL, MAY 25, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is apparently some misunderstanding about the nature of the request of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment that the secretaries of its new standing committees be placed in the exempt class under the city civil service rules. It is not proposed that any position shall be taken out of the competitive class. These positions have never been competitive, nor have any others of analogous character. The proposal of the Civil Service Reform Association, explained in THE TIMES by Mr. Ordway, is that the Civil Service Commission should make the appointment of these secretaries the occasion for a radical and purely theoretical extension of the competitive idea, and that in order to do this the commission should invent a new kind of examination which, as I have contended before the commission, would be competitive in name only.

The present Board of Estimate has greatly extended the scope of its work, and prepared an altogether new form of working organization. Committees have been established that will correspond generally to the executive departments for the support of which the appropriations of the board are made. The so-called "secretaries" of these committees will be, in effect, the active heads of these committees, organizing their work and developing plans upon which the eventual policies of the board will be determined. They are to be paid $5,000 a year, and will be no more clerical in their character than would be the head of one of the executive departments of the United States, for the reason that he, too, happens to be termed a secretary. Under the practice of the City and State Civil Service Commissions, positions such as these, ever since the civil service law was passed, have been exempted from competitive examination. While the Constitution requires that there shall be competition "where practicable," the test of practicability has never been deemed to be that of the physical part of assembling a number of men about an examining board; but of securing through such an examination men who are as well fitted as would be those chosen directly by the officers whose aids they are to be. To argue that the men who are to fill the staff positions under a Mayor or an elective board should be chosen in this way would be to deny such officers the opportunity for creating an administrative organization of their own selection, and to divest them of responsibility as well.

If these heads of the several departments of the work of the Board of Estimate were to be chosen by outside examiners, it follows that heads of the Mayor's departments should also be chosen through examination; and, certainly, that the present exempt schedule, which includes not only department heads, but deputies, secretaries, and various professional positions of the higher order, should be changed radically, and the rule of examination carried further than it has been carried under any civil service plan in America.

It is frankly admitted by those who propose this departure that the ordinary competitive examination will not produce the kind of men required for executive posts of the kind under discussion. In their attempt to justify such a departure, they now suggest that after an advertisement for applicants those who respond shall not be examined competitively as a class, but that they shall appear singly before the Civil Service Board, and be rated in percentages; first, upon the books or papers or other professional works they may be able to produce; second, upon their previous professional engagements or occupations, and, third, upon the general impression made upon the examiners in an oral test or conversation—the ratings upon these several subjects to be aggregated and their sum to determine the standing of the candidate upon an eligible list.

The Board of Estimate points out that this novel system of examination would result in nothing more than the transfer of the appointing power itself. In an ordinary competitive test, the names of candidates are concealed. In this sort of test, the identity of each would be known, and every mark given would represent the personal judgment or preference of the examiners. An examination in which two-thirds of the test must be based upon what, in the nature of things, must be chance judgment of the value of the writings or previous engagements of the candidate, with a still more significant third representing the personal impressions given in a conversation, would mean, in our judgment, nothing more than a transfer of the actual power of appointment to the examiners themselves. To turn the Civil Service Commission into an appointing agency of this sort might well be expected to lead to the transformation of that commission into a political machine.

There is absolutely nothing in the present situation to warrant the radical departure proposed. Under the law, a newly created position—of whatever degree—must be distinctively classified before appointments may be made. Without the slightest suggestion that these positions should be treated differently from those of analogous character already in the exempt class, the Board of Estimate has proceeded with its plan for work, and men have been selected for the committee headships whose exceptional fitness is not questioned. To have the highly important work of the board as undertaken halted in order to permit the sort of experimentation proposed would, in our judgment, be wholly unwarranted and most unfortunate. GEORGE MCANENY,

President Board of Aldermen.

An Invalid's Family.

Encouraged by the results of two operations which he has recently undergone, a machinist has reason to hope that he can sometime undertake again the support of his wife and four little children. He is gaining in weight and strength, but at present he is only able to take short walks near his home. His wife has set about meeting the family expenses as energetically as her strength will permit. One room is rented for $1.50 a week, and by making children's dresses for her neighbors she earns $6 or $7 a week in addition. The man, however, must have especially nourishing food—meat and eggs. Although relatives have taken one of the little girls, and the landlord has reduced the rent rather than lose so good a tenant, the expenses are nevertheless too heavy for her to meet alone. Fourteen dollars is needed to make the monthly income equal to the necessary outgo. The Charity Organization Society asks for $84 to do this for six months.

Gifts may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

The society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions sent in response to previous appeals in THE TIMES:

"M. D.," 50 cents; Master Eldridge A. Clapp, $5; Mrs. William W. Lawrence, $5; "E. N. E.," $5; Mr. Langbourne, $5; Leo Daft, $5; James G. Kerr, $2; "E. A. R.," $1; "E. M.," $1; "W. G.," $2; Mrs. Sally W. Bull, $2; Willard J. Sands, $2; "Anonymous," $10.

CALUMET CLUB TO MOVE.

Harry B. Hollins's Residence in 56th Street Considered.

A meeting of the Calumet Club has been called for June 3 to vote on the question of moving. A committee was appointed a short time ago which has been looking for a place uptown. Among those suggested was the Harry B. Hollins residence at 12 and 14 West Fifty-sixth Street, a five-story house with a fifty-foot front. It was leased last Fall by Mr. Hollins, just before the failure of H. B. Hollins & Co., in November, to Mrs. John Astor for the Winter. That lease expired this month and the property has been on the market.

In the absence from the city of the President of the club, J. Edgar Bull, another officer said yesterday that nothing definite could be done until after the meeting and that the Hollins house might be considered.

The Calumet Club has occupied the building on the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street for twenty-five years. Just above is the Knickerbocker Club at Thirty-second Street, but that club will soon move to its new home now building at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Sixty-second Street.

The Calumet Club has a lease of a little over two years on its present home from the Francis A. Lawrence estate. Three years ago it sold the unexpired term of five years to the estate for $85,000, reserving the right to remain until the property was sold. The property has not been sold and the club has had the premises for three years rent free.

MORGAN ART PLANS.

Situation Unchanged Since The Times Announcement of Jan. 26.

A revival yesterday of the report printed in THE TIMES on Jan. 26 of this year that J. P. Morgan had planned to dispose of part of his father's art collections brought no further disclosures regarding Mr. Morgan's intentions yesterday. Last January Mr. Morgan made it clear to THE TIMES that it was not impossible that such a sale might take place. He said:

"There is nothing sold or to be sold now. I am going to get advice as to the placing of the various collections, and I have no statement to make at the present time. There may be some things that I will eventually dispose of, but there is nothing to be done now. When I make up my mind just what to do I will go ahead and do it. Of course, the art dealers are anxious to get hold of a lot of things."

There was nothing to make it appear yesterday that Mr. Morgan's plans were nearer to taking definite shape than they were in January.

CALLS MARTIN A PARISIAN.

Executor of Well-Known New Yorker Disputes Residence.

The legal residence of Frederick Townsend Martin at the time of his death is now a mooted question. John B. Pine, the attorney for the Metropolitan Trust Company, which is Mr. Martin's executor, contends that Mr. Martin at the time of his death was a resident of Paris; Thomas E. Rush, attorney for the State Controller, contends, on the other hand, that Mr. Martin was a resident of New York. Mr. Pine has filed an affidavit in the Surrogates' Court in which he swears that Mr. Martin was a resident of Paris for twenty years, living at 48 Avenue Gabriel.

Mr. Rush says that New York State is entitled to the transfer tax to be levied upon Mr. Martin's estate because Mr. Martin was always a well-known New Yorker and had been identified with the city all his life. Mr. Rush called attention also to the fact that Mr. Martin made no bequests to individuals or institutions in France, but bequeathed practically his entire estate to residents or societies in this State.

Mr. Martin's will was admitted to probate in this State on May 15.

Officious Park Police.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I call to the attention of the New York public the entire adequacy of the management of their park system? Riverside Drive is in truth a lovely spot, and the ethics of keeping young hoodlums from rampaging over the grass may be quite logical. But when a young woman student is sitting quietly, and supposedly peacefully, "cramming" for oncoming examinations, and is rudely interrupted by an indecent "Hey, you, get off de grass and onto the sidewalk and read," may I be permitted to comment that it is an outrage? And there are no signs which forbid the grass to be used for such ladylike and enlightening activity!

The whole affair caused me to wonder if it were not the majesty and dignity of the law, pompously strutting about and intruding, just to show how completely effective the New York police force is. I could think of many things it might be more profitably employed in, such as preventing the dirty little members of the proletariat from destroying the shrubbery, and thereby enforcing what is plainly printed as a warning. A BOSTONIAN.

New York, May 25, 1914.

Gas Company's Tactics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In my home in the suburbs I use gas for cooking purposes, and a small quantity for illumination, relying chiefly upon electricity for the latter. As I understand it, they are both supplied by the same beneficent company. On two occasions a representative of the company called to remove the meter registering the flow of illuminating gas because the bills therefor were very small—in fact, next to nothing. And in the matter of the gas used for cooking purposes the company manages to keep me busy. Believing that a reduction of the pressure was desirable, I reduced the flow to what I considered proper for my use, but at each visit of the company's representative the pressure is regularly increased to full capacity.

There would seem to be considerable difference of opinion between the company and myself as to what is best for me, and I am curious for an explanation of the company's attitude. Can there be any other explanation than that, in the colloquialism of the day, the company needs the money?

IGNORAMUS.

New York, May 24, 1914.

Value of the Classics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am very much gratified to notice a renewed appreciation of a knowledge of the ancient classics.

I am very certain that I would not exchange my limited knowledge of Latin and Greek for all that I ever learned in college of mathematics and historical and philosophic literature. LEWIS B. REED,

New York University, class of 1843.

Brooklyn, N. Y., May 24, 1914.

MEXICO.

When that thy poor have cried, what Caesar wept
In sorrow and amaze at their distress?
Who of thy crafty rulers rose to bless—
Thy land exploited and the hearth unswept?
In hopeless woe thy peon children crept,
Illiterate, in shame and nakedness;
The few amassed, the many in duress,
Rapine aroused, while sluggish justice slept;
Now gaunt guns nose their muzzles at thy gates,
The tyrants and oppressors crouch in fear—
At last o'ertaken by th' offended fates;
Is it the breaking dawn of freedom near?
Peace will come wearing her sweet olive wand,
Lorn, torn, swart sister by the Rio Grande.

May, 1914. ROBERT LOVEMAN.

ROUSING WELCOME TO ROME'S EX-MAYOR

Ernesto Nathan, Italy's Delegate to Fair, Greeted by Officials and Compatriots.

GREAT CROWD AT THE PIER

Royal Commissioner Going to California and Will See New York on His Way Home Next Month.

Ernesto Nathan, the former Mayor of Rome, who was appointed by King Victor Emmanuel to be Royal Italian Commissioner to the Panama-Pacific Exposition in San Francisco and Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary unattached, arrived yesterday from Naples on the steamship Stampalia of La Veloce Line. The ship was met at Quarantine and escorted to the pier at the foot of West Thirty-fourth Street by a special tug bearing delegates from leading Masonic organizations in New York State and from the Italian Societies in New York. Ira Nelson Morris also went on the tug to greet Mr. Nathan on behalf of President Wilson.

There was such a rush to see him at the pier when the Stampalia came alongside that the long wooden bridge leading to the gangway creaked uncomfortably, and the officials on duty ordered the crowd back to prevent an accident.

Ernesto Nathan, born in England of Jewish parents, was elected Mayor of Rome in 1907 by a fusion of progressive Republicans, disgruntled Democrats, and moderate Socialists who were called "Il Blocco." He resigned four months ago.

In an interview with the reporters coming up the bay he proved himself to be a very cautious speaker and a skillful handler of words. He is a tall man of medium build, about 60 years old, with silver gray hair and mustache and a quizzical, humorous expression when he is listening to leading questions that are put to him.

When told by one of the reporters that he was a very hard man to interview Mr. Nathan smiled and replied:

"I will tell you. Steel is hard, like all things in nature, when it is growing old. That is why. I am growing old. I would tell you more of my plans here if I knew them myself. I am a waif in a strange land."

Mr. Nathan said he had been warned against the New York reporters before he left Rome, and until he knew the American newspaper men better he would have to be very guarded in what he said.

"I can only tell you that I am very proud to be sent on my first visit to the United States as the representative of one who sits upon his throne and by his virtue and his culture sets an example for his countrymen to follow," he said. "I am going to Washington to see the Italian Ambassador, Marquis Cusani Confalonieri, who will present me to your President, of whom I have heard so much in Europe.

"With regard to the exposition I will say that Italy will be well represented. Her exhibit, from what I have been informed, will be one of the finest in the foreign section. So far my plans are to stay in California until the middle of June and then return east to New York and spend some days in seeing this wonderful city before returning to Italy, where I wish to arrive in time to get ready for the election campaign in the Fall."

When asked if he intended to run for office again Mr. Nathan replied:

"I shall not run, nor shall I stand, but simply sit down. It is for the citizens of Rome to decide whether they want me in office again and not for myself to say what I will do in the election." He added that he still took a great interest in politics for his party, which he described as progressive Republican.

After a luncheon in the saloon of the Stampalia, to which William Hartfeld, the agent of the line, had invited a number of guests, ex-Mayor Nathan said that he was proud of being sent over to take part in the celebration of the opening of a new way from one great ocean to another to promote commerce between the old world and the new; to add another link between Old Rome and new America. He said he hoped it would still further cement the friendship between the two countries.

Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith welcomed Mr. Nathan to New York on behalf of Mayor Mitchel, who, he said, hoped to receive the former Mayor of Rome on his return from the Pacific Coast. Mr. Nathan gave a brief address in English and then one in Italian to his countrymen, who delivered eulogistic speeches welcoming him to the city.

Among those present were Genserico Granata, Vice President of the Italian Chamber of Commerce; Arterro Stifani, Director of the Italian Chamber of Commerce; Farra Farni, the Italian Consul General; Dr. Serrata, Italian Immigration Commissioner; the Rev. Francesco Priozzini, pastor of the Italian Presbyterian Church in East 104th Street; the Rev. Amadeo Riggio, pastor of the Italian Methodist Church in East 114th Street; delegates from the Italian Bible Association, and the Guardians of Liberty.

Among the Grand Lodge Masons who accompanied Grand Master George Freifeld on the tug to meet ex-Mayor Nathan were Judson Kenworthy, Thomas Penney, William S. Farmer, Arthur S. Tompkins, William H. Miller, Edward M. L. Ehlers, William Sherer,

CRIME PUZZLES VEX LEADERS OF CHURCH

Debate on Capital Punishment Divides the Ranks of the Presbyterian Assembly.

DISCUSS PAY OF PREACHERS

A Minimum of $1,000 Urged In Committee—1,403 Now on the Dependent Roll.

CHICAGO, May 25.—The report of the Special Committee on Prison Reform was submitted to the Presbyterian General Assembly today by the Rev. W. Francis Irwin of Louisville, the Chairman. Several ministers in the discussion of the report expressed themselves as in favor of capital punishment.

The Rev. C. G. Sterling of Eureka, Ill., said that he believed that the Bible justified the infliction of the death sentence for the crime of murder.

Chairman Irwin said that his personal opinion was that no Government or man had the right to take human life. "I do not believe in killing a man to reform him," he said.

The committee made these recommendations:

That courts instead of prisons be made instruments for the reformation of criminals.

That prison sentences be the last steps of the law instead of the first.

That proved incorrigibles be sentenced to prison for life.

That the prison contract labor system be condemned without qualification.

Final action on the report was deferred. In the course of the discussion the Rev. James Carter of Lincoln University offered an amendment disclaiming any intention on the part of the Assembly "to condemn the Biblical punishment for murder."

"What is the Biblical punishment for murder?" shouted a delegate. "Cain was not executed for the murder of Abel."

The amendment was voted down.

The clause of the report condemning prison contract labor caused another earnest discussion.

One delegate said that the abolition of the contract labor system in penitentiaries had caused a marked increase of tuberculosis among the prisoners. While the debate was at its height the hour of adjournment arrived.

President Wilson's name was cheered when McKenzie Cleland of Chicago told how a few weeks ago he stopped his work to speak comforting words to a crippled child caller.

"President Wilson is a Christian first and President next,'" said Mr. Cleland.

The Rev. Edward Hastings of Fort Dodge, Iowa, read the report of the Committee on Education showing that 825 candidates for the ministry received financial aid and that education last year, an increase of 31 over the previous year.

The Rev. S. C. George of Pittsburgh offered a resolution directing that financial aid be withheld from all candidates for the ministry who are addicted to the use of tobacco. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Bills and Overtures. The report of the Committee on Education was adopted.

Early in today's session of the Assembly a plea was made that the minimum salary of Presbyterian ministers shoud be $1,000 in order that they might pass their declining years in comfort.

The plea was made by the Rev. Malcolm McLeod of Tacoma, Wash., Chairman of the Committee on Ministerial Relief. His report showed that there ware 1,043 names on the dependent roll. The names of 192 were added this year. Mr. McLeod urged that a cottage with the use of nineteen patients afflicted with tuberculosis be constructed at Alberquerque, N. M.

The report of the Ministerial Relief Committee said that $750,000 had been collected in the year toward the $10,-000,000 endowment fund authorized two years ago. Unofficially it was said, that, approximately, $3,000,000 had been raised toward the fund through bequests and donations.

The work of the Sunday school was championed and the public school was criticised by the Rev. John F. Carson of Brooklyn.

"Sabbath school work is more important than a college education," said Mr. Carson. "It is a crime against the childhood of America that the Bible is excluded from the public schools. The fault with the public school system is that it prepares its graduates for genteel starvation rather than for toil and labor."

STRIKE AT CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Southern Presbyterians Assail It for "Pernicious Activity."

KANSAS CITY, May 25.—The General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church today adopted the following resolution after several speeches had been made attacking the Roman Catholic Church:

The General Assembly views with serious concern the growth and pernicious activity of that powerful politico-religious organization known as the Church of Rome, which is, and always has been a menace or a blight to civil and religious liberty of every kind wherever it has obtained a foothold; it views with serious concern the dangerous apathy pervading all classes of Protestants in this country touching this menace.

Among those who spoke before the resolution was adopted, were the Rev. J. S. Lyons of Louisville, Ky., and Dr. J. Addison Smith of Murfreesboro, Tenn. Dr. Smith asserted that an edict "from the Pope was in the possession of Major Butt, who died on the Titantic, commanding all Catholics to vote for a candidate other than Woodrow Wilson in the Presidential election.

Dr. Smith said that he recently served as a member of a committee which appealed to The Associated Press for wider publication of general church news and that the efforts of the committee were unavailing.

Mr. Smith asserted that "even The Associated Press is controlled by the fine hand of the man on the Tiber."

The report of the Joint Committee of the Presbyterian Bodies in the United States, appointed to prepare a united declaration on Christian faith and Christian service, was presented early in today's session by Chairman Lyons, who said:

"For some years the churches have labored with the souls of men, forgetting that they had bodies. Now coincident with the movement in all public institutions to get into a more intimate relation with the lives of the people they deal with, the churches have rediscovered human nature."

The report urged that the churches should take a more aggressive part in social and industrial life. After a discussion of the evils of the complex civilization of to-day the report says:

"We believe that inasmuch as many of these evils are rooted in the past and have grown with the development of civilization they can be cured only by concerted and organized effort on the part of all good citizens.

"Our churches, therefore, should always encourage voluntary organizations for the betterment of social conditions and urge their members to co-operate in them."

The report was adopted.

Minerva Club Has an Outing.

About 200 members and guests of the Minerva Club spent their annual outing day yesterday at the Hotel Nassau, Long Beach, L. I. There was a luncheon at 1 o'clock, which was followed by auction bridge and dancing. Handsome bridge prizes were offered. Mrs. John Francis Yawger was the Chairman of the entertainment committee.

Mothers' Week at Wesleyan.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., May 25.—Chi Psi, one of the Wesleyan fraternities, has just brought to a successful close a new event known as Mother's Week. For the last three days the members of the fraternity have been entertaining their mothers at their fraternity lodge. The plan of entertainment was that of a house party.

PRINCETON COMMENCEMENT

President Wilson to Attend Class Reunion on June 13.

PRINCETON, May 25.—The programme of exercises incident to the celebration of Princeton's 167th annual commencement, starting June 12 and Closing June 16, has been completed. The commencement this year will be particularly noteworthy because of the presence of President Wilson, who has promised his class, that of 1879, to return for its thirty-fifth annual reunion on June 13. The programme is as follows:

June 12—Annual golf match between undergraduates and graduates, 2 P. M.

June 13—Exhibits of drawings in the engineering and graphics departments, 10 A. M.; the one hundred and thirteenth annual junior oratorical contest in Alexander Hall, 3:15 P. M.; the thirty-seventh annual championship baseball game between Princeton and Yale on University Field. The alumni parade will form promptly at 1:45 P. M. in front of Nassau Hall; Triangle Club performance of "The Pursuit of Priscilla" at the Casino, 8:15 P. M.

June 14—The baccalaureate address by President John Grier Hibben in Alexander Hall, 11 A. M.; the academic procession will form in front of Nassau Hall at 10:45 A. M.; alumni religious conference in the library of Murray-Dodge Hall, 5 P. M.

June 15—The annual meeting of the Phi Beta Kappa Society in Murray-Dodge Hall, 9:15 A. M.; the annual meetings of the American Whig and Cliosophic Literary Societies, 10:15 A. M.; opening exercises of class day in Alexander Hall, 10:45 A. M.; the one hundred and sixty-seventh annual commencement meeting of the Board of Trustees of Princeton University at Prospect, 11 A. M.; planting of the class ivy in front of Nassau Hall, followed by the ivy oration, noon; cannon exercises in the quadrangle back of Nassau Hall, 3:30 P. M.; memorial service of the class of 1889 in Marquand Chapel, 4 P. M.; Glee Club concert in Alexander Hall, 8:15 P. M.; conference reception in the Gymnasium, 9:30 P. M.

June 16—The one hundred and sixty-seventh annual commencement exercises in Alexander Hall, with President Hibben presiding, 10:30 A. M.; the academic procession will form in front of Nassau Hall at 10:15; polls open in the office of the Secretary of the University for the election of alumni trustees, noon to 1 P. M.; alumni luncheon in the Gymnasium, 12:30 P. M.; reception by President and Mrs. Hibben at Prospect, 4 to 6 P. M.; final "Sing Singing" in front of Nassau Hall, followed by the juniors taking the steps, 9 P. M. to 12 midnight.

The Commencement Committee is made up of Henry W. Green, Chairman; Charles D. Thompson, the Rev. A. W. Halsey, Henry G. Duffield, Ambrose G. Todd, Philip A. Rollins, Prof. Harry F. Covington, George C. Wintringer, G. H. Harrison, Gilbert F. Close, Howard H. Henry, and Prof. William Libbey, marshal.

OFF FOR EUROPE TODAY.

Some of the Passengers on Three Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing today and some of those booked to leave on them are:

VATERLAND (Hamburg)—C. P. Austin, Dr. H. G. Beyer, U. S. N.; Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Black, Mr and Mrs. H. Blumenthal, Mrs. J. Bulkley, Miss Ray Bulkley, the Right Hon. Alex M. Carlisle, P. C., M.P.; Mr. C. R. Dilworth, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Dorrance, Mrs. A. Finkler, Leonard Hayes, Count Holsten, P. F. Huff, S. W. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Morgenthau, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Neale, H. A. Penfroy, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Speer, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Taylor, Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Taylor, Mrs. E. M. Treat, Col. Creighton Webb, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Webber, Capt. Charles A. Young, F. A. Blakeslee, William E. Corey, Marquis de Casa-Maury, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Fox, Earl and Countess Grey, Lady Sybil Grey, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Henderson, Lady Evelyn Jones, Dr. Alfred Kerr, Otto Nielsen, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury, Chaplain W. H. Wheeler, Dr. J. S. Wheelwright, and Admiral Oscar von Truffel of the German Navy.

MAURETANIA (Liverpool.)—J. Adams, Miss E. T. Agnew, Miss May Benson, Mr. and Mrs. Insley Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Brinkerhoff Blinn, Miss M. C. Bourne, Right Hon. Edgar A. Brotherton, C. M. Carroll, G. L. Carrell, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Clatfield, A. G. Thorn, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Conch, F. R. Gillett, Mr. and Mrs. M. Gordon, Miss C. Harris, Miss Sarah Cooper Hewitt, Miss Eleanor Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Hyde, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jones, Mrs. George Law, Mr. and Mrs. Justin Hardy McCarthy, Mrs. J. E. Martin, James W. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Nathan, Miss Nella Powell, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sothern, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Strawbridge, Mrs. H. O. Sturgis, Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Thomas, H. B. Tremain, Miss Dorothy Tremain.

ROTTERDAM (Rotterdam)—A. E. Abbot, Mrs. J. M. Bacon, Baroness F. de Bazos, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Biddle, Miss Biddle, Miss E. W. Biddle, Mrs. A. M. Blair, Mrs. H. A. Brady, Douglas Brooks, F. W. Budd, Mrs. H. L. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cheney, Mrs. F. W. Delafield, Miss Ruth Draper, Mr. and Mrs. L. Ellinger, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. R. Emmet, Mrs. R. C. Fenton, Mrs. O. R. Tyler, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hall, Mrs. C. A. Hamilton, Mrs. J. N. Hazard, Mrs. W. Hyams, Miss Berdia Jordan, Miss Beatrice Key, Mrs. F. P. Lloyd, Mrs. T. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Newbold, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Page, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Rosendale, W. Sanborn, the Rev. and Mrs. W. J. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Spencer, Miss L. S. Worthington, and Miss A. Wright.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

PRINZ FRIEDRICH WILHELM, (Bremen) —Alan Brown, Dr. and Mrs. W. M. Butler, Mrs. W. A. Bilton, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Clark, Stuart Culin, Mrs. M. R. Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Frost, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hulbert, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. King, Miss M. K. Miller, Mrs. P. B. Shedd, Miss Helen G. Smith, C. T. Wilkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Atwater, Mrs. C. J. Morrow, Mrs. Mary Newin.

CALEDONIA, (Glasgow)—A. J. Brooks, Mrs. K. A. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Graham, Miss M. Lamont, Hugh Lorimer, Mrs. W. Paterson, G. L. Smith, W. B. Tait, James Winning.

ULTONIA, (Naples)—Miss G. Crea, Mrs. Lucia Landat, Morton Sellar, Frank Venning, Mrs. Allan Woods.

Whitney-Bacon Marriage License.

Miss Martha B. Bacon, daughter of Robert Bacon, ex-Ambassador to France, and George Whitney of 147 East Thirty-eighth Street, Manhattan, went to the office of Town Clerk Thomas O'Connell at Manhasset, L. I., yesterday, and obtained a license to marry. Miss Bacon, who lives at Westbury, L. I., said she was 23 years old. Mr. Whitney said he was a banker and 28.

Deutsch—Meuer Wedding Tonight.

The wedding of Miss Theresa B. Meuer, daughter of Frank Meuer of Bensonhurst, and William B. Deutsch, is to take place this evening at 6:30 o'clock at the Hotel Brevoort, Fifth Avenue and Eighth Street. The Rev. Dr. Aaron Eiseman is to officiate.

Oscar Seagle Sails Today.

Oscar Seagle, the American baritone, with his family, sails on the Vaterland for Europe today. Mr. Seagle will rest abroad in preparation for his concert appearances and tours in this country next season.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Commander Hans Ruser of the Vaterland, Prof. Alexander Kerr, a well-known European dramatic critic, and several correspondents for German newspapers, were the guests of the Winter Garden management last night. The party occupied boxes draped in American and German flags.

F. Ziegfeld, Jr., yesterday engaged John Henry Mears to manage the Ziegfeld Danse de Follies, atop the New Amsterdam Theatre. Mr. Mears for several years had been the business representative for John Drew.

"Sari," the Hungarian operetta, began the last week of its New York run at the New Amsterdam Theatre last night. Harold Howard has been engaged for the role of Cadeaux in one of the companies to be sent out next season.

A party of 150 employes of the R. H. Macy store will attend the performance of "Too Many Cooks" at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre to-morrow evening. This is the first of a series of theatre parties planned on the recreation programme of this firm.

The principals of "The Passing Show of 1914," the new Winter Garden musical revue scheduled to open June 6, will begin outdoor rehearsals to-morrow morning in the Hudson Grove, near the Jersey side of the Edgewater Ferry landing.

Arrangements were completed yesterday whereby the performance of the Lambs All-Star Gambol will be repeated at the Hippodrome on next Sunday night, May 31. The proceeds of the two performances at the Metropolitan Opera House last Friday night and Saturday matinee approximated $30,000.

Olive Wyndham has been engaged by Charles Dillingham for the principal role in one of the new attractions he is to produce early in September.

A new firm which has entered the feature-producing end of the motion-picture industry is Popular Plays and Players, Inc., with offices at 1,600 Broadway. Its first picture will be a five-reel production of "Michael Strogoff," with Jacob P. Adler in the title role. Its second will be Andrew Mack in "The Ragged Earl."

TITLED COUSINS CUT OFF IN HER WILL

Public and Charitable Bequests of Mrs. Lina V. Happel Total $104,000.

ESTATE IS WORTH $400,000

Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences Gets $25,000 in Memory of Mrs. Happel's Only Son.

Titled relatives of Mrs. Lina V. Happel, whose will was filed for probate yesterday in the office of Surrogate Ketcham, Brooklyn, were cut off from a share in her estate. Other relatives in this country, friends and charitable institutions are named as the beneficiaries. Thirteen bequests to charitable and civic institutions aggregate $104,-000. The estate is estimated at $400,000.

Mrs. Happel was the widow of Jacob Happel. She died on May 15 at her home, 169 Vernon Avenue, Brooklyn, at the age of 71 years. In memory of her only son, who is dead, Mrs. Happel left $25,000 to the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences. This is the largest bequest mentioned in her will. Other bequests are:

German Hospital of Brooklyn, $15,000; the Brooklyn Poor Association in Livingston Street, $5,000; similar amounts to the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, the Salvation Army, the German Evangelical Lutheran Home, the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities, the Home for Destitute Blind, Manhattan; the Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled Children, Manhattan; Frauen Verein of the Deutsches Hospital of Brooklyn, $3,000, and the Lutheran Cemetery, $1,000.

The testator leaves $10,000 for charitable purposes to the village of Enzweihingen Wurttemberg, Germany, in memory of Caroline and Christian Vogel, and $15,000 to the City of Heidelberg, Germany.

The seven children of Mrs. Happel's brother-in-law, Henry Happel of 82 Hadden Terrace, Newark, N. J., are each to receive $7,000, and a similar amount is left to each of the three children of J. Doerschuck of 243 Lefferts Avenue, Richmond Hill. The two executors of the will, Sidney and Simon Weinberg of 171 Vernon Avenue, Brooklyn, each receive $5,000, in addition to the furnishings in Mrs. Happel's house, which include paintings, jewelry, works of art, and wearing apparel. They are directed to sell her real estate, valued at $4,500, and convert it into cash.

The titled relatives of Mrs. Happel who do not share in her estate are the Baroness Clara von Truchess of Germany, Lady Helene Duncan of Austria, and the Baroness Alice Reinhard Bachofen von Echt of Austria, all cousins. It is understood that Mrs. Happel's titled relatives, as well as two other relatives —Gustav Pfizer, living at the Travelers Club in Paris, and Emil Pfizer of Manhattan—were not named in her will because they have fortunes of their own.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Invitations which had been sent out by the Ambassador to Spain and Mrs. Joseph E. Willard for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Belle Wyatt Willard, to Kermit Roosevelt, which is to take place on June 11 in Madrid, Spain, were received here yesterday by friends and relatives of both families. The ceremony is to be performed at noon in the British Embassy chapel, after which a breakfast will be served at the American Embassy.

Mrs. William Graham Fleming of 43 East Sixty-seventh Street will be at the Plaza to-morrow when she sails for Europe on the Imperator June 6.

Mr. and Mrs. George Barton French are occupying the Fry cottage at Southhampton, L. I., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Meyers and Miss Bessie Meyers of 314 Riverside Drive, are sailing on the Rotterdam to spend the Summer abroad.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, the novelist, is arriving on the Olympic, and will stay at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram ordered in yesterday from Good Ground, L. I., and are at the St. Regis. Mr. and Mrs. Julien Ashton Ripley of Brookville, L. I., are at the hotel to remain several days.

Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs of Newport is at the Biltmore for a short stay.

The Misses Minnie Lindon, Kathryn King and Dora Cary of Mount Vernon, N. Y., are sailing on the Olympic on Saturday to spend six weeks abroad. A bon voyage party was given for Miss Lindon recently at the home of Mrs. J. P. McGowan, 47 North Ninth Street, Mount Vernon.

Dr. Walter Eyre Lambert and Mrs. Lambert of 112 East Thirty-fifth Street are leaving town today for Ardsley, N. Y.

Mrs. Samuel C. Van Dusen gave a small and informal tea yesterday at 132 East Thirty-fifth Street for Mrs. Lewis B. Woodruff.

Mrs. Henry Meyer Johnson and Miss Louisa Johnson have left the Clarendon for their country home, Sans Souci, at Bay Shore, L. I., for the Summer.

Mrs. George Law, who has been in New York some time, is sailing today on the Mauretania to spend the Summer in and near London. She will return to New York next Autumn, and has leased an apartment for the Winter season.

Mrs. Henry Asher Robbins, who spent the Winter at the Waldorf-Astoria, has left town for Southampton, L. I., where she has opened her cottage for the season.

Mrs. William Lowe Rice and the Misses Rice closed their apartment at the Plaza yesterday and went to Southampton, where they have a cottage for the Summer.

Dr. Paul Ritter, the Swiss Minister at Washington, and Louis H. Junod, the Swiss Consul here, are leaving town today for Lake Mohonk to attend the Conference on International Arbitration.

"An Hour of Magic," by Peter Newton will be held at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the Plaza for the benefit of the National Organization of Catholic Women.

The wedding of Miss Lydia Coit Butler and Maitland Dwight of Morristown, will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, Madison Avenue and Seventy-third Street, and will be followed by a small reception at the Butler town house, 30 East Seventy-second Street.

Mrs. William Medlicott Fleitmann and Miss Lida Louise Fleitmann are sailing today on the Mauretania to visit friends in England. Miss Fleitmann will ride at the Richmond and the Olympia Horse Shows.

Mrs. Morris K. Jesup will close her residence on Madison Avenue and go to Lenox today to spend the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. William Thompson Graham have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Margaret Graham, to Engene Maxwell Moore, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Moore of this city, which is to take place on June 6 at the Presbyterian Church in Greenwich, Conn.

Miss Sophie Kemp Dies Insane.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 25.—Miss Sophie Kemp, who said she was a relative of Lord Howe and used the coat of arms of that family on her stationery, died in the New Jersey Hospital for the Insane here today. Miss Kemp, who was 72 years of age, came here from Asbury Park six weeks ago. She was owner of the Victoria Hotel, Asbury Park, for many years. For more than twenty-five years she was in the hotel business and was well known in New Jersey. Proud of her English ancestry, Miss Kemp always named her hotels Victoria. It is expected that friends in Asbury Park will take charge of the body.

DIPPEL'S OPERA NOVELTIES.

"Purple Domino," an Unnamed Operetta and Mlle. Pavlowa and Ballet.

Andreas Dippel, who sails on the Vaterland today, announced last night the preliminary details of his light opera season of thirty-two weeks for next Fall and Winter. Beginning Oct. 5 the Dippel Opera Comique Company will play seventeen weeks at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre by arrangement with the Shuberts. During this period two novelties will be presented, "The Purple Domino," by Charles Cuvillier, with a book adapted by Harry B. and Robert B. Smith, and an operetta by a new Bohemian composer, Oscar Nedbal, with a libretto by Otto Hauerbach. In addition to these a revival of Franz Lehar's opera "Gypsy Love" is contemplated.

From Feb. 1 to May 15 the company will appear at the Century Opera House, where, in conjunction with Mme. Pavlowa and her ballet, Mascagni's light opera, "The Queen of the Roses," will be produced Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings and Saturday matinees. Wednesday matinees and Friday evenings will be reserved for Mme. Pavlowa and her company in ballet performances only.

Tuesday evenings will be devoted to revivals of old operettas, which will be repeated Thursday afternoons at prices from 25 cents to $1. Special subscriptions will be opened for these performances, and the Pavlowa performances will also constitute a subscription series. For the last five weeks of the season Mr. Dippel plans revivals of the operettas of Offenbach, with new librettos and a cast of specially-engaged French artists. The presentation of these works, however, depends on whether the subscription for them shows there will be a sufficient demand. Dr. Anselm Goetz, it was announced, has been engaged as one of the principal conductors, and will continue voice trials at the Metropolitan Opera House during Mr. Dippel's absence.

MISS ANGLIN IN GREEK PLAYS

Will Act at University of California During Panama Exposition.

Margaret Anglin has concluded an arrangement with the University of California to present at the Greek Theatre during the Panama-Pacific Exposition one or more revivals of the Greek classics. Prof. William Dallam Armes of the Department of Literature and Chairman of the Musical and Dramatic Committee of the University has been in New York for several days in consultation with Miss Anglin, and negotiations are now under way with a well-known European composer to make a musical setting for the "Medea" of Euripides, which will be the first play of the series to be produced. The score will be interpreted by a large orchestra, and a classic dancer will arrange the dances and perform the solo numbers.

Prof. Armes sailed for Greece yesterday, where he will make some researches for Miss Anglin, and she herself will visit the scenes of the original drama next Spring for the purpose of acquiring data and atmosphere.

"Although we have received requests," Prof. Armes said, "from a number of prominent stars, we have wished to have Miss Anglin the producer of the classic Greek drama during the period of the Panama-Pacific Exposition in appreciation of her presentation of the Sophoclean dramas of "Antigone" and "Electra." It is Miss Anglin's intention to present the "Medea" immediately after the California performances in Germany, Russia, Scandinavia, France, and Italy."

THE WEEK IN THE THEATRES.

As Hammerstein's Roof Garden is to open next week, this week marks the close of the Victoria Theatre's regular season. Topping twenty-one acts are the Dolly Twins, dancing in conjunction with Carlos Sebastian. Others on the bill are Billy McDermott, the tramp comedian; "Curing Bill," a new Jesse Lasky musical comedy; Edwardo's dancing girls, comprising singers and dancers; Rube Dickinson, Anna Chandler, Zallah, Hoey and Lee, Solly Lee, Muller and Stanley, Emma Francis and Aras Troupe, Wohlman and Abrahams, the Abrams Trio, Signor Restovo, Lew Kemper, and Frank Carmen.

The Palace Theatre has Mercedes, assisted by Mlle. Stantone; James and Bonnie Thornton; Billy B. Van, the comedian, with the Beaumont sisters and company, presenting "Props"; Valerie Bergere and company in "His Japanese Wife"; Three Travilla Brothers and their diving seals, Bert Fitzgibbon, Little Billy, vaudeville's tiniest headliner; the Six Sister Stevens present a whirlwind roller-skating act, introducing the tango and turkey trot on the rollers.

William Morris yesterday inaugurated his policy of intermingling people prominent on the variety and legitimate stages by the presentation at the New York Theatre of Harry Fox, the young comedian, and a company of actors in a series of moving-picture burlesques. In addition to Fox, photo plays are presented with a complete change of programme and players daily.

For the second week of the Royal Theatre Stock Company "Bella Donna" is being played. The part portrayed originally by Nazimova is played by Frances Nelson, Lowell Sherman plays the role Edward Ormery the "heavy." Belle Mitchell, the ingenue, Isabelle O'Madigan the female character role, Ebner Thompson the juvenile, Wright Kramer the male character part, and Howard Jones completes the cast.

"The Golden Crook," a burlesque extravaganza production, is presented at the Columbia Theatre this week, commencing with a matinee yesterday. The performance includes the customary features of a burlesque entertainment, with the addition of spectacular features of the kind that characterized extravaganza of a generation ago. There is a long cast of comedians, vocalists, and pantomimists, and twenty musical numbers are rendered by a large chorus of girls. The Imperial Tango Dancers and Acrobats and the Hippodrome Four head the bills of vaudeville acts between the first and second parts of the performance. The principals in the company are Frank A. Burt, Frank Dobson, Maude Rockwell, Flo Vernon, and Ollie Golden.

At Miner's People's Theatre, on the Bowery, vaudeville and photo-plays are drawing large audiences, and will probably continue for the Summer. The following acts are on the bill this week: The Shaw Trio, "Dad" Lozier, Williams and Dixon, Eight Honeymoon, the Naples Duo, the Bag-Punching Grays and McGarvie. Something special is promised for every night—Monday, Song Writers' Night; Tuesday, Surprise Night; Wednesday, "Country Store"; Thursday, wrestling; Friday, amateurs, and Saturday, professional try-outs.

The Kinemacolor moving pictures as shown at the Eden Musee every hour are attracting many visitors to this amusement house. The programme this week has been changed entirely, an entire new series being shown each hour. Groups of the Mexican war are now in progress and will shortly be opened to the public together with the World in Wax and extra attractions.

Amelia Bingham is the sixth and last star to appear in conjunction with the stock company at the Academy of Music, beginning there yesterday afternoon for a two weeks' engagement in "The Climbers," written by the late Clyde Fitch and produced some years ago at the Bijou Theatre by Miss Bingham with a company that included Robert Edeson, Frank Worthing, Ferdinand Gottschalk, Madge Carr Cook, Minnie Dupree, and Clara Bloodgood. Theodore Friebus heads the cast in support of Miss Bingham, which requires many players in addition to the regular stock company.

Brooklyn Amusements.

Keith's Orpheum Theatre in Brooklyn has a Summer vaudeville carnival made up of Mr. and Mrs. Carter De Haven, Emmet Devoy and company in a new one-act skit called "The Old Hag"; Billy Gould and Belle Ashlyn; Belle Story; Sylvia Loyal and Her Pierrot; Johnnie Swor and Charlie Mack; Leipsig, the conjurer; Sammy Burns and Alice Fulton; Arnaut brothers, European tumbling clowns; the Three Collegians in "A Bit of College Life"; Monty and Dot doing "Bits of Everything," and Chester Kingston, "The Chinese Puzzle."

At the New Brighton Theatre are Mae Murray and Clifton Webb in their repertoire of modern dances; Elizabeth Murray; "The Green Beetle"; Kathleen Clifford; "Arcadia," a musical production presented by H. A. Rolfe; James Edward ("Jimmy") Britt, once lightweight champion, but now a monologist; Cooper and Robinson, colored comedians; Clara Ballerini, who recently returned from Europe, presents her daring trapeze performance, and "The Act Beautiful."

A free vaudeville bill, including the Glendale Troupe; the Aerial Cromwells; Patty; the Kanes; Flying Bowens, and High McHugh, in a thrilling "slide for life," is the entertainment at the Palisades Amusement Park this week.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, May 23d, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 12.71 cents; imported beef, 10.98 cents per pound.—Adv.

KOSSUTH DIES; HIS WIDOW TAKES POISON

Son of Hungarian Patriot Married Countess Benyorsky at Beginning of Illness.

OPPOSITION HEAD OF DIET

Political Leader Was Also Musician, Painter, and Author—A Prisoner at 8 and Exiled with Father.

BUDAPEST, Hungary, May 25.—Francis Kossuth, son of Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, died today after a long illness. Immediately after his death his widow attempted to commit suicide by taking poison. Her condition is considered serious.

In January, 1913, at the beginning of his fatal illness, Francis Kossuth was married to the Countess Benyorsky, the widow of his life-long friend, thus fulfilling the wish of Count Benyorsky, expressed on his deathbed.

Francis Kossuth, the leader of the United Opposition in the Hungarian Diet, was born in Budapest and was 73 years old. He was educated in Paris and was graduated from London University College.

In his childhood Francis Kossuth shared the romantic career of his father and was captured by the Austrians at the age of 8 years and kept a prisoner for a time in the fortress of Presburg. When liberated a few years later he was exiled by the Emperor of Austria and went to live with his father, also in exile, at Kutahia, Asia Minor. His father took him to England in his early manhood and he became a civil engineer and in 1861 was engaged in important engineering work in Italy, the success of which gave him much reputation.

In 1894 his father died and he accompanied the body to Hungary, where it was buried with great honors. Soon after he took up his permanent residence in Hungary and went into politics and became a member of Parliament. During his first term he became the leader of the Party of Independence, and his influence and popularity increased so rapidly that when Hungary united to resist the encroachments of constitutional rights he was made leader of the majority of the Diet. He was a member of the Wekerle Cabinet in 1896 and remained a leader in the House until his death.

Francis Kossuth was a musician, a linguist, a sculptor, an author, and a painter. His paintings are chiefly portraits and landscapes and were in great demand, but owing to his devotion to politics he was unable to accept many orders. His publications are chiefly devoted to scientific and biographical sketches and contributions in English, Italian, German, French, and American periodicals. Among his best known writings is "The Life of Louis Kossuth."

Commander Lazarus Reamey, U.S.N.

Commander Lazarus Lowrey Reamey, U. S. N., retired, 65 years old, died in Washington yesterday of neurosis. He was born in Hallidayburg, Penn., and was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1870, and reached the rank of Lieutenant Commander in 1899. In 1900 he retired on his own application and received the rank of Commander. His active service contained several notable incidents. When Commander Reamey was bringing the old Constitution from Paris to England in 1878 after the Paris Exposition, the vessel stranded on the Bollard Head in the English Channel. When the Thetis was bought in Scotland for use in the Greeley relief expedition, he brought the vessel to this country from Dundee around the north of Scotland to New York. In 1889 he was on the flagship Trenton when she was wrecked in the Harbor of Apia, Samoa, by the great hurricane, and during the war with Spain Commander Reamey served on the East Boston and the Montauk.

Rev. James A. Reynolds.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., May 25.—The Rev. James A. Reynolds, rector of St. James's Catholic Church here, died this afternoon of dropsy. He was 54 years old and was born at Princeton. Father Reynolds was graduated from Seton Hall College, South Orange, N. J., in 1882. In 1885 he was ordained in the cathedral at Trenton by the late Bishop O'Farrell. He accepted the pastorate of St. James's Church here twenty-three years ago, after having served three years as rector of the Catholic Church at Mount Holly, N. J. He built the present church at Red Bank at a cost of $95,000 several years ago. Besides a mother, who lives at the rectory, he leaves two sisters, Mrs. Henry Collett of Trenton and Miss Anna Reynolds of Red Bank.

Sir Francis Flint Belsey.

LONDON, May 25.—Sir Francis Flint Belsey, a prominent politician outside of Parliament, who married Mrs. Kate Morrison Foster of New York in 1897, died today. He was President of the World's First Sunday School Convention in London in 1889. Sir Francis was born in Rochester, Eng., and was 67 years old. He was Mayor of Rochester for two terms and for twenty-seven years a member of its School Board. Sir Francis was for many years a member of the Committee of the National Liberal Club. He published several works on Sunday school teaching.

Mme. Alex Marie A. Pasca.

PARIS, May 25.—Mme. Alix Marie Adelaide Pasca, for many years one of the most celebrated actresses in France, died here today at the age of 79. She made here first appearance in 1864 and retired in 1885. Mme. Pasca was born in Lyons in 1835 and entered the Gymnase at the age of 29. Her principal plays were the "Demi-monde," the "Ideas of Mme. Aubray," "Fanny Lear," the "Father of Martial," the "Party of Women," the "Romance of the Poor Young Man," and "The Invited," a vaudeville sketch by F. de Curel.

Mrs. Edward Everett Hale.

Mrs. Emily Baldwin Perkins Hale, 84 years old, the widow of Edward Everett Hale, died on Sunday at her home in Brookline, Mass. Mrs. Hale was Miss Emily Baldwin Perkins and was born in Hartford, Conn., and married in 1852. When her husband died, in 1909, she moved to Boston. She is the mother of Edward Everett Hale, Jr., of Schenectady, a university professor and author, who was born in 1863; of Miss Ellen Day Hale of Washington, an artist, born in 1855, and of Philip Leslie Hale of Boston, a painter, born in 1865.

David Bigelow Safford.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 25.—David Bigelow Safford, for thirty-five years a partner in the banking firm of Winslow, Lanier & Co., New York, died late yesterday at Hot Springs, N. C., the immediate cause of death being an acute attack of Bright's disease. Mr. Safford was a native of Boston, Mass., but spent his business life in New York. He spent many years in foreign travel. Mr. Safford came to Western North Carolina several months ago in the hope that the climate would benefit him. The funeral services will be held at Hot Springs tomorrow.

CHARITIES.

THE CANCER HOME begs used clothing for men and women patients. Servants of Relief, Rosary Hill Home, Hawthorne, N. Y.

CHARLES G. BENNETT DEAD.

Ex-Secretary of U. S. Senate and Twice Congressman from Brooklyn.

Charles Goodwin Bennett, former Secretary of the United States Senate and a member of the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Congresses, died yesterday at his residence, 18 Palmetto Street, Brooklyn, of internal complications after a long illness. Mr. Bennett was always active in the development of the borough, where he lived practically all his life. He was born in the Bennett homestead at 1,090 Gates Avenue Dec. 11, 1843, the son of the late George C. Bennett, founder of the Brooklyn Daily Times. He was graduated from the high school and took up the study of law at the New York Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the State Board of Regents in 1882. Later he became a member of the firm of Daniels & Bennett, in Nassau Street.

Mr. Bennett was active as an organizer of public movements, and is credited with having started the agitation which resulted in the construction of the Williamsburg Bridge and was elected President of the People's Bridge Association. He was for many years Chairman of the Broadway branch of the Mechanics' Bank and a Trustee of the Kings County Savings Institution.

When he was first nominated for Congress, in 1892, Mr. Bennett was only 28 years old and was defeated. He was again the Republican candidate in 1894, and this time he defeated the Democratic candidate by a majority of nearly 8,000. During his first term in Congress Mr. Bennett secured an appropriation of $450,000 for the widening and dredging of Newtown Creek, for which Brooklyn residents had been striving for years. Mr. Bennett's renomination and election to the Fifty-fifth Congress in 1896 followed, and in January, 1900, the Republicans elected him Secretary of the Senate, a position he held until the Democrats got control of the Sen

YANKEES AND GIANTS LOSE TO CHICAGO CLUBS--WOMEN'S "MET" GOLF

PING BODIE TRIES TO 'STEAL' HOME

Daring Stunt of Chicago's Slow Runner Startles Crowd, but He Fails.

Ping Bodie tried to steal home up at the Polo Grounds yesterday. Kid Gleason says he thinks that the heat must have affected Ping. He never acted foolish like that before. If Bodie had accomplished his dire purpose, the White Sox would have defeated the Yankees, 2 to 0, but as Ping was put out by half a block, the score was only 1 to 0.

It's just as easy for Bodie to steal home as it is to separate a miser from his money. It was a grand sight to see Bodie puffing down the third-base line with all the speed of a lame duck. The only time that Bodie will be able to steal home right will be when the other team is in the clubhouse.

Jim Scott of Death Valley did the pitching for the Sox, and gave the Yankees as many as three hits, two of these being made by Truesdale. Scott's pitching was something foreign to the other Yankee batsmen. The White Sox did not hit Jack Warhop very hard, but bunched three hits in the fourth inning. Two of the bangs went for two bases, but they were able to get only one run out of the lay-out.

At the present writing, the combined batting strength of the Sox and the Yanks would hardly keep a bush league club in the first division. The Sox have been going bad, and it was out of sheer desperation that Ping Bodie took matters in his own hands and tried to steal home.

Manager Callahan is getting jealous of the Yankees because they threaten to steal his title of the "hitless wonders." The Sox have with them Ray Demmitt, who used to be with the Yankees, and Alcock is trying to fill Harry Lord's shoes at third. Joe Berger, from the Coast, is playing second. He is the player Manager Chance wanted for the Yankee infield.

Scout Arthur Irwin has just returned from another mysterious trip to the jungles, but he did not bring back anything that looked like a hitter. The Yankees' base running yesterday was very sad. On three different occasions runners were caught at first base fast asleep. In the first inning, after Fritz Maisel walked, he was discovered napping. Truesdale was caught the same way in the third inning and again in the sixth. If they don't get over that habit soon, Chance will hang alarm clocks on them when they get on the bases.

Buck Weaver opened the fourth inning with a two-base drive to centre. He went to third when Hal Chase was extinguished at first. He scored on Collins's sacrifice fly to left. Walsh's throw came in promptly, but Rogers, the young catcher, did not handle the ball quickly enough to tag the runner. Then Bodie singled and went to third on Alcock's sacrifice. Suddenly Bodie was all commotion. He bolted down the third base line like a frightened animal. The crowd got up in the seats with their eyes popping out of their heads. They were dumfounded, panic-stricken, and shocked. Ping Bodie trying to steal home was one of those sights you only see once in a life time. As he neared the plate Ping changed his mind and ran back toward third. Then he changed his mind again and ran toward the plate. Before he had time to run in any other direction, he was tagged out. Thus ended the most impossible play in baseball. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dem't, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
Wiver, ss.	4	1	1	4	3
Chase, 1b.	4	1	2	10	2
Collins, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
Bodie, cf.	4	0	2	2	0
Alcock, 3b.	2	0	1	2	1
Berger, 2b.	3	0	0	2	2
Schalk, c.	3	0	0	7	1
Scott, p.	3	0	0	0	4
Total.	30	1	6	27	13

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Maisel, 3b.	3	0	0	0	3
Hart'l, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
Walsh, lf.	3	0	0	4	0
Cook, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Will's, 1b.	3	0	0	13	0
Peck'h, ss.	3	0	0	1	4
Rogers, c.	3	0	0	3	1
T'dale, 2b.	3	0	0	2	4
War'p, p.	2	0	0	0	5
*Caldwell.	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	27	0	3	27	15

*Batted for Warhop in ninth inning.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Weaver, Alcock, Bodie. Sacrifice hit—Alcock. Sacrifice fly—Collins. Stolen base—Chase. Left on bases—New York, 1; Chicago, 4. Bases on balls—Off Scott, 2; by Warhop, 2; by Caldwell, 1. Struck out—By Warhop, 2; by Scott, 7. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

Red Sox Get Three Hits Off Mitchell

BOSTON, May 25.—Sacrifice hits assisted Cleveland to win a 3 to 0 victory from Boston today. Mitchell held the Red Sox to three scattered hits. In the third inning Turner singled and stole second. A sacrifice hit by Carisch put him on third, and Mitchell's sacrifice fly enabled him to score. Errors by Gardner and Scott, Graney's single, and a sacrifice hit by Lajoie gave the visitors their other two runs in the fourth inning. "Del" Gainer, who was purchased from the Detroit Club yesterday, reported to Boston today. He will probably play at first base in tomorrow's game. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
L'hold, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Bland, ss.	4	0	0	1	3
Graney, lf.	4	0	1	4	0
Jks'n, rf.	4	1	0	2	0
Lajoie, 2b.	3	0	0	3	3
Wood, 1b.	3	0	1	6	0
Turner, 3b.	2	1	1	1	0
C'sch, c.	2	0	0	7	1
M'ch'l, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Total.	28	3	3	27	7

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'per, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Y'kes, 2b.	4	0	0	0	1
Lewis, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
Sy'ker, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
Scott, ss.	4	0	0	0	6
G'dn'r, 3b.	4	0	1	4	0
J'rvis, 1b.	4	0	1	11	1
C'gan, c.	1	0	0	3	1
Thomas, c.	0	0	0	1	0
Collins, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Coyle, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Foster	0	0	0	0	0
†Reng	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	29	0	3	27	11

*Ran for Carrigan in eighth inning. †Batted for Collins in eighth inning.

Errors—Scott, (2,) Gardner.

Cleveland	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0—3
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Speaker, Graney. Hits—Off Collins, 4 in 8 innings; off Coumbe, 1 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—Carisch, Turner. Sacrifice flies—Mitchell, Lajoie. Stolen bases—Turner, Graney. Double play—Scott, Janvrin, and Thomas. Left on bases—Cleveland, 2; Boston, 7. First base on balls—Off Mitchell, 5. First base on errors—Cleveland, 2. Struck out—By Collins, 2; by Mitchell, 5. Passed ball—Thomas. Time of game—One hour and twenty-nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Sheridan.

Pennock Strikes Out 12 Browns.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25. — Pennock pitched in wonderful style in the game which Philadelphia won from St. Louis to-day, 6 to 2. Pennock fanned twelve batsmen. Every man who faced him except Pratt struck out at least once. Pratt made two doubles and a single and drew a pass in four trips to the plate. Oldring's stick work played a big part in the home team's victory. He scored two runs himself and drove in three other tallies. Oldring's hitting included a home run, a triple, and a single, and he also received a base on balls. Agnew threw out five of the six runners who tried to steal second base. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'rp'y, rf.	3	1	0	0	0
Old'g, lf.	3	2	3	2	0
Coll'ns, 2b.	4	0	2	1	1
Baker, 3b.	3	0	1	1	1
M'In's, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0
Daley, cf.	3	0	1	2	0
Barry, ss.	4	1	1	1	5
Lapp, c.	2	1	0	12	1
Pen'ock, p.	2	1	1	0	0
Total.	28	6	10	27	8

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shot'n, cf.	4	1	1	2	0
Austin, 3b.	3	1	0	1	2
Pratt, 2b.	3	0	3	6	2
R'm'r, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
C.W'k'r, lf.	3	0	1	3	0
Leary, 1b.	4	0	0	6	0
Wares, ss.	4	0	0	3	1
Agnew, c.	3	0	1	1	6
Crossin, c.	0	0	0	1	0
James, p.	2	0	0	0	3
Lev'nz, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Jenkins.	1	0	0	0	0
†Miller	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	30	2	6	24	14

*Batted for James in seventh inning. †Ran for Agnew in seventh inning.

Errors—Wares (2.)

Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	x	—6
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Pratt (2,) Baker. Three-base hits—Oldring, Daley. Home run—Oldring. Hits—Off James, 7 in 6 innings; off Leverenz, 3 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hit—Lapp. Sacrifice flies—Rumler, C. Walker. Stolen bases—Pratt (2.) C. Walker, Collins. Double plays—Pratt and Agnew; James, Agnew, Austin, and Pratt. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Philadelphia, 4. Bases on balls—Off James, 4; off Leverenz, 1; off Pennock, 2. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Struck out—By Leverenz, 1; by Pennock, 12. Time of game—Two hours and two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Dineen.

Tigers Easy for Senators.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Washington climbed to within half a game of first place in the American League pennant race today, indulging in a batting bee at the expense of three Detroit pitchers and winning the first game of the series easily, 10 to 1.

The Senators scored four runs in the second inning on a base on balls, three singles, a sacrifice fly, and an error. Then Mains supplanted Cavet. Another came in the third on two singles and Gandil's triple, and three singles in the fourth brought in still another. In the seventh Milan and Shanks tripled and the latter scored on an out. Two bases on balls and two singles in the eighth made the locals' count ten. Detroit's one run was scored in the third, when Mains singled, went to third, when Milan fumbled the ball, and scored on Bush's double. Johnson was never in trouble and gave way to Bentley in the eighth inning, when the game seemed safe. Score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moel'r, rf.	3	1	2	2	0
Foster, ss.	4	2	2	1	3
Milan, cf.	5	1	2	5	0
Gandil, 1b.	4	1	1	6	1
Shanks, lf.	4	2	2	3	0
M'gan, 2b.	4	1	2	2	4
Ainsmith, c.	4	1	1	4	3
M'H'de, ss.	3	1	0	4	3
A.Will's, c.	4	1	1	3	0
John'n, p.	2	1	1	0	0
Bent'y, p.	1	1	1	0	0
Total.	35	10	14	27	8

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	1	0	1	1	1
Vitt, ss.	2	0	2	0	2
Kav'h, 2b.	3	0	0	4	3
High, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
Heil'n, cf.	1	0	0	0	0
Craw'd, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Veach, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Burns, 1b.	4	0	0	11	1
Mor'y, 3b.	3	0	1	0	0
Stanage, c.	2	0	0	3	1
McKee, c.	0	0	0	0	0
Cavet, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Mains, p.	2	1	1	0	1
Reyn's, p.	0	0	0	0	2
*Dubuc	1	0	0	0	0
†C.Will's.	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	31	1	7	24	11

*Batted for Mains in eighth inning. †Ran for Stanage in eighth inning.

Errors—Cavet, Milan.

Washington	0	4	1	1	0	0	2	2	x	—10
Detroit	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Bush, Morgan. Three-base hits—Gandil, Milan, Shanks. Hits—Off Cavet, 2 in 1 inning, (none out in second;) off Mains, 10 in 6 innings; off Reynolds, 2 in 1 inning; off Johnson, 6 in 7 innings; off Bentley, 1 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hit—McBride. Sacrifice fly—Johnson. Double plays—Foster and Gandil; Foster, McBride, and Gandil; Morgan and Gandil. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; Washington, 7. First base on balls—Off Cavet, 2; off Reynolds, 2; off Johnson, 1; off Bentley, 2. First base on error—Washington. Struck out—By Mains, 2; by Johnson, 2; by Bentley, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT MONTREAL—MORNING GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	7	0	9	3
Montreal	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	5	1

Batteries—Merkle, Duchesnil, Hoff, and Williams; Couchman, Mattern, Miller, and Madden.

AFTERNOON GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	6	0
Montreal	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3

Batteries — Herche and Williams; Miller, Dale, and Howley.

AT TORONTO.

Morning game—Buffalo-Toronto postponed; rain.

AFTERNOON GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	1	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	9	1
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4

Batteries—McCongell and Lalong; Gilbert, Herbert, and Kelly.

No other games scheduled.

Federal Offer to Hagerman.

BOSTON, May 25.—Z. Z. Hagerman, a pitcher with the Cleveland American League Club, admitted today that he had received an offer to jump to the Federal League. Other than saying he was approached by a Federal League agent while the Cleveland team was stopping in New York, Hagerman would not discuss the matter. It is said that the amount guaranteed him by the new organization is $5,000 a year.

Langford Knocks Out Watkins.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 25.—Sam Langford, the negro heavyweight, tonight knocked out Bill Watkins of Nashville in the fourth round of a ten-round match here.

Welsh Outpoints Joe Mandot.

NEW ORLEANS, May 25.—Freddie Welsh, the English pugilist, outpointed Joe Mandot of New Orleans in a ten-round bout here tonight. Welsh had the better of three rounds, Mandot of three, and the rest were even.

BASEBALL TODAY, 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Chicago. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 1; New York, 0.
Philadelphia, 6; St. Louis, 0.
Washington, 10; Detroit, 1.
Cleveland, 3; Boston, 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 5; New York, 1.
Philadelphia, 6; Cincinnati, 4.
Pittsburgh, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
Boston, 3; St. Louis, 2.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 4; Brooklyn, 0.
Kansas City, 8; Buffalo, 4
Baltimore, 6, St. Louis, 5.
Indianapolis, 5; Pittsburgh, 3.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Rochester, 9; Montreal, 5.
Rochester, 6; Montreal, 1.
Buffalo, 9; Toronto, 0
(Morning game postponed; rain.)

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Detroit	21	13	.618
Washington	20	12	.613
Philadelphia	17	11	.607
New York	14	15	.483
Boston	14	15	.483
St. Louis	15	17	.469
Chicago	15	20	.429
Cleveland	10	22	.313

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	21	8	.724
New York	16	11	.593
Cincinnati	19	15	.559
St. Louis	17	19	.472
Brooklyn	13	15	.464
Philadelphia	12	15	.444
Chicago	15	19	.441
Boston	8	19	.296

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	20	7	.741
Chicago	16	15	.516
St. Louis	16	16	.500
Indianapolis	14	15	.483
Brooklyn	12	13	.480
Buffalo	12	14	.462
Kansas City	11	18	.455
Pittsburgh	11	18	.379

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Buffalo	17	9	.654
Baltimore	18	11	.621
Rochester	16	12	.571
Toronto	13	12	.520
Providence	14	14	.500
Newark	12	14	.462
Jersey City	10	18	.357
Montreal	10	20	.333

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Boston.
Detroit at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at St. Louis.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at Brooklyn.
Kansas City at Buffalo.
St. Louis at Baltimore.
Indianapolis at Pittsburgh.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Baltimore at Newark.
Providence at Jersey City.
Rochester at Montreal.
Buffalo at Toronto.

CUBS' FEW HITS TURNED INTO RUNS

Only One of Six Safe Drives Goes to Waste and Giants Are Beaten, 5 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 25.—Hank O'Day's Cubs took a big brace today and defeated McGraw's champions, 5 to 1. Bunched hits in the third inning tell the tale. Four swats decided the combat in favor of the Cubs, Al Damaree, a Chicago boy, being the victim to the extent of three runs. The other scores were counted off "Rube" Schauer, who succeeded Demaree in the seventh, Zimmerman topping off the Cubs' performance by stealing home. The Cubs gathered six hits during the afternoon, the Giants being held to five. McGraw used all of his generalship in an effort to turn the tide against Cheney, fifteen New Yorkers getting into the game.

The Cubs did all their hitting when it counted in the scoring, only one of the bingles being wasted. This was a triple by Corriden in the fourth inning after two were down. In the third, which was really the turning point in the game, Bresnahan started the rally with a single after Demaree had retired the first seven men to face him. Cheney also got a single, and, after Leach went out, Good counted the backstop with a drive to left. Saier then came in with a triple which got past Burns and two more counters came over. Zimmerman ended the round with an infied out.

The other inning in which the Cubs scored was the eighth, one hit, an error, and a sacrifice fly doing the business. Saier doubled and Zimmerman was safe when Schauer missed his bunt. Saier scored on Schulte's sacrifice fly and Zimmerman went to third on Sweeney's long fly to Bescher. Schauer then took a big windup and Zimmerman stole home.

The Giants kept pounding away at Cheney, and while they never got within talking distance of the Cubs' total they kept the locals fighting every inch of the way.

The Giants' only score came in the fourth. Corriden gave them their start by booting Grant's easy bounder. Doyle then singled and Grant went all the way around when Good let the ball go through him. In the sixth the Giants were headed off at the plate, which shows that the Cubs were playing up to their form. Demaree got to third on a single and another error by Good. He was caught at the plate when Bescher hit to Corriden. Burns walked, and when Grant got an infield hit Corriden threw wild to catch the Giants' pitcher at third. When he tried to come home, however, Zimmerman nailed him by several feet. Doyle was passed, filling the bases, but Merkle could not make the circuit. Cheney went on in the seventh they got two more on the paths when Stock singled and Meyers hit after one was out, but Donlin, hitting for Demaree, proved an easy out. In the eighth Grant singled and Merkle walked with two down, but Robertson, batting for Snodgrass, went out on an infield pop up. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	3	0	0	4	0
Good, rf.	3	1	1	3	0
Saier, 1b.	3	1	2	7	0
Zim'n, 3b.	2	1	0	1	2
Schulte, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
S'ney, 2b.	3	0	0	2	3
Corr'n, ss.	4	0	0	1	5
Bres'n, c.	3	1	1	9	1
Cheney, p.	3	1	1	0	0
Total.	27	5	6	27	12

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Besc'r, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Burns, lf.	4	0	0	3	0
Grant, ss.	4	1	2	1	3
Doyle, 2b.	3	0	1	1	2
M'kle, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0
Snod's, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
Rob'n, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
Stock, 3b.	4	0	1	0	5
Meyers, c.	2	0	0	3	1
*Piez	0	0	0	0	0
M'Lean, c.	1	0	0	1	0
Dem'e, p.	2	0	1	0	1
†Donlin	1	0	0	0	0
Schauer, p.	0	0	0	0	1
‡Thorpe	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	1	5	24	13

*Ran for Meyers in seventh inning. †Batted for Demaree in seventh inning. ‡Batted for Schauer in ninth inning.

Errors—Schauer, Good, (2,) Schulte, Corriden.

Chicago	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	—5
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hit—Saier. Three-base hit—Saier. Hits—Off Demaree, 5 in six innings; off Schauer, 1 in two innings. Sacrifice hits—Zimmerman, 2. Sacrifice fly—Schulte. Stolen bases—Beacher, Grant, Zimmerman. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; New York, 8. Bases on balls—Off Demaree, 2; off Cheney, 3; off Schauer, 1. Hit by pitcher—Schulte, by Demaree; Meyers, by Cheney. Struck out—By Demaree, 3; by Cheney, 7. Wild pitch—Schauer. Time of game—One hour and forty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Byron.

Poor Pitching Defeats Reds.

CINCINNATI, May 25.—Ineffective pitching by the Cincinnati twirlers enabled Philadelphia to win the first game of the series today, 6 to 4. Rowan, who started for Cincinnati, was hit hard, allowing Philadelphia to score five runs. Cincinnati was unable to overcome this lead. Ingersoll, who succeeded Rowan was wild. Mayer pitched well up to the sixth inning, when Cincinnati scored one run on two singles and a sacrifice fly. The locals added one more run in the seventh on three hits, one of them a two-base drive. Mayer weakened in the eighth, and after allowing a base on balls and two singles, was displaced by Marshall, who succeeded in checking the Cincinnati batters in the eighth and holding them safe in the ninth. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
P'kert, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Reed, ss.	2	0	1	3	1
L'bert, 3b.	4	0	2	1	2
Magee, lf.	5	1	2	2	0
L'd'us, 1b.	4	0	1	11	0
Cr'v'ch, rf.	3	1	1	0	0
Byrne, 2b.	3	0	1	2	4
Killifer, c.	4	0	2	4	4
Mayer, p.	3	1	1	0	1
M'shall, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	34	6	10	27	14

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	4	1	2	2	0
Herz'g, ss.	3	1	1	0	0
Groh, 2b.	2	0	0	0	0
R'lings, 2b.	2	0	0	2	3
O'Mara, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
Wheat, lf.	0	0	0	0	0
Smith, 3b.	3	1	2	3	0
Miller, c.	3	0	1	2	2
Rucker, p.	2	0	0	0	1
*McCarty.	1	0	0	0	0
Ragan, p.	0	0	0	0	0
†Elberf'd.	1	0	0	0	0
W.W'g'r, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	33	4	8	26	9

*Ran for Hummel in the ninth inning. †Batted for Rucker in the eighth inning. ‡Batted for Ragan in the ninth inning. §Two out when winning run was scored. *Batted for Cooper in the ninth inning.

Errors—Egan, Carey, Kelly.

Pittsburgh	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1—5	
Brooklyn	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1—4	

Hits—Off Rucker, 9 in seven innings; off Ragan, none in one inning; off Wagner, 2 in one inning. Three-base hits—Riggert, Cooper. Home run—Dalton. Stolen base—Kelly. Double play—Egan, Cutshaw, and Daubert. First base on balls—Off Rucker, 1; off Ragan, 2; off Wagner, 1; off Cooper, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Rucker, (Wagner.) First base on error—Brooklyn, 1; Pittsburgh, 1. Sacrifice fly—Smith. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 6; Pittsburgh, 9. Struck out—By Rucker, 2; by Cooper, 4. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and Eason.

St. John's Loses at the Start.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., May 25.—Five hits, a base on balls, and a couple of errors gave Seton Hall seven runs in the first inning of the game against St. John of Brooklyn today, giving the locals a lead that the Brooklynites could not overcome. The score:

			R.	H.	E.
Seton Hall	7	1	1	2	0
St. John's	1	0	2	0	1

Batteries—Hickey and Morrissey for St. John's; Dillon, Delaney, Kerrigan, and Fish Seton Hall. Umpire—Mr. Merrity, Jersey City.

Northwestern, 4; Wisconsin, 2.

CHICAGO, May 25.—After the first inning Juel was invincible today, and Northwestern University defeated the University of Wisconsin 4 to 2. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Northwestern	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	4	6	2
Wisconsin	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	1

Batteries—Juel and Lewis; Neuenschwander and Rule.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

At Scranton—Wilkesbarre, 10; Scranton, 6.
At Albany—Troy, 7; Albany, 3.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 2; Utica, 1, (ten innings.)
At Binghamton—Binghamton, 5; Elmira, 3.

American Association.

At Louisville—Minneapolis, 3; Louisville, 2.
At Columbus—Columbus, 12; St. Paul, 11.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 6; Kansas City, 5, (thirteen innings.)
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 5; Milwaukee, 4.

New England League.

At Fitchburg—Lowell, 5; Fitchburg, 3.
At Lynn—Lawrence 4; Lynn, 2.
At Haverhill—Haverhill, 11; Lewiston, 6.
At Worcester—Worcester, 8; Portland, 5.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg, Harrisburg, 5; Reading, 0.
At York—Trenton, 4; York, 3.
At Wilmington—Allentown, 4; Wilmington, 3, (eleven innings.)

Southern Association.

At Memphis—Birmingham, 4; Memphis, 1.
At Atlanta—Atlanta, 13; Mobile, 5.
At Nashville—Montgomery, 8; Nashville, 4.
At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 8; New Orleans, 4.

Virginia League.

At Norfolk—Norfolk, 14; Petersburg, 5.
At Roanoke—Roanoke, 5; Portsmouth, 3.
At Richmond—Richmond, 8; Newport News, 4.

Scores of Other Games.

At Hamilton—Hamilton, 15; St. Lawrence, 1.
At Summit, N. J.—Carlton Academy, 27; Summit High School, 1.

Mohegan Wins Final from Holbrook.

Special to The New York Times.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., May 25.—In one of the best games ever played on Mohegan Lake school grounds Mohegan, under the leaderships of Capt. Callahan, won its final game against the Holbrook School nine by a score of 5 to 2. The pitching of Wray of Mohegan and McCreehan of Holbrook was fine, while the fielding of both nines was very steady and at times brilliant. Each school had previously won a game, and this deciding one of the series was full of interest. So far Mohegan has won eleven of its games and lost four.

Yale Tennis Team Defeated.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 25.—Leland-Stanford's tennis team defeated Yale today, 2 to 1. The Californians captured both matches in the singles by brilliant playing. Yale took the match in the doubles in three sets.

SUPERBAS NOSED OUT.

Tie Score in Ninth, but Pirates Break It in Last Turn at Bat.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., May 25.—The Brooklyn National League team made its first appearance of the season in Pittsburgh today, and was beaten by the Pirates by a score of 5 to 4. However, the Pirates had to go to the ninth inning to capture the game. They were in the lead when Brooklyn took its turn at bat in the ninth inning, the score then being 4 to 3. Brooklyn lost no time in tying the score. Hummel started off with a single, and O'Mara was sent to run him for him. Smith drove the ball into left field for a single, which Carey threw wild to second, O'Mara going to third and Smith to second. Cutshaw was thrown out by Viox, O'Mara coming home with the run that tied the score. In the Pirates' half of the ninth inning Hyatt was sent to bat in place of Cooper and flied to Egan. Then Viox hit for a single, went to second when Leonard received a base on balls, and scored on a single by Wagner.

The game began with two left-hand pitchers at work, Rucker for Brooklyn and Cooper for Pittsburgh. Both were hit rather hard. Pittsburgh took the lead in the first inning by scoring two runs on four hits. Viox and Carey singled in succession. Viox was forced by Leonard at third base. Wagner hit for a single, filling the bases. Konetchy was thrown out by Cutshaw, Carey scoring. Kelly hit safe and Leonard scored.

The Brooklyns scored a run in the second inning and tied the score in the fourth. In the second Hummel and Smith made hits in succession. Cutshaw forced Hummel at third, but Smith scored on a single by Egan. In the fourth Riggert hit for three bases, and scored on a sacrifice fly by Smith, whose fly was muffed by Kelly.

The Pirates got back a run in their half of the fourth. Konetchy began with a single, went to second on a hit by Kelly, to third on a base on balls to Mitchell, and home on a wild throw by Egan to Daubert. In the sixth inning the Pirates scored their fourth run on Gibson's single and Cooper's three-bagger. The Brooklyns never flinched, and in the eighth inning scored their third run by a home run hit by Dalton, the ball elu

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(‹) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

George Jones and David W. Kahn of N. Y. and Alfred J. H. Frank of Phila. were admitted to practice.

270—Martin Ocampo and Teodora M. Kalaw, plffs. in error, vs. U S A.—Judgment affirmed.

807—P. A. Carlson, plff. in error, vs. State of Washington, on the relation of Charles P. Custiss.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

13. Original—Ex parte in re W. L. Roe, petnr.—Rule discharged and petition for writ of mandamus denied.

338—Simon Taylor et al., plff. in error, vs. Joseph Anderson et al.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.

367—Washington Securities Co., appelt., vs. U S A.—Decree affirmed and cause remanded.

615—New Orleans & N. E. R. R. et al., plffs. in error, vs. National Rice Milling Co.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

843—Wabash R. R. Co., plff. in error, vs. John R. Hayes.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

281—Schmidt & Story et al., plffs. in error, vs. the Bank of Commerce.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and cause remanded.

215—Atlantic Transportation Co. of W Va., petnr., vs. Frank Imbrovek.—Decree affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.

216—Same, vs. Maryland, to the use of Mary Szczesek, widow, &c.—Decree affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.

242—U S A., plff. in error, vs. Julia A. Axman, executrix of Rudolph Axman, deceased, et al.—Judgment affirmed and causes remanded.

531—Louisville & Nashville RR. plff. in error, vs. Catesby Woodford et al.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

829—USA. et al, appllts., vs. La. & Pac. Ry. et al. 830—A., T. & S. Fe Ry. et al., appelts. vs. La. & Pac. Ry. et al. 831—USA. et al. appelts., vs. Woodworth & La. Central Ry. et al. 832—A., T. & S. Fe Ry. et al., appelts., vs. Woodworth & La. Cent. Ry. et al. 833—USA et al., appelts., vs. Mansfield Ry. & Trans. Co. et al. 834—A., T. & S. Fe Ry et al., appelts., vs. Mansfield Ry. & Trans. Co. et al. 835—USA. et al. appletts., vs. Victoria, Fisher & Western RR. et al., and 836—A., T. & S. Fe Ry. et al., appelts., vs. Victoria, Fisher & Western RR. et al.—Appeals from the U. S. Commerce Court. Decree affirmed and causes remanded to the District Court of the United States for the Western Dist. of Louisiana.

837—USA. et al., appelts., vs. Butler County RR.—Decree affirmed and cause remanded to District Court for Eastern District of Missouri.

343—Ramon Valdes Cobial, judicial administr. of Ramon Valdes, deceased, appelt., vs. Tullo Larrinaga.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

368—Detroit Steel Cooperage Co., petr., vs. Sistersville Brewing Co, et al.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and cause remanded.

798—Oceanic Steam Nav. Co., Ltd., as owner of the SS. Titanic, vs. William J. Mellor and Harris Anderson.—On a certificate from the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Second Circuit. First and second questions answered in the affirmative. Third question answered, "the law of the United States." (Mr. Justice McKenna considers it a proper deduction from the Scotland rule that the law of the foreign country should be enforced in respect of the amount of the owner's liability.)

296—Erie RR. Co., plff. in error, vs. People of SNY.—Judgment reversed with costs and cause remanded.

274—Erie RR. Co., plff. in error, vs. John Williams, as Com. of Labor SNY.—Judgment affirmed with costs.

305—Ennis Water Works, plff. in error, vs. City of Ennis.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

360—Emma Lewis Bowe, executrix of Nathaniel W. Bowe, deceased, et al., plff. in error, vs. Elizabeth S. Scott, et al.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

463—Hector McDonald, et al., plff. in error, vs. the Oregon RR. & Navigation Co., Inc.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

342—Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry., plff. in error, vs. W. W. Beatty.—Per curiam.—Judgment reversed with costs and cause remanded for further proceedings.

739—The R. C. Church of St. Anthony of Padua, Jersey City, appellant, vs. the Penn. RR. Co.—Motion to advance denied. Petition for a writ of certiorari herein denied. Further consideration of the motion to dismiss postponed to the hearing of the cause on its merits.

978—American Water Softener Co., applt., vs. J. D. Lankford et al., etc.—Motion to advance for hearing with No. 293 granted.

927—USA. plff. in error, vs. Charles Lewis et al. 932—USA. plff. in error, vs. Elle Portale et al. 990—USA. plff. in error, vs. William Nixon, et al.—Motion to advance granted and cases assigned for argument on Tuesday, Oct. 13, after the cases heretofore assigned for that day.

1052—Mortimer M. L. Elkan, pl'ff in error, vs. Maryland.—Motion to advance denied.

1027—John A. S. Brown et al., as trustees, &c., appel'ts, vs. Austin B. Fletcher, &c., et al.; and

1028—Provident Life & Trust Co. et al., &c., appel'ts, vs. same, trustee, &c., et al.—Ordered that these cases be placed on the summary docket.

1039—Cornelia G. Goodrich et al., pet'n'rs, vs. the Houston Oil Co. of Texas et al.—Petition for a writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit denied.

1048—Monongahela River Coal & Coke Co., pet'n'r, vs. River & Rail Storage.—Petition for a writ of certiorari to the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit denied.

1037—Eastern Oregon Land Co., pet'n'r, vs. Willow River Land & Irrigation Co.—Petition for a writ of certiorari to the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit denied.

686—U. S. A., appel't, vs. H. U. Bartlett et al.—Motion to advance submitted for the appellant.

1041—U. S. A. vs. Julius M. Mayer, Judge, &c.—Motion to advance submitted for the U. S.

1063—U. S. A., pl'ff in error, vs. J. A. Renolds; and 1064—Same vs. G. W. Broughton, &c.—Motion to advance submitted for the plaintiff.

597—U. S. A. ex rel. Edward L. Chott, pl'ff in error, vs. E. B. Moore, Com'r of Patents, et al.—Suggestion of the retirement of E. B. Moore as Commissioner of Patents and the appointment of Thomas Ewing as his successor in office, and motion to substitute said Thomas Ewing as a party def't in error herein, granted on motion counsel for pl'ff.

1076—William H. Hotchkiss et al., petnrs., vs. L. K. Lynn.—Petition for a writ of certiorari to the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit submitted in behalf of the petitioners.

1051—Warren E. Talbert, petnr. vs. U. S. A. —Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner and respondent.

966—John E. Roller, plff. in error, vs. Mary H. Murray et al.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for defendants and for plaintiff in opposition thereto.

1037—Nichols & Cox Lumber Co., petnr., vs. U. S. A.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner and respondent.

1063—Grand Rapids & Ind. Ry., petnr., vs. U. S. A.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner and respondent.

1070—F. A. Williams, trustee, &c., petnr., vs. George C. Friedrichs.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner.

1083—Allen Botsford, petnr., vs. U. S. A.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner, with leave to Solicitor General to file brief in opposition on or before Friday.

Blank. Original—Ex parte in re Concepcion Veve y Diaz, Josefina Belaval, her husband et al., petnrs.—Motion for leave to file petition for a writ of mandamus submitted for petitioners.

1068—Louis Steinberger, petnr., vs. General Electric Co. et al.—Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner and for respondents.

1000 and 1001—Henry E. Meeker, &c., petnr., vs. Lehigh Valley R. R.—Motion to advance submitted for petitioner.

1031—Mo., Kans. & Texas Ry. Co., appelt., vs. L. E. Goodrich.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for appelt. in support of the motion and for appellant in opposition thereto.

91—A. Emerson Cross, as administrator, &c., et al., pl'ffs in error, vs. Grays Harbor Boom Co.—Motion to set aside judgment of dismissal and reinstate case on docket submitted for plaintiffs in support of motion and for defendant in opposition thereto, with leave to counsel for plaintiffs in error to file reply brief within two days.

1060—William J. Kahn, pet'n'r, vs. U. S. A. —Petition for a writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner and for respondent.

930—Cincinnati Northern R. R., pl'ff in error, vs. George E. Dillon.—Motion to dismiss or affirm or to place on summary docket submitted for defendant and for plaintiff in opposition.

527—Bob Kirkpatrick, pl'ff in error, vs. Georgia.—Dismissed with costs on motion of counsel for plaintiff.

825—Succession of Ramon Perez Villamil, appel't, vs. Maria de Jesus.—Dismissed with costs on motion of counsel for appellant.

Adjourned until Monday, June 8.

The Chief Justice also announced that the court will adjourn till June 8, when motions and petitions for writs of certiorari will be received. No petitions for writs of certiorari or motions, except motions for admission to practice, will be received after that day. The court will then adjourn until Monday, June 15, on which day it will adjourn for the term unless it may be deemed best for the purposes of the business then already in the hands of the court, under advisement, to fix another and later day of final adjournment.

Eastern District.

ADMIRALTY CALENDAR—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Howard‹Jersey Cent. Mulqueen‹Ashbourn.
Ashby‹Florence.

STATE.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, and Scott, JJ.
Enumerated motions.

People‹Stilwell.	Ettar Rlty Co‹Cohen.
Murphy‹Waldo.	Fax‹B & O R R.
Sexauer & Lemke‹Corn.	Morris‹Windsor Trust
Harris‹Ted Snyder.	Collins‹Waldo.
Rosenfeld‹Peck.	Cunningham‹CNY.
Appleton‹CNY.	People‹Masseria.
People‹Markheim.	Arnheim‹Linch.
	Lepidus‹Linch.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

In re NY Rys.	Ludwig‹same.
In re Morning Journal	Chambers‹Stake.
In re Gundlock.	Corbett‹CNY, NH RR.
In re Concrete Prod.	McDonald‹McDonald.
Biddle‹Burrell.	Fessler‹Fessler.
CNY‹O'Connell.	Karl‹Karl.
Altman‹Lyons.	Mann Bros‹Sheppard.
People ex rel Kenahan‹Whittle.	Baldelli‹McKee Ref.
People ex rel Farrelly‹same.	Trundle‹James Degge.
Roberts‹L I RR.	Wood‹Barnard.
Conklin‹Scott.	Bdway Sav Inst‹Personetti.
Efron‹Cons Tel & Elec Subway.	Calhoun‹Little Brown
Renskorf‹Peterson.	Schwartz‹Katz.
Marmac Con‹Boisse.	Thomas‹Helden.
People ex rel Raynor‹Monahan.	Weinger‹Weinger.
Printograph Sales Co‹Am Address & M.	Okun‹C I & B RR.
Wild‹CNY.	Same‹same.
Horn‹Flynn.	Sam Howe Amus‹Md Casualty.
Vought‹same.	Zimmerman‹Mulligan.
Costello‹CNY.	In re Hibernian Bk.
In re Dodd.	People ex rel Weis‹P Bernstein Sick, &c.
O'Neil‹Crowe.	Rummell‹Blanchard.
In re Rooney, (Westchester Av.)	Tormey‹Deane Plaster
In re Kesner Store Employes Assn.	Tomasulo‹Cong San Donato, &c.
Carpenter‹Harriman.	Sinclair‹Sinclair.
Irwin‹Warren.	Grilla‹Grilla.
Dolarway Pavg‹Coats.	Levi‹Helss.
Meyers‹Wells & N.	Riesenberg‹Degelman.
Shutsky‹CNY.	Henry‹Weisbacker.
Horsley‹Powers.	Fuller‹Robinson.
Siegel‹Siegel.	Weissman‹Penn RR.
People‹Ottenheimer.	Snell‹O'Rourke.
Saltmanowitz‹Reed.	Volkommer‹Obermeyer & Liebmann.
Winters‹same.	Shiebler‹Shiebler.
Roth‹Rosen.	Mali‹Seligman.
Magee‹Fish.	Cinque L'Araldo Italiana Pub Co.
Shelley‹same.	Boreas Rlty‹Am Bond of Balt.
Moller‹Felix.	Early‹Early.
Freeman‹Palo Co.	In re CNY, (Castle Hill Av.)
People‹Frusciante.	Stern‹Stern.
Marsullo‹Rosendorf.	Canet‹Smith.
Badgeley‹De Witt.	Selwyn‹Fan-Am Film.
Printograph Sales‹Am Address, &c.	In re CNY, (E 205 St.)
Weed‹CNY.	Natl Surety‹Breuch'd.
Gartner‹same.	Vivie‹Prov Wash Ins.
Williams‹same.	Guenther‹Ridgway.
Pine‹Mayor.	Doric Theatre‹Simon.
White‹McDonald.	Same‹same.
Wenke‹CNY.	

PART II.—Blanchard, J.—Ex parte business. —At 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Page, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:
In re 210 St.
Rosenthal‹218 Lafayette St.
Farley‹Bellisclo.
Thrush‹Pinelawn C.
Miller‹Miller.
Morrell‹Hoffman.
Quinn‹Fargo.
Gillespie‹Lesser.
Magdasko‹Wasburn Wire.
Crosby‹Koscherak.
Marx‹Delany.
Nichols‹Hegeman & Co.

PART V.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Gerbiner‹Greenhut-Siegel-C.
L Gerbiner‹Greenhut-Siegel-C.

PART VI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
MacInnis‹Int R T Co.
David‹Simonson.
J Butler‹Wchester St RR.
Levine‹Miller.
Murtha‹Deimel.
Flynn‹Rodgers & H.
Goldman‹Schrenkelsen
Gaglione‹CNY.
Lawkowitz‹Ratner.
Wrenn‹Larson.

PART VII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART VIII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Epstein‹Asinoff.
Crumley‹CNY Rys.
Rogametsky‹Rosenfeld
Torossian‹B H RR.
Fingerman‹Sheffield Farms.
Gips‹Simon.

PART IX.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Howard‹Margulies.
Barrett‹Regan.
Doherty‹Kenn Well Con.
Guinan‹Crum.

PART X.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Waldt‹Goodwin Mfg.
Epstein‹Wanamaker.
Welsman‹CNY.
Lyons‹CNY Rys.
Wybrecht‹Schock.
Kempinski‹Uris Wks.
Guarino‹CNY.

PART XII.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Suchatzky‹Cons Con.
Panama Rlty‹CNY.
McCarron‹Maas.
Gatti‹Barrett.
Compare‹Clinch.
Karron‹Engel.
Coe‹Tinstman.
Slavin‹Wahlig & S.

PART XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIV.—Davis, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—1st Nat B'k, &c‹Hudson. No day calendar.

PART XV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Cunningham‹Bedell. No day calendar.

PART XVI.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
St'd Fuel Sup‹Windley.
Dundas‹Bonwit Cos.
Milliken‹N Y Sav Bk.
Rountree‹Mitchell.
Haney‹Lehigh Val Struct S.
Jacobs‹White.

PART XVII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Williamson‹CNY. No day calendar.

PART XVIII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Sullivan‹Hoe. No day calendar.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS.—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Motion calendar.
Thomas P. Dinnean,
Alfonso Gallo,
Rosalie Cestero,
Mary A. Murray,
Susanna J. Moore,
N. L. Dilernia,
Hannah M. Hayes,
Augusta A. Thorn,
Mollie Rattner,
Mina Tschentscher,
Rebecca Midler,
Henrietta Popper,
Tom L. Johnson,
F. C. O'Loughlin, &c.,
Abraham M. Siegel,
Benjamin Gold,
Gustave Kersten,
Newman Cowen,
Bridget Clayton,
Ludwig Schwenk,
Freda Schwenk,
Max Bowsky,
D. Blendermann,
Richard Klinge,
Charles Kelsey,
Samuel Schacht,
Matthew J. Keeffe,
Anna R. Punk,
Helen E. Cole,
Joseph Marren,
Bryan McCahill,
Royal L. Wolcott,
Catherine Martin,
Mary O'Leary, &c.,
Louis Wormser,
Louis Wormser,
Giovanni Castagna,
Gertrude Vossler,
John R. Waters,
Sarah Corcoran,
William Wagner,
Rosa G. Hellman,
Dorothy G. Shurmur,
M. H. Rosenstein,
Maria Alker,
W. H. Schumacher,
John J. Astor,
Solomon Rothfeld,
Axel Lundsten,
Anna L. Asmundsson,
Mary E. F. Eaton,
Sarah Freedman,
James Brown,
Joseph H. Godwin,
Caroline A. Sherman,
Haldion Smith,
Isabella Coulter,
W. H. Boardman,
Louisa M. Lee.
Vernon H. Brown,
Peter E. Keville,
Bernard Shlanowsky,
Elizabeth J. Clarke,
Bernhardt Steinhardt,
Addie S. Rudolphy,
Mathias Rock,
Harriet D. Potter,
Sophie Green,
Julius Steinwender,
Anna Wiley,
William F. Crerand,
Charles A. Shearson.

Wills for probate:
A. G. F. Stuckardt,
Lemuel Littlefield,
James Fields,
Ambrose P. Dudley,
John Ottendorfer,
Sarah M. Van Santvoord,
Emily S. Sage,
Leon D. Herneaux,
Rose Kessler,
Michael O'Rourke,
Emma Cohen,
David Raphael,
Lucine Monnot,
Ulysses T. Curran.

TRIAL TERM.—Cohalan, J.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J. Litigated motions.—At 10 A. M.
Stampen‹N Y St. Sprinkling.
Dean‹Speyer.
Byrnes‹Margolies.
White‹Perry.
Hendrick‹Rhinehart.
Sahval‹Miller.
Solomon‹Hartman.
Weisenfelder‹Mellish.
Helm‹Levey.
Cloak & Suit, &c‹Cravis & Margolies.
Mazzoli‹Ziegfeld.
Chuey‹Name.
Hahn‹Dolich.
Palmer & Ebury Mfg‹Cooper.
Perlmutter‹Diamond.
Weisman‹Darfman.
Kurz‹Bernstein.
Manchester Garage‹Peterson.
Baldi‹Groci.
Friedman‹Stan F Ins.
Same‹Mechanics, &c, Co.
Same‹Glens Falls F Ins.
Same‹Prov-Wash Ins.
Granowitz‹Pitts Con.
Napolis‹Fogel.
Elfman‹Hallheimer.
Horenberger‹Brandt.
Cooperman‹I R T.
Sandler‹same.
Farranto‹same.
Cassel‹same.
Strulovitz‹same.
Halfeld‹Casselberry.
Roth‹Bettels.
Harris Silvers Baker‹Wyanoke Rlty.
Esposito‹Jones.
Steinberg‹Reich.
Senko‹Phila. &c.
Gluck‹Goodman.
Salway & Co‹Gallick & Smith.
Fishman‹Baumstein.
Hendrick‹Rhinehart.
Schulman‹Pels.
Banker Con‹Reddy Con.
Brooks‹NY Rys.
Barbanino—same.
Hughes‹same.
Frawley‹same.
Rosenthal‹same.
Henson‹same.
Same‹same.
Glinch‹same.
Gilbert‹same.
Gartland‹same.
Globe Ind Co‹same.
Griffin‹same.
Kaplan‹same.
Kessner‹same.
Kampf‹same.
Kaplan‹same.
Knopf‹same.
Mendelson‹Un Piece Dye Works.
Levine‹Shillaber.
George‹Murray.
Cooperman‹I R T.
Farranto‹same.
Cassel‹same.
Strulowitz‹same.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Lynch, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Steinberg‹Spina.
Gross‹Richard.
James‹Mallory Line.
Herman‹Union Rwy.
Carney‹Mason-S'man.
Besland‹NY Rwys.
Weiss‹Dorfman.
Fricke‹Jacob.
Zlotnikoff‹I R T.
Green‹US Trust.
Vladimeroff‹Baranoff.
Pistorio‹Di Menna.
Schwartz‹NY Rys.
Lynch‹Gelletto.
Epstein‹Kisscrak.
Wuchs‹NY Rys.
Glendenning‹Dunscombe.
Schulman‹Rees.
Kellman‹Doyle.
Kliegman‹Lydig.
Same‹same.
Greenlad‹McCollum.
Lefkowitz‹NY Rys.
Meltzer‹same.

PART II.—Ian Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.
Hubner‹South GL Co.
Mann‹NY Staats Zeitung.
Benson‹Alvis.
Armstrong Co‹Maj Picture.
Irwin‹Clearman.
Hiatt‹Only Skirt.
Adelson‹Sobelson.
Burns‹Spiegel.
Frohman‹US Stamp B
Adams‹Middleman.
S. Hersig & Sons‹Glassheim.
Schlessel‹Greenberg.
Cole‹Freres.
Cameron‹Glassberg.
Skodack‹Floral Pk.

PART III.—O'Dwyer, J.—Case on; IV., Finelite, J., clear; V., Green, J., clear; VI., Ransom, J., case on; VII., Delehanty, J., case on; VIII., Smith, J., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Philbin, J.—Emigrant Ind. Sav. Bank‹Georgis—George S. Shirk, Kiddle‹Senior—Michael J. Scanlan.
SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—Horwitz ‹Breitbart—Wm. Chilvers.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION DECISIONS.

Lillian B. Bragg, as admx, of George Bragg, v. Central New England R. R., appllt. —Motion granted.

Ida Deitch, appllt., v. Philip Deitch, respdt.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals granted and question certified.

Paul Dickey, applt., v. Christ A. Gortner, respdt.—Motion for leave to appeal to Court of Appeals denied.

William W. Farley, as State Comr of Excise, applt., v. Philip Dittman et al., respdts. —Motion granted without costs.

Hyde Park Terrace Co., respdt., v. Jackson Bros. Realty Co. et al., appllts.—Counsel will be heard on the settlement of the form of the judgment before Justice Putnam on Wednesday, May 27, at 12 o'clock.

In re application of George Foley for an order fixing the compensation in the matter of the estate of Margaret Kane, deceased.—Motion granted on condition that on or before May 29 applt. perfect her appeal by serving a copy of the notice of appeal upon respdt. personally and executing and delivering a bond as provided in Sect. 2570 of the Code of Civil Procd. and serve all printed papers on such appeal, place the case on the calendar for the first Monday in June, and be ready for argument when reached; otherwise motion denied, with $10 costs.

In re application of Joseph Soriano.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, on condition that the applt. perfect his appeal, place case on the calendar for third Monday in June, and be ready for argument when reached; otherwise motion granted.

In re application of William W. Farley, as State Comr of Excise, &c., for order revoking liquor tax certificate issued to Joseph Millor.—Motion for stay granted, without costs.

Lena Kaufmann, as admx., applt., v. Abraham C. Hopper, respdt.—Motion denied, without costs.

John P. McKean, applt., v. William Hill et al., respdts.—Motion to dismiss, appeal denied, with $10 costs.

Max Miller and ano., appllts., v. Nathan Nesselowitz, constable, &c., et al., respdts.—Motion denied on condition that plaintiff perfect his appeal, place the case on the June calendar, and be ready for argument when reached; otherwis motion granted, with costs.

Emily R. Nichols, respdt., v. Alex A. Nichols, applt.—The application for reduction can only affect the amount from Nov. 26, 1913. So far as that is the case the case is concerned the defendant cannot be blamed for any delay in the procedure. Let the counsel appeal before the Presiding Justice on Wednesday, May 27, at 12 M., prepared to have the amount of arrears, if any, settled and determined, and thereupon the defendant may have a reasonable time in which to pay any amount due, which cannot be affected by the procedure for reduction; in default of which the order appealing is affirmed, with costs, in accord with our original decision.

John S. Pedersin v. Leonhard Michel Brew. Co., applt.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals granted.

The People ex rel. De Motte Lyon, relator, v. Thomas Nelson et al., as Board of Trustees of the village of Peekskill, &c., respdt.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals granted.

The People, &c., ex rel. Josiah J. White, relator, v. Norman S. Dike, a Judge of the County Court of Kings, respdt.—Motion denied.

Samuel Schwartz, respdt., v. J. Willett Fox and Susan Fox, applts.—Motion denied on condition that applts. perfect their appeal, place the case on the June calendar, and be ready for argument when reached; otherwise motion granted, with costs.

Jessie C. Whitney, as admx., &c., respdt., v. Emma F. Brenack and ano., applts.—Motion granted, default open, and defendants permitted to file a brief within ten days, on condition, however, that within five days they pay to the respdt. the sum of $150.00 costs as taxed; otherwise motion denied, with $10 costs.

Salvatore Amanna, applt., v. The Village of Mount Kisco, respdt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Antonio Angrisani, respdt., v. Andrew S. Cantoni, applt.—Judgment and order of the County Court of Queens Co. unanimously affirmed, with costs.

Truman H. Bennett, respdt., v. Otto Huber Brewery, applt.—Judgment and order unanimously affirmed, with costs.

John Borup, respdt., v. Sarah Von Kokeritz, applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event, unless within twenty days the plaintiff consents to a reduction of the verdict of $1,616, in which event the judgment thus modified and the order are unanimously affirmed, with costs of this appeal to the applt.

Bklyn. Majestic Theatre Co., applt., v. Hyde and Behman Amusement Co., respd.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Alex S. Burns, applt., v. Anna A. Russell, respdt., and others, defendants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Ashley T. Cole, respdt., v. William M. Harris, applt.—Order granting new trial unanimously affirmed, with costs.

John T. Comer, applt., v. Coney Island and Bklyn. R. R., respdts.—Order affirmed, costs to abide the event.

David P. Leahy Realty Co., applt., v. Augustus A. West and Cora M. West, defendants, Arthur Phelps Marr, respdt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

First National Bank of Yonkers, respdt., v. Anthony Fisher, deft. and Gaetano Chiangone, applt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Anna Hogan as adm'x., &c., plff., v. Red Hook Light & Power Co., deft.; Frederick H. Achomburgm, applt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Margaret Higgins, as admx of Thomas Higgins, respdt., v. N. Y. & Stamford R. R., applt.—Order setting aside verdict and granting a new trial unanimously granted, with costs.

In re C. N. Y., rel. to acquiring title, &c. Opening and extending Starr St., &c.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

In re petition of Adeline M. Sherrill for the revocation of the certificate to John H. Collins, &c.—Order of the Co. Cont. of Suffolk Co. affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

John Reis Co., respdt., v. Mary Elizabeth Post as executrix, &c., of Donald McNeil, applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and judgment directed for the defendant on the pleadings with costs.

Thomas Johnson, as infant, &c., respdt., v. E. J. McLoughlin Co., applt.—Judgment and order unanimously affirmed, with costs.

George E. Loeffler and Henry Schelbel as exects., &c., of George Loeffler, applts., v. Henry Loeffler, respdt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

John R. Morron, applt., v. Edith Cooper Bryce et al., respdts.—Orders reversed, with $10 costs and plaintiff's motions granted with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave the defendant to within twenty days to serve amended answers separating affirmative allegations from denials.

Mascha Posin, applt., v. Williamsburgh Savings Bank, deft., and Frank V. Kelly, public administr., &c., respdt.—Order affirmed, without costs.

The people of S. N. Y., rspdts., v. Kayer Hoskowitz, alias Mayer Oskowitz, applt.—Judgment of conviction of Co. Court of Kings Co. affirmed.

The people, &c., ex rel. Robt. W. Duvall, rec., &c., relator, v. James H. Cocks et al., comprising the Town Board of Oyster Bay, applts.—Order appealed from reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and writ of peremptory mandamus denied, with $25 costs.

Preston G. Sherman, applt., v. William C. Swift, rspdt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

William F. Waldron, applt., v. Catherine Sullivan et al., rspdts. (Action No. 1.)—Judgment affirmed, with costs to the rspdts., including the guardian ad litem for the infant Teresa.

William F. Waldon, applt., v. Catherine Sullivan et al., rspdts. (Action No. 2.)—Judgment affirmed, with costs to the respondents, including guardian of infant Teresa.

Charles N. Warner, rspdt., v. Stary Co., applt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion for a separate trial thereof granted.

Albert H. Washburn et al., &c., applts., v. William Salmon, rspdt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Charles J. Weibert applt., v. Herbert W. Hanan, rspdt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—Litigated motions.

Matheson‹Monte et al	Douglass‹CNY.
Peterson‹Peterson.	Schliemann‹O'Neill & an.
Mingino‹Mingino.	In re Uzzo.
Thompson‹Thompson.	Kaplan‹Kaplan.
Law Mallory Line.	Allgaier‹Cohen, Frank & Co.
Marshall‹Weygandt.	In re Newkirk Av, (Gast.)
Manne‹Havemeyer Theatre Co.	Carlucci‹Turzolino.
In re Barbey St, (Klein.)	Leland Univ‹Lewis et al.
McDonough‹Mallory Line.	Makowicz‹Poler.
Same‹N Y & T Line.	People‹Am Sug Ref.
Krzanowska‹Am Mfg.	Speckman‹Casselno.
Boyle‹Eurich.	Pulcini‹Clement.
In re Geis, (G So Bay Rlty.	In re Ditmas.
In re Howell.	Gastelger‹King et al.
Greenberg‹Gr'berg.	Matter of Hochman, (Weinstein.)
Miller‹Clouse.	Karnuk‹Sherisky & ano.
In re 41 St.	Baranaukas‹Gelves.
In re Crocheron St, (Hannan.)	Bargione‹Casazza.
Cox et al‹L I R R.	Brennen‹Brennen.
Schmidt‹Donohue.	Kineg‹Kielh.
Fischer‹Fischer, &c.	B'klyn El & Milling‹Macken.
Montgomery‹Mooney.	Wilson‹Graham C Pot
Jenkins‹Malsky et al.	Blazier‹Blazier.
Schor‹Briskman.	Interboro Brew Co‹Brisbury.
Treemarman‹Frank.	Mason‹Honik.
Russo‹Atl Steved.	Riverhead Sav B'k‹I M E Church et al.
Harley‹Plant & an.	L I RR‹Stamwood Towing.
Sedlak‹Zablatsky.	
Powers‹Lawyers Title Ins.	
Stanton‹Colwell L'd.	
Caruso‹Caruso.	

PART II.—Kapper, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Trials—Kelby, J.

Rivello‹Rivello.	Voorhies‹Van Sicklen.
Gross‹Lohner.	Abrahamson‹Abrahamson.
Imperator‹Imperator.	Carey‹McKenna.
Salerno‹Salerno.	

Highest No. reached, 1,063.

TRIAL TERM.—Benedict, Kelly, Clark, Van Siclen, Scudder, JJ.

Patterson‹CNY et al.	Kolmel‹Metzger.
Esmus‹Voorhees et al.	Zacharchook‹Mason & Hanger.
Hyman‹MacFarlane.	Lawrence‹CNY.
Kenna‹Larsen et al.	Hackett‹Keen.
Bohan‹Nassau RR.	Wharburton‹Berna.
Duffy‹Atl Gulf & P.	Johnston‹Cranford Co.
Fries‹C I & B RR.	Esposito‹Lee.
Kirwan‹B Un El RR.	Chigorsky‹Liebmann's Sons, B'way (2 acts.)
Haffner‹Transit Dev.	Weinzweig‹same.
Borkowski‹Struct Erect.	Slavin‹Hayes et al.
Mahr‹B H RR.	Carroll‹Desmond.
Mt Penn Stove W‹Feldman.	Garmstones‹Sconeider.
Beadle‹Holbrook, Cabot & R.	Callahan‹I R T.
Webster‹Kellogg & an	Trimbolf‹Kinkel.
Rennie‹Rob Gair.	Tozal‹Goodman.
McGinnis‹Casey‹Lindstrand (2 acts.)	Lauer‹B H RR.
Scuteri‹Strype.	Soloff‹Nassau RR.
Mallet‹Prunier.	Seaman‹same.
Hunt‹Hamb Am. SS. Co & an.	Walsh‹same.
Pickering‹Nas RR.	Scherer‹Fitzgerald.
Musto‹B H RR.	Parker-Smith‹Prince Mfg.
McElin‹Timming.	Wilson‹B H RR (2 acts.)

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:

Steinberg‹B H RR.	Jamison et al‹Collins-Pass.
Hoeberman‹Butler et al.	Della Corte‹NY Con RR.
Aiston‹Morse Dry Dk.	Waldbaum‹Gurian.
Ward‹Waldo et al.	Hill‹B H RR (2 acts.)
Carroll‹same.	Licata‹Obermeyer & Liebmann.
Douth‹same.	Heaney‹McGuire (2 acts.)
Sharkey‹Walsh.	Dayton‹Prudential Life.
Kolbo‹Plumacher Con.	Conrady‹Buhre.
Fagan‹Atl Coast Line.	Beresford‹Knick Ice.
Cordant‹L I RR.	Rispoli‹Liebmann's Sons, B'way (2 acts.)
Garnitz‹Penn RR.	Scarperia‹Margulies.
Geraghty‹NY, N H RR & an.	Gannon‹Stork & ano.
Morse Dry Dk Co‹Cent Am Growers.	Breit‹Bordens Milk.
Jensen‹Berger.	Yantsi‹So Bkln R'y.
Elsen‹Nassau RR.	Lehrmann's Exp‹B H RR.
Jones‹Erie RR.	Wink‹Doblin.
Larson‹Canada RR.	Johnsen‹Gillies Co.
Portugaloff‹CNY.	Howard‹I R T.
Gargano‹Longarello.	North‹Wilcox.
Arbano‹Auditore Co.	Garvey‹Feigenspan.
Jacobson‹B H RR.	Huber‹C I & B RR.
Porter‹Maxwell.	Broderick‹B H RR.
Janodet‹Nas RR.	Brown‹Brown.
Mullaly‹B H RR.	Boorsem‹Peck & ano.
Blyman‹Garfinkel.	Fleck‹Magness et al.
Barbera‹Marsala.	
Woolner‹Rudd.	
Nolan‹Bottsford-Dickinson.	

Highest No. reached, 3,804.

Surrogate's Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Ketcham, S.—At 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Hugh Kenny,
Fred Nast,
J. B. Clement,
Matilde Meyer.
Accts. in ests of:
Thomas Wilcox,
W. J. Redmond.
CONTESTED CALENDAR.
Wills of:
Julia George.
Philip Rothacker,
Telka Zuilkdensie,
Clarence M. Quick,
Christopher Rator,
William Campbell,
Morris Block,
Francis

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stock Exchange Idle—Washington Attitude Toward Business —The Tap-Line Decision.

The average of closing prices on the Stock Exchange showed a net decline of the same negligible proportions as the net advance of last Friday, with which session yesterday's dealings in point of volume were closely comparable. The market after some early small recessions showed decided firmness, but an irregular reaction toward the end of the day left prices a little below the final figures of Saturday. There were a few, but only a few, issues in which movements beyond the average were recorded, and it was evident that very little effort was made to translate into market fluctuations the opinions which were formed during the day in respect to passing events.

The news from Washington that the President was not in favor of pressing further proposed railroad investigations, and that he was desirous of avoiding any disturbance of business sentiment aroused a good deal of interest. It was felt, however, that this attitude on the part of the Administration would be more significant if it were coupled with some indications that the programme for new business legislation was to be curtailed or abandoned. It was pointed out that the President seemed still intent upon the passage this session of the new corporation legislation to which the Administration has given its suport, and that so far as the activities of the Interstate Commerce Commission are concerned that they are, in fact, beyond the authority of the President. At the same time this Washington news was hopefully received as a symptom of increasing appreciation by the Government of the need of fostering business confidence.

The financial community had much in mind the probable outcome of the plans for the extension of the maturing notes of the Missouri Pacific and of the Boston & Maine, but up to the close of trading there was nothing more specific to go by in these matters than the belief that the proposed extension would probably appeal to a great majority of the noteholders as the step most likely to conserve their interests. Late in the day it was announced that the holders of about 65 per cent. of the Missouri Pacific's $25,000,000 note issue had consented to the proposed extension for one year at an increase in interest rate, and with the pledge of additional collateral, and that the time for deposit has been extended. It was again said in an official statement put out by the company that no underwriting of any part of the note issue had been arranged, and it was added that the "situation and its consequences, therefore, rest with the noteholders."

There was no opportunity during business hours for the financial district to gain any clear understanding of the probable bearing of the Supreme Court's decision in the tap line case on the somewhat similar questions raised in the Eastern freight rate case. One point of view of yesterday's decision which was discussed in railroad circles was based on the fact that it clearly established the right of these tap lines to share in through rates, but equally clearly established the right of the Interstate Commerce Commission to pass on the reasonableness of the division of rates between tap lines and the railroads with which they connect. It was suggested, for one thing, that the existing division of these rates have in many instances been arranged under circumstances which put the railroads under some pressure to grant an apparently excessive share of the through rate to the tap-line roads.

A revision of the division of rates in such cases by the Commerce Commission would probably result to the advantage of the through lines. The decision will assume much larger importance if it appears later that it affects materially the position which the Commerce Commission has taken in respect to the railways owned by the great industrial plants of the country. In that event collateral questions would be raised which might bear importantly on the Commerce Commision's policy in respect to the general level of rates in the territory covered by the rate increase proposals now before the commission. One phase of that policy already made known is that the right of the railways to rate increases is regarded as more or less dependent upon the question whether or not through alowances to industrial lines the railroads are depriving themselves of revenue to which they are entitled.

The engagement of $4,000,000 more gold for export to Paris was accepted as a purely routine item of news. The market has accepted the probability of a considerable gold outflow, and is not disposed to concern itself about it so long as the weekly bank statements and the prevailing rates for money supply such tangible evidence of the ease with which a considerable amount of gold can be spared.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l
On call	2	1¾	1¾	1¾
A year ago	2¾	2	2¾	2¾
Since Jan. 1	10	2	1¾	..
Same period 1913.	7	2	2¼	..

	60 Days.	4 Mos.	6 Mos.
On time	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3@3¼
Commercial paper (prime bills)	.....	3¼@3¾	3½@4

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$287,046,732	$14,113,925
Sub-Treasury credit balance	.....	1,807,994
Banks lose since Friday	.....	$2,290,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check. on London.
London	2%@3	2@2½	.....
Paris	2%	.....	25f 19½c
Berlin	2%	1½@2	20m 50½pf

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	4.8640	4.8550	4.8560
A year ago	4.8635	4.8630	4.8635
Since Jan. 1	4.8865	4.8535	.....
Same period 1913.	4.8790	4.8570	.....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8860	$4.8905
Paris	5.15⅝	5.15
Berlin	95 5-16	95⅝
Switzerland	5.15⅝—5.16¼	5.15⅝
Holland	40.27	40.32
Belgium	5.18¾	5.18⅛—1-32

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.86	$4.85
Paris	5.18¼	5.19⅛
Berlin	94⅞	94¾

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.8580	$4.8480
Paris	5.18⅜	5.20
Berlin	94¾+1-32	94 9-16
Amsterdam	40.01	39.90

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	25c	San Francisco	20c
St. Louis	25c	Montreal	*31¼c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

*Discount.

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 25 15-16d. per ounce, off ⅛d.; New York, 56⅛c., off ⅛c.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Reprieve for Missouri Pacific.

Having obtained about 65 per cent. of the Missouri Pacific's outstanding notes in about ten days, Directors of that company were fairly confident yesterday that the remaining one-third could be rounded up in the next four days. There is a suspicion that a very considerable amount of the notes has been withheld on the chance that at the end of the time for deposits, which was yesterday at 3 o'clock, the company would announce that enough notes had been turned in to make the plan effective, and that the balance of the notes would be paid off. The Directors reiterated yesterday the assertion that to make the extension agreement effective all of the notes would have to come in under the agreement. When one of the members of the board emerged from the meeting with the statement that 65 per cent. had been received he was asked if that was not enough to insure the success of the plan. "No," he said, "100 per cent. would hardly be enough."

***

Trusting to Luck.

When sponsors for the extension plan were asked what the Missouri Pacific hoped for that would make it easier to meet the notes at the close of another year they answered that many things could happen between now and June in 1915. The chief factor counted upon to help the road is a good crop year. In view of the reports indicating record-breaking crops throughout the territory served by its lines the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain system is putting fifty box cars through the repair shops daily. The grain movement is expected to begin about June 1.

***

More Cheerful News.

Several attempts to organize a sunshine movement have failed in the past year, but on the theory that it is a long lane without a turn the attempt is being made again at this time by brokers and others who feel that with good crops and a rate increase among the possibilities the chief trouble with business just now is lack of confidence. Every one whose opinion is quoted says that conditions are fundamentally sound, and that business should improve, but the change is slow in coming. There has been a better tone to the news of the past few days, and whatever may develop "we are six months nearer a trade revival," as a prominent capitalist said the other day in making what was intended to be an optimistic utterance.

***

The Laugh Was Lacking.

A man who had not raised his eyes from the ticker tape for a half hour broke the silence of the customers' room with this query: "If the United States is instrumental in having a commission government installed in Mexico, do you suppose the National Railways of Mexico will be placed under the Interstate Commerce Commission?" Nobody laughed. It is difficult to joke effectively about the Commerce Commission these days.

***

No "Tentative" Engagements.

Information given out at the Sub-Treasury contains nothing about "tentative" engagements of gold for export. When a bank or banking house sends word that it wants a round amount of the metal for shipment by a certain steamer the application is recorded, but nothing is said about it until payment is actually made. The demand for gold in international transactions is subject to such sudden and radical changes that the Sub-Treasury authorities have learned to say nothing and do nothing about a consignment until gold certificates, or their equivalent, come in over the counter in exchange for the gold in the vaults. Considerable work is required to load several tons of gold on a truck in preparation for removal, and that is time wasted where the order is canceled. Such a thing has happened, but not in recent years.

***

A Decision Misinterpreted.

At the first glance traders apparently found news that could be interpreted unfavorably to International Mercantile Marine bonds in the published summary of the Supreme Court's decision yesterday on damage suits resultant from the loss of the Titanic. Heavy pressure appeared against the bonds as soon as the news agencies began to send out reports of the court's findings, and the price fell from 50⅞ to 48⅞. It seemed on the Exchange that the most prominent item in the decision, as far as the bears were concerned, was that suits under the law of the United States were mentioned. When a more careful reading developed the fact that the steamship company could, under the laws of this country, limit its liability, a quick change of sentiment occurred and the bonds swung upward to 51⅜ and the market closed at the top figure.

***

Virginia Debt to the Fore.

Large blocks of Brown Bros. & Co.'s certificates for the Virginia-West Virginia deferred bonds changed hands on a rising price movement before the Supreme Court met, and on a descending movement, after it became apparent that the court would not report on the ancient controversy between the States. When the securities representing the joint debt of the Southern States grow active they usually are under the stimulus of special influences, and are dealt in in quantity. Starting at 61, sales of $26,000 carried the quotation forward to 63. The adjournment of the court without anything having been said by it about a basis of payment of this long-standing obligation brought on a reaction, which depressed the price to 61 again.

***

Coffee Exchange Seats Advance.

Expectation that trading in sugar will soon be undertaken on the Coffee Exchange has added substantially to the value of memberships. Following the sale of a seat last Friday at $1,500 there was an advance in the "asked" price, and two seats that changed hands yesterday brought $1,700 each. The purchasers were said to be men identified with the sugar trade.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.11	Kentucky Con.	.02
Alpha Con.	.01	Mexican	.07½
Andes	.01	Occidental Con.	.70
Belcher	.30	Ophir	.08
Best & Belcher	.03	Savage	.07
Confidence	.20	Sag. Belcher	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.05	Sierra Nevada	.11
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.06
Crown Point	.23	Yellow Jacket	.29
Hale & Norcross	.08		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	7.00	Comb. Fraction	.06
Jim Butler	1.02½	Diamond Dalsy	.05
McNamara	.03	Diamondf. B. B.	.03
Midway	.28	Florence	.51
Mispah Ext.	.26	Goldf'd Con. M.	1.40
Montana	.78	Goldfield Merger	.12
North Star	.53	Jumbo Ext.	.23
Rescue Eula	.16	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Merger	.55	Silver Pick	.04
Tonopah Ext.	2.62½	Vernal	.04
West End	.85	Nevada Hills	.51
		Round Mountain	.30

GOLDFIELD. MANHATTAN.

Atlanta	.16	Manhattan Con.	.04
Booth	.05	Manhattan Big F.	.07
C. O. D.	.03		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5¾	6½	Jackpot	6	6¼
Elkton	40¼	42	McKinney	44¾	45
El Paso	.125	200	Old Gold	1	2
Findlay	1	2	Portland	112	116
Gold Dollar	3	4	Vindicator	94	96
Isabella	10½	10¾	Rav. B. H.	8¼	8½

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Upward Movement in Oil Stocks and Continued Strength in the Smaller Industrials.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 94,080 shares of stock and $39,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 14,135; oils, 1,982, and mining, 77,913. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Br.-A. Tob.	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜
810	E.-Brant. pf.	76	76	76	76
100	Int. R. Tr. ctf	7	7	..	..
5	Kelly S. T.	52½	52½	52½	52½
600	Mar. of Am.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
5,000	Max. Motors	14½	16	14½	15¾
1,590	M. M. 1st pf.	49¾	48¼	49¾	47
2,380	M. M. 2d pf.	20½	21½	20½	20¼
170	Pueb. S. & R.	2⅜	2⅜	2½	2⅜
2,020	Riker-Hege.	9⅜	9½	9⅜	9½
500	Savoy Oil	9½	10	9½	10
100	S. Gum, v. t.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
205	St. W. Speed.	47½	47½	47½	47½
200	U.C.S.C. of A.	88	88	87¾	87¾
600	U. F. Sh. C.	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½
135	Willys-Ov'd	73	73¼	73	73¼
10	W-Ov'd pf.	95	95	95	95

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
200	Anglo-A. Oil	16½	16½	16½	..
10	Atlantic Ref.	608	605	605	..
80	Buckeye P. L.	143	142	142	..
14	Continental O.	226	222	225	..
20	Galena-S. Oil.	180	179½	180	..
32	Indiana P. L.	138	135	135	— 3
10	National Tr...	39½	39½	39½	..
750	Ohio Oil	187	183	185	— 3½
40	Pierce Oil	83	83	83	+ 3
80	Prairie O.& G.	455	450	454	+ 4
5	Solar Refin.	305	305	305	..
140	S. Penn. Oil.	306	298	303	+ 6
125	St. Oil of Cal.	313½	311	311	+ 1
175	St. Oil of Ind.	489	460	473	+18
15	St. Oil of Ks.	432	425	432	+ 9
9	St. Oil of Ky.	270	270	270	..
62	St. Oil of N.J.	410	407	409	+ 4
120	S. O. of N. Y.	219	217½	219	+ 6
27	S. O. of Ohio.	422	415	420	+ 7
43	Union T. Line	87	88	87	+ ½
20	Vacuum Oil	218	218	218	..
6	Wash. Oil	50	49	50	..

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Con. Gas rts.	3⅜	3½	3 11-16	3 11-16
450	Un. Pac. rts.	29	29	29	29

MINING STOCKS.

1,000	Atlanta	18	18	18	18
400	Boston Mon.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
400	Braden Con.	8	8	7¾	7¾
3	Cal. & Ariz.	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞
2,000	Can. Gold S.	7½	7½	7½	7½
1,000	C. O. D. Con.	3½	3½	3½	3½
100	Copper Mines	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
200	Crown Res.	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16
900	Flor. Gold	54	55	52	52
100	Gold Hill	½	½	½	½
800	Gold. Con.	1 7-16	1½	1 7-16	1 7-16
10	Greene-Can.	33	33	33	33
10,000	Greenwater	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
1,200	Iron Blossom	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,000	Ker Lake	4 15-16	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
800	McK.-Dar.	70	70	70	70
200	Mines of A.	3½	3½	3	3
400	Nip.Mines Co.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
45,500	North. Star	38	38	34	34
1,000	Oro	11½	12	11½	12
500	Sand S. Ken.	18	18	18	18
400	St. S.-Lead	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
600	Stewart	1 3-16	1 7-32	1 3-16	1 7-32
600	Tem'Lam'g	16	16	16	16
700	Ton. J. But.	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.03
100	Ton. Ex.	2 23-32	2 23-32	2 28-32	2 23-32
1,500	Ton. Merger	56	57	56	56
500	Ton. Midway	29	29	29	29
1,500	Ton. Miz.	30	30	30	30
100	Ton. Mon.	76	76	76	76
100	Tn of Nev	6 9-16	6 9-16	6 9-16	6 9-16
600	Ton. R. Ex.	18	18	18	18
2,700	Ton. S. P.	4¼	4¼	4	4
500	W. E. Con.	86	86	86	86
1,000	W. E. Ext.	4	4½	4	4½
200	Yukon Gold.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜

BONDS.

$100	C. C. deb. 6s	65	65	65
38,000	C. Gas C. 6s.	115	115	114¾ 114¾

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex div.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Y'ld.
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar. 15,'15	100⅝	100⅞	4.00
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1915	100	100½	4.60
Am.T.&T.sub.	5	Apr., 1916	99⅞	100⅛	4.95
Am. Gov.	4½	Jul.'14-'15	100⅛	100⅜	3.30
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1915	100	100⅛	4.35
Boston & Me.	6	June 2,'14	87	93	..
B. R. T.	5	July, 1918	99¾	99⅞	5.05
Can. Pacific.	6	Mar. 2,'24	103⅜	104⅛	5.40
Chesa. & Ohio.	5	June, 1918	98½	99⅜	5.50
Ches. & Ohio.	5	June, 1919	96	96¾	5.75
Ch. & W. I.	5	Sep., 1915	99¾	100	5.00
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	99¾	99⅞	6.55
Con. P. (Min.)	6	May, 1917	96	98	6.65
Erie	5½	Apr., 1917	99½	99⅝	5.60
Erie	4	Oct., 1914	100⅜	100⅝	3.25
Erie	5	Apr., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
Fed. Sugar	5	Nov. 1,'14	98	100	5.00
Gen. Motor	6	Oct., 1915	100⅞	101¼	4.75
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99¾	99⅞	4.95
H. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	98⅝	98⅞	6.12
Hock. Valley	5	Nov., 1914	100⅝	100⅞	3.20
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100¼	100⅜	2.20
Ill. & G. N.	5	Aug., 1914	90	93	87.00
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 1,'15	100¼	100⅝	3.05
Lack. Steel.	5	Mar., 1915	96½	98	6.35
Mich. Central	4½	Mar. 2,'15	100⅛	100½	3.90
M. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	93	95	7.70
M., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	91	93	12.25
Mo. Pacific.	5	June, 1914	89	91	..
M. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99⅜	100¼	5.40
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	99½	99⅝	6.25
N.Y.C.&H.R.	5	Sep.15,'14	100⅜	100⅜	2.75
N.Y.C.&H.R.	5	Nov. 5,'14	100⅜	100⅝	3.20
N.Y.C.&R.	4½	May, 1913	100⅛	100⅜	4.10
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	6	May, 1915	98⅝	98¾	6.12
Nor. Pacific.	6	July 9,'14	100⅜	100⅝	1.50
Pac. G. & El.	5	Mar.25,'15	99½	99¾	5.30
P.S. C. of N. J.	5	May, 1916	99	99¾	5.40
Sea. Air Line.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅝	100	5.00
So. Pacific.	5	June 15,'14	100¼	100⅜	0.50
So. Railway.	5	Feb., 1916	99⅝	99¾	5.10
So. Railway.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
State of Tenn.	6	July, 1914	100⅜	100½	2.00
Sulz. Co Sons.	6	Jan. 1916	100½	100¾	5.80
U. S. Smelt.	5	Aug., 1914	100	100¼	3.50
Un. Typew.	5	Jan. 15,'16	98	98½	5.80
Unit. Fruit.	6	May, 1917	101⅜	102¼	5.10
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	98⅞	99	5.25
Un. Oil Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100	100¼	5.75
West. E. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	101¾	102¼	4.20
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	90	96	8.90
West. Power.	6	July, 1915	98½	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
At. Coast Line	1914-21	4 @4½	4.55	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-23	4½	4.45	4.40
Buf., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.60	4.40
Ches. & Ohio	1914-17	4	4.85	4.60
Chi. & N. W.	1914-23	4½	4.50	4.40
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-23	4½	4.85	4.60
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.55	4.40
Erie Railroad	1914-23	4½@5	4.80	4.60
Hocking Valley	1914-23	4 @5	4.80	4.62
Illinois Central	1914-23	4½@5	4.45	4.40
Int. Great North.	1914-23	5	6.20	5.50
Louis. & Nash.	1914-23	5	4.50	4.40
Mo., Kansas & T.	1914-23	5	6.25	5.05
Missouri Pacific	1914-22	5	6.00	5.00
N. Y. Cent. Lines.	1914-28	4½@5	4.62	4.55
Norf. & Western	1915-24	4½	4.45	4.35
Penn. Gen. Freight	1914-23	4@4½	4.40	4.30
St. L. & I. M. S.	1914-24	5	5.20	4.80
Seaboard Air Line	1914-23	5	4.75	4.60
Southern Railway	1914-24	4½@5	4.75	4.60
Southern Pacific	1914-23	4½	4.50	4.40
Virginian Ry	1914-19	5	5.00	4.75
Wabash	1914-21	5	6.25	5.25

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Amer. Oil	16¼	16¾	16¼	16¾
Atlantic Refining	605	610	600	610
Borne-Scrymser	290	300	290	300
Buckeye Pipe Line	142	145	142	143
Chesebrough Mfg.	663	675	665	675
Colonial Oil	110	120	110	110
Continental Oil	222	227	220	225
Crescent Pipe Line	48	52	48	52
Cumberland Pipe L.	53	56	53	56
Eureka Pipe Line	260	265	260	265
Galena-Signal Oil	178	182	178	182
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	142	147	142	147
Indiana Pipe Lines	134	137	136	139
National Transit	40	42	38	41
New York Transit	270	280	275	280
Northern Pipe Line	117	120	117	120
Ohio Oil	184	186	181	183
Prairie Oil & Gas	450	455	448	452
Solar Refining	300	310	300	310
Southern Pipe Line	217	220	217	220
South Penn. Oil	303	308	293	297
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	145	150	145	150
Standard Oil (Cal.)	311	313	309	311
Standard Oil (Ind.)	470	475	450	455
Standard Oil (Kan.)	425	435	425	435
Standard Oil (Ky.)	267	272	265	275
Standard Oil (Neb.)	335	345	335	345
Standard Oil (N. J.)	407	400	405	408
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	218	220	215	217
Standard Oil (Ohio)	420	425	405	410
Swan & Finch	190	200	190	200
Union Tank Line	85	87	85	87
Vacuum Oil	217	220	217	220
Washington Oil	47	52	45	50
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,200	..	3,200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	May 25. Bid.	Asked.	May 22. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	132	138	132	140
American Cigar pf.	98½	100	98¼	100
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	84	89	84	89
British-Am., new	22¾	22½	22⅜	22½
Conley Foil	280	300	280	300
Johnson Tin & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	125	135	125	135
MacA. & Forbes	195	200	195	200
MacA. & Forbes pf.	98	99¼	98	99½
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	240	250	240	250
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip.	130	140	130	140
R. J. Reynolds	265	275	265	275
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip.	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf.	85	87	85	87
United Cigar Stores.	87½	88	87½	88¼
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	112	115	112	115
U. Profit Sharing Co.	5½	6¾	5½	5¾

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2	Commercial Credit	150	150	150
302	Con. Power	108½	107½	108½
45	Con. Power pf.	114	114	114
500	Elkhorn Fuel	21¼	21¼	21½
150	Fairmont Gas	32	32	32
70	Federal League	6¼	6¾	6½
20	Fidelity & Deposit	149½	149	149½
50	Northern Central	124	124	124
35	Penn. W. & P.	73¼	73¼	73¼
945	United Rys. & Elec.	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝

BONDS.

$4,000	Balt. Electric 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼
2,000	City Balt. 4s	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜
1,200	City Balt. 4s, '61	97⅜	67⅜	67⅜
5,000	Con. Coal ref. 5s	90½	90½	90½
1,000	Con. Coal 6s	100½	100½	100½
1,000	Ga., Car. & N. 5s	103	103	103
17,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	29	20	29
2,000	N. O., M. & C. 5s	48	48	48
6,000	U. R. & E. 1st 4s	84	84	84
8,000	U. R. & E. Inc. 4s	65½	65½	65½
100	U. R. & E. ctf. 5s	88	88	88

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Adventure	1½	1½	1½
50	Ahmeek	275	275	275
10	Allouez	41⅜	41¼	41⅜
70	Ariz. Commercial	4 15-16	4⅞	4⅞
634	Butte & Superior	40¼	40	40⅜
128	Calumet & Ariz.	69¾	69	69½
5	Calumet & Hecla	425	425	425
5	Centennial	17	17	17
70	Chino	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝
46	Copper Range	37	37	37
30	East Butte	11	11	11
350	Granby	82	81¾	81⅞
30	Island Creek	48¼	48¼	48¼
20	Isle Royale	21¾	20	21⅝
5	Lake	7	7	7
50	La Salle	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
225	Mass. Con	5⅜	5¼	5¼
25	North Butte	27	26¾	27
25	North Lake	1½	1½	1½
10	Old Colony	4½	4½	4½
10	Old Dominion	48	48	48
125	Pond Creek	18⅞	18½	18⅞
25	Quincy	58½	58	58
20	Shannon	5½	5¼	5½
50	Shattuck	24½	24½	24½
100	South Utah	14c	14c	14c
150	Superior & Boston	2¼	2¼	2¼
70	Superior Copper	20¼	20	20¼
17	Tamarack	38½	38¼	38¼
50	Trinity	3¾	3

Riker-Hegeman

Announcement was made recently that the sales of Riker-Hegeman Drug Co. in April showed a gain of 20% over same month last year, or largest business since assumption of control by the new interests.

The election of the new directors at annual meeting held recently means that the same successful methods which have characterized the management of the United Cigar Stores Co. will be pursued in developing the business of the Riker-Hegeman Company.

With the acquisition of the Loder Drug Company of Philadelphia, which was accomplished recently, and the prospective opening of a new large store in Pittsburgh, the Riker-Hegeman Company will soon have 100 stores in operation.

Under the virile and aggressive management of this Company stockholders may have this assurance that they are interested in a company which is as yet in its infancy and which will develop into one of the greatest retail enterprises in this Country.

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STANDARD OIL

WILL BUY — WILL SELL

50 Buckeye Pipe Line	15 Atlantic Refining
25 Continental Oil	25 Galena Sig. Com.
20 Galena Sig. Pfd.	100 National Transit
25 New York TransR	20 Solar Refining
25 S. W. Pa. Pipe L.	15 S. O. of Kansas
50 S. O. of N. Y.	25 Vacuum Oil

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WANTED

100 American Power & Light Com. & Pfd.
100 Am. Water Wks. & Elect. Part. Pfd.
50 Duluth Edison Elect. Pfd.
50 Firestone Tire & Rubber Com.
100 New York State R'ys Pfd.
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Unlisted Stocks

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(Established 1901)

32 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, MAY 25, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales, May 25, 1914	111,076
Same day last year	248,849
Total year to date	33,608,550
Same period last year	35,669,991
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	69.11 —.06
Same day last year	70.90 —.19

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	64.95	May 1
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
28	28⅛	700	Alaska Gold Mines	28⅜	28⅝	28⅛	28⅛	...
72½	72⅝	8,450	Amalgamated Cop	72⅞	73⅛	72½	72½	— ⅛
27½	27⅝	600	Am. Can	27½	27¾	27½	27½	— ⅛
50¼	50⅜	200	Am. Car & Fdry	51	51	50⅝	50⅝	...
64⅝	65⅜	125	Am. Cities pf	65¼	65¼	65⅛	65⅛	...
85	86¼	162	Am. Coal Products	85½	85½	85½	85½	+1
31	31½	300	Am. Ice Securities	31½	31½	31½	31½	...
9¾	10¼	200	Am. Linseed	9⅞	10¼	9⅞	10¼	+⅛
26⅝	28⅜	100	Am. Linseed pf	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	—2⅝
64	64½	850	Am. Smelt. & Ref	64⅝	64⅝	64	64⅛	...
105¾	106½	400	Am. Sugar Refining	105¾	106¼	105⅝	106¼	+ ⅝
112	113	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	— ¼
121⅜	121⅞	500	Am. Teleph. & Tel	121⅜	121⅞	121⅜	121⅜	...
107¼	109	45	Am. Tob. pf., new	107	107	107	107	...
75⅞	76¼	100	Am. Woolen pf	76	76	76	76	— ⅛
12	13	300	Am. Writing P. pf	12¼	12¼	12	12	— ⅛
32¼	32½	600	Anaconda Cop. Co	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	...
96½	96⅞	500	Atch., Top. & S. F	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾	+1
108	110	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	109	109	109	109	— ¼
92	92¼	2,300	Baltimore & Ohio	92⅛	92½	91¾	92	— ⅛
80⅞	81½	100	Baltimore & O. pf	81	81	81	81	— ⅛
42½	42⅝	2,200	Bethlehem Steel	42⅝	43	42¾	42⅝	+ ⅜
84	86	600	Bethlehem Steel pf	85	85	85	85	— ⅜
92½	92⅜	1,320	Bklyn Rapid Tran	92¾	92⅝	92½	92⅝	...
125½	127½	24	Bklyn Union Gas	125	125	125	125	...
45	46	100	Brown Shoe	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	...
20¾	21¼	100	California Petrol'm	21	21	21	21	— ⅛
58	59½	300	California Pet. pf	58½	58½	58	58	— ½
194¾	195	5,450	Canadian Pacific	194¾	195½	194½	194⅞	+ ⅛
35⅛	35½	200	Central Leather Co	35⅜	35⅝	35½	35½	...
52¼	52⅞	1,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	53	53	52¼	52¼	— ½
34	35	13	Chi. Gt. West. pf	35	35	35	35	...
100⅜	100¾	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
151½	153	100	Chi. & Northwest	152	152	152	152	+1½
27⅛	...	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	28	28	28	28	...
222	231½	100	Col. & Southern	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
127⅞	128½	330	Consolidated Gas	128½	128½	128	128	— ¼
87⅞	91⅜	10	Corn Products Ref	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	...
63½	65	20	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	65	65	65	65	...
150	152	200	Del. & Hudson	151¾	151¾	151⅝	151¾	+ ⅛
20	21	300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	19⅝	20	19⅝	20¼	— ¼
20⅛	20¼	1,000	Erie	20¼	20¼	20	20⅛	— ⅛
43¾	44⅜	100	Erie 1st pf	44⅞	44⅞	44½	44½	— ⅛
109	110½	40	Gen. Chemical pf	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	...
147½	148½	200	General Electric	148	148	148	148	+ ¼
86⅜	86½	1,000	General Motors	84	87	84	86¼	+2⅝
94	94½	300	General Motors pf	93⅜	93⅝	93⅜	93⅝	+ ⅜
25¼	25⅝	100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	+ ⅛
124½	124⅞	300	Great Northern pf	124⅛	124⅛	124⅛	124⅛	+ ⅛
32½	33	600	G. N. certs.ore prop	33⅛	33¼	32⅝	32⅝	+ ¼
54	54½	100	Guggenheim Explor	54⅛	54½	54⅛	54⅛	...
14½	14⅝	400	Inter.-Met.v. tr. cfs	14½	14½	14½	14½	...
61⅞	62	100	Inter.-Met. pf	62	62	62	62	...
106¼	107¼	100	Int. Harvester, N. J	107	107	107	107	— ⅛
60¾	61½	100	Kan. City South. pf	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	— ⅛
139⅝	140	1,600	Lehigh Valley	139½	140	139⅝	139⅝	— ⅛
171	175	100	Lorillard (P.) Co	171	171	171	171	—1
81	85	100	MacKay Cos	82	82	82	82	...
9¼	9¾	700	Mercantile Mar. pf	8⅞	9¼	8⅞	9¼	+1¼
61½	63	300	Mexican Petroleum	63	63	62¼	62¼	...
73	88	100	Mexican Pet. pf	73½	73½	73½	73½	+ ⅛
22	22¼	100	Miami Copper	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
123	124¼	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	124¼	124¼	124¼	124¼	— ⅛
16⅜	16⅞	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	17	17	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
40	41¼	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	+1¼
10⅜	17	6,920	Missouri Pacific	17	17¼	16⅜	17	...
47⅞	47⅞	100	Montana Power	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞	...
102⅝	103½	100	Montana Power pf	102⅞	102⅞	101¾	102⅞	+ ⅛
121½	125	200	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	123½	123½	123½	123½	— ½
14⅜	14⅝	100	Nevada Con. Copper	14⅜	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	...
93⅜	93¾	400	N. Y. Central	93¼	93¾	93¼	93¾	...
68⅞	69	900	N. Y. N. H. & H	68⅞	69	68⅝	69	— ⅛
104⅜	104⅞	200	Norfolk & Western	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	+ ⅛
76½	77	100	North American	76½	76½	76½	76½	— ⅛
110¾	110¾	400	Northern Pacific	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	— ⅜
21½	22	100	Ontario Mining	21¾	21¾	21⅝	21⅝	— ¼
111⅞	112⅜	700	Pennsylvania R. R	112¼	112¼	111¾	111⅞	...
121	121⅛	200	People's Gas, Chi	121¼	121¼	121	121	— ⅜
42⅞	43¼	120	Pressed Steel Car	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	— ⅛
102	102¼	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	+ ⅛
2⅛	2⅜	100	Quicksilver pf	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜	+ ⅛
20	30½	100	Ry. Steel Spring	20	20	20	20	...
21⅜	21¾	700	Ray Con. Copper	21⅛	21⅝	21⅛	21⅝	...
165⅜	165⅞	9,700	Reading	166½	166½	165¼	165⅜	— ⅞
23½	23⅝	150	Rep. Iron & Steel	23⅜	23⅝	23⅜	23⅝	+ ⅛
87	88½	215	Rep. Iron & S. pf	87½	87⅝	87¼	87⅝	...
3	3½	200	Rock Island Co	3	3	3	3	...
4⅝	4⅞	200	Rock Island Co. pf	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	...
14¼	14¾	1,050	Rumely (M.) Co	14⅜	14⅜	13¾	14⅜	+1½
34½	35	700	Rumely (M.) Co. pf	33⅞	34½	33⅜	34½	+1½
3	4	175	St. Louis & San Fr	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
19½	19¾	650	Seaboard Air Line	20	20¼	19¾	19¾	...
54⅛	54⅝	800	Seaboard Air L. pf	54	54⅝	53⅝	54⅜	...
93½	93⅝	2,500	Southern Pacific	93½	93⅞	93⅜	93⅝	— ⅛
...	...	112	So. Pacific tr. rcts	101⅛	101⅞	101⅛	101¾	+2
24¾	25	1,000	Southern R'way ext	25	25	25	25	— ¼
79¼	79⅝	100	South. R'way pf.ext	79½	79½	79½	79½	...
40	40½	540	Standard Milling	40	40½	40	40½	+ ⅛
33¼	34¼	100	Studebaker Co	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	— ⅛
34⅝	34⅞	300	Tennessee Copper	34⅞	34⅞	34⅝	34⅝	...
5⅝	5¾	200	Union Bag & Paper	5⅝	5½	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
157⅜	157⅝	5,700	Union Pacific	157⅝	158	157½	157⅝	— ⅛
83½	83⅝	500	Union Pacific pf	83½	83½	83½	83½	— ½
99½	100⅜	100	United Cigs Mfrs.pf	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	—1½
96	97¼	55	United Dry Gds. pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	...
14¼	16	300	United Rys. Invest	15	15	14¼	14¼	—1⅜
41	42	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜	— ⅜
103⅜	103⅝	400	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	102⅝	103⅛	102⅝	103⅛	— ⅜
62⅜	62¾	25,200	U. S. Steel	62⅞	63⅛	62⅜	62⅞	— ⅜
109⅞	110	900	U. S. Steel pf	110	110	110	110	...
57½	57⅝	4,250	Utah Copper	57½	57⅞	57⅜	57½	+ ⅛
28⅝	29	300	Va.-Caro. Chem. xr	28¼	28⅝	28¼	28½	...
91	92	150	Wells Fargo Exp	91	91	91	91	...
10¼	10¾	400	Western Maryland	10	10	10¼	10¾	—1⅛
61⅜	62	50	Western Union Tel	61½	61¾	61⅛	61⅜	...
77⅜	78	5,500	Westingh'se E. & M	77½	78¼	77⅓	77⅞	+ ⅜
116½	117⅜	100	Woolworth pf	117	117	117	117	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97	97½	Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97	98	Pan 3s, r, 1961	100	102
3s, r, 1918-1014	102	102	Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	102
3s, c, 1918-1014	102	102			
4s, r, 1925-1009	110¼	110¾			
4s, c, 1925-110	111½	111¾			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	102	..	Helme (G W) Co	150	170
Allis-Ch.	10	12	Do pf	108½	117
Do pf	43¼	45	Hock Val	..	126
Am Ag C	53	54½	Homest'ke	116	120
Do pf	93	96½	Ill Cent	110	112
Am B st	22	22½	Inger-R	110	..
Do pf	70	73½	Do pf	92	..
A B S & F pf	87	90	Insp C C	16¾	17
Am Coal	103	105	Int Agric	5	7
Am C Prod pf	105	107	Do pf	15	25
Am Cot O	41¼	42¼	Int St P	5	7
Do pf	93½	96	Do pf	..	20
Am Exp	103½	105	Iowa Cent	7	9
A H & L	3⅝	4¼	Do pf	12	19
Do pf	20	21½	K C Ft S & M pf	73	76
Am Loc	31½	32½	Kan C So	26⅞	27¼
Do pf	98¼	100	Kaw (J) C & Co	91½	95
Am Malt	6½	7½	Do 1st pf	100	110½
Do pf	42	46	K & D M	4	8
A S pf, B	81¼	83	Do pf	38	..
A S & R pf	100⅜	101¾	Kreger(SS)	102	105
Am Smuff	162	165	Do pf	104	106
Am St Fds	32	32½	Lack Steel	31	36
A T & C	57½	60	Lacl. Gas	99½	99
Am Tob	224	230	L E & W	5¾	8
Am Wool	15	18	Do pf	13	19
Assets R	15	16	Ligg & M	216	220
A, T & S F pf	99¾	100	Do pf	117	118¼
Atl C L	122	124	Long Isl	28	34
Bald Loc	47½	48	L-W Bis	30	34
Batop M	¾	1	Do 1st pf	102	103
Br Sh Co pf	87	90½	Do 2d pf	91½	92½
Bruns Ter	6	7½	Lor Co pf	133¼	..
B, R & P	105	113½	Louis & N	136	138
Do pf	116¼	135	M'kay Cos pf	68¼	69
But'k Co	27	29¼	Man Elev	130¾	131¾
Canada Sc	57¼	..	M Dep Sts	37½	60½
Case (J I) pf	82¼	90	Do pf	98	100
Cent L pf	100	101	Mer Mar	2⅜	2⅝
C R I & P	65	67	Mich Cent	..	190
Do pf	27	28	M & St L	12⅜	13½
C & S A	T106	107½	Do pf	28	32
Chi & Alt	..	9½	M, St P & S S M pf	135	145
Do pf	13	20	Do 1 l	78½	82¼
Chi G W	13	13¼	M P 1st pf	102¼	..
C, I & L pf	50	80	M Wd pf	108	116
C, M & St Paul pf	135	138	Nat Bis	130	132
C R I & P pf	175	185	Nat Enam	10½	11
Chi, St P, M & Om	125	130	Do pf	76	86
Do pf	135	145	Nat Lead	45	47½
Chino Cop	41¾	42	Do pf	106½	108
C, C, C & St L	80	35	Nat Rys of M 1st pf	28	33
Do pf	52¼	53	Do 2d pf	10¼	11¼
Cluett-P	66	68	N O, M & C pf	..	23
Do pf	101	103	N Y A B	66	67
Col F & I pf	125	190	N Y, C & St L	36	40
C & S 1st pf	40	42	Do 1st pf	02	100
Do 2d pf	34	40	Do 2d pf	66	75
Crex Carp	70	80	N Y Dock	5	20
Cub-Am S	..	30	Do pf	..	20
Do pf	..	84	N Y, O & W	26	27
D & Co pf	93¾	94	Norf So	26¼	30
D, L & W	397	399	N & W pf	89½	..
D & R G	11	13½	N O T & M	58	66
D M & Ft D	3	..	Pabst B pf	95	102
Do pf	9	..	Pac Coast	75	90
Det Ed	112½	114	Do 1st pf	80	90
Det & M	85	..	Do 2d pf	80	90
Do pf	85	..	Pac Mail	23	24
Dist Secur	14	15	P T & T	26¼	27¾
D, S S & A	4	5	Peo & E	5	10
Do pf	8	11	Pett-Mull	20	27
Du P de N Pow pf	..	85	Do 1st pf	90	..
Erie 2d pf	36	37¾	Phelps-D	170	..
F M & S	7	15	Phila Co	80	84
Do pf	30	37	Do 6 p c pf	84	90
Gen Ch	160	170	Pitts Coal	20	20½
G'drich (B F) Co pf	86	89½	Do pf	88	89
Und Type	75	80	Do pf	107½	114½
U B & P pf	20	21¼	Un Cig M	47	48
Un Dr G	80	85	U S C I P	9½	11
Do pf	37½	39	U S Exp	74	77
U S I A	15	30	Do pf	81	88
U S R & Imp	55	61	Do pf	50½	61
U S R & Rf	56	58⅝	Do pf	70	87
U S Rub	87	87	Va-Car Ch	..	85
Do pf	94¼	..	Vand R R	..	..
Va-Car Ch pf, ex r	99⅝	102	Va L C & Coke	40	55
Va R & P	40	50	Do pf	94¼	..
Vul Det	6¼	11	Do pf	22	34
Wabash	..	⅞	Do pf	3¼	4¼
W Md pf	31	56	W S F R & M 1st pf	123	140
Weym-B	215	300	Do pf	110	120
W & L E	3¼	4	Do 1st pf	14	17
Do 2d pf	5	8	Wis Cent	40	41
W'w'th (F W)	..	96			

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	79.06	78.78	78.88	— .07
Industrials	50.57	50.28	50.35	— .04

COMBINED AVERAGE.

May 18	69.75	69.23	69.45	+ .32
May 19	69.60	69.10	69.42	— .03
May 20	69.39	69.06	69.22	— .20
May 21	69.08	68.65	68.72	— .50
May 22	68.84	68.62	68.78	+ .06
May 23	69.23	68.91	69.17	+ .39
May 25	69.31	69.01	69.11	— .06

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
May to date	69.75	May 18	67.48	May 9	69.11
May, 1913	71.25	May 26	69.40	May 1	69.69
May, 1912	83.17	May 2	80.08	May 31	80.19
May, 1911	82.78	May 22	79.40	May 11	81.81
Yr. to date	78.80	Jan. 31	68.24	Apr. 25	69.11
Year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	64.04
Year 1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.29
Year 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.69

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was steady, and a shade higher in the bid. Tin was steady, and about unchanged, 5 tons of June selling at 38.20.

Closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
May	13.70	14.12½	Spelter	5.05	5.15
Spot	13.70	14.12½	Lead	3.85	3.95
June	13.70	14.12½	Antimony	7.30	7.37½
			Tin	43.10	43.50

London copper market yesterday was strong, spot and futures both advancing 3s. 9d., to £63 2s. 6d. and £63 15s., respectively. Tin was weak, spot declining 5s., to £149 15s., and futures, at £151 12s. 6d., were off 2s. 6d.

The market finished steady. Spanish pig lead, £18 10s., down 2s. 6d. Spelter, £21 7s. 6d., unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 51s. 1½d., unchanged.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Receipts and expenditures:

	May 23.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$1,161,388	$16,611,695	$264,386,202
Int. rev., ord.	1,441,900	18,862,527	275,510,016
Cor. and inc. tax	264,572	2,545,837	9,146,773
Miscellaneous	484,808	4,459,044	48,008,735
Total rcts.	$3,452,668	$42,478,606	$597,052,327
Expenditures	2,673,372	47,390,102	636,281,312
Deficit	*178,796	4,891,495	39,228,984
*Surplus.			

YIELD 65 PER CENT. OF MO. PAC. NOTES

Holders of $16,250,000 Worth Agree to Accept Extension for Another Year.

OFFER KEPT OPEN LONGER

Directors Add Four Days to the Time Limit Originally Set—Say They Are Pleased.

The time set for the reception of deposits of the Missouri Pacific's maturing three-year 5 per cent. notes expired at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and when the Directors met half an hour later to canvass the situation they found that about $16,250,000, or 65 per cent. of the total outstanding, had been turned into the Union Trust Company as evidence of willingness on the part of the holders to accept an extension for another year.

The Directors were in session for nearly two hours after getting the latest returns from the trust company, after which they said that they were well pleased with the showing made, and had decided to keep the offer open four days longer, or until 3 o'clock on Friday. As the two days following are holidays, and the notes are payable on June 1, it will not be possible for the management to make any further extension if the one agreed upon does not bring in the balance of the notes.

In announcing that 65 per cent. of the notes had come in the management said:

"In view of this encouraging result on such short notice, the time for deposit has been extended to the close of business on Friday. Unfortunately, the maturity of the notes comes at a time not propitious for financing such a large issue. The railroad property is in good physical condition, and it is confidently expected that if the extension is assured the company will have ample time to readjust its affairs, especially with the prospects of good crops and an improvement of conditions throughout the country.

"If it is determined that holders of a sufficient amount of notes have not agreed to extend, the extension agreement will be rescinded, the deposited notes returned, the railway company will be in default, and the noteholders will have lost their opportunity of obtaining the additional security, namely, the $8,000,000 face value of St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company bonds, which will then be returned to the treasury of the company.

"The Board of Directors reaffirms its statement that no underwriting of any part of this note issue has been arranged. The situation and its consequences, therefore, rest with the noteholders."

Several of the Directors appeared to be well pleased with the response made by noteholders to the extension offer. They said that little trouble had been experienced with owners living abroad, but some of the local holders were evidently waiting to the last minute on the chance that the company would arrange for financing non-assenting notes.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales May 25, 1914	$2,722,500
Same day last year	2,874,500
Total year to date	312,313,000
Same period last year	234,664,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	87.25 —.04
Same day last year	88.57 —.05

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	88.70	Apr. 30
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

Argentine Gov 5s		C of Ga Ry con 5s		1931		Reading gen 4s
2,000	90½	1,000	104¼	58,000	92⅝	5,000 s10f	95¼
City of Tokio 5s		Cent of N J gen 5s		5,000	92¾	1,000	95
5,000	86½	1,000	117½	69,000	92⅝	Rio Gr W 1st 4s	
Jap Gov 4½s, ster 1		Cent Pac gtd 4s		75,000 s10f	92⅝	1,000	81¼
10,000	88	5,000	94	Leh Val con 4½s		10,000	81¾
N Y State 4½s		Ches & O con 5s		12,000 c	99½	R & Danv con 6s	
10,000	109¼	3,000	107	Ligg & Myers 7s		5,000	101¼
N Y Canal 4½s		5,000	106⅞	2,000	125	So Pac cv 4s	
5,000	109¼	conv 4½s		Long Dock 4s		10,000	85¼
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs		1,000	80½	6,000	122½	4,000	86
10,000	61	4,000	80¼	L & N unifd 4s		13,000	85¾
3,000	61½	C, B & Q gen 4s		5,000 s10f	95¼	37,000	85⅝
1,000	62	35,000	93⅝	5,000 s20f	95¼	So Pac cv 5s, sub rcts full pd	
10,000	61⅝	joint 4s		Manhattan Con 4s		3,000	101⅜
2,000	63	21,000 s15f	97½	4,000	92¾	85,000	101¼
10,000	63¼	112,000	97⅛	Mer Mar col tr 4½s		15,000	101⅜
1,000	63¼	15,000 s15f	97⅝	2,000	50⅞	1,000	101¼
1,000	62¾	registered		10,000	53½	500	101¼
5,000	63	2,000	97	5,000	50	38,000	101¼
20,000	62½	Chi Gr Westn 4s		5,000	49

FINANCIAL. | FINANCIAL. | FINANCIAL.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

Three Year Five Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, Due June 1, 1914,

OF

The Missouri Pacific Railway Company.

Time for Deposit of Notes Extended to May 29th, 1914.

Referring to the Railway Company's offer of extension as contained in its notice dated May 13, 1914, the Board announces that **HOLDERS OF MORE THAN 64 PER CENT.,** face amount, of outstanding notes, have agreed to extend. In view of this encouraging result on such short notice, the time for deposit of notes has been extended so that holders of notes may deposit same **on or before the close of business on Friday, May 29th, 1914, with the Union Trust Company of New York.** Unfortunately, the maturity of the notes comes at a time not propitious for financing such a large issue. The railroad property is in good physical condition and it is confidently expected that if the extension is assured the Company will have ample time to readjust its affairs, especially with the prospects of good crops and an improvement of conditions throughout the country.

If it is determined that holders of a sufficient amount of notes have not agreed to extend, the extension agreement will be rescinded, the deposited notes returned, the Railway Company will be in default, and the noteholders will have **lost their opportunity of obtaining the additional security, namely the $3,000,000 face value of St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company Bonds, which will then be returned to the treasury of the Company.**

The Board of Directors re-affirms its statement that no underwriting of any part of this note issue has been arranged.

The situation and its consequences, therefore, rest with the noteholders.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS,
A. H. CALEF, Secretary.

Dated May 25, 1914.

The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Co.

To the Stockholders of
The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company:
(Including Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana 10% guaranteed stock.)

The undersigned, representing the holders of a large amount of the stock of The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, have agreed to act as a Stockholders' Protective Committee, pursuant to the terms of an Agreement, dated May 25, 1914, on file with the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, DEPOSITARY hereunder, at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City.

Petitions for the approval of an Agreement for the consolidation of New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company, The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company and nine other railway companies, dated April 29,1914, purporting to be executed by the corporations, parties thereto, by authority of their respective Boards of Directors, have been filed with the Public Service Commissions in New York and Ohio; a hearing upon that in Ohio has been noticed for June 9th, prox.; a meeting of the stockholders of The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company has been called to be held in Cleveland, Ohio, July 20, 1914, and of the stockholders of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company to be held on the same day at Albany, N. Y., in each case for the purpose of ratifying and approving said Agreement.

Under this consolidation it is proposed to issue to the holders of the outstanding stock (not owned by the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company) five (5) shares of stock in the consolidated corporation for each outstanding share of stock of The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, and to subject the property of The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, which is now subject to a funded debt of about $150,000,000, to the additional direct lien to secure $90,578,400 bonds issued by the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company to acquire 452,892 shares of The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company; the consolidated properties to be subjected to the lien of mortgage debts of the constituent companies aggregating about $500,000,000, besides bonds proposed to be issued under a Refunding and Improvement Mortgage.

The Committee has had a very comprehensive and thorough examination made by expert accountants and engineers of the books, accounts and properties of The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, and, from information so obtained, the Committee is convinced that the terms offered to the minority stockholders under the said Consolidated Agreement are grossly inadequate, and, in its opinion, it is important that the holders of stock not owned or controlled by the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company should organize for the purpose of taking steps to protect their interests.

The Committee therefore advises stockholders not to give Proxies to vote for the approval of the proposed Agreement of Consolidation.

All stockholders are invited to deposit their stock with the above-mentioned Central Trust Company as Trustee, with assignments in blank endorsed thereon, duly executed, for which negotiable receipts will be issued. Copies of the Stockholders' Agreement may be obtained from the Depositary, or from any member of the Committee or from its Secretary.

Dated, New York, May 25, 1914.

WILLIAM A. READ, *Chairman,*
HENRY EVANS,
WILLIS D. WOOD,
Committee.

CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT,
New York.
OTTO KIRCHNER,
Detroit, Mich.
H. M. DOUGHERTY,
Secretary, Columbus, O.
F. E. MOWLE,
28 Nassau St.

DIVIDENDS.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY,
49 Wall Street.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 3.
New York, May 20, 1914.
The Directors of this Company have to-day declared a dividend of THREE (3%) PER CENT. from the earnings of the Company upon the Common Stock, payable June 20, 1914, at the offices of the Company, No. 49 Wall Street, New York City, to stockholders of record June 10, 1914.
The transfer books of this stock will be closed on Wednesday, June 10, 1914, at three P. M., and opened on Monday, June 22, 1914, at ten A. M.
JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

WAYLAND OIL & GAS COMPANY
INCORPORATED
New York, May 25, 1914.
Notice is hereby given to stockholders of Wayland Oil and Gas Company that a dividend of 1% has been declared by the Board of Directors payable on June 10, to stockholders of record on June 1.
J. F. CAULFIELD, Treasurer.

REALTY ASSOCIATES.
162 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Dividend No. 23.
May 25, 1914.
The Board of Directors has this day declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. on the capital stock of the company, payable July 15, 1914, out of the earnings for the first six months of the fiscal year to stockholders of record at the close of business, 3 P. M., Monday July 6, 1914.
AUGUSTUS HARPER, Treasurer.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

ROSENDORF, DANIEL.—IN PURSUANCE of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against DANIEL ROSENDORF, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Messrs. Kantrowitz and Esberg, No. 320 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of June next. Dated New York, November 26th, 1913. Hugo D. Rosendorf, Samuel Rosendorf, Jennie Myers, Florence Altman, and Lillie Bischoff, Administrators. KANTROWITZ and ESBERG, Attorneys for Administrators, No. 320 Broadway, New York City.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTHERN ALUMINIUM COMPANY.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the SOUTHERN ALUMINIUM COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, at No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 2nd day of June, 1914, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.
Polls will remain open until 3 o'clock P. M.
The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from April 22nd, 1914, to June 2nd, 1914.
Dated at Paris, April 20th, 1914.
A. BADIN, President.
L. BARTHOLIN, Secretary.

SOUTHERN ALUMINIUM COMPANY.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the SOUTHERN ALUMINIUM COMPANY will be held on the 2nd day of June, 1914, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the office of the said Company, No. 61 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to authorize the issuance of not exceeding $7,000,000 of Bonds of this Company and the execution of Mortgage or Mortgages or trust deeds to secure the payment thereof, said Bonds to be in such form, tenor, date, amount, and to contain such terms of amortization and to bear such rate of interest not exceeding 6% per annum, as the Board of Directors may deem proper.
Said authorization to take the place of the action of the Stockholders in reference to the issuance of Bonds at the Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company held on the 9th day of June, 1912.
Dated at Paris, the 22nd day of April, 1914.
SOUTHERN ALUMINIUM CO.
A. BADIN, President.
L. BARTHOLIN, Secretary.

NOTICE OF MEETING.
THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK.
New York, May 14th, 1914.
To the Stockholders of the National Nassau Bank of New York:
Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors a Special Meeting of Stockholders of the National Nassau Bank of New York has been called and will be held at twelve o'clock noon on the 16th day of June, 1914, at the Banking Office of the said Bank, No. 9 Beekman Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to vote upon a resolution to place said Bank in voluntary liquidation, pursuant to Sections 5220 and 5221 United States Revised Statutes, to take effect upon such date as may be fixed, and upon a resolution to ratify the action of the Board of Directors in the premises preliminary to liquidation, and upon such other matters as may be brought before said meeting.
The stock transfer books will be closed from three o'clock P. M., May 6, 1914, to three o'clock P. M., June 16, 1914.
By order of the Board of Directors.
ARTHUR W. GILBART, Cashier.

WESTINGHOUSE
Electric & Manufacturing Company
EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.
Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.
To the Stockholders of Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company:
The annual meeting of the stockholders of Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company will be held at the chief office of the Company, in the Borough of East Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, on Wednesday, June 10, 1914, at ten o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
The stock transfer books will be closed on Saturday, the 23d day of May, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon, and will be reopened on Thursday, the 11th day of June, 1914, at ten o'clock A. M.
Dated May 19, 1914.
JAMES C. BENNETT, Secretary.

AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders.
Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY will be held at the office of said company, at 30 Church Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 3d day of June, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, to consider and take action with respect to a proposed increase in the authorized capital stock of this company from $7,000,000 to $7,500,000 by the authorization of an additional $500,000 of common stock, to be divided into 10,000 shares of the par value of $50 each.
Transfer books will close Monday, May 11, 1914, and reopen Thursday, June 4, 1914.
By order of the Board of Directors.
Dated May 18, 1914.
R. E. BREED, President.
FRANK B. BALL, Secretary.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF
L'Araldo Italiano Publishing Company.
May 12th, 1914.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of L'Araldo Italiano Publishing Company will be held at the office of the Company, at No. 145 W. 28th Street, New York City, at 4 o'clock P. M., Wednesday, May 27th, 1914, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and transacting such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.
R. ZUECCA, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately subsisting between IVAN L. SMITH, HAROLD W. SCOTT, and ARTHUR W. SCOTT, under the firm name of SMITH-SCOTT NUT MEAT CO., was dissolved on the 7th day of April, 1914, by mutual consent. Arthur W. Scott is authorized to settle all debts due to and by the firm.
IVAN L. SMITH.
HAROLD W. SCOTT.
ARTHUR W. SCOTT.

PROPOSALS.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, Norfolk, Va., May 23, 1914.—Sealed proposals for dredging inland waterway from Norfolk, Va., to Beaufort Inlet, N. C., will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, June 23, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application. E. EVELETH WINSLOW, Lt. Col. Engrs.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, June 2, 1914, for Contract 124, for the construction of nine concrete-stone and brick superstructures at and near the Ashokan reservoir, in the town of Olive, Ulster County, New York. The largest of the buildings is approximately 62 feet by 114 feet by 45 feet, and the smallest 12 feet by 31 feet by 18 feet. The substructures or foundations of the buildings have been built, and The City will furnish and erect the roof cover for the buildings.
At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings, can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.
CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Suply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR CLOTHING.—Army Building, Whitehall Street, New York City, N. Y., May 25, 1914.—Sealed proposals in triplicate, will be received here until 1 o'clock P. M., June 25, 1914, and then opened, for delivering at either the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis or San Francisco Depots of the Quartermaster Corps, 611,030 Collars; 95,700 Cords, hat; 397,750 prs. Drawers, summer; 4,863 prs. Gauntlets, winter; 217,283 prs. Gloves,—153,914 cotton, white, 11,428 yellow, horsehide, 36,425 riding, 15,486 woolen, O. D.; 150,000 Hats, service; 160,000 prs. Laces,—30,000 breeches, 60,000 leggin, 70,000 shoe; 275,000 prs. Leggins; 2,045 prs. Overshoes; 930,523 yrs. Stockings,—431,381 cotton, 12,100 woolen, hy. wt., 487,042 woolen, lt. wt.; 4,516 prs. Suspenders: 50,000 Sweaters; 500,000 Undershirts, cotton; 41,000 Cords, tying, service hat; 200 prs. Boots, rubber; 200 Hats, oilskin; 150 Jackets, oilskin; Information upon application. Colonel A. L. SMITH, Depot Q. M.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the addresses given below until 10 o'clock A. M., June 2, 1914, and then opened, for the renting of three gasolene launches ranging from 22 to 60 feet in length to the United States Government for use in wire drag work in Buzzard's Bay and vicinity. Blanks for proposals, with specifications and all information, may be obtained on application to J. H. Hawley, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Portland, Maine, or to R. F. Dickins, Inspector, Room 238, Custom House, New York, N. Y.

TO FIGHT CENTRAL MERGER.

Lake Shore Shareholders Urged to Demand More for Their Stock.

William A. Read of William A. Read & Co., Henry Evans, and Willis D. Wood have consented to act as a committee to represent owners of Lake Shore & Michigan Southern stock who are opposed to accepting the terms offered by the New York Central in its plan for consolidation. In a circular sent out yesterday, the committee said it had had a comprehensive examination made by expert accountants and engineers of the books, accounts, and properties of the Lake Shore, and it is convinced that the terms presented to minority shareholders are "grossly inadequate."
Owners of Lake Shore shares not already controlled by the New York Central were urged in the letter to organize to protect their interests. The committee advised them not to give proxies to vote for the approval of the consolidation, but to deposit their stock with the Central Trust Company.
Counsel for the committee includes Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft of this city; Otto Kirchner of Detroit, and H. M. Dougherty of Columbus, Ohio. The Secretary is F. E. Mowle of 28 Nassau Street.

$4,000,000 More Gold Engaged.

The movement of gold to Europe was renewed yesterday with consignments aggregating $4,000,000. Lazard Frères engaged $2,000,000 in coin at the Sub-Treasury in the morning to go on Wednesday's steamer and Goldman, Sachs & Co., took $2,000,000 in the afternoon.
In the present outflow $15,000,000 has been taken, all, excepting $1,000,000, going to Paris. The remainder was shipped, to Berlin.

RESORTS.
NEW YORK—Long Island.

$9 OVER DECORATION DAY
Friday Dinner to Monday After B'kf't
Room and Meals
Two persons in one room, $17.
At Brighton Beach, N. Y. Ocean Parkway
HOTEL SHELBURNE
A delightful all-year-round resort
American & European Plan.
30 minutes from the heart of New York. 200 rooms, 75 private baths. Every convenience and comfort. Running water in rooms. Sun Parlor. Frequent social diversions. Dancing.
$30 up per week for 2 persons, AMERICAN PLAN
ROOM & MEALS
Special Terms to Families.
$10 up per week, European Plan. Two persons in one room, $14
Attractive Week End Rates
Write for Booklet.

DIRECTLY ON THE OCEAN
40 Minutes from Wall St.
Edgemere Club Hotel
EDGEMERE, LONG ISLAND
OPENS JUNE 25
Private Bathing Beach. Ideal Suites of Rooms with Baths. Tennis. Golf. Boating.
The Club is open for inspection every Saturday and Sunday.
For Club Membership and Rates address
ELMER E. MATTHEWS, Manager
Booking Office, 1180 Broadway, cor. 28th St.
Telephone Madison Square—4748

Hotel Nassau
LONG BEACH
LONG ISLAND.
Directly on the Ocean.
40 MINUTES OUT
L. I. R. R. from Penn. Term. or Flatbush Av.
Special Spring Rates.
Grill Open. Music, Dancing.
BARNETT & BARSE CORP.,
Proprietors.
TELEPHONE, Long Beach—100.

The Most Attractive Country Hotel Adjacent to New York City.
Garden City Hotel
GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND
One of the most exclusive country hotels in America. A combination of country life and metropolitan hotel luxury seldom found.
Every outdoor and indoor amusement. 18 miles from New York. Frequent electric train service, 35 minutes to Penn. Station.
J. J. LANNIN CO., Props.

PARK INN
Rockaway Park, L. I.
HOTEL AND RESTAURANT
Val. Schmitt, Propr.,
will be open Friday, Saturday, Sunday, May 29, 30, 31.
Special Rates Over Decoration Day

SEA VIEW HOUSE
SAG HARBOR, L. I.,
is now open; situated on Peconic Bay; bathing, boating, fishing, driving; all modern improvements; homelike and comfortable; rooms single and en suite, with bath, $12 and upward; table bountifully supplied from our own farm; catering to automobile parties a specialty; roads unexcelled; reached by L. I. R. R. or New York and New London boats.
JOHN K. MORRIS.

THE HALL, Glen Cove, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York. Private beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, golf, boating, bathing, fishing. Large wing absolutely fireproof. Private baths. Opens June 13th. References. Tel. 256 Glen Cove.
PROSPECT HOUSE,
Shelter Island Heights, L. I.
Opens June 27.

NEW YORK—Dutchess County.
Spend the Summer in the Clouds
2,000 Ft. Elevation. 100 miles from city.
CRAGSMOOR INN
High-class mountain inn, 100 miles from city; large, private park, broad verandas; suites with private baths and sleeping porches; guaranteed milk; ABSOLUTELY NO CANNED FOODS; all amusements; references required.
Season June 10 to October 1. Address
R. D. Compton, Cragsmoor, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Millbrook.
MILLBROOK INN
MILLBROOK, N. Y.
SPECIAL RATES JULY AND AUGUST
Also Hotel Hawthorne, 70 W. 49th St.

NEW YORK—Sharon Springs.
PAVILION HOTEL AND COTTAGES,
Sharon Springs, N. Y., open June 24th. The White Sulphur Springs and bathing establishment opens May 12. Folders sent free.
J. H. GARDNER & SON, W. H. CRAIG, Lessees.

RESORTS.
NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

The Catskill Mountains
The high altitude, romantic scenery, green fields, towering crags, native grandeur, wildwood charm, attractive hotels, boarding houses, farm houses, trout streams, popular walks, drives, parks and the purest and best air in this historic, picturesque and healthful paradise, are the attractions that increase its popularity each year as a Summer resort.
THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R.R.
reaches all points in this mountain sanitarium and great pleasure ground, and in connection with West Shore R. R., operates through trains, including Pullman service.
The RIP VAN WINKLE EXPRESS leaves Cortlandt Street 12:40 noon, West 42d Street 1 o'clock P. M., daily except Sunday.
Steamers of the Hudson River Day Line make direct connection at Kingston Point with afternoon trains for all points in the mountains.
The Summer time schedule for season of 1914 will go in effect Sunday, June 28th.
Ticket agents of West Shore R. R. will sell excursion tickets from New York to all points on Ulster and Delaware R. R. at one fare for round trip, account of Decoration Day, giving an opportunity to select your Summer home. These tickets will be good for going trip May 29th and 30th, and good for return trip until June 1st, inclusive.
The annual illustrated book with revised map of the Catskill Mountain section, also map showing the great Ashokan Reservoir, and containing corrected list of over 1,000 hotels and boarding houses, will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.
N. A. SIMS, General Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

"The World-Famed View"
CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE
OPENS JUNE 27. ALTITUDE 2,250 FT.
Electric lights, steam heat, modern plumbing, pure spring water. Canoeing, Tennis, Garage, Orchestra. Dancing. Afternoon Teas.
Special weekly or season rates for guests arriving before July 4.
City Booking Office with Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
GEORGE H. BEACH, Manager,
AT CITY BOOKING OFFICE.

"New" GRAND HOTEL
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS, Altitude 2,500 ft.
Opens June 25. New Management.
15 to 20 degrees cooler than N. Y. City. Scenery unequalled. Hay fever and mosquitoes unknown. Perfect sanitary and hygienic conditions. Cuisine and service the standard of excellence. Superior grill and rathskeller. Reasonable prices. Magnificent Ball Room; perfect dancing floor. Symphony orchestra; dancing afternoon and evening; lady and gentlemen instructors. Free daily tea dansants; prizes awarded. Golf, tennis, billiard, pool, bowling tournaments. Special rates for families. Transients $4 a day and up.
HARRISON S. DOWNS, Prop. Tel. Col. 3320.
At Hotel Ansonia, Broadway & 73d St., N. Y.
"Most Modern Equipped Hotel in the Catskills."

THE REXMERE
Stamford-in-the-Catskills
Open June 25. Finest Hotel in the Catskills. Golf, Tennis, Boating. New Swimming Pool. Garage. 100 Rooms; 40 Bathroom Suites. Booking Office, 1,180 Broadway. Tel. 4748 Mad. Sq. C. W. PECK, Proprietor.
Half Rates Over Decoration
GLENBROOK HOTEL, Shandaken, N. Y.—Select now for Summer vacation. Catskill's choicest spot. Booklet. Single fare pays round trip on West Shore.

NEW YORK—Fisher's Island.
Mansion House
Fisher's Island, N. Y.
off New London, Conn.
OPENS IN MAY.
ALWAYS COOL
Seashore and Country.
SOUND and OCEAN Boating, bathing, fishing.
fine roads; golf, tennis; orchestra; very accessible.
Large addition; many suites with bath.
EXCLUSIVE PATRONAGE.
A most desirable place to spend the Summer. Absolutely healthful; excellent water. We raise our own vegetables, milk, cream and poultry.
Diet kitchen for young children. Certified milk.
WM. F. INGOLD, Manager.
18 W. 25th, at B'way. Phone Mad.—2606.

NEW YORK—Thousand Islands.
Most Fascinating Resort in America
Murray Hill Hotel,
MURRAY ISLE, N. Y.
Heart of the Thousand Islands.
Modern hotel. Five hundred feet veranda, 18 feet wide, facing shaded lawn and St. Lawrence River.
Yachting, fishing, motor boating, fine bathing beach, golfing, tennis, dancing. Attractive rates. Open June 25, management.
FRANK M. ROGERS.
Until June 15th, make reservations 1,123 Broadway, Room 210.

NEW YORK—Lake Mahopac.
Dean House
LAKE MAHOPAC, PUTNAM CO., N. Y.,
OPENS MAY 29.
Old-established Summer Resort, pleasantly located, commodious lawns, running to lake; fine shade trees. Good Accommodations for Automobiles. Booklet.
A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.
Mt. Meenahga House & Cottages
An estate of 700 acres in the Shawangunk Mountains, 100 miles from New York. Elevation 1,500 feet. Miles of walks and drives. Golf, tennis, bowling, etc. Open fires, steam heat, baths.
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Opens June 10th. Illustrated booklet.
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VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
9th season; 45 minutes of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres; park and lawns; 500 ft. elevation; 10 mintues from station; capacity 150. Own dairy and vegetable garden; all outdoor and indoor sports; now open; Spring rates $8 & up; reservations rapidly being made for Summer. Phone 1165 White Plains. Booklet.

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Maple Lodge,
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Bungalows and cottages to rent; high-class cuisine; golf, tennis, and all Adirondack attractions. Mrs. A. Goldman, until June 15, 616 West 114th St. Phone Morningside 5643.

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ON OTSEGO LAKE, Cooperstown, N. Y.
Booking office, The Dakota, 1 West 72d St., New York. See this column Sundays.

NEW YORK—Lake Champlain.
Westport Inn
Westport, on Lake Champlain, N. Y.
Cottage for rent. $19.00 week up.
Booklet.
H. P. SMITH.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.
The Chodikee Lake Hotel and Bungalows
Highland (Ulster Co.), N. Y. A refined resort for accommodation of families or individuals. Useful activities or play for child and adult. Unusual table. Perfect sanitation—running water in each room. *Surrounded with the charm of decency.* Most reasonable terms. Booklet.

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Mount Desert
ON THE MAINE COAST
It has well been called the Island of a Thousand Wonders.
An island--but filled with great mountains.
Matchless Sea-Views
and the deep woods.

Brilliant Bar Harbor; also such perfect vacation spots as Southwest, Northeast and Seal Harbors. World-famous yachting.
Every summer sport and gayety. Luxurious hotels; also smaller hotels and boarding-houses at moderate rates.
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Write or call
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171 Broadway, Room 210,
New York, N. Y.
NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD R. R.
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PENNSYLVANIA—Pike County.
Elevation 1,600 feet. Capacity 350.
FOREST PARK HOTEL
ON FOREST LAKE.
FOREST PARK, PIKE COUNTY, PA.
Three hours from N. Y., on D., L. & W. PACKARD CARS from station. In 2,000-acre Park. Finest Bathing, Boating, Fishing, Tennis, and Baseball. Dancing afternoon and evening; concert daily, excellent orchestra, perfect ballroom. Trophies for dancing and tennis. Cafe. Rooms with or without private bath. Bachelors' rates. Ideal motor trip. Garage. Ownership management.
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37 Broadway, New York. Rector 2859.

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Send for Booklet. Philip T. Fulmer.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.
KAMAC INN RIGHT ON THE WATER
BLOCKADE MOUNTAIN,
Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
OVER DECORATION DAY.
SPECIAL TWO-DAY RATE, INCLUDING ROUND TRIP R. R. FARE NEW YORK, $10.00. BOATING, FISHING.
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The leading hotel of Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Now open. Booklet mailed. John Purdy Cope.

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BUCKWOOD INN
Fireproof Home of the
SHAWNEE GOLF COURSE
Address Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa., or 243 Fifth Ave., New York. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9230.
OPENS JUNE 6.

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MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE
MOUNT POCONO, PENNA.
Enlarged, modernized. Private baths, bells, gas, orchestra, dancing. FREE GARAGE. OPENS JUNE 20TH. Booklet. For road map and rates address W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

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Hotel Dennis
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Situated directly on the ocean front, with a view of the Beach and Boardwalk from all public lobbies and many guest rooms. American Plan. Capacity 600. Always Open.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

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Ocean front, in the heart of Atlantic City. Absolutely fireproof. Family and Transient. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. Grill; orchestra; dancing; garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

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On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths; running water in rooms. Orchestra and afternoon and evening dancing.
Reservations now made for Memorial Day.
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Leading High-class Moderate Rate Hotel.
Albemarle Virginia Av., near Beach; elevator; private baths; French chefs; evening dinners. Special Spring rates—$2 up diy.; $9 up wkly. Booklet. J. F. COPE.
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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
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New Clarion Kentucky Ave., 2d House from ocean; elevator to street; open all year. Booklet. S. K. BONIFACE.
Hotel Stanley South Carolina Ave., near Beach. Comfort without extravagance. T. & R. McDonald.

NEW JERSEY—Mount Arlington.
ONLY 1 HOUR FROM NEW YORK.
SPEND DECORATION DAY AT
NEW HOTEL BRESLIN
On Lake Hopatcong, P. O. Mt. Arlington, N. J.
NOW OPEN—THE IDEAL MOUNTAIN HOTEL; ELEVATION 1,400 FT.; CATERING TO DISCRIMINATING PATRONAGE; 300 rooms with hot and cold running water; 100 bath suites—is offering special inducements to those desiring excellent accommodations at moderate rates. Orchestra, dancing, boating, bathing, fishing, golf, tennis, saddle horses, Cafe and Grill. Booklet. Auto maps. JUNE IS PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE. PHONE 1, HOPATCONG. G. FRANK COPE.

NEW JERSEY.
THE NEW JERSEY TOUR,
600 miles of the finest roads along the seashore, through pines and among mountains.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.
THE EDGEMERE
East Orange, N. J.
Thirty minutes from New York, on the Lackawanna R. R. A most up-to-date hotel, run in a high-class manner, at a very moderate cost. This house contains about
125 Rooms with 75 Private Baths
is refined, quiet, and free from noise of trains and street cars; has elevator, roof garden, gymnasium, sun parlors, telephones, and every modern equipment; in fact, it is the highest grade hotel in the State. Send for booklet.
W. H. CULBERT,
Owner and Manager.

NEW JERSEY.—Spring Lake.
The New Monmouth
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Will Open June 20th.
ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES.
Long Distance Telephones.
Canoeing, Sea Bathing, Fishing, Tennis.
Superb 18-Hole Golf Course.
Daily Concerts and Dancing.
Booking Representative Now In Attendance.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.
The Shoreham Fine location. Modern appointments.
E. E. SPANGENBERG, Prop.

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DIAMOND SPRING INN,
Denville, N. J. Ideal for commuters. An hour from New York. Canoeing, fishing, tennis, concrete swimming pool. Saddle horses. Fresh vegetables. A Paradise of real country. Write for booklet. OPENS MAY 29.

NEW JERSEY—Allenhurst.
THE NORWOOD,
ALLENHURST, N. J.
Hotel and cottages. Corlies Ave. and Ocean Road. Block to beach. Select cottage section.

NEW JERSEY—Lake Hopatcong.
Open over Decoration Day.
Lake View House,
Lake Hopatcong, N. J. Dancing, tennis, boating.
P. O. address Mt. Arlington, N. J.
THOMAS R. MOORE HOTEL CO.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.
Select Family Hotel on the Beach.
THE WELLINGTON NORTH ASBURY PARK.
Rooms with bath. Phone 358. B. D. SMITH.
Hotel Thedford 6th Avenue. Overlooking ocean; suite with bath; refined patronage; booklet. HARRY DUFFIELD, Owner and Proprietor.

NEW JERSEY—Belmar.
Hotel Columbia, Belmar, N. J.; directly on the ocean; will open June 27; accommodates 500 guests; elevator. Booklet. Representative at hotel on Decoration Day. Miss Dolbey, Manager.

NEW JERSEY—Chatham.
FAIRVIEW HOUSE,
Chatham, Morris Co., N. J.; over 7 acres in lawns and gardens; all amusements; capacity 150; reasonable terms; booklet. J. E. Beerbower.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.
HOTEL MANOR
Shippan Point on-the-Sound
STAMFORD, CONN.
OPENS JUNE 20TH.
A most exclusive Hotel. Directly on the water. Fifty minutes from New York City. Golf, tennis, bathing and bowling; music; garage; cuisine and service unsurpassed. Special rates to families by the season. For rates and booklet apply to
E. D. DE PUY, Prop.,
Formerly of the Plaza Hotel, New York City.
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OSWEGATCHIE Cottages and Bungalows.
WATERFORD, CONN.
TWENTY MINUTES ON TROLLEY FROM NEW LONDON, CONN.
Combination seashore and country; fine salt bathing, sailing, canoeing, driving, tennis; no mosquitoes; extensive grounds; select family resort; table supplied from best markets and my farm. Open June 1. Send for booklet. Suites with bath. Orchestra and evening dancing. Exclusive patronage.
S. B. MANWARING, Prop.
TOKENEKE INN, Rowayton, Conn.
Within commuting distance of New York. No mosquitoes. Tennis, golf, boating, bathing, fishing. Open May 30. References. Telephone.

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.
EQUINOX HOUSE
MANCHESTER, VERMONT.
OPEN JUNE 15 TO OCT. 15.
New York Office, "THE LORRAINE"
5th Avenue and 45th Street.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.
Maplewood Hotel WHITE MTS.
Maplewood, N. H. Open June to Oct.
N. Y. Office, 1,180 Broadway. Tel. Mad. Sq. 4748.

NEW ENGLAND—Maine.
Maine's Most Pleasant Resort
PEERLESS POLAND
Secure accommodations for the coming season at the attractive
SUMMIT SPRING HOTEL
Every convenience for comfort known to patrons of HIGH-GRADE RESORTS.
Outside Rooms. Private Baths.
Unexcelled Table.
WORLD-RENOWNED SPRING WATER
Nine-hole Golf Course. Tennis, etc., etc.
A. C. BROOKS, Proprietor
Illustrated booklet on application.

For a Satisfying
Spring Outing
Come to BETHEL, Maine
Roads are in good shape and country is budding
THE Bethel Inn
will pleasantly surprise you by its attractive location—luxurious furnishings—perfect appointments—excellent cuisine.
A. W. WEEKS, Mgr.

Bar Harbor, Me.
THE LOUISBURG
Opens July 1st. Every modern comfort. ONE OF MAINE'S LEADING RESORTS. With seashore and country combined. Noted for Cuisine & Service. All out-of-door recreations available. GARAGE FACILITIES. Under personal direction of L. C. Prior. N. Y. Office, 1,180 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 4748.

NEW ENGLAND—Rhode Island.
New Watch Hill House
Also THE COLONIAL
Watch Hill, R. I., A. E. Dick
MOST PERFECT SEASHORE RESORT. EVERY ROOM WITH WATER VIEW. Open early in June; always cool; no flies or mosquitoes. Surf and still water bathing. Modern Dancing. 18-hole Golf Course. Golf School new feature

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3¼@4 per cent. for the best names
Saturday..3½@4 " " " " " "
The quotation is for six months paper.

A New English Work Shoe.

One of the local shoe houses is now offering to the trade a wooden-soled work shoe, imported from England, which is wholesaled at 85 cents. The shoe is said to be especially adaptable for use in dye houses, dairy plants and other establishments where there is considerable dampness. The wood of the sole and heel is protected from wear by an iron rim which runs around the outside edge.

Dinner for Retail Clothing Men.

The A. B. Kirschbaum Company entertained more than 200 retailers of clothing from this city and vicinity at dinner at the Fifth Avenue Restaurant last night. After the dinner the company gave a demonstration in its offices showing how clothing is made, exhibiting all the processes from the shearing of the sheep to the finished product. Instruction in the retail selling of clothing was given also. One thing brought out in the demonstration was that in the average man's suit there are seventeen miles of yarn.

Dress Materials Still Wanted.

Spot trading in Summer fabrics, both cottons and linens, was not overactive in the local dry goods market yesterday, but the morning's mail brought a goodly volume of orders for these goods. Both wash and white goods shared in the demand for cotton fabrics, dainty, sheer effects being especially desired by buyers. Reorders for dress linens were also good from all accounts, and it is thought in the leading houses that if the demand continues to keep up as it has in the last ten days or two weeks the season will make a very creditable showing in the aggregate, despite the slow start due to the unfavorable weather.

Revival of Embroidery?

Novelty is what counts in the lace and embroidery trade, and the houses getting out original ideas from time to time have little to complain of. In the staple lines, however, there is a different story heard and the demand for this class of merchandise is very quiet. The present popularity of organdies, expected to reach its height in the Fall, should mean a revival of the use of embroideries. If such turns out to be the case it will be an interesting example of history repeating itself since the introduction of swiss, similar in many respects to organdy, was attended by a boom in the embroidery business.

Silversmiths More Active.

While the leading houses along Maiden Lane say that business is still far from being really good, it has shown much improvement of late. One of the principal silversmiths very recently received an order for a $5,000 silver service by telephone from Birmingham, Ala., This is the biggest recent sale a TIMES reporter could find record of yesterday on the Lane, reports from other quarters indicating that, while sales have increased in number, there has been no apparent diminution of the conservatism that has been shown by buyers for several months past. The same thing holds true of the purchases of jewelry. The precious stone dealers are experiencing some quiet moments, too.

Silk Trade Is Marking Time.

Business in the silk field is marking time at present pending the appearance of some definite style trend, and, with raw silk at its present figures, most of the manufacturers are glad of the lull. None of them want to commit themselves to any great extent at present prices, and it is said that in some instances looms are being stopped where it is found that buyers are too strongly opposed to the desired advances. This may have a tendency to create a shortage of the most wanted silks later in the season, but the move is said to be necessary to make the buyers realize that they cannot go on getting goods at Spring prices so long as the raw material costs so much. A temporary lull has also come upon the ribbon trade, the principal call in that field being for novelty effects, which are surprising some members of the trade in the way they hold on. Whites are most wanted at the moment.

A Direct Clothing Sale.

Reordering is quiet in the men's wear primary market. The announcement, made by a clothing manufacturer of Rochester, of a sale direct to the consumer of $100,000 worth of merchandise is looked upon by cloth manufacturers as significant of the situation confronting the clothing trade. The movement of selling direct should not, according to factors in the market, become general since the clothiers have been more or less impressed with the necessity of operating along conservative lines and are not making up goods ahead of orders to any great extent. Overcoatings, except the novelty fabrics, have been exceptionally dull. Increased activity in serges, priced on raw material costs three months ago, will mean advances on these staples. So far none is known to have been made recently and this is taken as an indication that what business has been done on these goods has been small.

Delays In Customs Hearings.

Manufacturers, importers, and other merchants summoned to the offices of the Board of United States General Appraisers to testify in tariff controversies complain that frequently they are kept waiting the best part of a day before they are given an opportunity to take the stand. While merchants are required by law to appear after the serving of a summons, they are not paid for their services as witnesses, and many think there should be some method of avoiding the long delays. The board officials said yesterday that after the trial of a customs case begins it is impossible to call more than one witness at a time to the stand there being no choice other than to hold the remaining witnesses for their turns. Another complaint is that merchants asked to go to the offices of the Assistant Attorney General for conferences with Government attorneys often find the lawyers otherwise engaged or at luncheon.

Hides and Leathers Quiet.

Quiet was the keynote in the hide and leather market in the last week, but there was no sign of weakening prices. In the hide market the falling off in the demand for domestic packer hides has been noticeable in the last few days, and this condition has been pretty much shared by the other kinds. In the leather field there has been fair activity in sole leather, but upper leathers for shoes have been none too active. In some instances Fall cutting has been suspended temporarily on uppers, while in others it has been going ahead slowly pending a real awakening of the demand. Upholstery leathers are also dull, the lack of buying activity in the furniture and automobile fields cutting into this business badly. There is a fair business coming from the repair trade, but business from the automobile makers themselves is small at present. While some of the upholstery leather dealers say they are now making little more than their expenses they also say that in April they did not do that much.

Printcloths Continue to Move.

Printcloth trading was very active in this market yesterday, considering the day was Monday. Prices continued firm, with an upward tendency on some constructions. Bids of 5⅝ and 5 11-16 cents failed to bring out any 39 inch 67-72s, the mills holding firm for 5⅝ cents. Some good sales of 39 inch 72-76s were made on contracts calling for delivery into October at 6⅝ cents. Most of the mills, however, are now asking 6 7-16 cents or 6½. Some mills were asking 4⅝ cents for 38½ inch 60-48s, which were strongly held by the others at 4 5-16 cents. Narrow goods, though quiet when compared to wider constructions, were firm on the basis of 3 15-16 cents for 27 inch 64-60s. Fancies were rather quiet, while drills were much that way. Sateens, especially on the lower counts, are well cleaned up now and the market on them is firm at prices ranging from ⅛ to 3-16 of a cent higher than recent quotations. There has been a noticeable stiffening in the prices asked for sheetings, which had for some time been one of the weakest spots in the market. Forty-eight square, four-yard goods, which had been offered at 5¼, are now held generally at 5⅝ cents. Some of the mills have even been refusing 5⅝ and asking 5½ cents.

HER MILLIONS TO CHARITY.

Many Public Bequests In Will of Elizabeth S. Shippen.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25.—An estate valued at nearly $2,000,000 is disposed of by the will of Miss Elizabeth S. Shippen of this city. The Pennsylvania Hospital and Philadelphia and Pottsville Hospitals receive $50,000 each; the University of Pennsylvania $25,000, and Bryn Mawr College $10,000. Twenty hospitals, churches, charitable and other institutions receive $10,000 each, forty-one receive $5,000 each, and fourteen others receive from $1,000 to $2,000 each. Various relatives, friends, and servants receive a total of $54,000. The residue of the estate also goes to charity.

Miss Shippen was a member of a wealthy Philadelphia family whose history dates back to Colonial days. She was about 65 years old when she died.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch offices, 315 Custom House, by giving the number of the item referred to.

13,114. MACHINERY FOR MAKING SOAP, STEARIN, CANDLES, AND GLYCERIN.—A business man on a visit to the U. S. desires to get into communication with Am. mfrs. who can supply him with complete machinery necessary for the manufacture of soap, stearin, candles, and glycerin, the annual production of each item running into large amounts.

13,115 PRODUCE, FRUITS, NOVELTIES, &c—Owing to the establishment of a direct line of steamers between N Y and Black Sea ports, a Russian firm desires to enter into communication with Am firms for the sale of colonial produce, fruits, novelties, &c.

13,116. SHAVING SOAP TINS.—A firm in the United Kingdom is desirous of being put in touch with mfrs. in the U. S. who are in a position to supply a large quantity of shaving soap tins similar to those used by well-known Am. manufacturers.

13,117. TENDERS FOR ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT SUPPLIES.—The various branches of the Argentine Gov. are calling for tenders from time to time for supplies in connection with different undertakings. At the time for submitting tenders is usually too short to allow firms in the U. S. to forward bids, it might be advisable for Am. houses to make arrangements with local firms for representation in such matters. Tenders were recently called for supplying tubing and accessories for well boring, bookcases and filing cabinet sections, tables, chairs, writing desks, paper for postage and revenue stamps, wrappers, envelopes, &c.

13,118. MEAT MEAL AND MEAT CAKE.—A firm in Germany is interested in Am. meat meal and meat cake and would like to get in touch with exporters of these products.

13,119. CONSTRUCTION OF WORKMEN'S DWELLINGS.—A new extensive scheme for the demolition of insanitary property and the rehousing of dispossessed tenants is proposed by the officials of Port Said municipality. An Am. consul reports that application has been made to borrow about $170,000 to purchase lands and erect thereon workmen's dwellings. It is estimated that the buildings will cost about $110,000.

13,120. PUBLIC WORKS IN EGYPT.—The Egyptian budget for the year ending March 31, 1915, provides for an expenditure of $90,000,000. New works for the Coast Guard service will cost $50,000, including the purchase of new launches; $290,000 is allotted for harbor works and lighthouses; there is an increase of $656,000 for the proposed construction of general and ophthalmic hospitals and for the establishment of an eye-inspection service for the national schools; $14,000,000 is provided for the department of public works, including $5,000,000 for drainage and irrigation; $655,000 for Government offices, $871,000 for sanitary works at Cairo, $497,000 for the construction of bridges and roads. The expenditure on the State railways is estimated at $n2,000,000, and included the construction of new lines and bridges, railway stations, buildings for the staff, &c. Provision is also made for improvements in the telephone service, pneumatic tubes, &c., construction of army barracks, and other works of lesser importance.

13,121. MACHINE TOOLS.—The Agent General for Victoria, Melbourne Place, Strand, London, W. C., England, will receive bids until July 15 for various machine tools to equip the Ballarat and Bendigo workshops, Australia. Specifications, &c., may be had on application to the consulting engineers, John Coates & Co., Ltd., 115 Victoria Street, London, S. W., England.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

City.

FRANK & SASS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Frank and Max Sass, who compose the firm of Frank & Sass, importers of diamonds and jewelry, 45 John Street, by these creditors: L. Stern & Co., $500; Herman Baum, $361, and Baumgold Brothers Company, $734. Judge Mayer appointed Robert S. Conklin receiver; bond $2,500. The liabilities are $26,385 and assets between $5,000 and $7,000. Creditors want the importers to explain an approximate shortage of $66,000 between their statement of January, when they claimed a surplus of $40,804, and their condition now, showing, it is said, a large deficit.

A. M. CROFTS COMPANY, manufacturer of women's walking hats, 29 West Thirty-eighth Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $11,132 and assets of $7,340. Among the creditors are Ralph Wilson, $6,036, and George Legg, $1,030.

HELLER & LIEBOVITZ, jobbers in cotton goods and dress goods, 346 Canal Street, have made an assignment to James H. Clark. The partners are Ben Heller and Harris Leibovitz. A petition was also filed against them yesterday by these creditors: Edith Greenstein, $399; Miriam Teitelbaum, $402, and Christine Schwobel, $186, all on assigned claims.

MacDONALD-HULTIN COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the MacDonald-Hultin Company, manufacturer of jewelry at 102 Fulton Street, by these creditors: August Purper, $157; Edmund R. Nebeling, $60, and Henry Martin, $1,430.

JACQUES WOLFNER.—A petition has been filed against Jacques Wolfner, dealer in furs, cloaks, and suits, 136 West Thirty-fourth Street, by these creditors: Felix Prince, $750; Max Kass, $37, and Albert N. Kantrowitz, $103. The liabilities are $12,000 and assets $5,000.

KESSLER SILVERBERG.—A petition has been filed against Kessler Silverberg, sometimes known as Charles Silverberg, of 32 East Broadway, by these creditors: Kingston Silk Company, $254; Morris Rosenblatt, $216, and Emanuel H. Bornstein, $50. Judge Mayer appointed Nathan M. Abramson receiver to serve without compensation. The liabilities are $4,000 and assets $400.

CARMEL OIL COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against Isidore Kopelovitz, Fannie Zabludowsky, and Anna Rappaport, doing business as the Carmel Oil Company, 114 East 110th Street, by these creditors: Wolf Kosowsky, $39; Harlem Bottle Company, $124, and Morris L. Kaplan, $360. The liabilities are $1,000 and assets $400.

MOSES HAAS, salesman, of 800 Riverside Drive, formerly in the millinery business, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $18,111 and assets $9,000, in a claim for breach of contract. Among the creditors are the Union Exchange National Bank, $11,000, and Maison Maurice, $1,200.

HYMAN LEFOW, cutter, of 796 East 160th Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities $2,139 and assets $376.

P. NITKE & SON.—Judge Mayer has confirmed a composition of Paul Nitke, doing business as P. Nitke & Son, dealer in leather remnants, 476 West Broadway, with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar, payable in four notes of 5 cents each in six, twelve, eighteen, and twenty-four months. The liabilities were $18,824.

FRANK ROSENSTEIN.—Judge Mayer has appointed Emil Fuchs receiver for Frank Rosenstein, dealer in glassware and crockery, 452 Grand Street. The assets are $4,500 in stock accounts. There are fifty creditors, and the receiver was appointed to protect the assets pending consideration of an offer of settlement at 25 cents on the dollar.

ROBERT STUART METAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 141 East Twenty-fifth Street, has filed schedules, which show liabilities $17,857 and assets $21,826.

KUPFERSCHMID MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS, Inc., of 195 Chrystie Street, has made an assignment to Julius J. Klein. A. Kupferschmid is President and Louis B. Samuels Secretary.

SOLOMON BLURDER, liquor dealer, of 205 Eldridge Street, has made an assignment to Louis Friedman. It is said he owns the building 205 Eldridge Street, valued at $50,000, and mortgaged for $39,000.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

FULTON, N. Y.—The Battle Island Paper Company; voluntary petition filed; liabilities, $1,075,764; assets, $2,041,425. The assets include a claim against the State for $1,800,000.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Bradford, Samuel D.—O. N. Williams, $2,433.
Bodker, Albert J.—Mitchell Vance Co., $104.
Burbar, Hudson H.—S. S. Long & Brother, $176.
Belmont, Raymond—E. L. Belmont, costs, $203.
Bacer, Ernst L.—Rice & Hutchins Baltimore Co., $1,840.
Bodker, Albert J., and Herbert A. Wheeler—Mitchell Vance Co., $447.
Buckley, John J.—J. J. Dunne, $117.
Bailey, Eva S.—M. R. Crouch, $127.
Baker, Willett B.—H. Baer, $240.
Benesch, Adolph B.—National Nassau Bank of New York, $354.
Cohen, Lena, and Louis Spiegel—People, &c., $500.
Campbell, William J.—Julius Kessler & Co., $124.
Cohen, Sol—H. Bernstein et al., $147.
Connelly, Edw. T.—Automatic Ticket Selling and Cash Register Co. of New York, $217.
Davenport, William J.—S. de Caballero et al., $347.
David—Charles T.—C. Archambault et al., $120.
Deitchman, Annie—L. Batlin, $240.
Doelger, Joseph—A. N. Leonhardt, $227.
Doelger, Joseph—J. M. Haffen, $332.
Feld, Mayer—J. Rosenblum, $569.
Gatens, Joseph F.—Renault Selling Branch, $271.
Heineman, Isaac—W. H. Wheels, $1,104.
Hart, Mamie and John—People, &c., $500.
Houser, Joseph—H. Bloempot, $117.
Haines, Frances W.—Twelfth Ward Bank of City of New York, costs, $280.
Halpern, Jacob and Lena—S. Abraham, $1,154.
Keller, Lawrence H.—McCreery & Co., $289.
Keppler, Carl R.—C. C. Wilson, $113.
Kutz, Abraham—M. Finesteone, $414.
Keating, Robert—Simon Bros., $189.
Laciar, Robert J.—Jackson Motor Co., costs, $927.
Levy, Hartense—Stern Bros., $198.
Levy, Florence—Same, $179.
Middleton, Arthur W.—E. Bright, $821.
Makler, Michael—F. E. Peters, $167.
Mulvihill, Matthew—H. Ruger, $112.
Meyersburg, Adolf—L. Schacht, $178.
Mulligan, Lawrence, and Patrick H. Sullivan, executors—W. Fox, $31,554.
McDonough, B. Joseph—E. A. Gillespie, $886.
McGowan, Thomas—L. Morgan, costs, $175.
O'Neill, Francis—City Steam Laundry, $165.
Ornstein, Leo—A. Paul, $222.
Perkins, Randolph—L. C. Schilep, $1,357.
Power, Mary H.—J. Cleary, $146.
Phelan, Katherine—Lawyers Mortgage Co., $519.
Patterson, James D., and Jacob L. Mincer—Alois Kohn & Co., Inc., $113.
Ramm, Kate—J. J. Felin & Co., Inc., $211.
Runk, Wm. S.—U. S. Metal Products Co., $2,498.
Rosenblatt, Herman—E. C. White, $328.
Steinberger, George E.—J. E. Berry et al., $158.
Seacomb, Charles M.—F. F. Mahler, $100.
Schehl, Lelia—Bamberger-Stern Co., $115.
Seidman, Abraham—F. Strobing et al., $1,336.
Swiezig, Adolph—Mt. Steinaker & Brown and Chas. M. Schwartz, costs, $107.
Thompson, Chas. S.—Elk Realty Co., $265.
Tuschel, Gustav—C. Brencher, $428.
Vivaco, D. Fabian and Dora—W. C. Finger, $194.
Vetter, Catharine, and Michael H. Harris—M. I. Murphy, $1,406.
Webster, Edgar S.—N. M. Mahoney, $3,470.
A. B. Baker Co., Inc.—People, &c., $100.
Assets Realties Corp. and Wm. H. Foss—M. Kech, $240.
Caulwell-Wingate Co.—H. G. Vogel Co., $3,761; 621 B'way.
Greenwood Supply Co.—People, &c., $250.
Liberman Dairy Co.—Same, $500.
Same—Same, $550.
175th St. and Third Av. Corp.—East River Savings Institution, $140.
Same—Same, $224.
South Shore Acres, Inc.—H. W. Martin, $767.
Star Co.—Prest Co. costs, $579.
Same—R. Dirks, costs, $166.
Tiber Building Corp. and Michael Confort—L. Levine, $146.

In Bronx County.

Auner, Jacob—H. Schereshevsky, $270.
Doelger, Joseph—J. M. Haffen, $332.
Lehne, Jordan Lord & Taylor, $100.
Mahoney, Eugene P.—J. McCaffrey, $282.
Radoff, Sam—M. Dolgenas, $113.
Unionport Construction Co.—L. F. J. Welher, $535.

Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Judge Mayer in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

HERBERT G. ANTHES, Building Inspector, New Rochelle; liabilities, $8,469.
NEAL FARNHAM of Mount Vernon, President of the Farnham Sand Blast Company; liabilities, $14,424.
SAMUEL and GINSBERG, cloaks, 64 East Eleventh Street.
MAX HOLTZER, cloaks, 2 West Fourteenth Street; liabilities, $77,694.
EDWIN H. JONES, salesman, 50 Church Street; liabilities, $79,229.
SAMUEL KLEIN, 29 West Seventeenth Street, formerly cloak manufacturer; liabilities, $40,238.
HARRY LEVINE, clothing, 332 Seventh Avenue; liabilities, $6,068.
JACK P. MANTELL, salesman, 146 West Ninety-fifth Street; liabilities, $1,410.
GEORGE W. NEBLE, butcher, White Plains; liabilities, $667.
G. STANLEY NICCOLI, jeweler, Middletown; liabilities, $1,585.
JOHN G. PANOS, florist, 2,024 Lexington Avenue; liabilities, $4,927.
THEODORE F. PEVEAR, 251 Fourth Avenue; liabilities, $8,312.
W. H. RICHARDSON, fireman, 505 Wendover Avenue; liabilities, $2,791.
DAVID ROBINSON, 617 West 113th Street; liabilities, $4,126.
MAX RUBIN, painter, 432 West 160th Street; liabilities, $177,000.
LOUIS SCHNEIDER, clerk, 36 West 114th Street; liabilities, $6,249.
JOSEPH J. THEIL, men's furnishing goods, 1,524 Third Avenue; liabilities, $4,814.
MORRIS WEINBERG, costumes, 153 West Fourteenth Street; liabilities, $24,452.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Madan Lace Realty Co.—W. H. Hays et al., Dec. 15, 1910, $57,937.
Same—Same, Nov. 4, 1912, $185.
New York Transportation Co.—A. Leven, April 6, 1912, $1,144.
Rofsky, Harris—M. Rosenberg et al., May 4, 1914, (vacated,) $817.
McAlpin, Emma R., or Mrs. David Hunter McAlpin, 2d—W. Maloney, Nov. 26, 1913, (reversed,) $291.
Ashbrooke, John T.—Midwood Sanitarium, June 10, 1909, $117.
Cohen, Maurice—J. M. Wager, Jan. 13, 1914, $2,182.
Same—B. F. Wager, Jan. 13, 1914, $500.
Calder, Fred V., Joseph H. Nassoit, and R. Leonard Lanning—J. B. Wiley, April 30, 1914, $108.
Tinet, Harry—H. S. Guggenheim, Feb. 17, 1913, $532.
663 and 665 Broadway Co.—E. Higgins, May 13, 1914, $1,483.
Powell, Harry W.—Germania Life Insurance Co., Jan. 23, 1913, (cancelled,) $4,874.
Barth, Marie G.—Allwin Realty Co., June 20, 1913, (canceled,) $489.
Granite City Soap Co.—Rockefeller Soap Co., May 5, 1914, $250.
Globe, Maxim S.—A. Stone, Oct. 7, 1913, $188.

In Bronx County.

Mooney, Thomas J.—H. S. Hotaling, Feb. 18, 1914, $114.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Rubber Club of America, in answering Referendum No. 7 of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, has put itself on record as opposed to the creation of an interstate trade commission. More than 200 prominent concerns manufacturing rubber goods are represented in the club, as well as many prominent sellers of crude rubber.

The second luncheon meeting of the Fifth Avenue Association to consider the subject of false advertising and kindred mercantile practices will be held today at the Park Avenue Hotel at 12:45. F. P. Murphy of the Mark Cross Company and Louis Wiley will be the special speakers. Paul J. Bonwit and Robert Grier Cooke will render brief reports telling of the work that has been done and of plans immediately to be made effective. Mr. Bonwit is Chairman of the Vigilance Committee.

According to a report received by THE TIMES yesterday, E. G. Parks, formerly connected with The Fair, Chicago, is now in the employ of Hillman's, that city, as general assistant to H. M. Hillman in the ready-to-wear departments.

A special meeting of the United Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers of New York will be held Monday evening, June 1, at the Hotel Martinique. The establishment of a credit bureau and credit indemnity insurance will be among the matters discussed.

S. & A. Stern of 91 and 93 Fifth Avenue will be closed all day Saturday during the months of July and August. Other houses in the embroidery and lace line are expected to do the same.

RECORD SULPHUR OUTPUT.

311,590 Tons Last Year Worth $5,479,849—Gaining on Sicily.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Sulphur production in the United States in 1913 was the largest in the history of the industry, being 311,590 long tons, valued at $5,479,849, according to a report of the Geological Survey issued today. The output was 8,118 long tons greater than that of 1912 with an increased value of $223,427.

The States producing the sulphur were Louisiana, Texas, and Wyoming. The United States, according to the survey, is rapidly gaining on Sicily, which leads the world in sulphur production, with an output in 1913 of 346,213 long tons.

Production of sulphuric acid in the United States in 1913 was 3,538,890 short tons of 50 degree acid, valued at $22,366,482, an increase of 662,980 short tons over 1912.

WINDELL FOR CLANCY'S POST

Yonkers Man Said to Have Strong Backing for Wardenship.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 25.—John B. Riley, Superintendent of Prisons, said this evening that he had not decided whom he would appoint as Warden of Sing Sing Prison to succeed Mr. Clancy. He said that John T. Windell of Yonkers had the backing of Michael J. Walsh, State Committeeman, and other Democrats of Westchester County, but that he was merely seeking the best man for the place. Thomas H. McCormack is still being considered by him, as is also Richard J. Chatfield of Great Meadow Prison.

Mr. Riley says he will be in no hurry to fill the place because the affairs of the prison are running satisfactorily.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Babbitt & Co.; G. D. Babbitt, furn. goods; Collingwood.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Fearey & Son; P. Fearey, shoes; Park Av.
BALTIMORE—J. E. Hurst Co.; A. C. Lamsboch, upholstery goods; 15 E. 26th., Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; E. Wyzansky, jobs wash dresses, skirts; Miss M. Gasser, jobs wash waists; Miss B. Cohen, jobs corset covers, house dresses; 1,199 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Wolf, cloaks, suits; 33 W. 34th.
BALTIMORE—Leon Kahn & Co.; H. Standauer, cloakings; 884 B'way.
BALTIMORE — Cohn-Coblens Co.—Miss J. Ormes, corsets, muslin underwear; 1,195 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Moritz, Witz & Co.; M. Witz, cotton piece goods; Breslin.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Silverstein Bros.; H. Silverstein, Fall dresses; 1,133 Bway.
BOSTON—R. H. Stearns Co.; L. S. Root, silks; C. W. Conklin, cloaks, suits; W. F. Finlayson, laces, hosiery, gloves; 45 E. 17th.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co., Mr. Johnson, men's clothing; Mr. Miller, boys' clothing; (basement buyers;) Mr. Smith, infants' children's, junior coats, dresses, corsets, petticoats; Mr. Ring, costumes, dresses; Mr. Schroeder, muslin underwear, kimonos, dressing sacques; Mr. Cooper, ladies', misses' coats, suits; Mr. Silberman, ladies', misses' skirts; Mr. Child, millinery; Mr. Bradley, mens', boys' furnishings; Mr. Koenigstal, men's, boys' clothing; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss F. H. Bell, laces, trimmings, ribbons; 60 W. 33d.
BOSTON—R. H. Stearns & Co.; L. S. Root, silks, velvets; 45 E. 17th.
BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss J. L. McCluskey, dresses; 31 Union Square.
BUFFALO—P. Murray Co.; P. Murray, men's, women's furn. goods; Broadway Central.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; J. J. Sullivan, domestics, flannels; B. C. Burlingame, linens, white goods; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; R. B. Adam, representing; 2 Walker.
BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; W. Mutter, domestics, wash goods; 214 Church; Prince George.
BUFFALO—Hunt & Kent; I. B. Hope, boys' clothing, hats, caps, furn. goods, gloves; J. W. Gallop, ribbons; 220 5th Av.
CHICAGO—French Dress Co.; M. Batavia, skirts, petticoats, children's dresses; 34 W. 27th.
CHICAGO—F. Herzog & Co.; J. Batavia, Fall silk waists; 43 W. 27th.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. L. Deare, underwear, shirts; Miss M. B. Clemens, women's coats, wraps; Miss H. Eider, underwear; Miss A. McCollum, women's suits; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Charles A. Stevens & Bros.; Stedman Willard, suits; 40 E. 22d St.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; H. L. Bernbaum, cloaks, suits; 15 E. 22; Knickerbocker.
CHICAGO—The Fair; T. J. Madden, ladies' neckwear, laces, embroideries; 225 4 Av.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; R. E. Bernhard, millinery, neckwear; 58 W. 23d.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; Miss Klimist, furs; Miss Nicol, fancy goods; G. H. Warhurst, men's furnishing goods, hosiery; Mrs. Hunt, merino underwear; 114 5th Av.
CHICAGO—The Fair; T. J. Madden, ladies' neckwear, laces, embroideries; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Gage Bros. Co.; S. J. Rizzoli, hats; 11 W. 32d.
CHICAGO—Lewis, muslin, laces; Albert.
CHICAGO—Nahigian Bros.; S. H. Nahigian, carpets, rugs; Breslin.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; L. Cohen, cloaks, suits; 621 B'way.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; L. Jenninsche, representing; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. H. Holmes, furn. goods, hats; 15 W. 20th.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; W. M. Williams, ladies' neckwear; W. R. Bettcher, silks; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Miss E. Hoag, underwear, petticoats, infants' wear; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Mandel Brothers; F. L. Mammoser, furs; Miss Elden, mail order department, underwear, waists, children's dresses; Mr. Hartman, mail order department ready to wear; A. Moffatt, cloaks, suits, (basement;) Miss E. Doherty, costumes; 15 E. 22d.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; F. L. Harwood, women's apparel; 220 5th Av.; Hotel McAlpin.
CLEVELAND—Scott-Grigks Co.; P. J. Dolt, notions, gloves, ribbons, laces; 4 W. 22d.
COLUMBUS—M. J. Federman; Koch Melonson, jobs silk, cotton dresses, skirts, &c.; 11 E. 26th.
COLUMBUS — Morehouse-Martens Co.; M. Morehouse, dry goods; Collingwood.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; J. D. Mason, dry goods; 15 E. 26th.
DAYTON—F. G. Steely Co.; C. C. Grubbs, hats; Herald Square.
DES MOINES—Lederer, Strauss & Co.; S. M. Shloss, untrimmed hats; 621 B'way.
DES MOINES—Harris-Emery Co.; W. Gerber, ready-to-wear; 60 W. 33d.
DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; H. B. Scott, cloaks, suits, waists; 200 5th Av.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; Mrs. E. Jenkins, cloaks, suits; 20 W. 22d.
DETROIT.—Himmelbach Bros.; H. Himmelbach, clothing; Claridge.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. L. Webber, domestics, flannels; 50 Union Square.
DETROIT—Edson, Moore & Co.; H. J. Phelps, domestics, prints; 51 Leonard.
DULUTH—F. A. Patrick & Co.; P. N. Bissonette, prints, linens, dress white goods; 43 Leonard.
EVANSVILLE—Andres Co.; N. E. Lefeboro, ready-to-wear; 60 W. 33d.
FREEPORT, Ill.—Williams & Beckmire; A. F. Williams, ladies', children's wear; Bwy Central.
FORT WORTH—H. C. Meachusen Co.; H. C. Meachusen, general mdse., 333 4th Av.; Hoffman House.
FORT WORTH—W. C. Stripling; W. K. Stripling, clothing, furn. goods; 396 B'way; Hoffman House.
HARRISBURG—The Globe; W. Strouse, clothing; Claridge.
HUDSON, N. Y.—Marsh & Bochman Co.; B. B. Marsh, notions; Longacre.
INDIANAPOLIS—E. Rains, dry goods; Claridge.
INDIANAPOLIS—Selig D. G. Co.; S. L. Hahn, dresses, waists; 116 W. 32.
KANSAS CITY—Smith-McCord-Townsend D. G. Co.; A. B. Hestwood, domestics, flannels, blankets; 72 Leonard.
KANSAS CITY—Burnham-Munger-Root D. G. Co.; J. W. Sherlock, ready to wear; 43 Leonard.
KNOXVILLE—Anderson-Dulin-Varnell Co.; Mr. Ramsey, ladies' ready-to-wear; 39 W. 32d.
LINCOLN—Famous Merc. Co.; A. Bryon, cloaks, suits, dresses; 212 5th Av., Wallick's.
LITTLE ROCK—Less & Aransen Co.; E. Less, ladies' and men's ready to wear, notions, laces, underwear; 72 Leonard.
LOS ANGELES—Brownstein, Louis, Co.; H. W. Louis, mfg. dept. shirts, shirtings; T. G. Nottage, men's furnishing goods; 72 Leonard St.
MAHONEY CITY, Penn.—R. Guinan & Co.; R. Guinan, carpets; Albert.
MEMPHIS—B. Lowenstein & Brothers; J. A. Moss, wash goods, linings; 22 E. 17th.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; Miss F. Pazor, jewelry; B'way and 32d.
MILWAUKEE—Blumenfeld-Lochir Co.; Miss Claret, trimmed hats; 640 B'way.
MILWAUKEE—T. A. Chapman Co.; A. Poss, cloaks, suits, skirts; Claridge.
MINNEAPOLIS — Herbert-Pearce Co.; H. Pearce, cloaks, suits, waists; 69 5th Av.; Gregorian.
MUNCIE, Ind.—Keller Co.; H. J. Keller, clothing, furn. goods; Lochow.
NASHVILLE—D. Loveman, Berger & Titelbaum; S. W. Berger, cloaks, suits; 148 West 23d.
NEWBURG, N. Y.—Mr. Berger, dresses, waists, and wash skirts; 12 W. 33d St.
NEW ORLEANS—Leon Fellman; Chas. Meyer, carpets, rugs, mattings; 43 Leonard.
NEWPORT, R. I.—M. J. Doran & Co.; Miss E. C. Wollsord, cloaks, suits; McAlpin.
NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; Miss R. Barber, laces; 60 W. 33d; Gregorian.
NORWICH—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; J. H. Galligan, laces, neckwear, vellings; 55 Wilber; Hermitage.
NORWICH—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; J. A. Quinn, men's clothing; 55 White.
OGDENSBERG, N. Y.—Randles Mfg. Co.; C. D. Randles, piece goods; Park Av.
OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; W. E. Reidy, dry goods; W. C. McKnight, hosiery; 1,261 B'way.
PARIS, France—Annette Waist Co.; Miss A. Kuttner, waists; McAlpin.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg Bros.; Miss Parness, jobs, dresses; 71 W. 23d.
PHILADELPHIA—Silverman & Son; S. B. Koeffler, laces; W. Silverman, cotton, woolen goods; 7 W. 22d.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg & Berg; B. Berg, Miss Gilegfield, Fall suits, dresses; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss A. Nagle, cloaks, suits; Mrs. A. L. Wilkinson, skirts; Miss Neuman, dresses; Miss E. Evans, waists; Miss Dixon, ladies' cloaks, suits, (basement;) Miss Turner, misses' children's coats, suits, (basement;) Miss N. W. McCann, misses' cloaks, suits; C. M. R. Whitely, linings; Miss L. Avery, ribbons; G. Dunn, underwear; Miss Carroll, 1,199 B'way; Walter, jewelry; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; E. Bohn, leather goods; J. Scammell, books; E. Goldman, merchandise manager; Miss B. Ramsey, infants' wear; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Mrs. G. Savidge, furs; B'way & 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Kirschbaum & Co.; M. A. Ellerman, clothing; 1,134 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; D. Goldsmith, millinery; S. L. Coleman, millinery; 116 W. 32d; Collingwood.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg & Berg; B. Berg, Summer dresses; Miss K. Glickafield, jobs silk dresses; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss Monahan, untrimmed millinery; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufman Dept. Store; J. C. Solomon, boys' clothing; L. Schwarz, muslin underwear, negligee, waists; Miss Cohan, millinery; Miss M. Gibian, waists; Al. Kuehn, ladies' dresses, suits; Miss Ward, children's, junior, misses' graduation and colored dresses; J. Glauber, shoes; L. M. Keller, jobs boys' wash suits, wash pants, ladies' coats; 200 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; J. F. Carroll, laces, embroideries, handkerchiefs; Miss Hogan, ladies' neckwear; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kolb Bros. & Hulsman; G. L. Kob, silks, ribbons; Claridge.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; J. M. Winters, dresses, skirts; 116 W

NEW TREASURY RULE HITS LOCAL BANKS

Concerns Express Charges on Notes Sent In for Redemption and Returned to Issuers.

SHIPPER TO BEAR EXPENSE

Recent Regulation and Another Believed to be Steps In an Effort to Check Redemption.

National bankers of this city are stirred up over a new ruling of the Treasury Department which will tend to increase their expense in doing business. The order of the Treasury, which was dated May 9, but did not arrive here until a few days ago, had to do with the express charges on national banknotes sent to Washington for redemption. Under the new rule a bank which ships in the bills must bear the cost of reshipping to the issuing bank such of its bills as are found fit for further circulation. The issuing bank has borne this charge heretofore.

The Bank of New York was the first institution to be affected by the change. In the regular routine of business last week a big batch of currency issued by a score or more of national banks of the West and South was expressed to Washington for redemption. As was customary, the Treasury Department made payment in the form of a Treasury warrant, but the transaction differed from others of similar sort in that a deduction was made from the amount called for by the face value of the currency. It was explained that a charge had been made for distributing to the several interior banks their notes which could again be used in circulation.

The Bank of New York had not been aware of the change in the rules, and a letter was written at once protesting to the Treasury Department against the additional expense. Offices of other national banks of the financial district said that the shifting of the charges from banks of issue to others which merely acted as agents in having notes redeemed would greatly increase the operating expenses of banks in New York, and they were waiting for a full explanation from Washington.

New York banks have correspondents in all parts of the country, and banknotes not needed, temporarily, in business and trade come pouring into the vaults of the institutions here in the slack periods of the year. It is estimated that fully 60 per cent. of the banknotes sent to Washington for redemption go from New York banks and the expense to the local national banks will be greater than that of the rest of the country.

The national banks, naturally, desire to exchange a part of the vast inflow of banknotes, which are not good as reserve, for currency bearing the stamp of the Government. The movement of national bank currency from banks of the larger cities to Washington is constant. There it is sorted over, the dilapitated bills are removed and replaced with new ones, and these, with notes which are still good for circulation, are sent to the issuing banks.

It has been the custom to keep record of notes received and distributed to the proper owners and to collect monthly from the banks of issue the cost of shipping their currency. As a bundle of small bills aggregating $100,000 is not an unusual consignment, it may be seen that the express charges are considerable.

The financial district believes that one purpose of the Treasury Department in making the ruling is to check redemptions. The extent to which the country's national bank notes travel to and from Washington may be grasped from a glance at the daily statements of the Treasury. On May 21 the total of outstanding national bank currency was $751,062,016, and in the fiscal year to that date $637,701,647 had been redeemed.

At about the same time the new order was issued by the Treasury authorities another was made by the Controller of the Treasury which affected particularly the small institutions of the far corners of the country. It read, in part:

Hereafter all incomplete national bank currency issued by this office will be sent direct to the bank of issue instead of to correspondents in reserve cities or other banks, as in some instances has been done in the past.

Many banks of the interior had been accustomed to have their notes put into circulation by a correspondent situated not far from Washington, thereby saving the cost entailed in sending the notes from the Treasury ostensibly themselves. The bank notes were received by the correspondent banks complete except a signature or two, and after these were added by an engraver from a prepared die the currency was ready for circulation wherever it might first be put out.

The Controller stated in the order that it was made "to lessen the abnormal frequency of redemptions."

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education at its meeting tomorrow probably will take action on the reports of its Special Committee on Ungraded Classes and its Sub-committee on Vocational Guidance.

A special committee appointed by President Churchill is considering the matter of closer co-operation between the Board of Education and the local School Boards.

James J. Riley has been appointed as a clerk in the Bureau of Supplies, Department of Education, his transfer from the Board of Water Supply having been approved by the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

The Board of Education has approved the award of contracts for furnishing and delivering supplies for vacation schools, playgrounds, evening recreation centres, and high and elementary evening schools for the year ended Dec. 31, 1914.

Permission has been granted to the social recreation centre connected with the evening recreation centre conducted in Public School 63, Manhattan, to continue its work for four evenings a week until July 1.

The dramatic societies of the Girls' and Boys' High Schools of Brooklyn will appear in "The Stubbornness of Geraldine" at the Majestic Theatre in that borough on Friday and Saturday evenings.

Pupils of the Newtown High School will appear in "Les Deux Timides" in the school auditorium on June 5.

The Jamaica Training School will hold an "Old Home Day" celebration on June 6.

Dr. B. R. Buckingham, Principal of Public School 86, Queens, is being congratulated by his friends on his success in the recent examination for Chief Statistician of the Department of Education. Of the fourteen men who took the examination only three passed, and Dr. Buckingham stood first on the list.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BAUERNFREUND, BABETTE, (Jan. 17, 1906,) estate of unestimated value to Amelia Cohn, Sarah Abrams, and Rosie Wollman, daughters.

FRANK, SARAH, (May 15,) more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty; uncomputed amounts to Milton L. Frank, son; Carrie F. Veith, Milly F. Mayer, Nettie L. Frank, and Aline S. Frank, daughters, and Marjorie Veith and Grace Mayer, granddaughters; $10,000 to Helen Kohlman, sister; $1,300 to the Salem Fields Cypress Hills Cemetery Ass'n; $1,000 each to Arthur and Milton Lindheim, and to the United Hebrew Charities, Mt. Sinai Hospital, Montefiore Home, Hebrew Orphan Asylum, and the Hebrew Infant Asylum; $500 each to Serena Hurst Saidee Gensberg, Martin Gensberg, Helen Eluthe, Rose Baumblatt, grandniece; the Policemen's Relief Fund and the Firemen's Relief Fund; $1 to Birdie Cook, daughter.

HOWLETT, CLARENCE L., (May 1,) about $500 realty to Mabelle H. Howlett, wife.

SAGE, EMILY S., (May 13,) more than $10,000 personalty; $250 to Kensico Cemetery; uncomputed amounts to Emily A. Sage, mother; Edward and Warren Sage, brothers; Adeline B. Vail, sister, and Warren M. Sage, Lizzie H. Sage, Edward W. Sage, Elise Sage, Elisabeth Shedwick, Ethelinda Horton, and Virginia O. Wiltsie.

SCHEIDER, JOSEPH, (Mar. 4, 1904,) estate of nominal value to Louise Scheider, wife.

SCOTT, ANNA LOUISE, (May 16,) less than $10,000 personalty in life estate to Graham Scott, son.

SHERMAN, REBECCA, (Nov. 19, 1913,) $5,879 personalty; $2,000 to Bernard Sherman, son; $1,289 each to Nancie Cohen and Sadie Kriska, daughters; $1,000 to Charles Werner; $300 to Simon Werner.

SORGE, JULIUS, (Mar. 23, 1913,) about $1,400 personalty in minor bequests to relatives and friends.

TUTOR, GEORGE, (Apr. 25,) $500 personalty to Andrew G. Tutor, son.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Pressure remains high over the Atlantic and Gulf States and low along the northern border from the great lakes westward. This distribution has resulted in a general rise in temperature over the region of the great lakes, the Ohio Valley, and the Middle Atlantic States, and the warmest weather of the season thus far prevails over much of the country east of the Rocky Mountains.

Moderate temperatures are reported from the Rocky Mountain region and the Pacific Slope. During the last twenty-four hours there were local showers and thunderstorms along the northern border from New England to the Pacific Coast and in Northern California.

In other parts of the country the weather remained fair.

Indications are that generally fair and warm weather will prevail Tuesday and Wednesday over much of the country east of the Rocky Mountains, although somewhat lower temperature is probable in the Northwest.

Partly cloudy weather with moderate temperatures will prevail Tuesday and Wednesday over the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh south and southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh south and southwest; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south except east on Florida Coast.

FORECASTS TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Fair and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday warmer; fresh southwest winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and continued warm Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate south and southwest winds.

Western New York—Generally fair and continued warm Tuesday and Wednesday; strong southwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	32	57	4 P. M.	71	69
6 A. M.	54	57	6 P. M.	69	71
9 A. M.	63	70	9 P. M.	64	72
12 M.	70	71	11 P. M.	62	70

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 64; for the corresponding date last year it was 62; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 62.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 62; at 8 P. M. it was 72. Maximum temperature, 72 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum, 57 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 71 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 77 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.36 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.20 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
1:15—2,426 Walker Av.; Thos. Dermody	$25
2:45—219 W. 80 St.; not given	$5
4:40—317 E. 9 St.; Sam'l Bokholtz	$50
6:25—227 E. 51 St.; Edwin Ereckson	$20
8:50—776 10 Av.; M. Simons	Slight
9:05—110 St. and Manhattan Av.; elevated station	Slight
10:30—321 E. 121 St.; Jacob Hemmelstein	Slight
P. M.	
1:00—37 Stanton St.; Beaker Bros.	Slight
2:20—2,021 Boston Road; Carlo Deangelio	$50
2:35—235 W. 50 St.; J. T. Mackey	Slight
2:55—Boston Rd & Prospect Av.; O. S. Gude & Co.	Slight
4:45—425 W. 53 St.; Charles Low	$50
4:55—189 St. & 3 Av.; N. Y. Billposting Co.	Slight
5:20—712 Columbus Av.; not given—	Slight
5:55—226 E. 100 St.; Louis Simon	Slight
7:30—469 W. 164 St.; Harry Harris	Slight
7:30—295 W. 150 St.; Thos. Jordan	Slight
7:30—102 St. & Col. Av., D. McNamara	Slight
8:20—539 9 Av., M. Kurfman	Slight
8:40—22 E. 102 St.; Louis Crownfield	Slight
9:35—4 E. 54 St., W. S. Moore	Slight

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers: Capts. J. C. Peterson, 149 to 151; Edward Gallagher, 151 to 171; F. A. Tierney, 158 to 149. From prects. indicated to 169: Samuel Hammond, Jr., 39; L. F. Sharkey, 65; Mtd. Sergt. B. F. Byrne, 66; Sergts. T. J. McCormick, 32; D. J. Barry, 146; Peter Dondero, 63; Chas. Sheridan, 150; Mtd. Patrol. H. D. Milner, 171; Patrol. C. S. Corbett, 4; J. R. O'Brien, 4; F. J. Flanagan, 10; H. C. McManus, 4; J. F. Shea, 5; W. A. McClaury, 12; S. I. Goldberg, 14; Frederick Hollk, 14; W. A. Loughlin, 18; J. J. O'Brien, 22; W. Wilson, 23; Frank McNulty, 24; W. P. Murphy, 23; P. J. Foley, 22; Frederick Bauer, 23; T. J. Leonard, 36; J. D. Persico, 23; C. J. Luzinski, 35; J. P. Lynch, 33; P. J. Murphy, 23; C. J. Goodyear, 38; Gustave Brock, 38; J. W. Lake, J. P. Marx, and E. B. Tallman, 39; Charles Hannemann, 65; J. J. Daly, 144; F. L. Cantwell and John Sweeney, 145; F. J. Connell, A. E. Kehoe, J. A. O'Keefe, and Isaac Steier, 147; J. H. Griffin, J. A. Mee, and J. R. Tynan, 148; W. H. Hough, 149; F. P. King, 150; M. J. Dinselbacher, 152; Henry Howard, 153; Thomas Kenny, 164; James Brown and Jacob Kaminsky, 165; J. T. Peacock, 167; Emmett Ghiggeri, 171; G. J. Folsey, 172; Francis Kane, 277; C. T. Fitzgerald, 37; J. T. Palmeran, 38; Hugh McGrade and C. F. Pokorny, 39; P. L. Grosso, 43; W. H. Cannon, 66; J. A. Thompson, 144; John McCarthy, 145; E. F. Wetteroth, 146; J. J. Fitzgerald, J. P. Lyons, and J. M. Gallagher, 147; J. J. Clare, J. P. Larkin, and Otto Schmuck, 148; G. D. Hammond, Jr., and W. I. McDorald, 149; T. J. Mulligan, 150; J. T. McGann, 152; M. J. Wall, 161; W. C. Rosendale, 164; J. J. Hubman, 165; J. J. Coleman and Otto Rutherford, 167; T. J. Downes and J. J. Mannion, 172; J. B. Mitchell, 171 to 149; E. J. Long, Det. Div., to 2., Act. Det. Sergt., second grade, revoked.

Temporary assignments: Capt. Thomas Palmer, 171, to Com.'s office; Act. Det. Sergt. (second grade) M. A. Batto, Det. Div., to Dist. Atty.'s office, Bronx, for 5 days; Patrol. H. H. Marks, 29, to 12 Insp. Dist. for 10 days; J. J. Ellis, 161, to 1 Insp. Dist. for 10 days. To Det. Div.: D. C. Miller, 38, for 10 days; J. J. Kennedy, 275, for 10 days, detailed to Dist. Atty.'s office, Queens. For 10 days from prects. indicated: W. E. Kirk, 14; Samuel Dribben, 143; Morris Grossman, 35; Julius Cohen, 145; John Dondero, 36; James McCarthy, 144; Louis Ross, 170; John Glba, 63; N. Gassman, 146; Matron Mary A. Sullivan, 13, to 6 Insp. Dist. for 10 days; Act. Det. Sergts. (first grade) R. F. Oliver and J. A. Watson, 2, to Manhattan Headquarters for 10 days. To Det. Div. from prects. indicated for 15 days: Gustavis Riley, 2; J. F. Shevlin, 12; J. P. M. Griffith, 23; Ralph Micelli, 2; J. E. Murphy, 23; Act. Det. Sergts. (second grade) S. J. Taczkowski, 21; Stephen Birmingham, 5; S. P. Gorman, 29; R. A. Fennelly, 157, and Herman Meyer, 63, to Manhattan Headquarters for 10 days.

Discontinued—Lt. T. J. Daly, 146, to command 149.

Leaves of absence without pay—Patrol. A. Harris, 1, 1 day; Max Isaacson, 1, 1 day; Edward Shaughnessy, 149, 1 day; J. F. Donahue, 161, 1 day; Anton Kinzler, 164, 1 day.

Fines—Sergt. T. W. Kennelly, 169, improper patrol, 10 days; Patrol. A. J. Webb, 152, improper patrol, 5 days; E. J. Smith, 172, could not be found on post, 20 days.

Death reported—Sergt. Patrick Sullivan, 167, on May 25.

Fire Department.

Leave of absence for 5 days—B. H. Fay, H. & L. 101, prior to his resigning.

Resigned—B. H. Fay, H. & L. 101; effect May 28.

Detail—G. K. Burns, H. & L. 7, to Chief of s Battalion, as driver.

As a special Board of Location and Assignment of Apparatus—Chief John Kenlon, Deputy Chiefs Thomas Lally, Joseph B. Martin, John Binns, and Thomas R. Langford.

This board will make a study of the present distribution of men and apparatus and report in what districts motor apparatus now in service, or to be placed in service in the near future, can be used to the best advantage; whether with the present motor equipment now in the department, or with the equipment to be purchased this year, any readjustment of the company district boundaries is possible, and whether by increasing the radius of operation of motorized companies any reduction in the number of existing companies can be made.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has decided not to approve of the reassignment to duty by the President of Queens of Anthony L. Stacom as assistant foreman. He was granted an extended leave of absence without pay. His leave expired Nov. 10, 1913, but owing to the general lay-off of the laboring forces during the Winter months, Stacom was not returned to work until April 30, 1914.

The commission has denied the request of the Superintendent of Buildings that the name of H. E. Slade, who is third on the list of Engineer Inspectors, be certified for appointment at $1,500 a year.

The commission has approved the action of the President of Queens in reassigning to duty Walter G. Eliot as assistant engineer at a salary of $1,800 a year. An indefinite leave of absence had been granted to him in order that he might accept appointment as Commissioner of Parks, Queens.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces for June 1 an open competitive examination for assistant chemist, for men only, to fill a vacancy at a salary ranging from $1,800 to $3,000 a year in the Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior, Pittsburgh, Penn. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on undergraduate education and training, graduate education, experience, and fitness, publications. An educational training equivalent to that required for graduation in chemistry or chemical engineering from a college or university of recognized standing, and two years' graduate work or two years' experience in electro-chemistry or chemical engineering, are prerequisites. Applicants must not have reached their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:37|Sun sets..7:20|Moon sets..9:23

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:20	8:37	2:22	2:10
Governors Island	8:28	8:48	2:58	2:28
Hell Gate	10:18	10:38	4:38	4:18

Arrived—Monday, May 25.

SS Caledonia, Glasgow, May 16.
SS Prinz F. Wilhelm, Bremen, May 16.
SS Stampalia, Naples, May 13.
SS Minneapolis, London, May 16.
SS Ultonia, Naples, May 13.
SS Saxoleine, Bordeaux, May 12.
SS Laura, Algiers, May 13.
SS Canada, Palermo, May 13.
SS Ocean Prince, Shields, May 9.
SS Buffalo, Hull, May 7.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, May 23.
SS Com. di Giorgio, Port Antonio, May 19.
SS Myra Fell, Fowey, May 9.
SS Bayamon, Ponce, May 11.
SS Mexico, New Orleans, May 21.
SS Obidense, Port Antonio, May 20.
SS Queen Helena, Rosario, April 29.
SS Antilles, New Orleans, May 20.
SS El Oriente, Galveston, May 19.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Kaiser Wilhelm II.	Bremen	May 19
Corozal	Porto Rico	May 20
Santiago	Manzanillo	May 19
Moltke	Palermo	May 14
United States	Christiansand	May 19
Hesbaye	Antwerp	May 10
Pastores	Port Limon	May 19
Vederland	Antwerp	May 16
Potsdam	Rotterdam	May 16
Santurce	Porto Rico	May 20
Cristobal	Colon	May 19
City of Savannah	Savannah	May 21
San Jacinto	Galveston	May 20
Lenape	Jacksonville	May 23

DUE TOMORROW.

Olympic	Southampton	May 20
Louisiane	Bilbao	May 15
Berlin	Gibraltar	May 18
Etonian	Antwerp	May 13
San Giorgio	Naples	May 14
Inca	Huelva	May 11
Kansas City	Swansea	May 12
Argentina	Trieste	May 12
Prinz Sigismund	Kingston	May 21
Cassell	Bremen	May 14
Saratoga	Havana	May 24
Algonquin	Turks Island	May 22
Alamo	Mobile	May 19
Bovic	Manchester	May 15
Huron	Jacksonville	May 24
El Mundo	Galveston	May 21

DUE THURSDAY.

Russia	Libau	May 15
Patris	Patras	May 13
Star of Australia	Barry	May 16
Caroline	Havre	May 16
Almirante	Kingston	May 23
Antilla	Progreso	May 20
Momus	New Orleans	May 23

DUE FRIDAY.

Baltic	Liverpool	May 21
Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	May 16
Principello	Rotterdam	May 16
Madonna	Naples	May 16
Alfred Nobel	Hamburg	May 14
Italia	Palermo	May 15
El Sud	Galveston	May 23
Philadelphia	La Guayra	May 16
City of Montgomery	Savannah	May 26
Mohawk	Jacksonville	May 26

DUE SATURDAY.

Lorraine	Havre	May 23
St. Louis	Southampton	May 23
Kalserin Aug. Victoria	Hamburg	May 23
Toronto	Hull	May 15
Pancras	Para	May 18
Matura	Trinidad	May 22
Lampasas	Galveston	May 23

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Vaterland, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mauretania, Liverpool	2:30 P.M.	6:00 P.M.
El Norte, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	——	1:00 A.M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	——	1:00 A.M.
Pergensfjord, Bergen	——	2:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

France, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Florizel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Zulia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Harmonides, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verona, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Luristan, Cardenas	——	12:00 M.
San Marcos, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Josey, Sagua	——	12:00 M.
Comus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Alliance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Virginia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Europa, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Euriname, Belize	3:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Batavia, Hamburg	——	3:00 P.M.
Bremen, Bremen	——	10:00 A.M.
Celtic, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica	——	10:00 A.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Valle, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Maracas, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Seguranca, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Jan Van Nassau, Haiti	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Laura, Trieste	——	2:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Olympic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Prinz Friederich Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Saratoga, Havana	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vandyck, Barbados	9:00 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
Pastores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prinz Sigismund, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Metapan, Port Limon	——	10:30 A.M.
Stampalia, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Canada, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Oriente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAY 25.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen to New York, was 606 miles E. at 9 A. M.; due 29th, afternoon. North German Lloyd.

SS Cassel, Bremen to New York, was 685 miles E. at 12:15 A. M.; due 27th, forenoon. North German Lloyd.

SS Bovic, Manchester to New York, was 579 miles E. at 12:10 A. M.; due 26th, late. White Star Line.

SS United States, Copenhagen to New York, was 395 miles E. at 7 A. M.; due 26th, forenoon. Scandinavian-American Line.

SS Vaderland, Antwerp to New York, was 292 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 26th, forenoon. Red Star Line.

SS Etonian, Antwerp to New York, was 320 miles E. at 7 A. M.; due 26th, afternoon. Phoenix Line.

SS Argentine, Trieste to New York, was 526 miles E. at noon; due 27th, forenoon. Austro-American Line.

SS Principello, Rotterdam to New York, was 1,112 miles E. at 12:20 A. M. Uranium Line.

SS Olympic, Southampton to New York, was 739 miles E. at 1:40 P. M.; due 27th, forenoon. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Santiago, Guantanamo to New York, was 310 miles S. at noon.

SS Olinda, Nipe Bay to New York, was 67 miles S. at noon.

SS Sixaola, Port Limon to New York, was 5 miles S. of Cape Gracias at noon.

SS Prinz Sigismund, Kingston to New York, was 469 miles S. at noon.

SS Colon, Cristobal to New York, was 614 miles S. at noon.

SS Antilla, Progreso to New York, was 285 miles S. at noon.

SS Maracas, Trinidad to New York, was 11 miles N. of Cape Henry at 8 P. M.

SS Vesta, Sabine to New York, was 420 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Pastores, Limon to New York, was 89 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS El Cid, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 6 A. M.

SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 90 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 168 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, was 140 miles S. at noon.

SS Cristobal, Cristobal to New York, was 213 miles S. at noon.

SS Coamo, San Juan to New York, was 246 miles S. at noon.

SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, was 28 miles E. of Sabine at noon.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 107 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, was 641 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 116 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Lampasas, Galveston to New York, was 526 miles E. of Galveston at noon.

SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 260 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Shidzuoka Maru.....May 28

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Persia.....May 28

Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport..May 31

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia (except West) and specially addressed mail for New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Ventura.....June 4

Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Canada Maru.....June 4

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Lusitania, at Fishguard, May 25.
SS Columbia, at Glasgow, May 25.
SS Calabria, at Leghorn, May 25.
SS Minnehaha, at London, May 25.
SS Oscar II., at Copenhagen, May 25.
SS Caribbean, at Bermuda, May 25.
SS Prins Maurits, at Molena, May 25.
SS Baron Napier, at St. Vincent, May 24.
SS Raphenfels, at Malta, May 24.
SS Kathiamba, at Tientsin, May 25.
SS Ioannina, at Gibraltar, May 22.
SS Venezia, at Marseilles, May 23.
SS Oruba, at Southampton, May 25.
SS Floride, at Havre, May 22.
SS Idaho, at Hull, May 24.
SS Aros Castle, at Durban, May 25.
SS George Washington, at Bremen, May 24.
SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, at Cherbourg, May 25.
SS Korona, at St. Thomas, May 25.
SS Finland, at Dover, May 25.

Sailed.

SS Saxonia, from Gibraltar, May 24.
SS Pancras, from Barbados, May 23.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, from Boulogne, May 24.
SS Kioto, from Shanghai, May 21.
SS Grosser Kurfuerst, from Bremen, May 23.
SS Karema, from Perim, May 24.

Passed.

SS Patria, New York for Marseilles, passed Gibraltar.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. May 28, SS Philadelphia.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. May 29, SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, and at 5 P. M. June 1, SS Kaiser Wilhelm II.

France—Close at 5 P. M. May 28, SS Philadelphia.

Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. June 2, SS Ultonia.

Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. May 29, SS Vaderland.

Greece—Close at 12 M. June 15, SS Patras, and at 5 P. M. June 15, SS Barcelona.

Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. June 2, SS Ultonia.

Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. June 1, SS Potsdam.

Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 4, SS United States.

Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. May 26, SS Bergensfjord.

Italy—Close at 5 P. M. May 26, SS Verona, and at 11:30 A. M. June 2, SS Moltke.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Shanghai, May 2; Yokohama, May 9; Honkong, April 30, and Manila, April 30—which arrived per steamer Japan, were dispatched east from Seattle on May 20, and mails dated Auckland, April 27; Wellington, April 27; Melbourne, May 1; Sydney, May 2, and Honolulu, May 15, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Ventura, were dispatched east on May 21.

These mails are due in New York on the mornings of Monday, May 25, and Tuesday, May 26, respectively.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, April 18; Hongkong, April 21, and Yokohama, May 6—which arrived per steamer Shidzuoka, were dispatched east from Seattle on May 21, and are due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, May 26.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, April 25; Manila, April 27; Yekohama, May 9, and Honolulu, May 16—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Hongkong Maru, were dispatched east on May 28, and are due in New York on the morning of Thursday, May 28.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Orders May 20 is so amended as to direct Maj. M. L. Walker, C. E., to report to the Supt. Mil. Acad. on Aug. 22 instead of Aug. 24.

Orders April 29 relating to 2d Lts. D. S. Lenzner and L. R. Cole, C. A. C., revoked.

2d Lt. D. S. Lenzner, C. A. C., 11 Co., Aug. 15, to the U. S., and to Coast Defenses of the Columbia at Ft. Stevens, Ore.

2d Lt. F. R. Sessions, C. A. C., 108 to 11 Co., Aug. 15, and sail for Manila about July 5.

1st Lt. R. E. Boyers, inf., attached to the 5 Inf., is assigned to that regiment.

2d Lt. J. W. Heard, 10 to 14 Cav.

Orders Feb. 20 are amended as follows: Col. G. K. Hunter, 7 Cav., from that regt. June 1 to the U. S., and report to Adjt. Gen. for further orders.

Special orders Feb. 20 as relieves Col. J. Lockett, 11 Cav., from that regiment, to take effect June 1, is revoked.

Leaves: 1st Lt. C. L. Beaven, M. R. C., 10 days; 1st Lt. J. H. H. Scudder, M. R. C., 10 days.

Navy Orders.

Com. A. W. Hinds, temp. duty Navy Dept., Wash.

Lt. Com. H. H. Royall to Nav. Sta., Great Lakes.

Lt. B. Barnette to the Tennessee.

Surg. F. L. Benton, rec. ship Norfolk, to Pensacola, Fla.

P. A. Surg. W. H. Connor, Nav. Hosp., Boston, to the Isla de Luzon.

P. A. Surg. J. S. Mears to Nav. Train. Sta., St. Helena, Va.

Asst. Surg. F. H. Bowman, M. R. C., to Nav. Hosp., Boston.

Paymaster A. A. Wise, Jr., the Delaware, June 4, to Nav. Sta., Cavite, P. I., via transport July 5.

Ch. Carp. P. Sarsfield, the Kentucky, to navy yard, N. Y.

Pay Clerk C. A. Miley appointed to the Montana.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Annapolis at Guaymas; Lawrence at La Paz; Hopkins and Truxtun at Mazatlan; Raleigh at Manzanilla; Albany at Arista, Mexico; Cyclops at Lambert Point; Stewart at La Paz; Hercules at Norfolk; Birmingham at Vera Cruz; Supply at Guam, and the Jouett at Vera Cruz.

Sailed—Trippe, Galveston for Vera Cruz; Hancock, Vera Cruz for Galveston; Mars, off Charleston for Vera Cruz; Justin and South Dakota, Manzanillo; Paul, South Carolina, Vera Cruz for Key West; Osceola, Guantanamo for Charleston; Machias, Guantanamo for Puerto Plata; Nereus, Hampton Roads for Vera Cruz, and the Patterson, Vera Cruz for Boston.

The commander of the First Div., At. Fleet, has transferred his flag from the Florida to the Arkansas.

The Uncas has been ordered to convoy the G-4 to Newport, and then to Boston and convoy the K-1 and K-2 to N. Y.

The South Carolina ordered from Vera Cruz to Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo, via Key West. The vessel's mail address is now "In care of the Postmaster, New York City."

The Birmingham, Dixie, Patterson, Henley, Warrington, Drayton, Paulding, Trippe, Burrows, Ammen, Fanning, and Beale have been ordered from Mexican waters to their respective "home" yards for overhauling. The Cassin, Cummings, Jenkins, Jouett, and Jarvis will remain in Mexican waters for the present. The Iowa, Indiana, and Massachusetts will proceed east of commission at the navy yard, Philadelphia, May 25, and detached from the At. res. fleet.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BULLOWA, ALFRED L. M., (Oct. 14, 1910;) net estate, $99,865; 226 E. 97 St., $12,000, (mtge. $11,000;) 311 and 313 E. 108 St., $25,000, (mtge. $16,000;) 311 E. 106 St. $17,000, (mtge. $13,000;) 310 and 312 E. 122 St., $20,000, (mtges. $21,000;) 1,684 Park Av., $17,500, (mtge. $14,000;) 1,688 Park Av., $17,500, (mtge. $14,000;) 446 W. 40 St., $513,500, (mtge $9,000;) int. in 521 E. 15 St., valued at $13,000; $1,750; int. in 130 W. 134 St., valued at $23,000, $3,000; int. in 303 W. 118 St., valued at $23,500, $3,000; int. in 126 7 Av., valued at $36,500, $6,125; int. in 450 Greenwich St. and 437 Washington St., valued at $34,000, $4,000; int. in 522, 524, 526, 526½, and 528 Broome St., valued at $60,000, $5,475; int. in 55 Thompson St., valued at $16,500, $1,500; int. in 240 and 242 Spring St., valued at $35,000, $1,650; int. in 209 Spring St., valued at $13,500, $800; int. in 46 E. 66 St., valued at $50,000, $5,200; total realty less taxes, &c., $52,853; bank, $17,700; bonds and mtges., &c., $27,885; stocks and bonds, $29,467; bonds, $2,000 Armour Co.; stocks, 100 shares Atchison, 100 U. Pac., 25 Ray Cent., 20 Lib. Sq. Realty Co.; office furniture, $350.

DAY, MARY BRATENAHL, (Jan. 9, 1914;) net estate, $39,827; 27 W. 128 St., $7,800, (mtge. bank, $6,020;) furniture, $1,037; silverware and

DECLARES AGAINST THE TRUST BILLS

Merchants' Association Directors Urge Postponement of Those Before Congress.

WILL NOT HELP BUSINESS

Report of a Special Committee Shows Objectionable Nature of Proposed Legislation.

The Directors of the Merchants' Association have adopted a report on the anti-trust legislation now before Congress urging that the enactment of laws on the subject be postponed until the next session and that, in the meantime, the bills proposed be submitted for discussion by the people of the country. The report was made by a special committee consisting of Henry R. Towne, Chairman, and W. H. Childs, W. M. Giadding, Gilbert H. Montague and Waldo H. Marshall. This committee held many and prolonged meetings and added to its report appendices reviewing the provisions of the Clayton and Newlands bills.

At the outset the committee deprecates the effort to rush legislation of so vital a character without affording the many whose interests will be seriously affected an opportunity "to understand intelligently what is proposed, to study the probable effects in their infinite ramifications and to formulate and express their views and wishes." To this the committee adds:

"With even more profound concern we note that these proposed new laws bristle with measures designed to regulate, to control and to repress the activities of industry and commerce, but embody little or nothing that is constructive or helpful, or which indicates even the desire to foster and promote the welfare of American industry and American commerce.

"The proposed laws embody provisions designed to release organized labor from certain obligations of law to which all other classes must yield obedience and, simultaneously, to impose on all organized business relating to industry and commerce, if in corporate form, new obligations, new restrictions and new penalties. Such laws would give new freedom and immunity to one class, while imposing new obligations and restrictions on other classes, which latter provisions, while aimed at corporations, would re-act, inevitably and unfavorably, upon all of their employes, that is, upon labor."

The development of the corporation and its value in advancing industry and trade are referred to and the question is asked whether it is just or expedient to punish or cripple all corporations because some have abused their opportunities. Co-operation, the committee says, has become the greatest and most potent factor in progress, individual and national. It is encouraged by most, if not all, other nations, notably by Germany, whose progress in industry and commerce during the past generation is one of the marvels and whose 'system of "Kartels," or trade agreements, is not merely permitted by law, but is encouraged and fostered by the Government. In Great Britain, the Privy Council, in the recent Australian collieries case, upheld the view that agreements to regulate commerce, when not operating "to the detriment of the public" are not only permissible but highly commendable.

Next, the committee discusses the purposes the President had in view as shown by his address to Congress on Jan. 20. That seemed to indicate a wish to deal only with "big business." But the laws proposed would cover all corporate business, including "even the young enterprise just started with a capital perhaps of only $10,000 of saved-up earnings and organized as a corporate form for the safety of those dependent on its three or four stockholders." They would impose on all the obligation to submit to unlimited investigation by Government officials vested with inquisitorial authority, and to disclose the most private and confidential matters for record in the public archives, and with the possibility of their ultimate publication. Individuals and partnerships would be exempt from all this, and the result would be to discourage resort to the corporation which has been so great a factor in industrial development. Then, too, no distinction is made whether the operations of a corporation result to the benefit or detriment of the public.

The committee approves in principle the provisions relating to interlocking Directorates and to railroad financing, "provided the law is fairly framed to control the evils which it is sought to correct," and it also approves the suggestion that corporate misconduct should involve punishment for the individuals responsible therefor. To this it adds, however, this proviso:

"We deplore the proposal to enact new 'definitions' of the Sherman Law of 1890, thereby undoing the work of twenty years and reopening questions already determined by our highest judicial tribunal. The sufficiency of that great act to regulate commerce among the several States, and to forbid conspiracy in restraint of trade, is established beyond dispute. Most, if not all, of the misdoings of 'big business' can be cured or controlled under its broad provisions as already interpreted by the decisions of the Supreme Court. To enact amendments or interpretations of that law now would necessitate many more years of distressful waiting for the new uncertainties thus created to be solved by the courts."

So far as the country has been heard from, says the committee, it has expressed its disapproval of the proposed Trade Commission, and there is nothing in the bills referred to showing a purpose of helping to foster or promote the welfare of industry or commerce. While they are pending, according to the committee, "the country waits, under the pall of uncertainty, business halts, and the unemployment of labor increases. * * * Manifestly, Congress is not yet sufficiently informed to deal with it wisely. Admitting that legislation on this subject is needed and is desired by the country, we submit that it is vastly more important that it shall be sound, sane, and helpful than that it shall be enacted quickly with the almost inevitable result that it will then need correction and amendment, thus involving indefinite prolongation of the existing uncertainty."

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NO. 19,356.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN ALTMAN and MAX SOKOLOFF, individually and as copartners trading as ORIENTAL LACE CO., Bankrupts.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1914, the said Benjamin Altman and Max Sokoloff, individually and as copartners trading as Oriental Lace Co., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1914, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
May 25, 1914. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 19,766.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York, in Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EASTERN SUPPLY CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Eastern Supply Co. of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1914, the said Eastern Supply Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1914, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, consider an offer of composition of twenty per cent. cash, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
May 25th, 1914. Referee in Bankruptcy.

B. & M. NOTES DEPOSITED.

Holden Responsive to Extension Proposal—Bankers Sure of Success.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 25.—The result of the deposit of Boston & Maine notes under the extension plan will not be definitely known for several days. The time limit set for deposit was 2 o'clock today, and the depositary, the Old Colony Trust Company, has been so flooded with deposits that the count has not been completed.

The bankers for the road express considerable optimism regarding the success of the extension programme. A member of one firm largely interested in the extension states that of all the holders with whom his house has communicated only one has refused.

The large banks in Boston have either signified their intention to deposit or have made actual deposits. Their example is being followed by the smaller banks.

One of the leading interests handling the extension says:

"I take this extension effective there must be deposited a substantial portion of the notes. I will not undertake to define what substantial portion means numerically. But the plan could not be a success with $8,000,000 or $4,000,000 of the notes undeposited. There must be practically unanimity, and I feel that we shall be successful. The deposits have far exceeded my earlier expectations."

Gas Company Increases Stock.

Stockholders of the Consolidated Gas Company voted, at a special meeting yesterday, to increase the capitalization from $100,000,000 to $125,000,000. The additional shares will be retained in the treasury pending the conversion of $25,000,000 6 per cent. debentures into stock at the end of three years after issue. The bonds will be put out as soon as the Public Service Commission approves.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

The May position showed strength throughout the day on small offerings and covering, but the later months were lower, closing at ¾c to ¾c decline, after nervous fluctuations. The European markets were rather heavy, owing to larger world's exports, which amounted to 13,608,000 bushels, compared with 13,728,000 bushels last week and 16,864,000 bushels last year. Advices on the Spring wheat crop in the Northwest were of a generally favorable nature.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $1.05¾, cost, insurance, and freight, New York; new No. 2 red, 93¾c; July shipment, cost, insurance, and freight; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.03¾, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.05, free on board, afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
May	.....	..	106	106	101¼
July	.....96 7-16	96	96¼	96¼	99½
September	.....	..	93⅞	93⅞	97⅝

CHICAGO PRICES.

May	 98	97¼	97⅝	97⅛	92¼
July	..... 87⅝	87	87¼	87½	91⅜
September	..... 86⅞	86	86⅝	86¼	90½

CORN.

Final quotations were ½c net higher to ⅝c lower. World's exports were 3,013,000 bushels, as compared with 4,242,000 last week, and 5,465,000 last year.

In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 81⅝c, c. i. f.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.....69¼	68¾	70⅛	70	56⅝
July	.....68¼	67¾	67⅞	68¼	58⅜
September	....66½	65⅞	66⅛	66¼	58⅛

OATS.

At the close prices were ⅛c to 1¼c net higher. The local cash market was steady, standard white being quoted at 46¼c to 47c; No. 2, 47c to 47½c; No. 3, 46c to 46½c; No. 4, 45½c to 46c; ordinary clipped white, 46c to 48c; fancy clipped white, 47½c to 49½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.....42¼	41	42¼	41	41⅝
July	40	39½	39⅝	39½	38⅜
September	...38⅞	38⅛	38⅝	38¼	37⅞

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was easier under active selling. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 56,000; estimated for Tuesday, 12,000. Kansas City received 8,000 and Omaha 6,500.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	.....10.00	9.87	9.87	10.05	11.07
September	...10.15	10.05	10.05	10.20	11.17
Ribs—					
July	.....11.25	11.20	11.20	11.25	11.45
September	...11.32	11.30	11.30	11.35	11.25
Pork—					
July	.....20.17	20.00	20.12	20.10	20.10
September	...19.85	19.77	19.82	19.90	19.70

COTTONSEED OIL.

Cottonseed oil was relatively steady, closing at 2 points advance to 1 point net decline.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	.....	..	7.08@7.18	7.00
May	.....	..	7.06@7.17	7.00
June	..... 7.10	7.09	7.11@7.14	7.10
July	..... 7.26	7.23	7.25@7.26	7.25
August	..... 7.40	7.36	7.39@7.40	7.37
September	... 7.44	7.44	7.44@7.46	7.45
October	.....	..	7.15@7.23	7.16
November	.....	..	6.80@6.90	6.75
December	.....	..	6.65@6.75	6.65

COTTON.

There was a sensational advance in May contracts in the local cotton market yesterday, with the price selling up to 13.88c, or $2.50 per bale above the closing figures of Saturday, and 288 points above the low level of last March. The whole list firmed up in sympathy with May, closing steady at net advance of 48 points on the spot month and of 6 to 15 points on later deliveries.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged to ⅛c higher. The local market for spot cotton was steady and 40 points higher at 14.10c for middling uplland; sales, 165 bales; delivered on contract, 300 bales.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	.....13.88	13.45	13.86@13.88	13.88
June	.....	..	12.90@13.00	12.88
July	.....12.88	12.70	12.87@12.88	12.72
August	.....12.72	12.55	12.71@12.72	12.59
September	....12.49	12.35	12.49@12.50	12.39
October	.....12.38	12.20	12.37@12.38	12.29
December	....12.46	12.26	12.43@12.44	12.37
January	.....12.32	12.12	12.29@12.31	12.23
March	.....12.85	12.17	12.33@12.34	12.25
April	.....12.50	12.39	12.53@12.55	12.45

COFFEE.

A steadier tone prevailed in the coffee market, and prices at the close were 3 to 6 points net higher. The Havre market was ¼ to ½ franc higher, and Hamburg was unchanged, to ¼ pfennig advance. The local spot market was inactive but steady, with Rio 7s quoted at 8⅝c.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	.....8.52	8.52	8.50-52	8.44
June	.....	—	8.53-55	8.48
July	.....	—	8.63-64	8.58
August	.....	—	8.73-75	8.68
September	.....8.85	8.83	8.83-84	8.78
October	.....	—	8.90-92	8.86
November	.....	—	8.97-99	8.94
December	.....	—	9.05-07	9.01
January	.....	—	9.11-13	9.07
February	.....	—	9.18-20	9.14
March	.....9.28	927	9.23-28	9.21
April	.....	—	9.30-32	9.26

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 11,164 packages. The little weakness which was shown at the opening passed away and the market became steady. Creamery, extras, 25½@26c; firsts, 24@25c; seconds, 22@23½c; thirds, 21@21½c; creamery, held, 18½@23c; State dairy, finest, 24½@25c; good to prime, 23@24c; common to fair, 19½@22c; process, extras, 20¼@21c; firsts, 19@20c; lower grades, 16@18½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 19@19½c; seconds, 18@18½c; lower grades, 16@17½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 17@17½c; lower grades, 15@16½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 10,375 cases. Trading a little more active. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 22@22½c; storage packed firsts to extra firsts, 20½@21½c; regular packed, extra firsts, 20¼@21¼c; regular packed firsts, 19¼@20c; seconds, 18¼@19c; thirds and poorer, 17½@18c; No. 1 dirties, 17¼@17½c; No. 2 dirties and poorer, 14@17c; checks, good, good to prime, dry, 16½@17c; undergrades, 13@16c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, fine to fancy, 22½@23c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by gathered whites, fair to good, 20½@21c; Western, gathered whites, 20@21c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 22@22½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19½@21½c; duck eggs, State and near by, Indian Runner, 24c; Baltimore, selected, 20@23c; Western, 19@21c; Tennessee and other good Southern, 18@20c.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Calumet Club May Buy Hollins House in Fifty-sixth Street for New Home—Big Park Avenue Deal—Uptown Apartment Sales—Politician's Tract in Queens at Foreclosure.

The Calumet Club, now on the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street, is negotiating for a new home site, and an uptown plot may be selected next week, Wednesday night, at a meeting of the members, which has been called to hear the report of the Committee on Site. It was stated yesterday that among the plots under consideration was the former home of Harry B. Hollins, at 12 and 14 West Fifty-sixth Street, fronting 50 feet on the street just west of Fifth Avenue. Just below, on the avenue, is the University Club, and to the north is the Metropolitan Club, while the new home of the Knickerbocker Club is being erected on the northeast corner of Sixty-second Street. Pease & Elliman, brokers for the Hollins property, stated that it had been offered to the Calumet Club, but that nothing definite regarding the selection could be known until after the club meeting next week.

Bing & Bing Buy on Park Avenue.

Park Avenue furnished another good deal yesterday in which Bing & Bing, who have been active apartment house operators on that thoroughfare, acquired a plot on the east side between Eighty-first and Eighty-second Streets, and plans have been prepared for improving it at once with a twelve-story house. The property acquired includes the three old five-story flats at 951, 953, and 955 Park Avenue, adjoining the southeast corner of Eighty-second Street. The sellers were Adolph Ganzenmuller of 951, the Operating Realty Company of 953, and Mrs. Margaret Calhour of 955. The site has a frontage of 77 feet by 102.2 deep.

George Ranger and John J. Kavanagh acted as the brokers, and Bing & Bing were represented in the deal by Stoddard & Mark, attorneys. The Eighty-second Street corner plot, 25 ft. on the avenue, is owned by the Rexton Realty Company. The buyers are erecting a twelve-story apartment on the southeast corner of the avenue and Eighty-fourth Street.

Enlarges 36th Street Holdings.

The Holland Holding Company, of which Judson S. Todd is President, has enlarged its holdings in Thirty-sixth Street between Seventh and Eighth Avenues by purchasing the four-story house at 220 West Thirty-sixth Street from the D. H. Jackson Company. The plot is 18.6 by 98.9. The buyers owned the three adjoining houses at 233 to 237, and now control a plot fronting 74 feet for which plans are being prepared to erect a twelve-story mercantile building. The plot just sold was acquired by the sellers from Miss Mary L. Whitehead two weeks ago. Goodale, Perry & Dwight were the brokers.

West Side Apartment Deals.

Dr. S. K. Johnson sold through Arnold, Byrne & Baumann the northwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 112th Street, a seven-story elevator apartment house, on a plot 26 by 100 feet, to the Vassar Realty Company, who gave in exchange thirty-eight lots on Fairfield Avenue, in Stamford, Conn. The Vassar Realty Company were represented by Charles Chambers as attorney.

The Brown-Weiss Realties Company has purchased from Alfred Fechelmer the five-story apartment house on a plot 26.4 by 93 by irregular, on the southeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 133d Street. A. Blumenthal negotiated the sale.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Mary C. Hendrick has purchased from the Northern Realty for investment 64 West Ninety-seventh Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 19 by 100.11 feet.

The Brown-Weiss Realties Company purchased from Julius Elaskey the old three-story dwelling, on a lot 22.8 by 80 feet, at 92 Sixth Avenue, adjoining the southeast corner of Eighth Street.

Louis Schirag has sold for the Banda estate the four-story dwelling 355 West Twenty-fourth Street, to a client of Goodale, Perry & Dwight.

Small Block Front Reported Sold.

Builders are reported to have purchased from Hannah McDonald, as a site for a new apartment house, the block front on the north side of 175th Street, between Wadsworth Avenue and Broadway. The plot fronts 124.7 feet on 175th Street, 71.9 feet on Broadway and 64.1 feet on Wadsworth Avenue.

Investors Buying Tenements.

That tenement property continues to attract the small investor was shown by several sales reported yesterday. In the lower west side section George J. Kenny & Brother sold 90 West Houston Street, a four-story tenement, on a lot 18.9 by 95, adjoining the northwest corner of West Broadway, to John Personineni, who holds title to the adjoining parcel. The same firm of brokers also sold for Bernard J. McCann to Mrs. Anna M. Adolphi 87 Christopher Street, a six-story flat, on a lot 25 by 98. The property is located between Bleecker and West Fourth Streets.

Herman Frankfort and Stephen Johnson sold for Theodore Yankauer the five-story apartment house, on a lot 25 by 98.9, at 438 West Thirty-seventh Street, between Ninth and Tenth Avenues.

Bronx Sales.

The Bronx County Construction Company purchased from Harriet Canning a plot, 50 by 100, on the east side of Hoe Avenue, 75 feet south of 173d Street. The consideration was reported to be $7,000.

Brooklyn.

On the line of the new Fourth Avenue subway, the Sinmaccros Realty Company sold 334 and 336 Fifty-second Street, two two-family brick dwellings, between Third and Fourth Avenues, for a client to William Meyer, and resold the same properties for William Meyer to an investor for $13,000.

M. L. Maxwell sold to an investor the one-family detached dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100, known as 147 Ninety-second Street, near Ridge Boulevard, at a reported price of $6,500.

$80,000 Brooklyn Apartments.

Shampan & Shampan have completed plans for two high-class apartment houses to be erected on a plot 100 by 75 on the northeast corner of Hart Street and Throop Avenue for the Eteman Realty Company, as owners, to cost $80,000.

Big Foreclosure Sale in Queens.

In the Queens County Supreme Court yesterday, Justice Garretson signed an order directing the sale under foreclosure proceedings of sixty-eight lots, valued at more than $200,000, located along the new 200-foot Queens Boulevard. The tract is owned by William Willett, Jr., now under conviction, charged with having made a corrupt use of money in connection with the nomination for Supreme Court Justice. Herman Ringe, chief clerk of different departments under former Borough Presidents Joseph Bermel and Lawrence Gresser. Henry Walter, Jr., the Viaduct Roalty Company, and Edward G. Alsdorf, and Emma Alsdorf. Suit to foreclose was brought by Marian Robbin Kennedy of Hempstead and J. Mayhew Wainwright as executors of the estate of H. Van Rensselaer Kennedy to satisfy a mortgage of $48,000, which with interest and taxes brings the amount to $54,200.

The land involved is said to be one of the finest sites in Queens. From the lots fronting along the new Queens Boulevard 100 feet has been taken by the city.

Long Island.

The Rickert-Finlay Realty Company has sold to Kate Lamb of Manhattan, for investment, a plot in Westmoreland with eighty feet frontage on the east side of Bayview Avenue, 591 feet north of Broadway.

New Jersey.

Frank M. Stevens and Frederick A. Tetor have sold for Bernhard D. Forster, the seven-room residence on a plot 60 by 115, located on Doremus Avenue, Ridgewood, N. J., to Mary E. Pomeroy of New York City. The new owner will take possession May 1.

Hughes & Whitby have sold for cash for Mary McDonough 100 feet of street frontage on the West side of Montclair, Avenue, Montclair, running 200 feet deep, to Aline Henderson of Columbia, S. C., for investment.

Mount Vernon Sale.

The Cooley Realty Company has sold a new stucco residence recently built by the Milligan Company at 24 Wallace Avenue, Mount Vernon, for Edna L. Foster, to Joseph New.

Leases.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company has leased for Julius Holzwasser 1,570 to 1,576 Madison Avenue, four five-story apartments with stores, on plot 76 by 100, adjoining the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and 106th Street.

C. F. W. Johanning has leased for Mrs. Amend the store at premises 2,239 Eighth Avenue, to Barnet and Bertha Hoffman, for a term of three years.

Samuel Eichler has leased for the Holycring Realty Company the store at 2,222 Amsterdam Avenue near 170th Street to Wm. S. Mosel.

William Hobson has leased to the Aldorf Construction Company a plot, 75 by 100, on the west side of Wadsworth Avenue, 50 feet north of 179th Street. The land was leased for twenty years, the rental for the first ten years aggregating $25,000, and the last ten $30,000. The plot is to be improved with a one-story business structure, which may contain a motion picture theatre.

E. A. Turner has leased and is building a one-story factory in rear of 207 East Forty-fourth Street for W. Runk, and has leased it for five years to Karl J. Freund and Emil Feffercorn, dealers in antiques.

Excavating on Astor Block.

The excavation work now in progress on the block front on the west side of Broadway, between Ninety-second and Ninety-third Streets, owned by William Waldorf Astor, has given rise to the rumor that a fine apartment house will be erected there in a few years time. Mr. Astor owns the entire block, the Columbus Avenue front being covered by several frame buildings. For the present the representatives of the owners state that the work is being done to clear away the rock, which rises to a height of several feet above the street level.

$2,550,000 in Loans Placed.

Hughes & Hammond have placed mortgage loans aggregating $2,550,000 on Manhattan, Bronx, and suburban properties. Among the largest and most important were the following: $170,000 at 5 per cent. for the Oak Construction Company on their new six-story elevator apartment house, southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 115th Street; $145,000 at 5 per cent. for the Hennessey Realty Company on their new nine-story apartment house, 115-117 West Seventy-first Street; $220,000 at 5½ per cent. for the Strathcona Construction Company on their two new six-story apartment houses, 48 St. Nicholas Place and 383 Colonial Parkway; $200,000 at 5 per cent. for the Rivoli Realty Company on their new nine-story apartment house, 27-33 East Sixty-second Street; $173,000 at 5 per cent. on the southeast corner of Broadway and 111th Street; $10,000 at 5 per cent. on 516-522 West 124th Street; $185,000 at 5 per cent. on three new five-story apartment houses southeast corner of Grand Boulevard and Fordham Road; $95,000 for the Dunbar Realty Company, block front, south side of 189th Street, Hughes to Belmont Avenues; $90,500 for the F. & B. Construction Company on their block front 182d Street, Mohegan Avenue to Crotona Parkway; $55,000 at 5 per cent. for the Fair Deal Realty Company on their new six-story apartment house, 513-515 West 171st Street; $36,000 at 5 per cent. for the Lockwhit Company on their two new five-story apartment houses, Whitlock Avenue, east side, 200 feet south of Tiffany Street; $39,000 at 5½ per cent. for William Angus on his new five-story apartment, Jerome Avenue, west side, 162 feet south of Kingsbridge Road; $2,000 at 5½ per cent. for Rudolph Gross on his five-story apartment house, 103 East Eighty-fourth Street; $33,000 at 5 per cent. for the Benenson Realty Company on their new five-story apartment house, 1575th Street, north side, 150 feet west of Elton Avenue; $52,000 at 5 per cent. for the Placid Realty Company on their new five-story apartment house, 183d Street, north side, 100 feet east of Audubon Avenue.

Moving-Picture Theatre Converted.

Maximilian Zipkes, architect, of 220 Fifth Avenue, has been commissioned by John Palmer to convert the present moving-picture theatre, 3 and 5 Hamilton Place, into stores. The alteration will cost about $10,000.

Real Estate Notes.

Harlem Property Owners' Association will hold an open meeting Thursday evening at 147 East 125th Street, followed by an entertainment.

An apartment of eighteen rooms and six baths at 640 Park Avenue, northwest corner of Sixty-sixth Street, has been leased by Douglas L. Elliman & Co. to Mr. and Mrs. John A. Hadden, the latter the granddaughter of Commodore Vanderbilt. The lease was made for the Fullerton-Weaver Realty Company.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Chrystie St, 155, w s, 50.7 ft n of Delancey St, 25.5x69.9x25.9x69.7, five-story tenement and stores; Ernst Plath against Lorenzo Ulio and others; F. B. Chedsey, attorney; Harry Harris, referee; amount due, $1,966.51; taxes, &c., $736.16; subject to two prior mortgages aggregating $16,000; to the plaintiff for $18,377.

Bleecker St, 305 and 307, e s, 80.3 ft s of Grove St, 26.10x75, two two-story tenements and stores; adjourned to June 1.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Delancey St, 268, n s, 25 ft e of Columbia St, 25x100, six-story tenement and stores; Julia Bachrach against Jacob Furmann and others; A. R. Lesinsky, attorney; D. C. Hirsch, referee; amount due, $14,237.18; taxes, &c. $1,225; subject to a prior mortgage of $21,000; to the plaintiff for $29,732.

7th Av, 1,074, s w corner of 119th St, 26x100, five-story tenement and stores; Bettie Rothfeld and others against Leona Goldberg and others; S. P. Kurzman, attorney; D. C. Hirsch, referee; amount due, $46,725; taxes, &c., $1,080; to the plaintiff for $44,000.

136th St, 170 and 172 West, s s, 75 ft e of 7th Av, 25x99.11, six-story tenement; adjourned to June 2.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Malden Lane, 96 to 100, s s, 81.5 ft w of Pearl St, 65.11x86.2x irregular, two five-story loft buildings; trustees' sale; also

South St, 54 and 55, w s, 61.11 ft s of Wall St, 42.1x76.10; trustee's sale, estate of Christian Jourgensen, deceased.

2d Av, 908, e s, 50.3 ft n of 48th St, 25.1x100, four-story tenement, with store; executors' sale, estate of Andrew Stauf, deceased.

131st St, 268 and 270 West, s s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, two five-story tenements; voluntary sale.

130th St, 235 West, n s, 360.6 ft w of 7th Av, 19.9x98.9, three-story tenement; executors' sale, estate of John A. L. Kemper, deceased.

134th St, 411, 417, and 419 East, n s, 100 ft e of Willis Av, 75x100, two two-story dwellings and vacant; voluntary sale.

Sedgwick Av, 3,367, w s, 277.4 ft s of Giles Place, 109x100x irregular, two-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

Hackensack, N. J., 143 Summit Av, near Beech St., 75x203.5, two-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

Richmond Hill, L. I., 1,015 Birch St, n s, 100 ft e of Chichester Av, 50x115, two-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

12th St, 34 West, s s, 350 ft w of 5th Av, 20.11x103.8, four-story dwelling; W. P. David against J. E. Phillips and others; Mark Aaron, attorney; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; partition.

113th St, 227 West, n s, 200 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x100.11, three-story dwelling; M. S. Maddock against Amalia Kann and others; Thompson, K. & W., attorneys; Maurice Goodman, referee; amount due, $11,000.78; taxes, &c., $651.65.

Amsterdam Av, 1,930, w s, 50 ft s of 156th St, 50x100, five-story tenements and stores; Metropolitan Savings Bank against M. R. Mulvany and others; A. S. & W. Hutchins, attorneys; J. G. Wallace, Jr., referee; amount due, $14,429.47; taxes, &c., $741.06.

138th St West, s s, 175 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x99.11, part of one-story shed and two-story church; George Schweppenhauser against J. R. Gleed and others; W. O. Gantz, attorney; Ely Rosenberg, referee; amount due, $5,426.86; taxes, &c., $158.78; subject to a first mortgage of $25,000.

63d St, 236 East, s s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement and stores; Jonas Well against Louis Levin and others, Action 1; Malcolm Sundheimer, attorney; J. G. Wallace, Jr., referee; amount due, $5,728.82.

By J. H. Hagers.

7th Av, 800 to 808, n w corner of 52d St, 201, 75.5x74.4, three-story building and store; Central Consumers' Wine and Liquor Co. against M. G. Gantz and others; Jonas Kraus, G. & H., attorneys; A. E. Baxter, referee; amount due, $17,942.78; taxes, &c., $2,350.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

132d St, 277 West, n s, 623 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwellings; New York Physicians' Mutual Aid Association against R. Kantor and others; Geller, R. & H., attorneys; R. B. Hincks, referee; amount due, $8,353.79; taxes, &c., $373.34.

100th St, 403 East, n s, 50 ft e of 1st Av, 50x63.5, six-story tenement and stores; A. C. F. Schwartz against Benjamin Beller and others; Rounds, H. & D., attorneys; Albert Ritchie, referee; amount due, $28,972.54; taxes, &c., $926.40.

By Samuel Marx.

7th Av, 106 to 110, w s, 52.11 ft s of 17th St, 52x70x52.11 to 17th St, 206, x20x104.11x99, twelve-story loft and store building; O. J. Mayor against H. S. Bryant Co. and others; Stoddard & M., attorneys; J. H. Rogan, referee; due, $66,814.30; taxes, &c., $2,267.15.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

63d St, 238 East, s s, 75 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement and stores; same against same; Action 2; same attorneys; A. M. Levy, referee; due, $7,519.51.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

134th St, 234 West, s s, 75 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11, five-story tenement; Gustavus Siddenberg against Caroline Wall and others; Lachman & G., attorneys; G. W. Clune, referee; due, $19,761.25; to the plaintiff for $571.66.

By Daniel Greenwald.

158th St, 522-8 West, s s, 350 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x99.11, two-story tenements; Sheriff's sale; all right, title, &c., which Rose Simon had on Dec. 9, 1913, or since; H. A. Gordon, attorney.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By James L. Wells Company.

Bathgate Av, 2,381, w s, 181.11 ft n of 3d Av, 25x105.6x26.5x97, three-story tenement and stores; Herman Kappes against Elsie Liess et al.; G. M. Hyde, attorney; J. T. McGovern, referee; due, $8,823.08; taxes, &c., $500.

By Joseph P Day

108th St, East, s w corner of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 42.4x98x26.10x98.6, vacant; Anne Bergin against W J McCrystal et al; J J Kean, attorney; J J Hynes, referee; due, $2,234.83; taxes, &c., $700; sub to prior mortgage of $4,500

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

190th St, n s, 82.24 ft e of University Av, for a one-story brick garage, 18x25; William M. Moore, on premises, owner; Somerfeld & Steckler, 31 Union Square, architects; cost, $300.

Arthur Av, w s, 27.59 ft n of 187th St, for two 2-story brick stores and dwellings, 25x76.6 each; Anna Defio, 1,043 Underhill Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $7,000.

Kingsbridge Road, n s, 400 ft e of Sedgwick Av, for a 1-story brick carriage shed, 21.4x37; H. U. Singhi, 121 West Kingsbridge Road, owner; J. C. Cooker, 2,017 5th Av, architect; cost, $500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, MAY 25.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan

DELANCEY ST, 268, n s, 25x100, (foreclosure May 25;) David C. Hirsch, referee, to Julia Bachrach, 18 East 60th St, (mtg $20,000,) all liens, May 25; attorney, Albert R. Lesinsky, 149 Broadway.....$8,500

DOWNING ST, 24-8, s s, 75 ft e of Bedford St, 60x75; Louis Hubener et al to Oakwood Construction Co, (mtg $60,000;) attorney, E. H. Korkus, 924 Broadway, Brooklyn $1

ELDRIDGE ST, w s, 150 ft s of Stanton St, 25x100; Herman M. Solomon and another, individually and executors, &c., Max Solomon to Hersam Realty Company, 119 Nassau St, (mtg $27,000,) May 25; attorneys, H. M. & S. Solomon, 119 Nassau St.....$100

KING ST, 214, n s, 94 Congress St, lot 75; Paolo Monacelli to Oreste Mariani, 166 Thompson St, (mtg $7,000,) May 3; attorney, L. Porrino, 52 or 552 West Bway..$1

LEXINGTON AV, 604 and 606, w s, 25.5 ft s of 57th St, 40x100; Lexington Av. Property Co. to Henry Morgenthau Co., 30 East 42d St., (mtg $45,000,) May 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

RIVINGTON ST, n s, 82.11 ft e of Ridge St, 25x102.11; 116th St, s s, 82.11 ft e of Madison Av, 27.1x101; Madison Av, n e corner of 131st St, 25x98; Henry Meckauer, trustee, to Rebecca Kaufmann, 805 West 2nd Av, March 14; attorney, D. Steckler, 135 Broadway $13,500

SAME PROPERTY; Rebecca Kaufmann to David Steckler, 1,885 7th Av, ½ part, April 30; address party of second part, 135 Broadway $1

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s e cor of 113th St, 76.3x55.6, Lena Friedlander to Edw. B. Corey, Far Rockaway, L. I., May 25, (mtg $60,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

2D AV, e s, 82.4 ft s of 113th St, 41.8x100, except gore adjoining, begins 110 ft s of 113th St and 100 East 2d Av, runs 53.10x0 w x n n e — to beginning; Rasonio Construction Company to Morris Silver, 523 East 5th St, (mtg $46,000,) May 22; attorney, Isaac Doboczynski, 309 Broadway.....$100

7TH ST, n s, 124.11 w 2d Av, 24.11x93.11; Edna J. Siess to Schumacher Realty Co, 440 Broadway, Brooklyn, May 25, (mtg $52,000;) attorneys, Maerkle & M., 233 Broadway $1

10TH ST, 417 East, n s, 258 ft e of

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens

Forest Hills, Long Island.
15 minutes from Herald Square.

To the home-seeker Forest Hills Gardens offers inducements and attractions not to be obtained in any other suburb of Manhattan.

Over $3,500,000 has been invested in the property.

180 houses of distinctive architectural design have been built, and a large percentage of the land has been sold.

Lots are being offered for sale at reasonable prices on very easy term payments.

Houses are being offered for sale ranging in price from $7,900 to $20,000, upon terms of payment that compare favorably with rent paid by the average family.

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Forest Hills **Long Island**

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For Refined People
Exquisitely Artistic
Colonial Brick Homes

5 or 6 bedrooms, clothes closets in each, wall safes, large living room with open fireplace; dining room with French doors; pantry, kitchen, laundry, store room; steam heat, separate hot water heater; tiled bathroom; gas and electric light; lawn, shrubs, front and rear; 20-foot wide roadway in rear for autos, tradesmen, etc.

$7,000

Payments less than rent, and only 18 minutes from Manhattan or Brooklyn. Middletown Street, between Shelton Avenue and Willett Street two blocks north of the new Long Island Railroad Station.

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Inspect these houses; you'll buy one if you want an ideal home.

See representative on premises, day or evening, or Samuel Knopf, Treasurer, Everett Realty & Construction Co., Flatiron Bldg., Manhattan.

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DECORATION DAY
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285 Shore Front Lots
and three attractive COTTAGES
at
NEPONSIT
ROCKAWAY COAST, CITY OF N. Y.

BUNGALOW ON BAY FRONT
one of the 3 Cottages to be sold

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Something that hundreds have been heretofore seeking in vain.

A Seaside Community Close to Manhattan

Where refined people of moderate means can afford to buy and live.

SIMPLE YET PROTECTING RESTRICTIONS

Don't stay away from this sale because you think the lots will bring high prices. Come and see what happens.

Ocean Beach for All Purchasers.

ALL CITY IMPROVEMENTS. ALL TITLES INSURED.

HOW YOU MAY PAY—10% and auction fees down; balance in 48 EQUAL MONTHLY PAYMENTS) or 60% on mortgage, or discount for all cash.

HOW TO GO: Take any train on the Rockaway Park division of the Long Island R. R. at either the Penn. Terminal, Manhattan, or Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, and ride to the end of the route at Rockaway Park; there take a Neponsit trolley, getting off right on the property to be sold.

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JERE JOHNSON JR. CO.
187 Broadway, Manhattan, and 193 Montague St., Brooklyn.

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Special Sales Day

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7 rooms, parquet floors; electric light; garage. Larger one for $5,200, worth $6,000. Between Ocean Parkway and Brighton Beach "L"; easy terms. J. D. RANCK, 110 Ave. I, Brooklyn. Telephone Midwood 6552.

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Overlooking Long Island Sound; every modern Improvement; highly restricted neighborhood; deeded with permanent shore front privileges; boating, bathing; only 11 miles out; must have $500 cash at once; balance easy terms. Address Shore Front, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

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That $20 a month will buy; 5 room house with bath; furnace, cement cellar; high elevation; rich soil; city water, and macadam road; enough land to make $500 a year in garden truck, or more with chickens; cheapest land and best value in New York City; five-cent fare to Manhattan. Chicken, 412 Times.

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High, rich land, ¼ to 2 acres, with or without five-room house, with improvements; on trolley; 5-cent fare to Manhattan; small payment down, balance same as rent. Farms, 423 Times.

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Fine sandy beach. Boating, bathing, fishing; beautiful walks and drives; dancing and bathing pavilion, board walk, shore dinners; BUT NO merry-go-rounds or other noisy amusements.

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EIGHT BIG YACHTING EVENTS NEAR SEA CLIFF BEGIN JUNE 2. SEE THE CUP DEFENDER TRYOUTS.

Large and small houses to rent, furnished, some with gardens and fruit. Many with all modern improvements—Gas, Electric Light, Artesian Water System. All convenient to Public Garages, the usual stores, churches and library.

Besides being a spot of great natural beauty, quaint and rural, with charming water views and shady lanes, Sea Cliff is a wonderfully healthful place—high elevation, with cool breezes, pure air, pure artesian water, and **NO mosquitoes.**

Sea Cliff is the only shore front resort where living cost is moderate and property reasonable, either for rent or purchase. It is rapidly becoming an all-year residence suburb, one hour out from Pennsylvania Station on L. I. R. R., or Flatbush Station, Brooklyn. There are 30 to 40 trains daily, ferry to Rye, and a daily boat to New York all Summer. Trolley meets all trains.

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Rentals $300 to $1,000.

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Price and terms reasonable.

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Six rooms, all improvements, with plot 40x100, $1,000 less than cost of construction of house; high elevation; in sight of Manhattan; finely improved property; family does not like suburbs. No Delay, 437 Times.

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Summer place at Christmas Cove, Maine, half way between Portland and Rockland, eleven-room cottage with all modern improvements, including plumbing and electric lights; also small cottage which can be used as dining room with kitchen and maids' quarters or used as separate cottage if wished; garage for two cars with sleeping quarters for chauffeur; one and one-half acres of land, beautifully situated and running directly to the water's edge; exceptionally good hotel within three minutes' walk.

Any one desiring a place on the Maine Coast and also wishing privacy on their own grounds and easy access to outside conveniences should see this place.

For price and further particulars, kindly inquire of D. L. Gillett, Westfield, Mass.

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A NUMBER OF CHOICE LOTS ON AND NEAR THE SHORE at BARGAIN PRICES, easy terms. Salesmen on the property at company's office, Shippan Point, every day, or address the ATLANTIC REALTY CO., (General Office), 56 Park Row, Stamford, Conn. Send for Booklet C.

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For Sale—A cosey new brick and shingle eight-room house; all appointments; VERY ATTRACTIVE; price $6,500; a bargain; easy terms; privilege to beach and tennis courts, only 200 feet away; Sound view; Address DRAWER "R," Greenwich, Conn.

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Magnificent estate of five acres overlooking Sound; 22 rooms, 4 baths; will sell at attractive price; garage, machine shop, and gardener's cottage; might rent furnished. Box C 33 Times.

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On the Sound at Stamford, Conn.
Furnished Cottages for rent. English stucco Cottage for sale, 11 rooms, 3 baths; near beach.
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PRICE $2,500 $500 CASH

Delightfully located on Jersey coast; all city conveniences, yet in the country; trees and grass, yet at the seashore; beautiful, new semi-bungalow, six rooms and bath; large porches; fireplace. Unequaled, 98 Times Downtown.

AUCTION SALE—MONTCLAIR.

Fifteen residential Building Lots remaining in fully developed tract, carefully restricted, at Upper Montclair. High ground; on Valley Road trolley line; three minutes from Mountain Ave. Station (Erie.) Decoration Day, Saturday, May 30, at 2:30 P. M., on premises. Easy terms. Particulars, maps. North End Realty Co., 165 Broadway, Room 1316, Tel. Cortlandt 5461, or 752 Valley Road, Upper Montclair.

A HOUSE BARGAIN.

Price, $5,500, including garage; $500 cash; for business reasons must sell; new house, on large plot; house has seven large rooms and cosey inglenook, with open fireplace; large closets; sanitary gas kitchen; tiled bathroom; large piazza; good transportation by train and trolley; 30 minutes out; built by day's work. Full particulars, H. D. House, Room 520, 47 West 34th St., City.

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ON LARGE PLOT OF GROUND IN THE HILLS OF NEW JERSEY, ONLY 32 MINUTES OUT.

Only 5 Houses on These Terms. If You Want One, Write To-day.

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ONLY $100 CASH

balance monthly payments, buys house and large plot at Cranford, N. J.; steam heat, hardwood trim, large porch, gas and electricity; all modern improvements; only 35 minutes out on Central Railroad of New Jersey; 120 trains daily; 1c. fare; restricted neighborhood. Call or write for floor plans. A. H. NEVILLE, 30 Church St., New York.

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for business reasons my new modern house, 6 rooms and bath, all improvements, close to express station in hills of New Jersey; 25% below value; very little cash required for quick sale. OWNER, 29 EAST 11TH ST., N. Y.

SMALL FARM six-room cottage; electricity, water; barn; lots of fruit; good neighborhood; all in good condition; 1½ miles from Main Line Station; $2,800, half cash; just the farm you want. By appointment, Elizabeth Story, Metuchen, N. J.

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23-25 BEAVER STREET

Running through to
58-60-62 NEW STREET

A New Modern 12-Story Office Building. Offices Singly or En Suite $30 Per Month and Up. Immediate Possession. Apply on premises.

STORE & LOFTS
New Modern 12-Story Fireproof Building
(NO COLUMNS.)
SUITABLE ANY BUSINESS.
510-512 6TH AVE.
Between 30th and 31st Sts.
High speed elevators, 100% sprinkler equipment.
RENT REASONABLE.
YOUR OWN BROKER OR SUPT.

39 EAST 19TH ST. DESIRABLE LOFTS.

Exceptionally well lighted; fine business location.
INNES & CENTER, 30-32 EAST 20TH.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

ASTOR HOUSES,

ONLY TWO LEFT
8-26 WEST 130TH ST.
Now ready for inspection.

Beautifully decorated and with their spacious rooms, front porches, lawns, &c., are worth investigating; reasonable rents.
AGENT ON PREMISES, OR
ROBERT LEVERS, 376 LENOX AV.

123 EAST 30TH ST.

Very attractive four-story high stoop dwelling. Excellent residential and central location.
Innes & Center, 30-32 East 20th St.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

512 Fifth Ave.

Southwest Corner 43d St.

APARTMENTS

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

BRADLEY COURT
NEW
10-story
FIREPROOF
Overlooking Hudson
Finest Home on Heights.
BROADWAY. 165TH ST
SOUTHEAST CORNER
6-7-9 ROOMS, 2 & 3 Baths
All rooms outside and large. $1,000 to $1,800.
Leases now being made from Oct. 1st.
Bert G. Faulhaber & Co.
B'way & 156th St.
or Supt. on premises

ANNAPOLIS COURT

634 WEST 135TH ST.,
adjacent to Riverside Drive. Modern elevator Apartments.
ONE 4-ROOM APARTMENT ...$42.50
ONE 6-ROOM APARTMENT ...$60.00
Commanding an excellent view of river; convenient to Subway station.
S. E. OSSERMAN, 30 BROAD ST.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

STRICTLY **MILANO** FIREPROOF
125-27 W. 58th St.; 7 large rooms and bath; extra maids' room & bath; all improvements; for lease now or Oct. 1st. $1,500-$1,700.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

THE AYLSMERE, 60 West 76th.

Seven large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,300. Supt., on premises.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

100 Suburban Homes 3000 Building Lots

Now Owned by the
INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY (*In Liquidation*)
and
NEW YORK MORTGAGE COMPANY (*In Liquidation*)
AT A PRIVATE SALE BY

BANKING DEPARTMENT

STATE OF NEW YORK.

Properties are located in New Jersey, along the Palisades, about opposite Grant's Tomb, at GRANTWOOD, PALISADE, MORSEMERE, LEONIA, HUDSON HEIGHTS, and EDGEWATER, all reached by trolleys within a five cent fare zone.

PRESENT PRICES AVERAGE

About 50% of Former Prices.

Reasonable restrictions. Title Guarantee Policies furnished free to purchasers. 70% and 75% of purchase price may remain upon bond and mortgage. Liberal discount for cash.

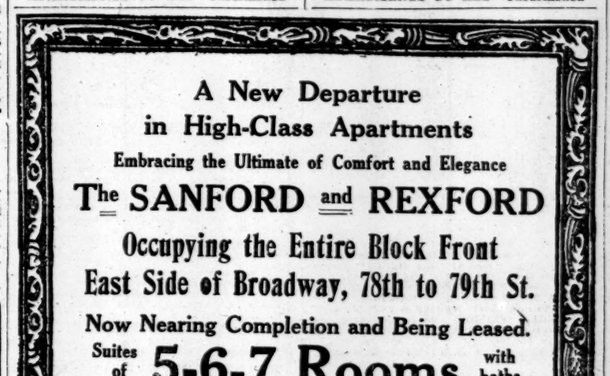
This Is Not a Real Estate Boom Proposition,
but a straightforward effort to dispose of real estate quickly, relying upon **bargain prices to produce quick results.**

Offices at GRANTWOOD, N. J., and MORSEMERE, N. J., and all of the properties may be reached from the Cortlandt, 42d and 130th Street ferries.

For full information, prices and terms of sale address

BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Sup't of Banks, 601 Times Building, New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished



A New Departure in High-Class Apartments

Embracing the Ultimate of Comfort and Elegance

The SANFORD and REXFORD

Occupying the Entire Block Front East Side of Broadway, 78th to 79th St.

Now Nearing Completion and Being Leased.

Suites of **5-6-7 Rooms** with baths

Spacious Foyers and Abundance of Large Closets

3 Room Suites on Ground Floor for Physicians

Representative always on premises.

PATERNO BROS., Inc., Owners & Builders. | JOSEPH PATERNO, President.

601 West 115th St., Corner Broadway.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

An Unusual Opportunity Is Offered on the Following Apartments, Giving Immediate Possession.

8 Rooms & 2 Baths and 10 & 12 Rooms, 3 & 4 Baths.
In THE COLOSSEUM
South Corner 116th St. and Riverside Drive.

5, 6, 7 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths,
In THE REGNOR
601 W. 115th St., Cor. B'way.

4 & 7 Rooms and Baths.
In THE CAMPUS
39-41 Claremont Ave., just north of 116th St.

3-4-5 & 6 Rooms and Baths
In THE LUCANIA
235 W. 71st, near B'way.

4, 5 Rooms & Baths
In THE LUXONIA
305 W. 72d St., nr. W. End Av.
Also Doctor's Office on ground floor.

PATERNO BROS., INC.
JOS. PATERNO, Pres.
Office, 601 West 115th St.

94th St. NEAR RIVERSIDE 314 315 321

BIG CONCESSIONS

High class elevator apts.; all improvements. Large, light rooms. 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms & bath, $42.50 to $79.50.

THE ADRIAN, 58 West 72d.

Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors, electric light, elevator service day and night; convenient Subway, elevated station, and all surface lines. $1,200-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

969 Park Ave.

Northeast Corner 82d St.
Modern 12-Story Fireproof Bldg.
DUPLEX APARTMENTS
8 Rooms and 3 Baths, $2,700 to $3,200.
9 Rooms—3 Baths, $3,300.
Ground Floor Duplex Apartment with Private Entrance.
12 Rooms—4 Baths, $4,000.
One Apartment with Private Roof Garden. Apply on premises or
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
421 Madison Avenue (48th St.)
Telephone 850 Murray Hill.

MALVERN HALL Gramercy Park. Studio Apartments.

Very desirable apartments; two rooms and bath, with maid service; facing the park. INNES & CENTER, 30-32 EAST 20TH ST.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Northwest 86th St. Corner
Central-Park-West

"LIVINGSTON"
Quality and Location Unexcelled
9 Rooms, 2-3 Baths
incl'd'g electr. light
$2,100—$2,700.
Supt. on premises.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

STORE property, Eastern Parkway; rent, $4,400; price, $32,000. H. D., 202 Times Downtown.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

2 Jamaica lots must be sold at once, regardless of value, for $350 each; a big chance to a quick buyer; lots very well located; built up section; one block from trolley; nice level land; title guaranteed; $35 cash needed; balance any way to suit. Bargain, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

WOODLAND TERRACE, near Midland Beach, Staten Island; restful recreation; convenient commutation; 45 minutes N. Y.; refined people may acquire reasonable restricted lots; easy payments. J. A. Matthews, 18 Broadway, N. Y.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Katonah, N. Y.—Country homes; half stone; all improvements; help's cottage; half stone stable, garage, carriage house; gun house; 6½ acres; more land can be had; bargain to close out an estate. Reed & Clark Co., Depot Sq., White Plains.

A house and barn for $4,500; house of seven rooms, bath, furnace heat, gas, and all improvements; barn 18x23; ground 50x110; high ground; near station; $1,000 cash.
NEARON JONES.
16 East 1st St., Mount Vernon.

WESTCHESTER COUNTRY HOME.
Fourteen rooms and two baths; half acre of ground; beautiful lawn and shade trees; price $50,000; terms easy.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

Mt. Vernon & Vicinity.—Attractive furnished houses, $65 monthly up; unfurnished houses, $35 up. Attractive houses for sale, low prices; bargains. J. T. Grant, 14 S. 5th Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Cottage overlooking the Sound near beach; 11 rooms, 3 baths; at Southfield Point; 50 minutes from New York; will redecorate to suit; might rent furnished. Box C 34 Times.

Sublet to Sept. 15, beautifully furnished apartment, 7 rooms, two baths. The Peter Stuyvesant, 258 Riverside Drive.

Vicinity 72d and Broadway.—Room and bath, apartment hotel, outside room, $50 monthly; June until October. N 9 Times.

5 W. 16th St.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; service, 'phone, electricity; $40 to $60 monthly.

The Camden, 204 West 95th.—High-class small apartment; cheap; River 6180.

118TH ST., 405 WEST.—Bright and attractive five-room apartment; indefinitely. Supt.

East Side.

To let, furnished or unfurnished, physician's apartment of 7 rooms and bath from June 1; modern; elevator and door service; electricity; very reasonable rental. 155 East 72d. Phone 4810 Lenox.

To let for the Summer, attractive furnished suite at less than half regular rate; immediate occupancy.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

To let for the Summer months, room with bath at greatly reduced rate.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

To let for three months, high, light, cool apartment 7 rooms and bath, furnished; $75; references required. Mrs. C., 887 Madison Av.

Sublet.—Attractive one room, large bath. The Swannanoa, 105 East 15th St.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.

ROOF GARDEN READY EARLY IN JUNE.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

Will rent to a family of responsible adults my new home, overlooking Long Island Sound, with garage, 8 rooms, 3 baths, hardwood floors throughout; completely furnished, including Knabe piano, near bathing beach, tennis, golf, and yacht clubs; 50 minutes from Grand Central; 115 electric trains daily; $1,000 for season. Thomas J. Good, 505 5th Av.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, 72d and 73d Sts.
Furnished apartments,
6, 8, and 9 rooms,
2 and 3 baths.
Possession at once. Summer rates.
See Manager, 175 West 72d St.
Tel. Columbus 3547.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.
Elegant rooms, well furnished, splendidly adapted for physician; reception, consulting, sleeping and bathrooms; large garage; no other physician in immediate vicinity; several large comfortable rooms, with bath, for gentlemen only. 378 Bay St., Tompkinsville, S. I.

EIGHT EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS AND THREE BATHS; WELL FURNISHED; ALL ROOMS LIGHT AND AIRY; BEAUTIFUL VIEW OF RIVER; LARGE LIBRARY OF BOOKS, PIANO, &C.; WILL SUBLET FOR SUMMER MONTHS. APPLY APT. 8E, 318 WEST 100TH ST.

Riverside Drive, Near 116th St.—Attractive front apartment; overlooking river; delightfully cool; seven rooms, two baths; will sublet for Summer fully furnished, silver and linen included; terms reasonable. Apply Room 1,012, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 3050.

LOST—Diamond Moorish crescent pin, at the Claridge Hotel dining room, between 7 and 9 P. M., Sunday night, or on 7th Av., between 55th St. and 44th St.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Miss G. Leigh, 140 West 55th St.

To Sublet.—Beautiful seven-room apartment, modern elevator house, all large, light and airy rooms; southern exposure; finest location on Washington Heights; terms reasonable. Call 707 St. Nicholas Av.

Sublet—Handsome apartment, furnished or unfurnished, at sacrifice; eight large rooms, two baths; exceptionally light, cool, with beautiful view; 93d St., Central Park West. Telephone 3521 River. Apartment 101.

HOTEL MARLTON,
3 WEST 8TH ST.
Special Summer Rates. 2 and 3 room apartments, also single rooms.

To Rent, furnished, cool apartment, overlooking the park; 2 rooms and bath; 10th floor, Harperley Hall, Central Park West, at 64th St. To be shown after Tuesday.

52d, 8? West.—2 rooms and bath, extension room, 8 windows, easterly, westerly, southerly exposure, delightfully cool, electricity, telephone extension; immediate possession.

Outside apartment, overlooking Riverside Drive, 5 rooms and bath, third floor; elevator; $50 monthly until October. 319 West 95th St. Phone 4650 Riverside.

To Sublet—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; ideal location for the Summer; to be rented from June 20 to Sept. 20. 33 Claremont Av., 2 B.

To sublet, from June 18, furnished apartment overlooking Morningside Park; six rooms; cool and attractive. Mrs. Cru, Apartment 51, 110 Morningside Drive; $55.

Morningside Heights.—Seven light rooms; all conveniences; unusually cool; desirable for Summer months; $50; by appointment. 6164W Morningside.

To Sublet.—Riverside Drive, 440, (116th,) beautifully furnished (or unfurnished) six-room apartment; coolest; east, south to west exposure. Neal.

TO SUBLET.—6 ROOMS, BATH; TELEPHONE; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; TWO DOORS FROM RIVERSIDE DRIVE; $30 MONTHLY. TAUSIG, 625 WEST 138TH ST.

Summer bargain, 3 rooms, kitchen; elevator apartment; west side, near Subway, or unfurnished permanently. Apply Leland's, 40 West 33d.

Six rooms, attractively furnished in every detail; three bedrooms; cool; near Riverside; rent reasonable. 314 West 94th. Marcus.

Completely furnished six-room corner apartment, three separate bedrooms until Sept. 15. Sarsfield, 3,495 Broadway, (143d.) Apt. 46.

Sublet till October, attractive 5-room apartment, overlooking Central Park, 90th St.; rent $50. Spencer, 300 Central Park West.

Desirable outside five rooms, bath, until September; seen Sunday afternoon; week days, after 10. Washburn, 601 West 142d.

Sacrifice price for Summer; gentlemen or couple may share apartment; Murray Hill section. Particulars Leland's, 40 West 33d.

To Sublet—Five-room apartment for Summer. The Braender, corner 102d and Central Park West. Apply Apartment 35.

412 West End Av., (80th.)—Cool corner apartment, 7 large rooms; all outside; view Hudson; every convenience. Ferguson.

Finely furnished five-room front apartment, cool, light, July-August, $45 a month. Tucker, 404 West 115th Street.

To Rent.—Three exceptionally large rooms, kitchen, and bath; new house; three months or longer. Hollander, 166 West 72d St.

Sublet to Sept. 15, beautifully furnished apartment, 7 rooms, two baths. The Peter Stuyvesant, 258 Riverside Drive.

Vicinity 72d and Broadway.—Room and bath, apartment hotel, outside room, $50 monthly; June until October. N 9 Times.

5 W. 16th St.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; service, 'phone, electricity; $40 to $60 monthly.

The Camden, 204 West 95th.—High-class small apartment; cheap; River 6180.

118TH ST., 405 WEST.—Bright and attractive five-room apartment; indefinitely. Supt.

East Side.

To let, furnished or unfurnished, physician's apartment of 7 rooms and bath from June 1; modern; elevator and door service; electricity; very reasonable rental. 155 East 72d. Phone 4810 Lenox.

To let for the Summer, attractive furnished suite at less than half regular rate; immediate occupancy.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

To let for the Summer months, room with bath at greatly reduced rate.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

To let for three months, high, light, cool apartment 7 rooms and bath, furnished; $75; references required. Mrs. C., 887 Madison Av.

Sublet.—Attractive one room, large bath. The Swannanoa, 105 East 15th St.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

Four large, cool, housekeeping rooms to sublet; $45; subject to reasonable offer, with privilege of renewing lease; restaurant conveniently near. Coleman, 40 Morningside Av., corner West 118th St.

RENT $38—460 West 149th St.; four large light rooms and bath; elevator; all modern improvements; for Summer or continuous; one month free. Apply Tallman.

Elevator Apartments, Big Inducements. 4-6 rooms, $30 up; telephone, electricity; continuous service. Manitou, 221 West 141st. (7th Av.)

Manhattan Av., 26.—Eight exceptionally attractive rooms and bath, very light, steam heat and hot water, $41.

223 West 120th St.—3 large, light rooms and bath; newly decorated; steam heat and hot water; $27.

525 West 133d St.—4 and 5 large, light rooms and bath; newly decorated; hot water supply; $15-$18.

88th, 101 West.—Seven large, light rooms; modern improvements; $45, $50. Apply premises.

47th, 16 West.—Desirable two-room, kitchenette, bath; ample closets. Superintendent.

STUDIO, 17x25; north light; reasonable. Superintendent, 140 West 57th St.

$35 apartment, 4 rooms; bath; all otuside; exceptional; elevator. 601 West 174th.

113th St., 76 West.—Elevator apartment; six extra large, light rooms, bath; $50.

East Side.

122D, 72 EAST.—Single flat, 8 outside, large rooms, newly renovated; steam heat, hot water; $35; special inducements.

263 East Tremont Av, and 1,911 Anthony Av. —4-5-6 rooms and bath; all improvements; large, light, attractive rooms; $28-$38.

104 East 124th St.—7 large, light rooms and bath; newly decorated; rent, $20.

124th St., 314 East.—Seven large, light rooms and bath, heat, &c.; newly decorated; $26.

TO Let.—163 East 60th St., 4-story and basement house; will alter to suit tenant.

Madison Av., 1,765.—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $21.

Madison Av., 1,761.—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $21.

Bronx.

Bryant Av., 918, (Huntspoint.)—5-6 room apts.; $25-$28; garden. Pletscher. Phone 2871 Melrose.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Following Page.

Real Estate
Thirty cents a line.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

BARGAIN—$5,000; very liberal terms; beautiful country home near lake; grounds 100 by 177 feet with fine old trees; high in hills; superb views in every direction; very large living room with huge open fireplace; walls paneled; ceilings beamed; dining room ceilings beamed; well-fitted butler's pantry and kitchen; tiled bathroom; airy attic and storage; space over entire house; spacious verandas; electricity; every city convenience; 45 minutes on D., L. & W. R. R. express trains; near station, schools, churches, country club; actual rights to lake go to purchaser with warrantee deed. Address Owner, Box 348 Times Downtown.

Ridgewood, N. J.—Thirty minutes from New York. I have built and offer two attractive, small houses; also few choice lots, upon which I will assist buyer seeking permanent home to finance and build. I have set out shade and fruit trees, hedges, bushes, and small fruits. These lots, being adjacent to my residence, will be restricted as to character of improvements. F. J. Hciderich, Accountant, 80 Broadway, New York. (Tel 4794 Rector.) and Ridgewood, N. J.

Cranford, New Houses and Bungalows, $100 cash, balance as rent. Six, seven rooms and bath; built from attractive plans with large plots, $3,000 up. Houses ready for occupancy, $3,300 to $5,000. Sewer, combination fixtures, hardwood floors, open fireplace, sleeping porches; fine location, near station. Commutation, 10½c. Interest 5%. Shaheen, Cranford, N. J.

A great opportunity for small family to buy pretty home at Rutherford. Seven large rooms, newly decorated; fine bath, large open attic, coal and gas range, hardwood floors and trim; will include new window shades; large plot; price $4,000. Wm. Vandenburgh, owner, 30 Church St., N. Y., or Rutherford, N. J.

$2,400.—Beautiful new home, 6 rooms and bath; fine cellar; sewer connection and all improvements; hills of N. J.; 30 minutes from Times Square; 7c. fare; will sacrifice at $2,400; cost $2,800; $400 cash, then $20 monthly. Call, write, F. B., Room 1,101, 35 West 32d St.

$125 and up; bungalows in the pines; near beach and boardwalk; for rent, season or month; bungalow sites for sale from $285 and up on easy terms or cash. Address R. G. Campbell, Keansburg, N. J., or take boat from Battery at 1030 A. M. daily.

All-year bungalows; double floors; steam heat; every convenience; restricted section; extra large plots; 5 minutes express station; finest section New Jersey, adjoining Ridgewood; would rent to intending buyers only. Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J.

$20 per month and interest on the mortgage buys a choice new house of six rooms at Garwood; price, $4,275; first payments very low. Home and Gardens Company, H. C. Lockwood, Agent, Woolworth Building.

A big palace and little palace in beautiful Fanwood, both cheap and on our lowest payments. You get your money's worth, perhaps more. Better see them. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Long Branch, N. J., 157 Chelsa Av.; handsome 16-room cottage; 2 baths, fully furnished; rent for season, with purchase option. Apply on premises or Samuel Corn, 104 West 27th St., New York.

Owner, obliged by business to live elsewhere, will rent, furnished or unfurnished, beautiful Colonial home, 11 rooms, 2 baths; large veranda; best section South Orange. Baldwin, 156 Broadway.

SUMMIT, N. J.

Beautiful little home, mile from station; barn, garden; unusual quantity fruit; immediate occupancy; rent $80 monthly. Owner, 674 Springfield Av.

Mountain Bungalow, rustic porch 52 feet long, open fireplace; overlooking river; 39 minutes Lackawanna or Erie; $650; terms. Address Fine View, 65 Times Downtown.

A profitable farm, 21 acres, all tillable; good buildings; reasonable price; convenient commuting station. Frederick Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

For Sale or Lease, With Option.—Six-room house; all improvements; 3 lots; high ground; on West Shore R. R.; 12 miles out; 10 minutes station. E. H., North Side News.

Fertile farmland for commuters of 1 to 10 acres, without buildings, near R. R. station; hour out; $250 up. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Asbury Park to Long Branch; Summer homes. Jacob A. King, 206 Broadway, N. Y., and North Asbury Park, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or to Let.

Farm, 30 acres, suitably divided; house, 10 rooms; barn, hennery; 125 fruit trees; mail delivered; telephone; price, $1,700; cash, $600; bargain. J. K. Smith, Sta. R. Winsted, Conn.

Farms.

Little farm at a bargain; $25 first payment; if you can't use it now, good chance to settle down later and be comfortable; only $5 monthly needed; easy enough; handy to big towns and station; full price $300. Write or call for particulars. Fisher, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Farm, 80 acres, near Madison, sweeping view of L. I. Sound; ¼ mile river front; house, 10 rooms, 2 baths; barns, fruit, garden; price, $5,500, with furniture, horse, cow, chickens, and implements. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Real Estate Wanted.

A fully furnished house wanted from the latter part of June to Sept. 10 at or in the vicinity of New Rochelle, Seagate, Long Beach, Freeport, or Douglaston, N. Y., or Atlantic Highlands, N. J.; must have two or three bathrooms and seven master's bedrooms and be near station; rent, $600 for the season. Ballard, 331 West 83d St., New York.

Mortgage Loans.
Thirty-five cents a line.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Eight-room house, modern improvements; $40. 1,224 Shakespeare Av., between Jerome, 168th.

Country Property
Thirty cents a line.

To Let—Furnished.

SEAGATE—CONEY ISLAND POINT.

The palatial Stubenbord residence, sumptuously furnished, for lease for the season or year; ideal location; grounds 200x200; house positively in perfect condition; large porch on three sides of house; foyer hall, very large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen; laundry in cellar; 6 large bedrooms, two baths; steam heat, gas and electric lights; large electric-lighted garage; two bathing houses, private and exclusive bathing beach; special yacht service, Coney Island Point to Battery, time 30 minutes, four times daily; trolley connecting with elevated, one minute's walk. Open for inspection day or evening.

Belgrade Lake, Me.—Substantial farm house of 10 rooms and bath; furnishings include linen, silver, cut glass, motor boat; ice, fuel; near hotel and golf; rent $550, or for sale, with 80 acres; ¾ mile front on best bass lake in the U. S., where largest record salmon of 1913 was caught. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

To Let, Furnished.—Seashore bungalow; 6 rooms; furnished complete; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis; Beacon Beach, N. J.; 1¼ hours New York City via Sandy Hook Line; rent moderate. W. D. D. Telephone Morningside 5012.

At Navesink Beach, N. J., furnished cottage of 13 rooms, bath, 3 fireplaces, large porches on three sides; garage, with man's quarters; large grounds, extending from ocean to river; boating, bathing, fishing; rent $700. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Furnished cottages and bungalows on Cromwell Lake; electric lights; with or without kitchens; run in connection with Hillcrest Hotel; rents $300 to $600 per season.
Harry A. Goff, Orange County,
Highland Mills, N. Y.

Magnificently furnished country home estate of twelve acres; 400-foot water front; private bathing beach, dock, bathhouse, and garage; $5,000 for this Summer season. Telephone 280 Great Neck, L. I.

Colonial house, facing lake, New Hampshire; fishing, boating, magnificent trees; handsomely furnished; modern improvements; garage, stable, telephone, ice. Madison, Apt. 20, 600 West 127th.

Maplewood, N. J.—Furnished detached house, eight rooms and bath, to rent, June to October; $60 per month. Apply Room 1,515, 20 Broad St. Phone Rector 2645.

Coast of Maine.—Furnished 9-room cottage, beautiful Robin Hood Bay; $125 season; a 6-room furnished bungalow for sale, $650, including lot. Horton, 2 Johnson St., Brooklyn.

To Let for Business Purposes.
Thirty cents a line.

Will sacrifice half of desirable office, 350 Broadway, Newark Embroidery Works; $15 monthly, with telephone. Call between 1 and 3 o'clock or phone Fx Mfg. Co., 188 West 22d. 7587 Chel.

Corner Office Hudson Terminal Building.—Completely furnished; immediate possession. For further particulars apply W. A. Pusch, Tel. 1741 Hamilton.

Desk room—Beautifully furnished, light, private office; will furnish desk, typewriter and telephone. 56 Pine St., Room 715.

Excellent light loft, 727 6th Av., a block above Longacre Square; elevator, heat, hot water; reasonable rent. Oatman, 1,556 B'way.

Private office in suite of three; telephone and stenographer service. 2070, 50 Church St.

BROADWAY, N. E. COR. 39TH ST.
Splendid light offices. Special Summer rates.

Offices.—Light, clean, newly renovated; $15 up. Apply office, 109 Broad St.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Public Notices
Forty-five cents a line.

BE IT KNOWN to Whom It May Concern in the City of New York, County of New York, State of New York: That I, Bernard Levinson, a British subject, and resident of the State of Minnesota, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by Esther Silverman Levinson, from whom I obtained a decree of divorce on Dec. 4, 1913. That I declare myself a resident of the State of Minnesota, and that the Courts of New York State have no jurisdiction over my domestic affairs.
(Signed.) BERNARD LEVINSON,
Minneapolis, Minn.

NOTICE TO DEPARTMENT STORES AND Merchants.—I am not responsible for debts accrued by Mrs. Michael Goodman, who at present resides at 39 6th Av., Rockaway Park, Rockaway, L. I. MICHAEL GOODMAN, 38 Washington Market.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take notice, that BERTHA RENDIGS, having left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any debt contracted by her.
CHARLES W. RENDIGS.
Dated, May 19th, 1914.

Lost
Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST—A canvas bag, containing piano covers, hoisting straps, and iron, on the way from Brooklyn to the Bronx, Friday. Maryland Storage, 387 East 140th St. 'Phone Melrose 2014.

LOST—May 24, diamond horseshoe pin, between 107th and 108th Sts., Broadway, motoring to Long Beach. Liberal reward if returned to 328 6th Av. Wm. Reiman.

LOST—Atlantic City, May 16, between Hotel Dennis and Heinz's Pier, earring, flat pearl, with small diamond; liberal reward. Address D, 11, Wyoming apartments, 853 7th Av., New York.

LOST.—On Broadway car or between 91st and West End Av. and 99th St. and Columbus Av., a diamond pin; conventional design; suitable reward. Goodman, 301 West 91st St.

LOST.—May 19, portfolio containing circulars and various papers, with name John Nickerson, Jr. Return 60 Broadway, Room 902. Reward.

LOST—On Riverside Drive or Fort Lee Ferry, between 120th and Jersey side, gold watch, monogram "G. H. N."; reward. Norwood, 434 West 120th St.

LOST.—$50 REWARD.—Diamond and gray pearl bar pin, three pearl pendants from centre, between West 68th and Staten Island. Return 57 West 68th.

LOST—On 100th St., between Amsterdam and West End Avs. or vicinity, lady's bar pin, set in diamonds and sapphires; reward. Simons, 236 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Baroque pearl earring, with diamond, on Saturday, between Bretton Hall and 9th Av. and 42d St. and Lord & Taylor's; reward. N 20 Times.

LOST—Gold and platinum watch fob and charm, initials J. S. K. H. on charm. Liberal reward for return to Dr. Hall, 850 7th Av.

LOST—Pabst's, Harlem, Sunday night, gold brooch, single flower design, diamond centre; reward. Muller, 2,230 Municipal Bldg.

LOST—Diamond ring, Sunday, 24th, 145th, between Broadway and Amsterdam Av.; suitable reward. Rockwood, 510 West 145th.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—English bull terrier, all white, last Sunday, near 40th and 10th Av.; had brass-studded harness and leash; reward for return owner. Noble, Oregon Apartments, 54th St. and 7th Av.

LOST—Collie dog, Sunday morning; license, 31,363. 1,326 President St., Brooklyn. Reward.

LOST—Boston bull, brindle and white; ears not cut; answers to "Kid"; reward. 189 Henry St., Brooklyn. Main 4828.

LOST—Fox terrier, white, with tan spots; name, Foxy. Reward. Hayes, 553 West 57th St. Phone Columbus 8982.

LOST—Collie, six months old; strayed Sunday; license, 4,472. 565 W. 113th. Reward.

LOST—English bull bitch, brindle; reward. Dr. Weltman, 91 St. Mark's Place.

Business Opportunities
Forty cents a line.

A mail-order business that has sent out half a million catalogs this Spring, that has 200,000 good live names and 7,000 customers, that has spent $60,000 the last six months, needs money or financial influence.
A manufacturer desiring a new market for his output will find this a good proposition. A careful inventor can help reap the benefits of the $60,000 spent with only a small investment. Write D 201 Times Downtown.

In Search of Important Agencies for Italy.
First-class agencies, preferably for office supplies, are sought by a leading Italian firm having traveling salesmen and representatives all over Italy and able to furnish the best references and every financial guarantee. Send most detailed offers, not anonymously, to Ditta Luigi Mandelli & Company, Bologna, Italy.

A real business man, with a few thousand dollars to invest in established manufacturing and merchandising business, can connect up on highly profitable terms. M 129 Times.

An established manufacturing company wants capable man to organize selling department; must identify himself financially with company to extent of $2,500 or more; splendid opportunity for right man. M 126 Times.

Services and several thousand dollars to invest in sound mercantile concern; state nature of business when replying; agents, brokers, prospects ignored. Good Character, M 170 Times.

Use your spare time to build up a mail order business of your own; we help you start for a share in profits; 27 opportunities; particulars free. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Partner to help develop successful, going business; unusual opportunity; large profits; must give services and invest $1,000 cash for half interest; only man of ability, good references considered. N 16 Times.

Well-paying confectionery store, Washington Heights, complete for manufacturing ice creams, candies; other interests compel sacrificing. B. B., 49 Times.

Manufacturing business, prosperous, desires active partner; Bradstreet's references: investment required. Y 274 Times Annex.

Partner wanted with $2,000 in film rental business; experience unnecessary. N 18 Times.

Cabaret, dancing, restaurant partner wanted; experience unnecessary. 181st St. and Amsterdam Av.

Far Sale.—Private sanitarium, furnished; lower foothills Adirondacks. A. D. H. Kelsey, M. D.

Business Notices
Forty cents a line.

Trades mailing lists, guaranteed by the United States Addressing and Printing Company, 24-26 Murray St., N. Y. C. We carry no carbon duplicates of lists sold six months ago. Our lists are compiled to customers' special requirements. Phone Barclay 5675.

BUSINESS man wants to invest $3,000 in manufacturing, jobbing, or auctioneering business; write full particulars. D 377 Times Downtown.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5359. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau, Room 1,005.

Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. Phone 670 Bryant.

Business Loans.
Forty cents a line.

COMMERCIAL BANKERS
are open for a number of new accounts; specialty of discounting accounts and advances on merchandise. Reply L 172 Times.

Company makes loans on outstanding accounts, notes, mortgages. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway.

Manufacturers, importers, jobbers, outstanding accounts financed. Nassau Finance Co., 119 Nassau St.

Book accounts of rated merchants and manufacturers financed. D 314 Times Downtown.

Country Board Wanted
Thirty cents a line.

Wanted—Summer country board for married lady in private family; woods and open-air surroundings; within fifty miles from New York. Address N 14 Times.

Three adults, near station, Harlem or New Haven road, within thirty minutes Grand Central; moderate terms; particulars, with reference. N 19 Times.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Desirable single, double rooms; board.

63D ST., 23 AND 30 EAST.—Fine rooms, $8 to $10 weekly; with board, $8 to $15. Telephone 5271 Plaza.

70TH ST., 32 EAST.—Delightful suite, adjoining bath; single room; Summer rates; phone.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46, (corner 11th.)—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; references.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single, double rooms; Summer rates; references.

57TH ST., 411 WEST.—The La Grange; outclassing for price; accommodations, cuisine unsurpassed; board, two, $14 upward; single, $7; Southerners.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; excellent cooking; near park; accessable location.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, private bath; board optional; moderate.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautiful, large front room, one flight up; private bath; dressing room; electricity; Steinway piano; exceptionally well-appointed house; only few select people accommodated; Southern cooking; attentive service.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners; telephone; reasonable.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Large, small rooms; hot water; Subway, "L," Park, phone.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Exceptional board; large, small rooms; private bath; electricity; reasonable.

71ST, 135 WEST.—Exceptional board; large rooms; private baths; electricity; single rooms.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms; single, double; homelike; refined environment; excellent table.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms, subway and elevated express; references; table board.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Nineteenth year; large, small rooms; baths; excellent table; ref.

76TH ST., 127 and 129 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable rooms; cool for Summer; excellent table; reasonable.

76TH, 237-279 WEST.—Newly furnished, large, small rooms; Subway; Summer rates.

77TH ST., 338 WEST.—American family, having home overlooking Hudson, will give large, southern exposed room, private bath, with board, to refined gentleman; couple; best home cooking.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Exceptionally cool front room; bay window; suitable two; private house.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Delightful, large front room; southern exposure; near Subway; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Desirable second floor room; very cool; French cuisine; electricity; table guests.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Desirable cool rooms, large, small; private house; Southerners; board optional.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST, (Riverside Drive, Central Park.)—Cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Medium front room, second floor, adjoining bath; refined; references.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Desirable rooms; electricity; generous table; special rates; Summer guests.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Cool rooms for Summer; excellent cuisine; Summer rates; references.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large room, with private bath and others; telephone; extremely moderate.

83D ST., 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; business or permanent guests; transients; unsurpassed table; modern improvements; references.

86TH ST., 51 WEST.—Attractive rooms, refined house; table and all appointments first-class.

86TH ST., 23 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, board; high-class; Summer rates.

92D ST., 7 WEST.—Man and wife, or gentleman; $16 for two, $10 single.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room in well-appointed house; excellent board; references.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped, new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; clean and airy; all rooms have running water; six beautiful bathrooms.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Quiet and efficient service; Southern cooking; table guests accommodated; reasonable.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractively situated, large, single room; table guest; Summer rates.

115TH, 694 WEST, (Riverside.)—Large room; elevator apt.; couple; two young men. Peters.

122D ST., 156 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; refined house; home cooking; reference; table guests.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Large and single rooms to let, with elegant board.

BEAUTIFUL CONVENT AV., 322 (143d).—Ideal home in excellent private house; every modern comfort; electricity; exquisite rooms; private bath; excellent Southern cuisine. 7605 Audubon.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Double, single rooms, at reduced Summer rates; excellent board.

SUPERIOR accommodations, West 90's; excellent table; telephone, elevator. Apply Leland's, 40 West 33d.

THE WOODBURY,
855 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
2 BLOCKS NORTH 157TH ST. SUBWAY.

Board Wanted
Thirty cents a line.

ROOM AND BOARD in private family, west side, between 70th and 90th Sts. Address N 11 Times.

Country Board.
Thirty cents a line.

Westchester County.

20 cool rooms, new building; tennis, swimming pool, shower baths, bowling alleys, gymnasium; $2 to $3.75 per week; good board near by. Address Y. M. C. A., Tarrytown, N. Y.

Delightful surroundings for business men or women; private family; Summer or permanent; easy commuting. Apply Leland's, 40 West 33d.

FOR BUSINESS WOMAN until October, quiet cottage; large piazzas; overlooks Hudson; forty minutes Grand Central; $12.50. Y 252 Times.

Long Island.

Private cottage; exceptional Summer home; best residential section; five minutes' walk to bridge; same distance to Eclaire Station; all modern improvements; excellent table service; special season rates. Address Atlantic Av., corner Cedar Av. Telephone 596 Far Rockaway.

LADY owning beautiful home, Douglas Manor, North Shore Long Island, accommodate few select people for Summer or year round; excellent boating and bathing; ideal surroundings; fifteen miles via electric train; gentlemen preferred. Phone 2911 J Bayside.

Eureka House, Cedar Av., Far Rockaway, S. Talley, Prop.—Perfect home, table best, boating and fishing; spacious grounds; for refined people only; terms moderate.

Beautiful, large, light, front room, near ocean; all conveniences; to rent by private family for Summer season. Berg, 220 Ocean Av., Arverne, L. I.

New York State.

ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS.
MAPLE LODGE,
Blue Mountain Lake,
Adirondacks, N. Y.

Bungalows and cottages to rent; high-class cuisine; golf, tennis, and all Adirondack attractions. Mrs. A. Goldman, until June 15, 616 West 114th St. Phone Morningside 5643.

Beautiful country residence, poultry, fruit farm; home comforts; modern appointments; mountain location; 90 miles; $9 to $12; booklet. Excursion May 30, June 2, $2.00. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County.

2 or 3 refined adults wanted in private family; beautiful village on Hudson, near Catskill Mountains; references required; every convenience; moderate terms. C. R. S., Box N 66 Times.

PLEASANT VIEW HOUSE, Dover Plains, Dutchess County, N. Y.; 100-acre farm; excellent board; all improvements; $8-$9. Kayser, 520 West 122d St.

New Jersey.

MILK AND REST CURE.—Run-down conditions; Camp Restawhile, Denville, N. J.; ideal country, mountains; tents, bungalows, boating, bathing. Lackawanna.

Rest, invalid; chronic cases; beautiful surroundings; 20 miles New York, Pennsylvania Railroad; Metuchen, N. J. Dr. Ellis.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large front room; private bath; telephone; $7; others, $8.50.

19TH, 134 EAST, (Gramercy.)—Comfortable two-room kitchenette apartment; telephone; bath; references; reasonable.

21ST ST., 187 EAST, (Gramercy Place.)—Single, en suite, private bath; breakfast in room.

28D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite, two rooms and bath.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private family; all conveniences; phone.

31ST ST., 112 EAST.—Cozy square room, $4; gentlemen.

36TH ST., 38 EAST.—Large, newly furnished rooms; very reasonable to permanent business people.

43D ST., 130 EAST.—In strictly private family, furnished room for business gentleman; Oriental rugs, telephone, connecting bath; separate entrance; $5; references. Ring Gammonds's bell.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; reference.

45TH, 19 EAST.—Medium-sized room, bath, $4.50; other larger, with kitchenette.

93D, 31 EAST.—Private house; second and third floor; en suite or singly; with breakfast; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LARGE, AIRY ROOM,
private bath; hall room. 176 Madison Av.

West Side.

11TH, 118 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; lawns, trees; telephone; breakfast optional.

22D, 350 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive large, front rooms, $4 to $8; suite, $10; select house.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; private bath, electricity; every convenience; reasonable.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large size front single room; running water; every convenience; select.

47TH, 58 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

48TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, sunny front room with private bath; also small rooms, in quiet residence; references exchanged.

52D, 55 WEST.—Furnished room, with or without private bath; electricity, telephone; gentlemen only; references.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large, cool, airy room; private bath; also small room; reasonable.

55TH, 124 WEST.—Room in high-class apartment, with use of kitchen, for one or two ladies. Shields.

56TH ST., 833 WEST.—Desirable rooms; improvements; excellent board; gentlemen only; Subway, "L."

56TH, 242 WEST.—Large rooms, with or without bath; telephone; Summer rates.

57TH, 328 WEST.—Desirable rooms; modern improvements; near Subway, "L"; references. Hammond.

58TH ST., 322 WEST.—Large, small, cool rooms; Summer rate; parquet floors; refined house.

58TH ST., 128 WEST.—Handsome rooms, private bath; electric light. Tel. 2303—Col.

58TH, 15 WEST.—Large, small rooms; suites; private baths; electricity; board optional.

60TH, 22 WEST.—The New York. 'Phone 10241 Columbus. Hot water every room; electric lights; restaurant; tailor, barber; hotel service; Subway and "L" half a block; $3 to $10.50 per week, $1 per day.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large and small rooms; running water; telephone; references.

68TH, 62 WEST.—Large, attractive room, private bath; also one smaller room.

68TH, 82 WEST.—Beautiful, large, cool Summer rooms; new house; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 65 WEST.—BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED AND FURNISHED SUNNY FRONT SUITE, WITH RUNNING WATER; ALSO SMALL ROOM IN HANDSOME APARTMENT. LOONEY.

70TH, 109 WEST.—Small and medium-sized rooms; see them before locating elsewhere.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Desirable room; private bath; hot water supply; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 135 WEST.—Double rooms; private baths, electric light; single rooms; reasonable.

71ST, 251 WEST.—American family; private house; second and third floors; en suite or single; electric light; references; reasonable.

71ST, 220 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished, decorated, large, small rooms; references; telephone.

71ST, 163 WEST.—One large room; also one small; private house; telephone.

72D, 117 WEST.—Ideal Summer location; parks, river, Subway, "L"; American family.

72D, 266 WEST.—Large and small attractive rooms, near bath; references.

73D ST., between Broadway and West End Av.—Room for gentleman; private family. Y 278 Times Annex.

73D ST., 225 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms, large, with bath; also small rooms; select.

73D, 181 WEST.—Ideal Summer location; parks, river, Subway, "L"; American family.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; also single rooms; reasonable; references.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Three large, bright, newly furnished rooms, single or en suite; elevator; Summer rates. Apartment 25.

76TH, 107 WEST.—Attractive rooms; twin beds, telephone; Southerners; doctor's office; references.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Large, attractive, sunny room; continuous hot water; electricity; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath, suitable physician or couple; reasonable.

76TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; references.

77TH, 104 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; private bath; board optional.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, cool room, shower bath, running water, at reduced price Summer months; phone; all conveniences.

78TH, 186 WEST. — Handsomely furnished large, cool rooms for Summer; light housekeeping.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Desirable rooms, suitable one or two; Summer rates.

79TH, 218 WEST.—Delightful, large room; private bath; housekeeping privileges; also small room; Summer rates; Subway; references.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Large, airy room, adjoining bath; special Summer rates; references.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Cool rooms for Summer; homelike surroundings; Summer rates; references.

89TH ST., 276 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortable, large, small rooms; electricity, shower; all conveniences.

90TH, 114 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, adjoining bath; private house; Summer rates.

90TH, 144 WEST.—Desirable, cool back parlor; other large, small rooms; private baths.

92D, 152 WEST.—Large front room; abundant closet room; bath, running water; telephone.

92D, 146 WEST.—Outside, airy, comfortable room; lavatory; quiet apartment; elevator. Godet.

92D, 118 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, large, medium rooms; private bath; Summer rates; homelike.

92D, 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; private bath, electric light, piano; reference.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Beautiful Summer rooms; attractive, private house; Summer rates; references.

94TH, 250 WEST.—Large front room, facing Broadway; telephone; references. Barton.

95TH ST., 120 WEST.—Private; handsomely furnished, large and small rooms; very convenience; references.

95TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms; refined surroundings; private house; moderate; conveniences.

95TH ST., 205 WEST.—Artistic double room, apartment; women; references. Schuyler—5959. Barcus.

97TH, 8 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms in handsome private house, single or en suite; delightfully cool; near L and Central Park; gentlemen only; references required.

97TH, 209 WEST.—Parlor suite, independent entrance; bath; block Subway, "L." Taylor.

98D, 128-130 WEST.—Rooms in high-class house; superior board; table guests.

98D, 157 WEST.—Large rooms, plenty closet, running water; gentleman; private family.

98TH ST., 231 WEST. (Corner Broadway.)—Handsome room in high-class apartment; board optional; very reasonable. Apt. 7C.

97TH, 147 WEST.—Private family; unusually attractive, nicely furnished room; bath; telephone.

97TH, 158 WEST.—Large front room, with private bath; suitable two. 7296 Riverside.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Large, small rooms; adjoining bath, dressing room; electricity; breakfast optional.

103D ST., 128 WEST.—Attractive, airy room, adjoining bath; Subway and elevated stations; private house; $5.

107TH, (2,787 Broadway.)—One room, suite of two; all conveniences. Riverside 1702, Nulson.

112TH, 505 WEST.—Pleasant, cool parlor, with bedroom; telephone; only $6. Wilford.

112TH, 533 WEST.—Large, cool, outside room; gentleman; reasonable. Morningside 6528. Morse.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; excellent cusine; reasonable.

114TH ST., 606 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths, electricity; single rooms; kitchenette apartment.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Large, southern exposure, front room; gentleman; no other roomers; eighth floor; exceptionally fine building; breakfast optional. 7700 Morningside. Walsh.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Beautiful single, double; fine view; right for Summer. Apt. 51.

120TH, 423 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite, room; new, high-class apartment. Apt. 107.

122D, 523 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Single and en suite outside rooms, $3 up. Sherman.

137TH ST., WEST, 611.
Elegantly furnished rooms, single, suites, private baths; overlooking Hudson; special rates for Summer, with or without board. Call Apartment 31.

144TH ST., 601 WEST.—Large room overlooking Drive; elevator apartment; reasonable; references. Gray.

155TH, 634 WEST.—Beautiful suite of rooms; lavatory, bath, electricity; private residence; gentlemen; references. Audubon 4397.

159TH ST., 516 WEST.—Cool, neatly furnished room; convenient; every convenience. Schultze.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST.
(For Bachelors Only.)
Hotel and club conveniences at rooming house prices; fine fireproof building; elevator, hot and cold running water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $5 to $8.50 weekly each.

ALLIANCE HOTEL, 258-260 West 44th, offers comfortably furnished rooms and board, moderate prices; quiet place for quiet people; special rate to permanent guests.

CLAREMONT AV., 175.—Three cool front rooms; special Summer rate; suitable 2 gentlemen; no other roomer. Apt. 45.

MANHATTAN AV., 480—Light, newly furnished rooms; telephone; elevator. Apartment 44; near L.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Elegant room, adjoining bath; overlooking Park. Apartment 31.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 44, (corner 115th.)—Large, airy rooms; telephone, elevator; shower; $3 up.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near 110th St. Subway.—Beautiful rooms, large and small, furnished and unfurnished; electric light; tile bath; $5 to $15 weekly. Phone 5144 Riverside, Apartment 1A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Attractively furnished front room, overlooking Claremont; immaculate; gentlemen; $6.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful front room; electricity, running water; private family; 91st Subway; excellent location; Summer rates.

Rooms Wanted—Unfurnished
Twenty cents a line.

TWO UPPER FLOORS, private house, for housekeeping; two adults; rent $600. Post Office Box 292, New York City.

Help Wanted Female
Twenty cents a line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.
DRESSMAKING WORKROOM—Require for the special order section experienced skirt hands and skirt finishers. Apply to Manager of Workroom, fifth floor, Central Building.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS wanted. Call, with references, Tuesday morning, 888 Park Av.

CLERK, TYPIST.—Young woman with knowledge of office routine, clerical work, and typewriting; state age, education, experience, and salary expected. C 170 Times Annex.

DEMONSTRATOR.—Experienced demonstrator of neat appearance and refinement to demonstrate manicure preparation; permanent; good salary to capable person. Louis Harting, 711 Broadway.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE A HEAD OF STOCK FOR THEIR CANDLE SHADE DEPT. ONLY THOROUGHLY COMPETENT PEOPLE NEED APPLY AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 5TH FLOOR, 32D ST. SIDE.

HOUSEWORK.—A very competent general houseworker who is an excellent cook and likes the country; one mile from town; two in family. Adress Box 186, Croton-on-the-Hudson.

MODELS.—A desirable position as dress model in fitting department for a young woman with good figure measuring 36 bust. Apply to P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

SALESLADY.—Experienced corset saleslady; also girl for parcel wrapper. Apply La Resista Corset Co., 11 West 34th St.

SPANISH YOUNG WOMAN, well educated, bright, and understanding dressmaking, capable of making grammatical Spanish translations from the English. Apply W. C. Reed, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent young lady, having real estate experience, familiar with legal forms; answer in own handwriting, giving references, salary expected, &c. D 209 Times Downtown.

WOMAN.—We have a position open for well-educated woman of good appearance; over 25. Mr. Cloyes, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

YOUNG LADY wanted for collection department in publishing house, to write cards, &c. N 21 Times.

Help Wanted, Male
Twenty cents a line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.
CARPET DEPARTMENT—Require a thoroughly experienced carpet porter. Apply to Superintendent, Subway floor, East Building.

BOOKKEEPER A

GIRL TELLS HOW HOE FIXED WEDDING DAY

Mae Sullivan on Stand in Her $150,000 Suit Against Son of Printing Press Man.

PROMISE OF $1,000 A WEEK

$4,000 Spent to Furnish Flat—Hoe's Interest Philanthropic, Says Counsel—Mrs. Hoe in Court.

Miss Mae A. Sullivan, who is suing Arthur Ingersoll Hoe for $150,000 for breach of promise, told her story to Justice Gavegan and a jury in the Supreme Court yesterday at the opening session of the trial of the action. She told it quietly and in simple language. She is a daughter of the late Patrick H. Sullivan, one time Register of Deeds.

Mr. Hoe is the son of the late Robert Hoe, who made many millions in printing presses. His son's share of his estate was about $8,000,000. Miss Sullivan has another suit for $75,000 pending against Mr. Hoe, which she asserts he owes her under an agreement to pay her $1,000 a week for life. Whatever the outcome of the present suit is, the second suit will be pressed as speedily as possible, it is said. Mr. Hoe's wife, who was Miss Evelyn Perry, an actress, came to court in the afternoon and sat by her husband's side and listened to a part of Miss Sullivan's story. She had already declared that she would cleave to her husband and that she did not believe he had ever deceived Miss Sullivan.

Mirabeau L. Towns, for Miss Sullivan, presented the case in strong terms. He explained that Miss Sullivan was a ward of the court and that she was suing through her guardian, Philip I. Termini. Miss Sullivan has been an orphan since 1908, and she was educated in a Catholic school. In the latter part of 1908 she became a telephone operator. Then Mr. Towns sketched her life in the homes of two aunts and how she met Mr. Hoe in this city in September, 1911. Shortly afterward, said Mr. Towns, after many promises to marry her, Mr. Hoe rented an apartment for her at 2,031 Seventh Avenue. Miss Sullivan at this time was only a young girl, with her hair hanging down her back. Later, Mr. Town's asserted, Mr. Hoe had Miss Sullivan moved to an expensive hotel, and he then gave her $1,000 a week for her expenses. Then she heard rumors that Mr. Hoe was married and she spoke to him about it.

Tells of Promise of $1,000 Weekly.

"He confessed that he was married," said Mr. Towns, "and Miss Sullivan said she would go to her only relative in this city, who was an uncle ,and tell him about it and have him compel Mr. Hoe to live up to his promises. Then it was that Hoe promised to provide for her to the extent of $1,000 a week if she would refrain from taking any court proceedings against him. He set her up in an apartment in Riverside Drive and gave her four servants and this arrangement continued until Miss Sullivan learned that Hoe was trying to get evidence to prove that she was insane. Then he stopped providing for her."

William H. Hamilton, counsel for Mr. Hoe, described his client as very wealthy and very philanthropic. He said that Mr. Hoe felt very sorry for Miss Sullivan when he learned that she was without a home and without work. He said his client had bought furniture and fitted up an apartment where she could live in comfort.

"Demands upon him then began to be severe," said Mr. Hamilton. "It was a case of helping a young lady in the great city of New York and that is the most dangerous thing anyone can get caught at."

Then he told about the way Mr. Hoe was blackmailed until he grew tired and refused to pay any more money. He said that his client had never promised to marry Miss Sullivan, and that there were no improper relations between them.

Then Miss Sullivan was called to the witness chair. She walked steadily forward and took the oath. She is small, with a round bright face, and she wore a sailor hat that greatly became her. Asked where she first met Mr. Hoe she replied:

"At Fifty-third Street and Fifth Avenue, one day in September, 1911, I was with a Miss Brannigan. He came up to us and asked me if we had not met in Atlantic City. I told him I had never been there. He made an appointment, and the next day I met him at the Hotel Astor. Over a cup of tea he told me he was in love with me and asked me to marry him."

$4,000 to Furnish Apartment.

Miss Sullivan then told about the apartment in Seventh Avenue. She said that the furniture of the apartment cost $4,000, and that Mr. Hoe added to the luxuries by bringing draperies from his mother's house. She said they lived in that apartment for about six weeks, and that all the time she was urging him to keep his promise and marry her. Pressed harder than usual one day, she said that Mr. Hoe fixed the wedding day in February, 1912. Asked about the money she had received from Mr. Hoe, she replied that the latter had never called without giving her $150 to $500.

"I lived at the rate of $300 a week," she said, "and Mr. Hoe paid for everything."

Then she moved to an apartment in 110th Street, she said, and lived with a Mr. and Mrs. Staid, who soon began to blackmail Mr. Hoe. Miss Sullivan said that the Staids made a demand for $25,000 upon Mr. Hoe.

"Mr. Hoe refused to pay it," said Miss Sullivan, "but he did pay $10,000, and later made another payment of $8,000."

Then Miss Sullivan, led forward by Mr. Towns, recited various facts to show Mr. Hoe's prodigality in money matters. She said that Mr. Hoe had given her $8,000 for an automobile, and that Staid bought her a second-hand car that cost $3,000. He told her it cost $6,500, she asserted, and he kept the rest of the money on the plea that she owed it to him. Another time, she said, when she went to the Harriman National Bank with the Staids to deposit $10,000, which Mr. Hoe had given her, Staid carried the money into the bank and brought her out a check book, but no bank book. Later she drew a check on the bank, but there were no funds to meet it.

Engaged to William A. Burr.

Asked about Mr. Hoe's promise to give her $1,000 a week for life, she said she had become hysterical and he agreed to see that she got $52,000 a year for life. A little later she moved to the Schuyler Arms, an apartment hotel, which she explained Mr. Hoe told her was part of his father's estate. She said that Mr. Hoe never called on her while she was there, but that the money was paid to her by William A. Burr, to whom she became engaged in 1913, and by her cousin, William J. Daly.

"Those two men," said Miss Sullivan, "are the men who told me that Mr. Hoe was going to put me in a lunatic asylum."

Asked how she happened to return Mr. Hoe the letters he had written her, she said:

"I loved him and had confidence in him."

Mr. Towns then demanded that the attorneys for the defense produce a paper signed by Miss Sullivan which relieved Mr. Hoe from any responsibility concerning her. The paper stated that Mr. Hoe helped her because she was an orphan and that he paid her bills to prevent his name from becoming known in connection with hers. Miss Sullivan explained that she signed the paper in January or February, 1912, and that Mr. Hoe had called on her for the purpose of getting her signature to it. She said that at first she refused to sign it, but after having talked with her cousin, Mr. Daly, she signed and got $3,000 for it. It was shown that the date on the paper was Dec. 19, 1911, and then Miss Sullivan changed her testimony.

Miss Sullivan's cross-examination had just begun when court adjourned. Before Miss Sullivan left the court room she was sery d with a subpoena to attend this morning, when the trial will be resumed.

POLICEMAN ENDS HIS LIFE.

Sergt. Gallivan Takes Poison After Brooding Over Minor Charge.

Deranged from brooding over the only charge which marred his three-year record on the police force, Sergt. Patrick Gallivan of the Snyder Avenue Station, Flatbush, ended his life yesterday by taking oxalic acid in his home, 139 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

Gallivan had been home on sick leave since May 7 suffering from a nervous breakdown. His worry began three weeks ago with the illness of his infant son, Gilbert, the youngest of five children. An anonymous letter sent to Inspector Dillon said that Gallivan was constantly off duty. The Inspector investigated, and as Gallivan was leaving his house after he had received a hurried call that his son was dying, he was seen by Lieut. Stewart, who made a complaint. Stewart added that he thought the Sergeant was a trifle deranged, and Dr. Archibald Smith of the Police Department obtained sick leave for him.

After hearing the circumstances of the charge of being off duty Deputy Commissioner Godley deferred a hearing until May 28. Both he and Inspector Dillon as well as Capt. Becker of the Snyder Avenue Precinct assured Gallivan that his fault was only a slight one and the punishment would be light.

According to Mrs. Gallivan, her husband constantly brooded over the charge. He arose early yesterday, went to the boy's bed, and after lifting him up, kissed him. Then he went to the bathroom and swallowed the poison. He walked out to the kitchen and told his wife that he had taken enough oxalic acid to kill ten men.

Gallivan was 42 years old. Mrs. Gallivan later in the day insisted that he had taken the poison by mistake for medicine.

THREE HURT IN AUTO CRASH

Jolted Off Truck Which Is Hit by Street Car in Broadway.

Harry Simons of 355 West Forty-seventh Street, John Warreiman of 255 West 147th Street, and James Devlin of 531 West Fifty-second Stret were jolted from an automobile truck by a street car last night and suffered severe injuries.

Simons was driving the truck. At Broadway and Thirtieth Street an Amsterdam Avenue car crashed into the rear of the truck. The collision pitched the truck forward, knocked the men to the ground, and forced the rear of the car off the rails, causing excitement among the passengers.

Simons's left ankle was broken, while Warreiman suffered contusion about the face and Devlin bruises. Dr. Kutil of the New York Hospital attended the injured.

FIRE SCARE IN SUBWAY.

Crowded Train Filled with Smoke Due to a Short Circuit.

Passengers in a northbound local Subway train between the Forty-second and Fiftieth Street Stations became excited and apprehensive last evening at 6:30 o'clock when a motor on the train was short-circuited and flashes of electricity leaped up from under one of the cars.

Insulation on wiring of the motor was burned, and the smoke and odor of burning rubber filled the train.

The excitement occurred in the rush hour when every car of the train was crowded to its capacity. Several women became frightened, and when the Fiftieth Street Station was reached they hurried from the train, which went to 137th Street, where it was taken out of service.

NO TRIAL FOR DWYER.

Mrs. Goode's Accusations Against Inspector Not Supported.

Commissioner Woods yesterday made public a report from Third Deputy Godley, who looked into charges made against Inspector John F. Dwyer by Mrs. Mary Goode, a witness before the Curran Police Investigating Committee. The Commissioner said he had approved his deputy's findings, and Dwyer will not go on trial.

"I am convinced that there is no legal evidence which would support charges against Inspector Dwyer," the deputy reports. "If he erred at all, it seems to me that he erred in the desire to suppress certain disorderly houses even though he was unable to get legal evidence against them."

New York Day at Wood Show.

Groups of children from public and private schools, each under convoy of a teacher and intent on studying the present stages of forestry, lumber and wood manufacturing as revealed by the exhibits, were among the visitors yesterday at the Forest Products Exposition in the Grand Central Palace. An object lesson in the relative number of persons engaged in six leading industries is furnished by a ranking of manikins at the booth of the National Lumbermen's Association. Each is in the working clothes of his occupation and the heights vary. The figures of the numbers of persons employed are: Lumbermen, 784,980; mechanics, 615,485; printers, 388,466; clothing, 271,489; boots and shoes, 215,923, and bakers, 144,322. This will be "New York Day" at the exposition.

Realty Co. Answers Mrs. Siegel.

The H. S. Realty Company, to which Henry Siegel transferred his country home at Mamaroneck, N. Y., and his town house at Eighty-second Street and Madison Avenue, filed in the County Court yesterday its answer to the suit brought by Mrs. Marie Vaughn Siegel against her husband, the realty company, and others, asking the court to set aside certain deeds by which she alleged she was fraudulently induced to waive her dower rights in her husband's real estate. The defendant company denies that Mrs. Siegel has any dower rights in the property at present, but admits that at one time Henry Siegel was the owner of all the stock of the company.

Aviator Found Dead in Bed.

George Rudloff, an aviator, was found dead last evening in his bed at the furnished room house at 365 West Fifty-sixth Street. Dr. Boyce of the Polyclinic Hospital said his death was due to natural causes. At the house, where little was known of the dead man, it was said that he had asserted he was to fly in an exhibition at New Haven this week. Rudloff was a German and apparently had no relatives in this country.

TELL OF UNION SWAY IN BUILDING TRADES

A Fence Has Been Built Here Against Non-Union Materials, Federal Board Hears.

MASTERS AND MEN UNITE

They Combine, a Witness Asserts, to Prevent Outside Contractors from Getting Work in Manhattan.

In beginning its inquiry into conditions prevailing in the building trades in this city, the Federal Commission of Industrial Relations investigated, at its hearing in the City Hall yesterday, the attitude which the organizations of the employers had assumed toward the labor unions, and to the allegation that this city was so dominated by the unions that it was impossible to use within its limits any building stone or wooden "trim" made by non-union employes. That all trim must be union made was one of the allegations in a suit under the Sherman law brought in the Federal courts by the Paine Lumber Company recently against the Carpenters' Union.

Otto M. Eidlitz, the organizer of the Building Trades Employers' Association, asserted at the inquiry that the employers had had to combine to check "hold-ups" on tne part of the unions. A large contract would be selected, he said, and the union delegates would call a strike against the contractors and keep it up until they had received money. The association, he said, had established a tribunal, consisting of six representatives of the employers and six of the men, before which labor disputes were settled. About nine-tenths of the number of srikes brough formerly had been avoided by this arbitration, the organizer asserted.

Asked about the limitation on the use of non-union material in this city, Mr. Eidlitz said that there was nothing to prevent an outside contractor from erecting a building in the city with what material he wished, except that a fence had to be built around New York so far as exterior stone was concerned. The stone workers, he explained, would not permit the importation of Indiana limestone or Vermont marble ready dressed for use.

Frank B. McCord, Vice President of Post & McCord, appeared as a representative of the Iron League, the employers' organization in that trade. He criticised the members of the Structural Iron Workers' Union because, he said, he never knew whether they would live up to their agreements. He admitted to the commission, though, that some of the employers did not stand by their agreements either.

Walter Gordon Merritt, counsel for the American Anti-Boycott Association, disagreed with the statement of Mr. Eidlitz that an outside contractor could erect a building in New York, and he asserted that the bargain between the employers and the labor unions had made this impossible. He traced the gradual growth of the power of the unions, and told of the way in which they had induced the master carpenters to accept the blacklists drawn up by the unions against the contractors who were using non-union trim.

The masters, he said, employed spies to find out if any contractor was violating thus the rules of unions, and they tried, he asserted, to prevent Brooklyn non-union manufacturers from sending any of their trim into Manhattan. In that way, he said, one Brooklyn firm, which had sent formerly $500 worth of trim across the East River, had lost all its trade.

"The condition today," he said, "is that the building trade is organized for the good of the employes and to the detriment of the outsider. It is a common thing for an employer to instigate a strike against a rival who is not conforming to the adopted standards, and the unions are thus used to eliminate competition."

"The workingman is used as the employer's battering ram, then?" Mr. Merritt was asked.

"Yes," he replied. "But in the woodtrim matter the unions have used the employers as their battering ram. No one has any regard for the public or the outside contractor."

Then Mr. Merritt told how this agreement had been turned to account to collect debts. If a contractor failed, he said, owing a master mechanic, even if the unfinished building was sold under mortgage, the purchaser would not be permitted to complete it until he had settled the claims against the man from whom he bought it.

Mr. Merritt handed to the commission a memorandum in which he urged the Government to make such great organizations as the American Federation of Labor responsible to the courts for its acts. He said that it should be possible to enforce all labor agreements by suits for damages against the unions. Strikes on public utilities, he held, should be forbidden, and hours and wages should be settled by the commissions which decided the rates to be charged to the public.

A careful line should be drawn between lawful and unlawful strikes, he maintained, and the sympathetic strike should be prohibited. Moreover, no strike should be called, he said, unless a free and unrestrained ballot had been taken among the members of the union, and the country should be protected against an organized effort to drive out the open shop.

The reason for the hostility of carpenters in Manhattan to non-union trim was set forth by John Rice, one of the organizers of the Carpenters' Union. There were, he explained, two classes, the outside and the inside carpenters. If the product of the inside union carpenters of Manhattan who are employed in making trim was undersold by the non-union trim of Brooklyn or Wisconsin, the inside carpenter would be forced out of work in his special employment into competition with the outside carpenter.

Asked about conditions in the Wisconsin mills, Mr. Rice said:

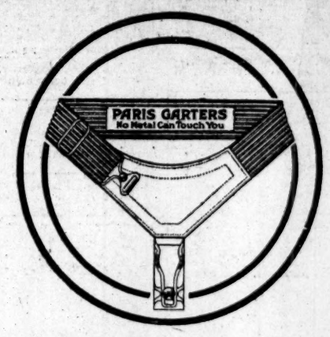
"They employ 300 women and girls, and the morals in the mills are most degraded."

Before that, in questioning Mr. Merritt, Commissioner Lennon had said:

"I saw women working in Wisconsin stripped to the waist. It made my blood boil."

The hearing will continue to-day.

Tailored to Fit the Leg



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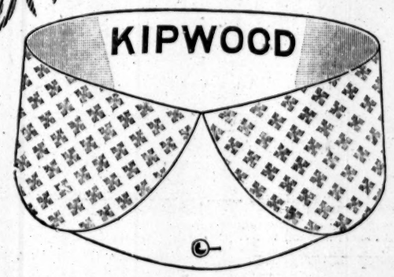

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Suit to Measure, $20.

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SHOTS FIRED IN COURT.

Pistol Expert, Giving Evidence in Murder Case, Creates Excitement.

Three shots in Part III., Supreme Court, Brooklyn, caused much excitement in the corridors until it was explained that the shooting was part of the evidence of the prosecution in the trial of Giuseppe Mirena for the murder of James O'Connell on Feb. 6.

Mirena was recently convicted of manslaughter for killing Policeman Edward J. Murtha of the Butler Street station. O'Connell, who intercepted Mirena as he tried to escape after shooting Murtha, was shot by the prisoner.

At the trial yesterday Lieut. William A. Jones, pistol expert in the Police Department, fired three shots from the revolver which the prosecution says Mirena used on Murtha and O'Connell to show that the revolver was defective and made ridges in bullets fired from it. Both Murtha and O'Connell were killed by such bullets.

The trial will go on today.

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Exactly as Given at the Metropolitan
SEAT & BOX SALE THURSDAY, 9 A. M.
Prices 50c to $2. Box Seats $1.50 to $2.50.

Hotels and Restaurants Page 13.

$2, $3 & $4—pay less and *get* less. Pay more and get no better. At these prices Young Straws represent the extreme of good value. Every correct shape and braid—a good many styles that you'll seek in vain elsewhere.

"The Strand"—a rough braid straw, $2
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FINAL PERFORMANCE TOMORROW EVENING
SHUBERT. Evgs. 8.15. Madame Moselle. Mat. Tomorrow $1.50.
BOOTH Theatre, 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2.15.
PETROVA as PANTHEA With Milton Sills
"Sensational Play."—Acton Davies.
LITTLE 44th St., West of Broadway. Evgs. at 8:45. Mats. Tomorrow and Sat. at 2:30
ENGAGEMENT EXTENDED FOR THIS WEEK ONLY
WINTHROP AMES presents
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Isabel Irving, Zelda Sears, Sydney Booth, Conway Tearle, Ferdinand Gottschalk
THE TRUTH by CLYDE FITCH
All Seats at All Performances $2.00.
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THE THINGS THAT COUNT
The Companion Play to "Grumpy."
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TOO MANY COOKS
Funniest Play Since "Baby Mine."
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A 6-Reel Moving Picture Sensation, Introducing Police Comm. George S. Dougherty
CASINO B'way & 39th. $1.50 Mat. Tomorrow. Evenings 8:15.
HIGH JINKS with Stella Mayhew. Longest Run of Any Musical Comedy
48TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2.15
TIME TO DAY MATINEE THURSDAY
FRI. EVE. $1.50.
COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tues. and Sat. 2:20. 183d-184th TIME TODAY
Kitty MacKay
Popular Price Matinee Today 2:20.
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HARRIS West 42d St. 25c & 50c. Twice Daily. 2:30 & 8:30. All Seats Reserved.
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HAMMERSTEIN'S—Rozsika & Yansci DOLLY with Mons. Sebastian, Billy McDermott, Anna Chandler, Hoey & Lee, Geo. B. Reno & Co., Rube Dickinson, Gus Edwards' Octette, 16 others.
B. F. KEITH'S PALACE MEKCÉDES, Jas. & Bonnie Thornton, Billy B. Van & Beaumont Sisters, Valerie Bergere & Co., others. B'way & 47th St.
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day. THE GOLDEN CROOK
EDEN MUSEE Kinemacolor hourly. Extra Attractions. WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. Execution of the 4 New York Gunmen.

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These theatres have no dealings with the Tyson Co. Best seats at box offices.
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JOHN DREW—ETHEL BARRYMORE in "A Scrap of Paper." June 6th Last Night.
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JULIAN ELTINGE In his great success THE CRINOLINE GIRL
Are You Waiting for the Greatest Photo Spectacle Ever Presented Anywhere in the World? IT OPENS MONDAY D'ANNUNZIO'S "CABIRIA" Seats Ready Thursday.
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AERIAL GARDENS ATOP THEATRE. ZIEGFELD DANSE DE FOLLIES
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Matinee Teas Sats. ONLY.
Heavenly Twins Rozsika & Yansci DOLLY Broadway's Biggest Sensation.
in Marvelous Dances with Carlos Sebastian
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